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This website uses NASA's Astronomy Picture Of The Day API, which gives an associated picture from NASA's archive for each day from today back until June 16th, 1995.

Feel free to save your favourites for later!

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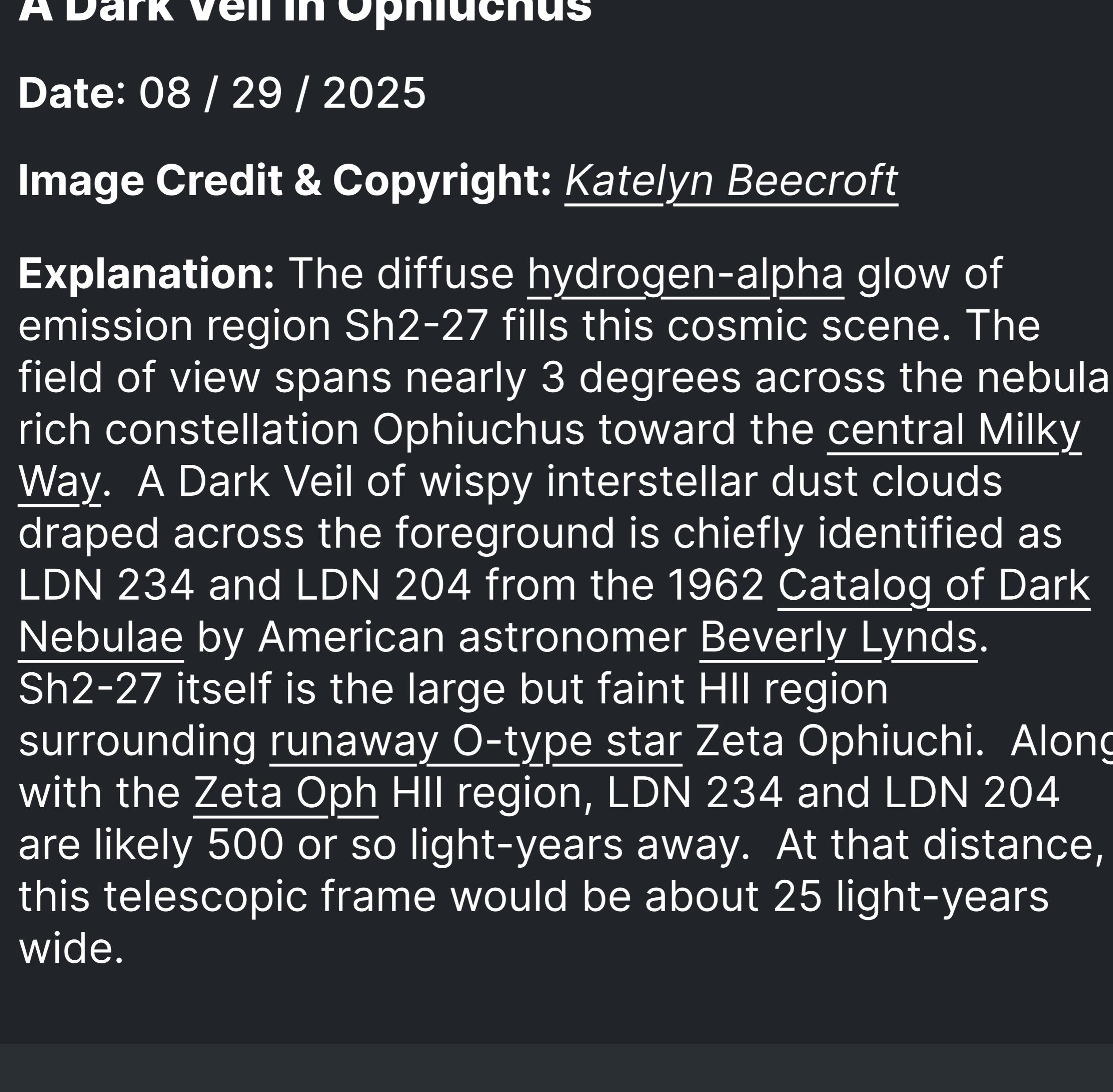
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A Dark Veil in Ophiuchus

