

Title: Pass I of two pass assembler.

Objectives:

- To study assembler
- To understand algorithm of pass I.
- To implement assembler pass I using programming language.

Outcomes: Understand pass I of two assembler.

- Implement pass I using JAVA

Software Requirements: 64 bit Machine

4 GB or 8 GB RAM

500 GB or 1 TB HDD

Theory: An assembler is a program that takes basic computer instruction that corresponds to basic machine operation that the computer can perform. For eg, "Load" instruction causes the processor to move a string of bits from a location in the processor memory to a special holding place called a register. Assuming the processor has at least eight registers each numbered the following instruction would have value at memory location 8000 into register.

- The programmer can write a program with a sequence of assembler instructions.
- This sequence is known as source code.
- Assembler takes each program statement in the

source program and generate a bit stream or pattern.

Algorithm for pass 1:

1) Initialize $LC=0$ (default), pooltab ptr=1,
pooltab[1]=1, tab=ptr=1
read source file

2) While next statement is not END

- a. IF string = Label, then enter it in symbol table
- b. IF string = START, then LC = operand value of START
- c. IF EQU, then address = value of <add spec>
correct symbol table entry for label to address
- d. IF Ds, then

- Code = code of Ds

- size = size of memory area required by DC/Ds.

- e. If on is then

- code = machine code from optab

- $LC = LC + \text{length of instruction}$

- i. this literal = literal in operand

- ii. $LITTAB[litab - ptr] = \text{this literal}$

- iii. $litab, ptr = litab - ptr + 1$

else

this entry = symbol table entry.

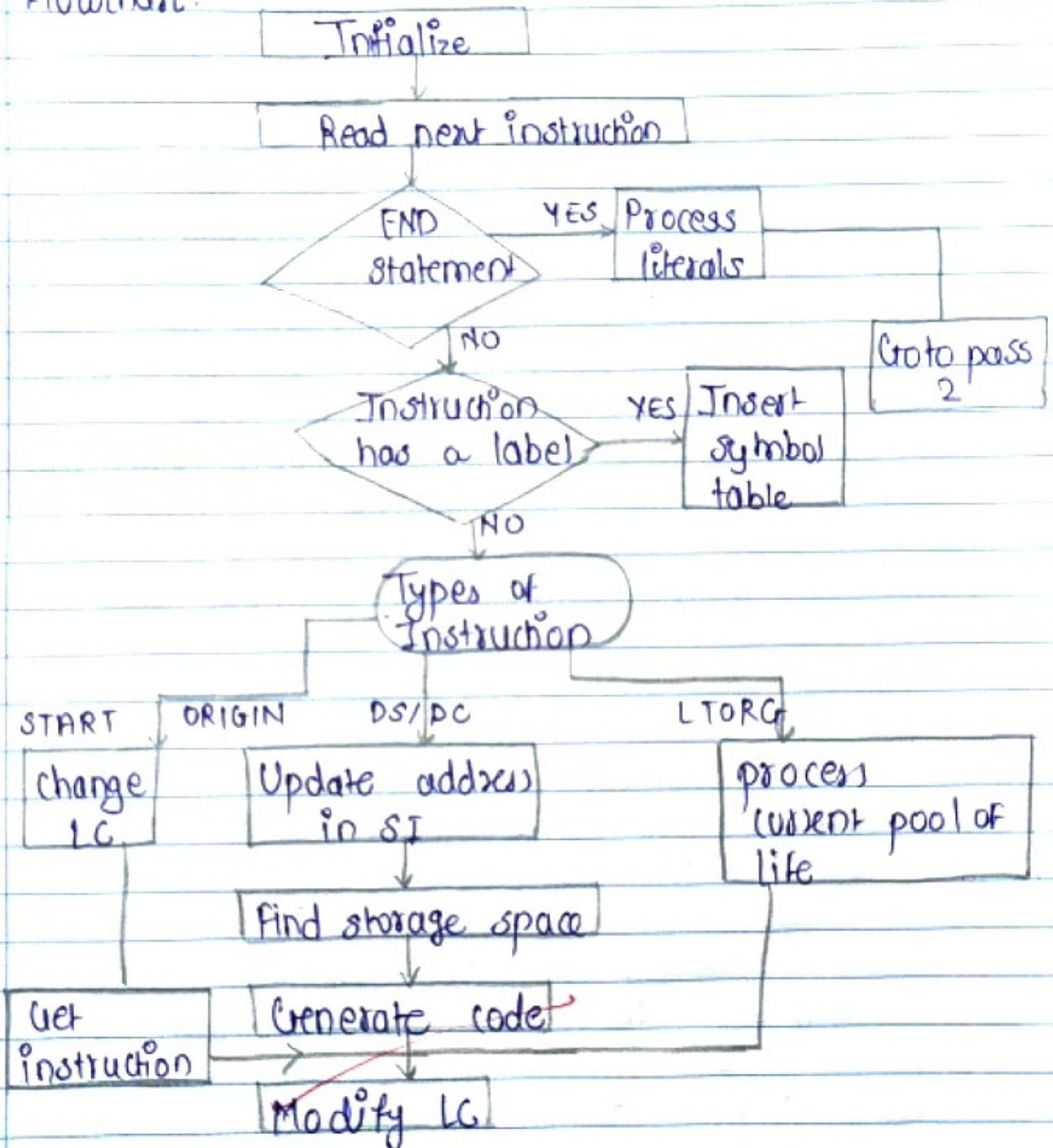
3) Processing of END statement

- a. Performance of step 2f

- b. Generate ZC

- c. Write all table & ZC on to file.

