```
/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
/**
* @file: main.c
* @brief : Main program body
*******************************
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* in the root directory of this software component.
* If no LICENSE file comes with this software, it is provided AS-IS.
/* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes -----*/
#include "main.h"
/* Private includes -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
#include <stdint.h>
#include "stm32f0xx.h"
/* USER CODE END Includes */
/* Private typedef -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
/* USER CODE END PTD */
/* Private define -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
// Definitions for SPI usage
#define MEM SIZE 8192 // bytes
#define WREN 0b00000110 // enable writing
#define WRDI 0b00000100 // disable writing
#define RDSR 0b00000101 // read status register
#define WRSR 0b00000001 // write status register
#define READ 0b00000011
#define WRITE 0b00000010
/* USER CODE END PD */
/* Private macro -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
/* USER CODE END PM */
/* Private variables -----*/
```

```
TIM HandleTypeDef htim16;
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
// Define any input variables
static uint8 t patterns[] = // led patterns
{0b10101010, 0b01010101, 0b11001100, 0b00110011, 0b11110000, 0b00001111};
static uint16 t address = 0; // EEPROM address
static uint8 t delay state = 0; // records current state of timer delay
static uint32_t tim16_arr_values[] = {999, 499}; // timer arr values
/* USER CODE END PV */
/* Private function prototypes -----*/
void SystemClock_Config(void);
static void MX GPIO Init(void);
static void MX TIM16 Init(void);
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
void EXTIO 1 IRQHandler(void);
void TIM16 IRQHandler(void);
static void init spi(void);
static void write to address(uint16 t address, uint8_t data);
static uint8 t read from address(uint16 t address);
static void delay(uint32 t delay in us);
/* USER CODE END PFP */
/* Private user code -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
/* USER CODE END 0 */
/**
* @brief The application entry point.
* @retval int
*/
int main(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
/* USER CODE END 1 */
/* MCU Configuration-----*/
/* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
HAL_Init();
/* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
/* USER CODE END Init */
/* Configure the system clock */
SystemClock Config();
```

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
init spi();
/* USER CODE END SysInit */
/* Initialize all configured peripherals */
MX GPIO Init();
MX TIM16 Init();
/* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
// Start timer TIM16
HAL_TIM_Base_Start_IT(&htim16);
// Write all "patterns" to EEPROM usinggy SPI
for (uint16_t i = 0; i < 6; i++) // loop 6 addresses
{
write_to_address(i, patterns[i]); // write to eeprom
}
/* USER CODE END 2 */
/* Infinite loop */
/* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
while (1)
{
// Check button PAO; if pressed, change timer delay
if (!HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOA, GPIO_PIN_0)) // check PA0 pressed
{
if (++delay_state == 2) // increment to other delay state
delay state = 0;
__HAL_TIM_SET_AUTORELOAD(&htim16, tim16_arr_values[delay_state]);
// change tim16 arr
/* USER CODE END WHILE */
/* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
/* USER CODE END 3 */
}
* @brief System Clock Configuration
* @retval None
*/
void SystemClock_Config(void)
```

```
LL_FLASH_SetLatency(LL_FLASH_LATENCY_0);
while(LL FLASH GetLatency() != LL FLASH LATENCY 0)
{
}
LL_RCC_HSI_Enable();
/* Wait till HSI is ready */
while(LL_RCC_HSI_IsReady() != 1)
LL RCC HSI_SetCalibTrimming(16);
LL RCC SetAHBPrescaler(LL RCC SYSCLK DIV 1);
LL_RCC_SetAPB1Prescaler(LL_RCC_APB1_DIV_1);
LL_RCC_SetSysClkSource(LL_RCC_SYS_CLKSOURCE_HSI);
/* Wait till System clock is ready */
while(LL_RCC_GetSysClkSource() != LL_RCC_SYS_CLKSOURCE_STATUS_HSI)
{
LL SetSystemCoreClock(8000000);
/* Update the time base */
if (HAL_InitTick (TICK_INT_PRIORITY) != HAL_OK)
{
Error_Handler();
}
}
* @brief TIM16 Initialization Function
* @param None
* @retval None
static void MX TIM16 Init(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN TIM16 Init 0 */
/* USER CODE END TIM16_Init 0 */
/* USER CODE BEGIN TIM16 Init 1 */
/* USER CODE END TIM16 Init 1 */
htim16.Instance = TIM16;
htim16.Init.Prescaler = 8000-1;
htim16.Init.CounterMode = TIM COUNTERMODE UP;
htim16.Init.Period = 1000-1;
htim16.Init.ClockDivision = TIM CLOCKDIVISION DIV1;
```