Date: 08 / 29 / 2025

Image Credit & Copyright: Katelyn Beecroft

Explanation: The diffuse hydrogen-alpha glow of emission region Sh2-27 fills this cosmic scene. The field of view spans nearly 3 degrees across the nebula-rich constellation Ophiuchus toward the central Milky Way. A Dark Veil of wispy interstellar dust clouds draped across the foreground is chiefly identified as LDN 234 and LDN 204 from the 1962 Catalog of Dark Nebulae by American astronomer Beverly Lynds. Sh2-27 itself is the large but faint HII region surrounding runaway O-type star Zeta Ophiuchi. Along with the Zeta Oph HII region, LDN 234 and LDN 204 are likely 500 or so light-years away. At that distance, this telescopic frame would be about 25 light-years wide.

Favourites Gallery



Galaxies, Stars, and Dust

This well-composed telescopic field of view covers over a Full Moon on the sky toward the high-flying constellation Pegasus. Of course the brighter stars show diffraction spikes the commonly seen effect of internal supports in reflecting telescopes.....

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08/28/2025

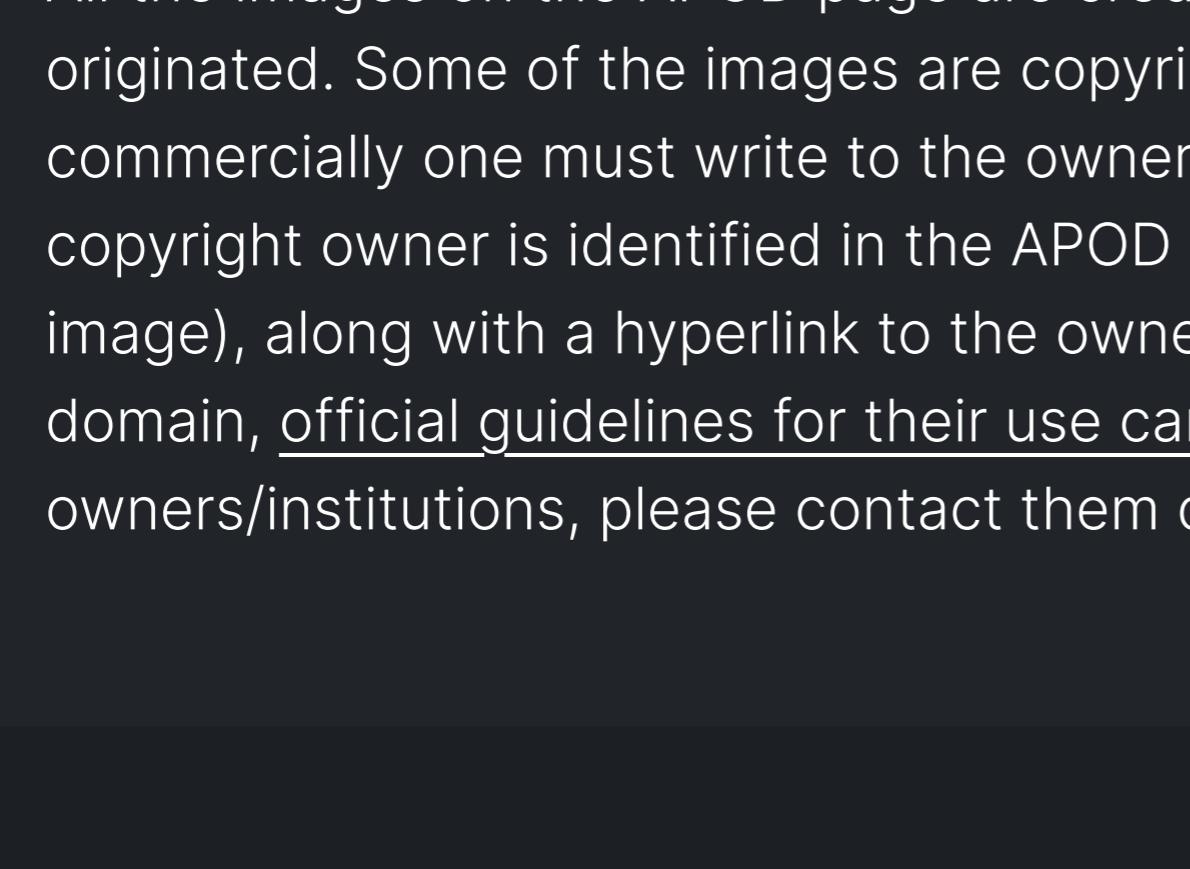


A View Toward M106

Big, bright, beautiful spiral, Messier 106 dominates this cosmic vista. The nearly two degree wide telescopic field of view looks toward the well-trained constellation Canes Venatici, near the handle of the Big Dipper. Also known as NGC 4258, M106 is about 80,000 light-years across.....

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05/1/2020

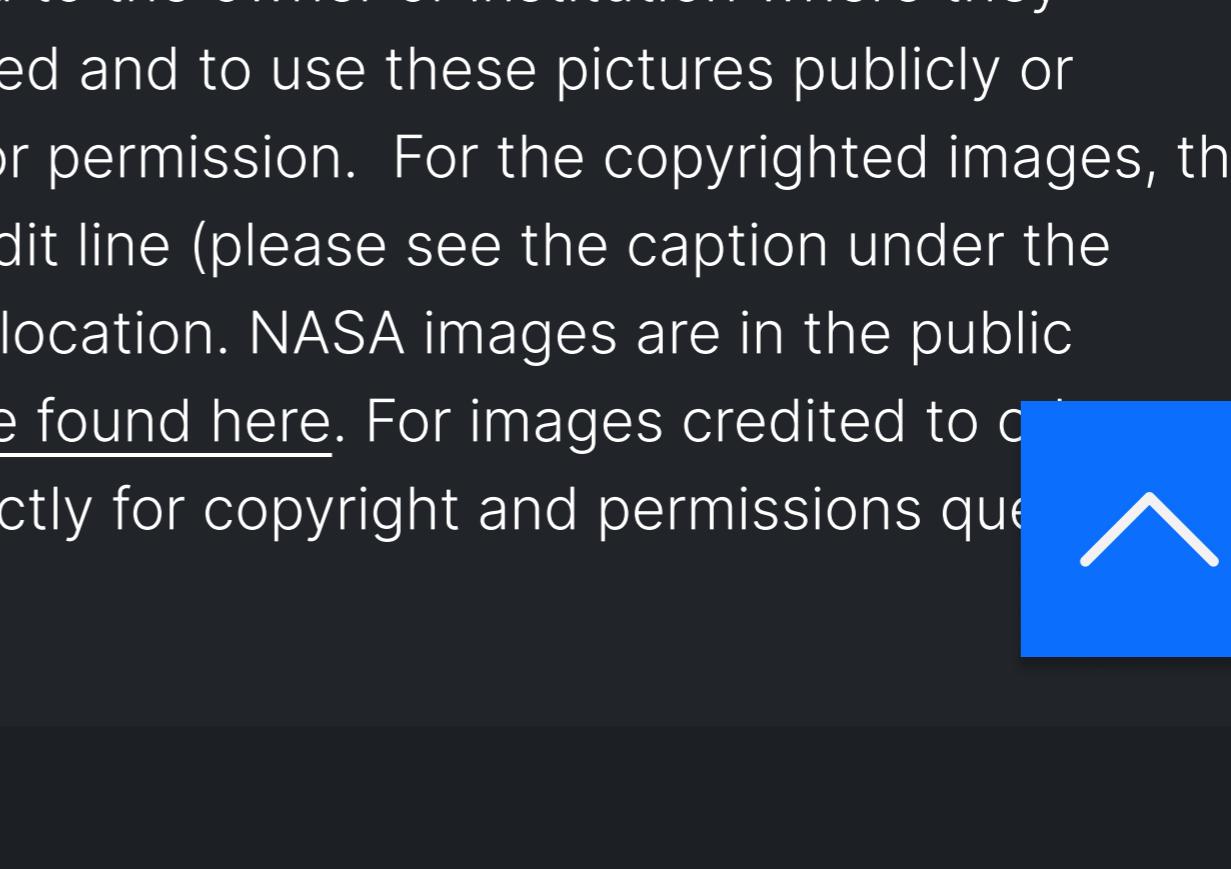


Moonrise Eclipse

This atmospheric picture of a distant horizon looks toward the tall Trisul peaks of India's snowy Himalayan mountains. Taken from a remote location on January 31, bright star Procyon shines at the upper right. The red Moon rising is gliding through Earth's shadow during the.....