Flowchart:



Conclusion: Thus we have performed pass 1 of two pass assembler.

Title: Pass II of two pass assembler

Objectives: To study pass II of two pass assembler
To implement pass II using JAVA

Problem Statement:

Implement pass II of two pass assembler for pseudo machine in JAVA using object oriented feature.

Outcomes: Study pass II of two pass assembler understand algorithm of pass II.

Software Requirement: Operating System
JDK
Eclipse

Hardware Requirement: 64 bit machine
4GB or 8GB RAM
500 GB or 1TB HDD.

Theory: Algorithm for pass II

1. Code-area-address = address of code area, pooltab-
ptr=1 LC=0
2. While next statement is not END
 - a. clean machine buffer
 - b. If an LORG statement then
 - Process literal LITAB[POOLTAB[POOLtab-ptr]...
LITAB[Litab-ptrH]-1 similar to processing
of constant in PC statement
 - size = size of memory area required for literal

• $pooltab_ptr = pooltab_ptr + 1$

c. IF START statement then $LC = \text{value specified in operand field}$ $size = 0$

d. IF DO then assemble the constant in machine code buffer.

e. IF IS then

• Get operand address from SYMTAB

• ASSEMBLE instruction to machine code

• $size = \text{size of instruction}$

f. IF $size \neq 0$ then

• move content of machine code buffer to address of code area at LC

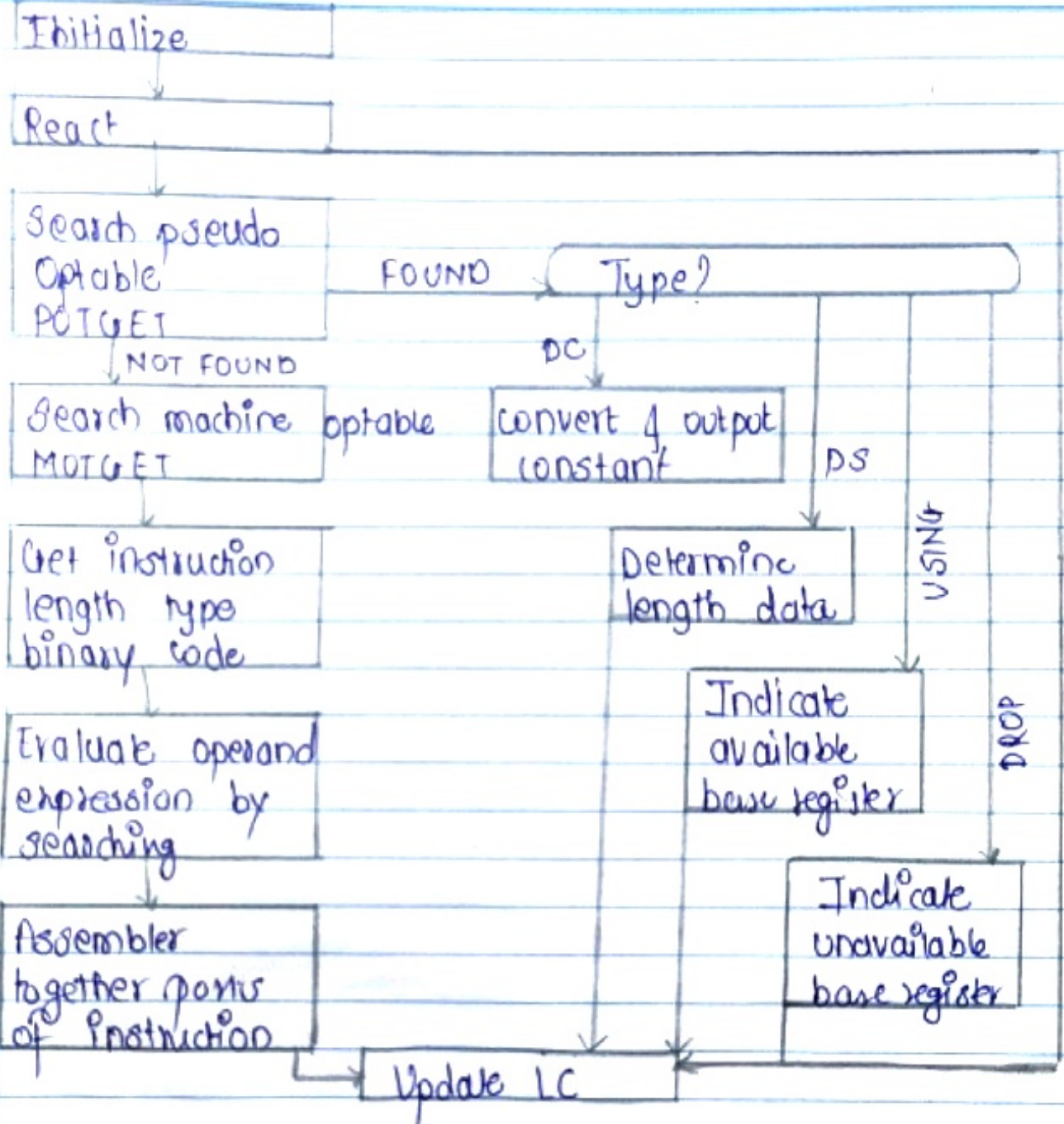
• $LC = LC + size$

3. Processing of END Statement:

• perform step 2b, 4, 2f

• perform error handling

• Write code to output file.



Conclusion: Hence we have studied pass II assembler

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