```
htim16.Init.RepetitionCounter = 0;
htim16.Init.AutoReloadPreload = TIM AUTORELOAD PRELOAD ENABLE;
if (HAL TIM Base Init(&htim16) != HAL OK)
Error_Handler();
}
/* USER CODE BEGIN TIM16 Init 2 */
NVIC EnableIRQ(TIM16 IRQn);
/* USER CODE END TIM16 Init 2 */
}
/**
* @brief GPIO Initialization Function
* @param None
* @retval None
static void MX GPIO Init(void)
{
LL EXTI InitTypeDef EXTI InitStruct = {0};
LL GPIO InitTypeDef GPIO InitStruct = {0};
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX GPIO Init 1 */
/* USER CODE END MX GPIO Init 1 */
/* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
LL AHB1 GRP1 EnableClock(LL AHB1 GRP1 PERIPH GPIOF);
LL AHB1 GRP1 EnableClock(LL AHB1 GRP1 PERIPH GPIOA);
LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock(LL_AHB1_GRP1_PERIPH_GPIOB);
/**/
LL GPIO ResetOutputPin(LED0 GPIO Port, LED0 Pin);
/**/
LL GPIO ResetOutputPin(LED1 GPIO Port, LED1 Pin);
/**/
LL GPIO ResetOutputPin(LED2 GPIO Port, LED2 Pin);
/**/
LL GPIO ResetOutputPin(LED3 GPIO Port, LED3 Pin);
LL GPIO ResetOutputPin(LED4 GPIO Port, LED4 Pin);
LL GPIO ResetOutputPin(LED5 GPIO Port, LED5 Pin);
LL GPIO ResetOutputPin(LED6 GPIO Port, LED6 Pin);
/**/
```

```
LL_GPIO_ResetOutputPin(LED7_GPIO_Port, LED7_Pin);
/**/
LL SYSCFG SetEXTISource(LL SYSCFG EXTI PORTA, LL SYSCFG EXTI LINEO);
LL GPIO SetPinPull(Button0 GPIO Port, Button0 Pin, LL GPIO PULL UP);
LL GPIO SetPinMode(Button0 GPIO Port, Button0 Pin, LL GPIO MODE INPUT);
EXTI InitStruct.Line 0 31 = LL EXTI LINE 0;
EXTI InitStruct.LineCommand = ENABLE;
EXTI InitStruct.Mode = LL EXTI MODE IT;
EXTI_InitStruct.Trigger = LL_EXTI_TRIGGER_RISING;
LL EXTI Init(&EXTI InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO InitStruct.Pin = LED0 Pin;
GPIO InitStruct.Mode = LL GPIO MODE OUTPUT;
GPIO InitStruct.Speed = LL GPIO SPEED FREQ LOW;
GPIO InitStruct.OutputType = LL GPIO OUTPUT PUSHPULL;
GPIO InitStruct.Pull = LL GPIO PULL NO;
LL GPIO Init(LED0 GPIO Port, &GPIO InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO InitStruct.Pin = LED1 Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = LL_GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT;
GPIO InitStruct.Speed = LL GPIO SPEED FREQ LOW;
GPIO InitStruct.OutputType = LL GPIO OUTPUT PUSHPULL;
GPIO InitStruct.Pull = LL GPIO PULL NO;
LL GPIO Init(LED1 GPIO Port, &GPIO InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO InitStruct.Pin = LED2 Pin;
GPIO InitStruct.Mode = LL GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT;
GPIO InitStruct.Speed = LL GPIO SPEED FREQ LOW;
GPIO InitStruct.OutputType = LL GPIO OUTPUT PUSHPULL;
GPIO InitStruct.Pull = LL GPIO PULL NO;
LL_GPIO_Init(LED2_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO InitStruct.Pin = LED3 Pin;
GPIO InitStruct.Mode = LL GPIO MODE OUTPUT;
GPIO InitStruct.Speed = LL GPIO SPEED FREQ LOW;
GPIO InitStruct.OutputType = LL GPIO OUTPUT PUSHPULL;
GPIO InitStruct.Pull = LL GPIO PULL NO;
LL GPIO Init(LED3 GPIO Port, &GPIO InitStruct);
/**/
```