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02/02/2018



Stars and Dust in Corona Australis

Cosmic dust clouds and young, energetic stars inhabit this telescopic vista, less than 500 light-years away toward the northern boundary of Corona Australis, the Southern Crown. The dust clouds effectively block light from more distant background stars in the Milky Way.....

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01/08/2015

[Astronomy Picture of the Day \(APOD\)](#) is originated, written, coordinated, and edited since 1995 by Robert Nemiroff and Jerry Bonnell.

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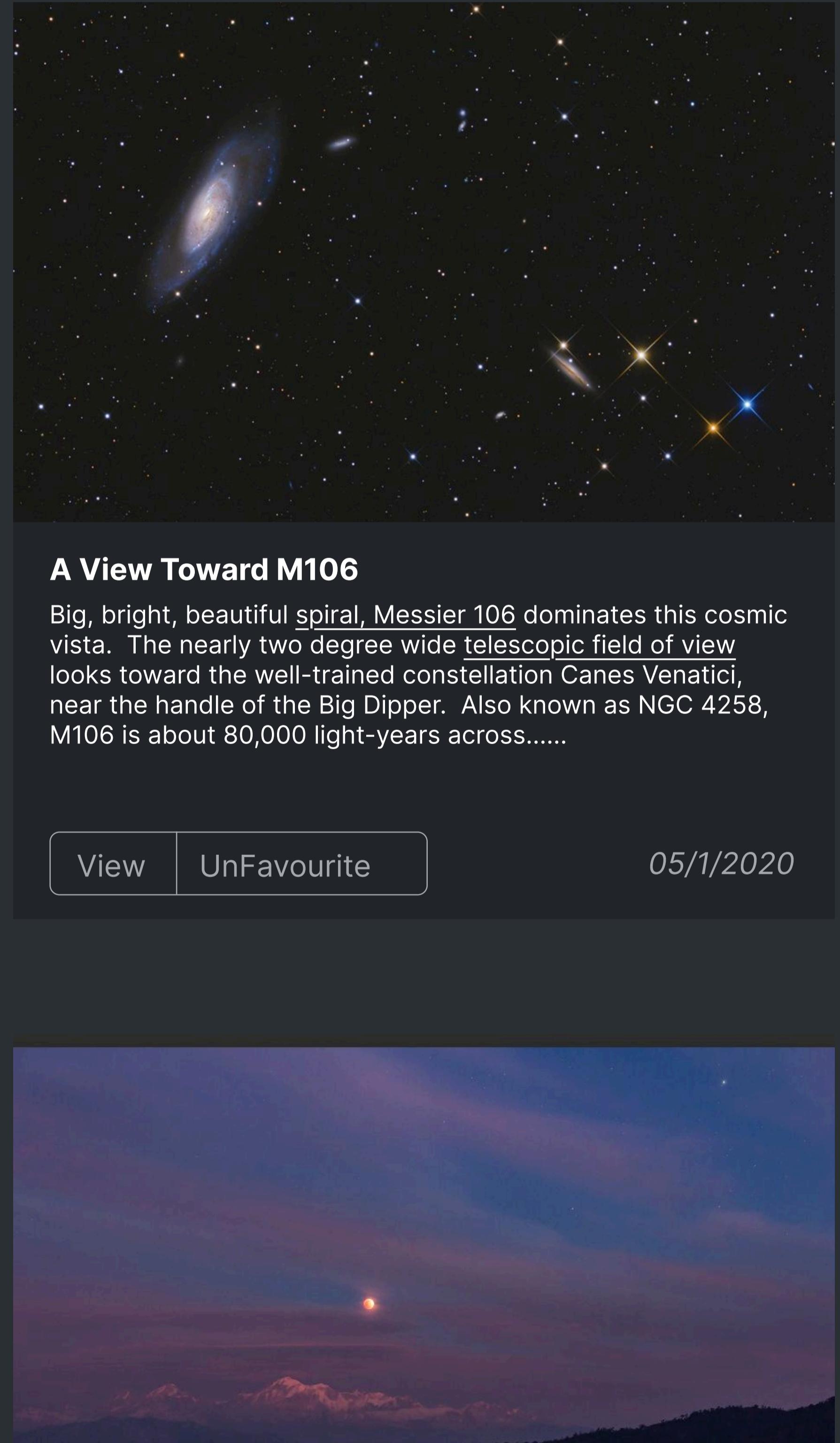
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A Dark Veil in Ophiuchus

