

# Additional Symmetric Keys

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Revision 1, 2018-07-09, unofficial/unstable

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## 1. Introduction

This extension is intended for applications wishing to use key material derived by Noise for auxiliary purposes or other extensions of Noise. Examples include:

- Resumption PSKs - Deriving a “resumption PSK” from an initial Noise session. The resumption PSK can be used to perform a PSK Noise handshake later. ASK can also be used to derive associated data, such as labels to identify PSKs.
- Deriving keys used to generate random padding or other length-hiding / traffic-hiding countermeasures, include the derivation of obfuscation keys used to discourage middle boxes from parsing fields inside messages.

- Generate application-layer keys in case the Noise handshake is being used as the handshake / key-establishment component within a larger secure transport layer protocol.

## 2. Overview

The Additional Symmetric Keys API is centered around labels and chains: **labels** are arbitrary byte strings, each label allows the construction of a **chain** based on the value of the label and the current SymmetricState value. Each chain can then be **invoked** any number of times to generate an arbitrary amount of key material, the API exposed by this extension consists of 3 methods:

- **EnableASK()**: Enables ASK, by setting a boolean `ask_enable = true`, which causes ASK master keys to be derived.
- **InitializeASK(labels)**: If ASK is enabled and a non-empty ASK master key is available, the function makes a set of labels and initializes a chain for each label. This method can be called multiple times, both during and after the handshake and replaces any previous ASK chains when called.
- **GetASK(label)**: Assuming ASK is enabled and initialized, returns the next key from the appropriate chain, and advances the appropriate ASK chain key, deleting the previous chain key.

## 3. Security considerations

The Additional Symmetric Keys extension is designed to meet the following security goals:

- The ASKs should be independent from the Noise chaining key. Recovering knowledge about the Noise chaining key from any number of ASK outputs must be infeasible.
- The ASKs should be mutually independent; deriving any of the ASK outputs from any other should be infeasible.
- ASKs should be capable of serving as collision-resistant hashes of the session transcript at the security level expected by the employed hash function (256/512-bit).

## 4. Design

In addition to the security goals stated above, the extension seeks to meet the following design goals:

- The mechanism should not be restricted to using the output key-material for particular purposes (e.g. the use cases listed above).
- When not enabled, the ASK mechanism should incur no additional computational cost. This allows libraries to implement the extension without introducing significant overhead on applications not using the ASK API.

## 5. Implementation

## 6. IPR

This document is hereby placed in the public domain.

## 7. Acknowledgements

This extension is based on the “Resumption PSKs” discussion between:

- str4d (str4d@i2pmail.org)
- Trevor Perrin (trevp@trevp.net)
- Christopher Wood (christopherwood07@gmail.com)
- David Wong (davidwong.crypto@gmail.com)

And in particular the ASK proposal outlined by Trevor Perrin. From which both terminology and implementation details has been lifted into this document.

## 8. References