```
GPIO InitStruct.Pin = LED4 Pin;
GPIO InitStruct.Mode = LL GPIO MODE OUTPUT;
GPIO InitStruct.Speed = LL GPIO SPEED FREQ LOW;
GPIO InitStruct.OutputType = LL GPIO OUTPUT PUSHPULL;
GPIO InitStruct.Pull = LL GPIO PULL NO;
LL GPIO Init(LED4 GPIO Port, &GPIO InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO InitStruct.Pin = LED5 Pin;
GPIO InitStruct.Mode = LL GPIO MODE OUTPUT;
GPIO InitStruct.Speed = LL GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW;
GPIO InitStruct.OutputType = LL GPIO OUTPUT PUSHPULL;
GPIO InitStruct.Pull = LL GPIO PULL NO;
LL GPIO Init(LED5 GPIO Port, &GPIO InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO InitStruct.Pin = LED6 Pin;
GPIO InitStruct.Mode = LL GPIO MODE OUTPUT;
GPIO InitStruct.Speed = LL GPIO SPEED FREQ LOW;
GPIO InitStruct.OutputType = LL GPIO OUTPUT PUSHPULL;
GPIO InitStruct.Pull = LL GPIO PULL NO;
LL GPIO Init(LED6 GPIO Port, &GPIO InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO InitStruct.Pin = LED7 Pin;
GPIO InitStruct.Mode = LL GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT;
GPIO InitStruct.Speed = LL GPIO SPEED FREQ LOW;
GPIO InitStruct.OutputType = LL GPIO OUTPUT PUSHPULL;
GPIO InitStruct.Pull = LL GPIO PULL NO;
LL GPIO Init(LED7 GPIO Port, &GPIO InitStruct);
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX GPIO Init 2 */
/* USER CODE END MX GPIO Init 2 */
}
/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */
// Initialise SPI
static void init_spi(void) {
// Clock to PB
RCC->AHBENR |= RCC_AHBENR_GPIOBEN; // Enable clock for SPI port
// Set pin modes
GPIOB->MODER |= GPIO MODER MODER13 1; // Set pin SCK (PB13) to Alternate Function
GPIOB->MODER |= GPIO MODER MODER14 1; // Set pin MISO (PB14) to Alternate Function
GPIOB->MODER |= GPIO MODER MODER15 1; // Set pin MOSI (PB15) to Alternate Function
GPIOB->MODER |= GPIO MODER MODER12 0; // Set pin CS (PB12) to output push-pull
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO BSRR BS 12; // Pull CS high
// Clock enable to SPI
```

```
RCC->APB1ENR |= RCC APB1ENR SPI2EN;
SPI2->CR1 |= SPI CR1 BIDIOE; // Enable output
SPI2->CR1 |= (SPI CR1 BR 0 | SPI CR1 BR 1); // Set Baud to fpclk / 16
SPI2->CR1 |= SPI CR1 MSTR; // Set to master mode
SPI2->CR2 |= SPI CR2 FRXTH; // Set RX threshold to be 8 bits
SPI2->CR2 |= SPI CR2 SSOE; // Enable slave output to work in master mode
SPI2->CR2 |= (SPI CR2 DS 0 | SPI CR2 DS 1 | SPI CR2 DS 2); // Set to 8-bit mode
SPI2->CR1 |= SPI CR1 SPE; // Enable the SPI peripheral
}
// Implements a delay in microseconds
static void delay(uint32 t delay_in_us) {
volatile uint32_t counter = 0;
delay in us *= 3;
for(; counter < delay_in_us; counter++) {</pre>
__asm("nop");
asm("nop");
}
}
// Write to EEPROM address using SPI
static void write to address(uint16 t address, uint8 t data) {
uint8 t dummy; // Junk from the DR
// Set the Write Enable latch
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO BSRR BR 12; // Pull CS low
delay(1);
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = WREN;
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI SR RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO BSRR BS 12; // Pull CS high
delay(5000);
// Send write instruction
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO BSRR BR 12; // Pull CS low
delay(1);
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = WRITE;
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI SR RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
// Send 16-bit address
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = (address >> 8); // Address MSB
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI SR RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = (address); // Address LSB
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI SR RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
// Send the data
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = data;
```

```
while ((SPI2->SR \& SPI SR RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO BSRR BS 12; // Pull CS high
delay(5000);
}
// Read from EEPROM address using SPI
static uint8 t read from address(uint16 t address) {
uint8 t dummy; // Junk from the DR
// Send the read instruction
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO BSRR BR 12; // Pull CS low
delay(1);
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = READ;
while ((SPI2->SR \& SPI\_SR\_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
// Send 16-bit address
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = (address >> 8); // Address MSB
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI SR RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = (address); // Address LSB
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI SR RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
// Clock in the data
*((uint8 t*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = 0x42; // Clock out some junk data
while ((SPI2->SR \& SPI\_SR\_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
dummy = SPI2->DR;
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO BSRR BS 12; // Pull CS high
delay(5000);
return dummy; // Return read data
// Timer rolled over
void TIM16 IRQHandler(void)
// Acknowledge interrupt
HAL TIM IRQHandler(&htim16);
HAL_TIM_Base_Start_IT(&htim16); // restart timer
uint8 t led data = read from address(address); // read data from eeprom
if (led_data == patterns[address]) // if read from spi is correct
GPIOB->ODR &= 11111111100000000; // reset leds
GPIOB->ODR |= (uint16 t)led data; // set to new pattern
}
else // data from eeprom incorrect
{
```

```
GPIOB->ODR &= 11111111100000000; // reset leds
GPIOB->ODR |= 0b00000000000001; // set error code
}
if (++address == 6) // increment to next address
address = 0; // loop back to zero
}
}
/* USER CODE END 4 */
/**
* @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
* @retval None
*/
void Error Handler(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN Error Handler Debug */
/* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state */
 disable irq();
while (1)
{
}
/* USER CODE END Error Handler Debug */
#ifdef USE FULL ASSERT
* @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
* where the assert_param error has occurred.
* @param file: pointer to the source file name
* @param line: assert param error line source number
* @retval None
*/
void assert failed(uint8 t *file, uint32 t line)
/* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
/* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line number,
ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
/* USER CODE END 6 */
#endif /* USE FULL ASSERT */
```