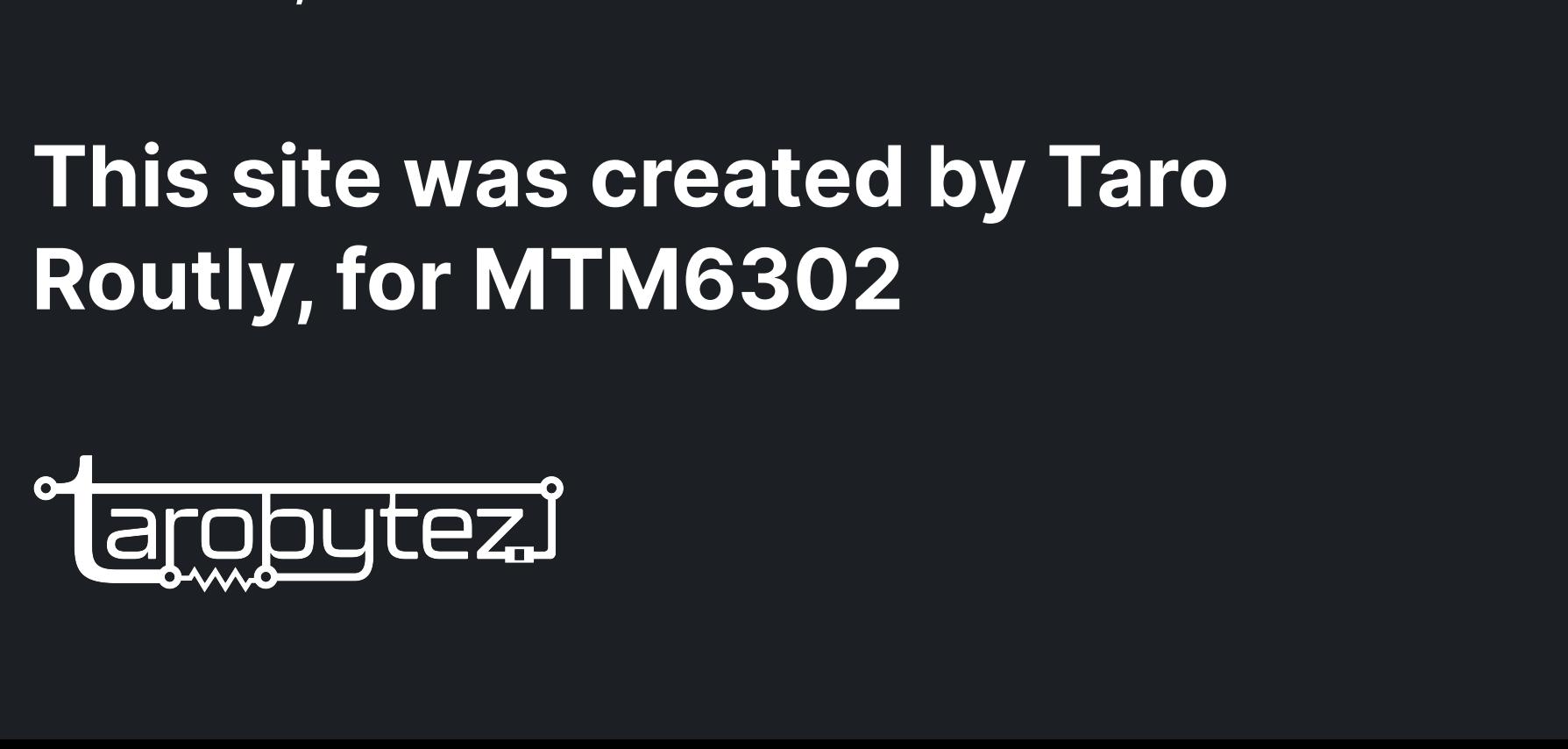
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05/1/2020

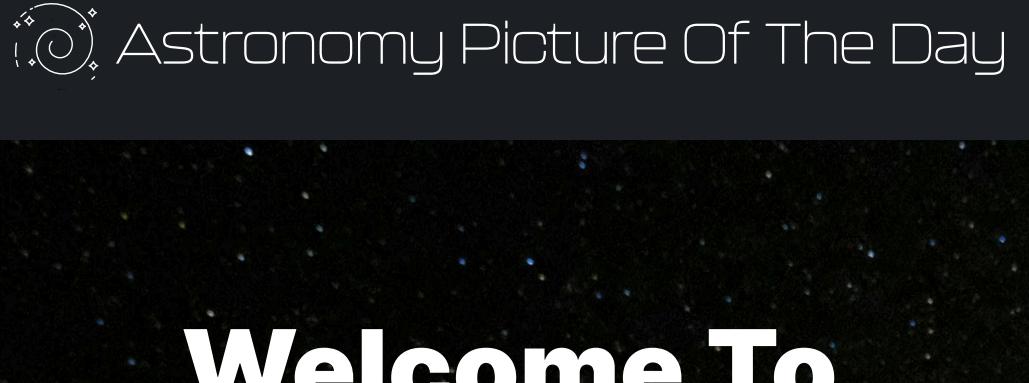
Stars and Dust in Corona Australis

Cosmic dust clouds and young, energetic stars inhabit this telescopic vista, less than 500 light-years away toward the northern boundary of Corona Australis, the Southern Crown. The dust clouds effectively block light from more distant background stars in the Milky Way....

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01/08/2015

Astrobytez



The image features a dark, textured background resembling a star-filled night sky. Overlaid on this background is white text. The top half of the image contains a paragraph of text that reads: "tronomy Picture Of The Day API, which gives an associated picture from NASA's archive for each day from today back until June 16th, 1995." Below this, another paragraph reads: "Feel free to save your favourites for later!" At the bottom of the image, there is a large, bold, white text that reads: "Find the Picture of the Day On...".

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The image features a dark red and black nebula background with a white star icon and a title. The star icon is located in the bottom-left corner, consisting of a white outline of a five-pointed star with a smaller white circle in the center. Below the star, the text "Image Title" is displayed in a large, bold, white sans-serif font.

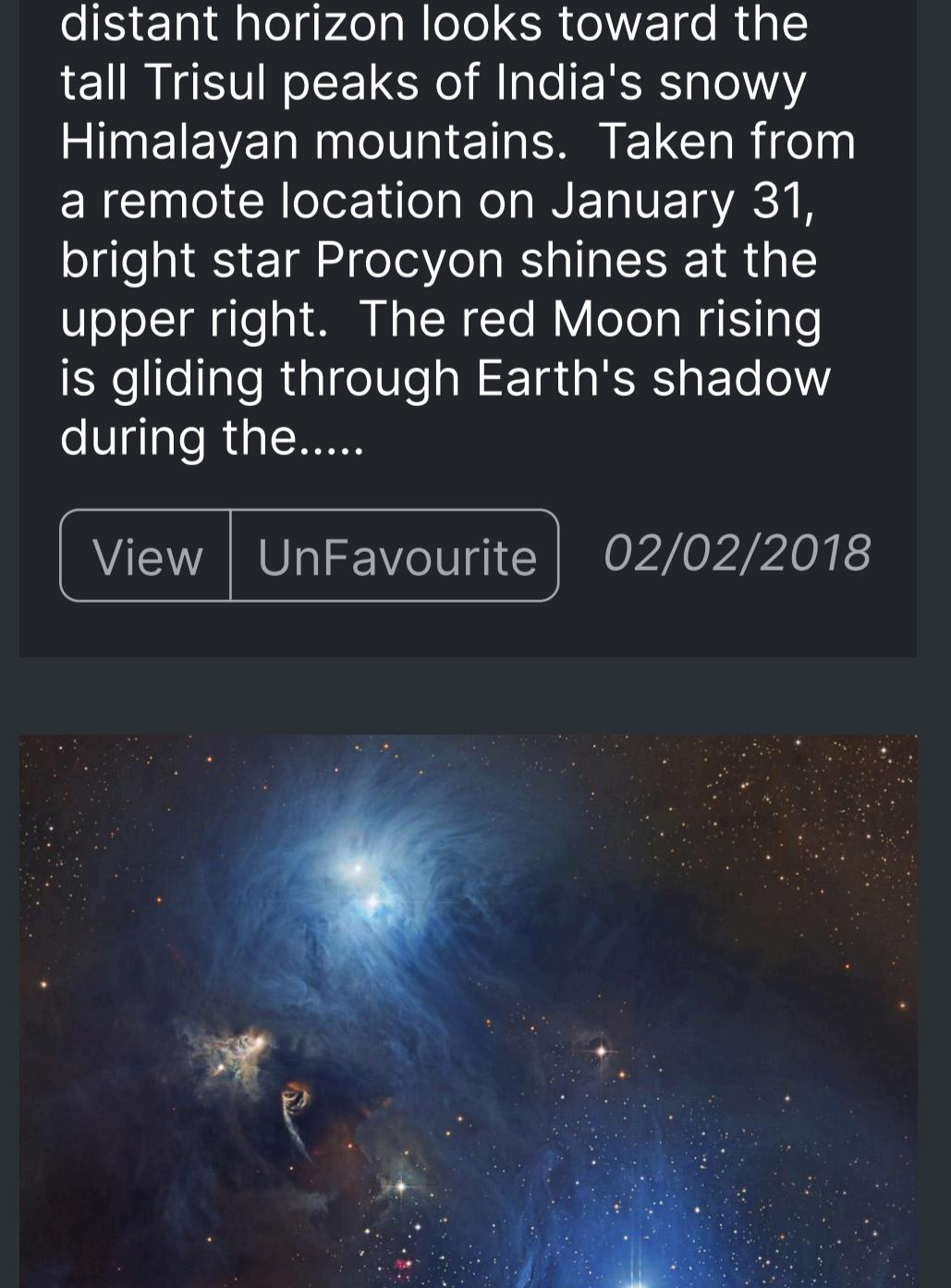
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Favourites Gallery

A dark, star-filled background image showing a cluster of stars and a nebula.

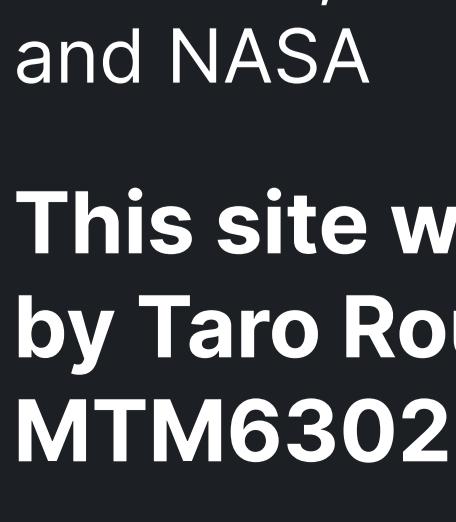
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The logo for tarobytez features the word "tarobytez" in a white, sans-serif font. The letter "t" is stylized with a vertical bar extending upwards and a horizontal bar extending to the right, ending in a small circle. The letter "b" has a similar structure. The letter "y" is formed by a vertical line with a horizontal line extending from its middle, ending in a small circle. The letters "o", "u", "t", and "e" have standard vertical stems with small circles at the top and bottom. The letter "z" is a simple horizontal line with small circles at both ends. A small decorative element consisting of three curved lines and two small circles is positioned between the "t" and "b".