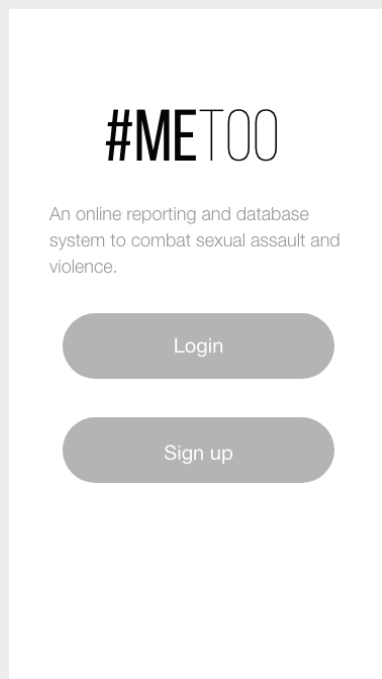


# #METOO

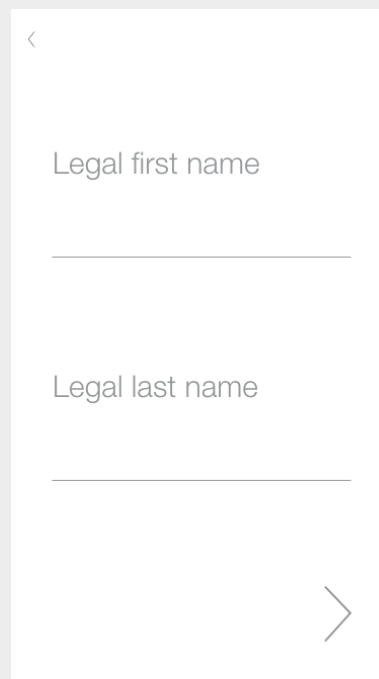
## App Wireframes

Interactive wireframe prototype:

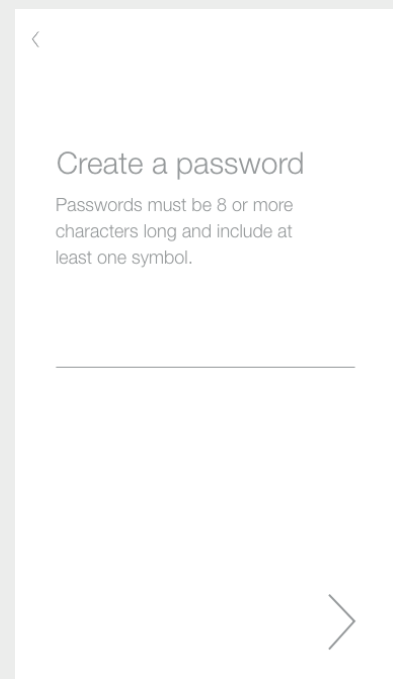
<https://xd.adobe.com/view/dd600589-00ed-48fa-96af-b5c0e0b37b3b/>



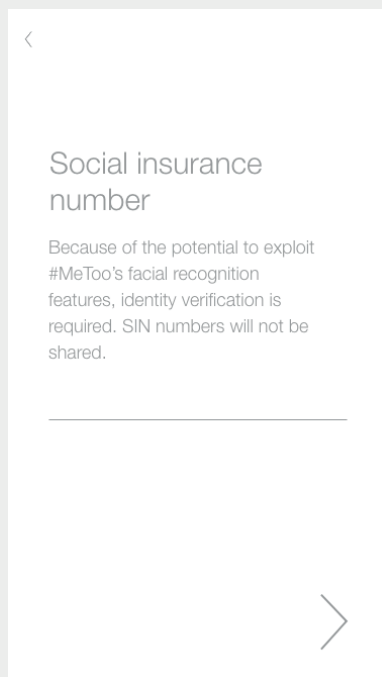
1. This is the first screen a user will see after uploading the app. They have the choice to select to Login, or to Sign up.



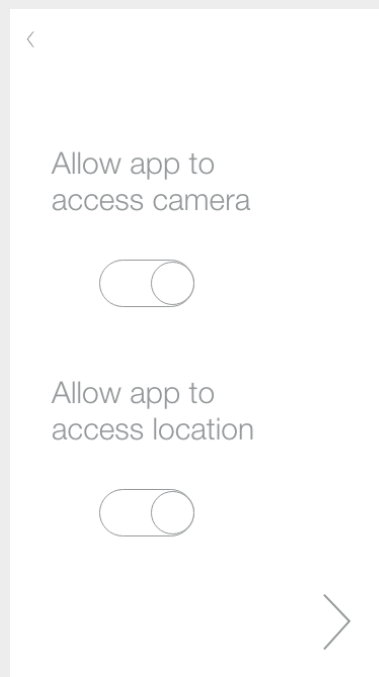
2. If the user selects to sign up, they must input their name.



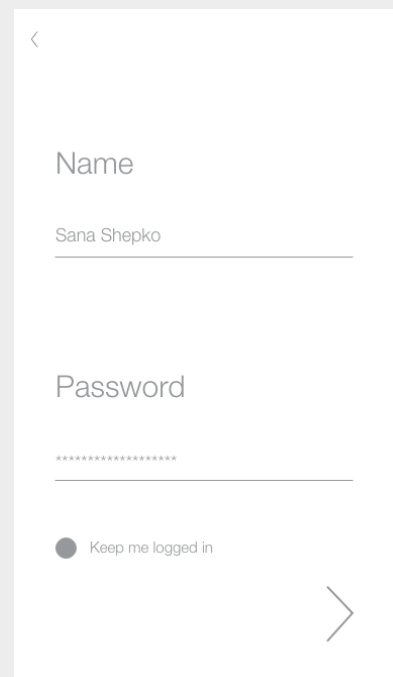
3. They are then prompted to enter a password, 8 or more characters long and containing at least one symbol. They can navigate backwards and forwards using the arrows.



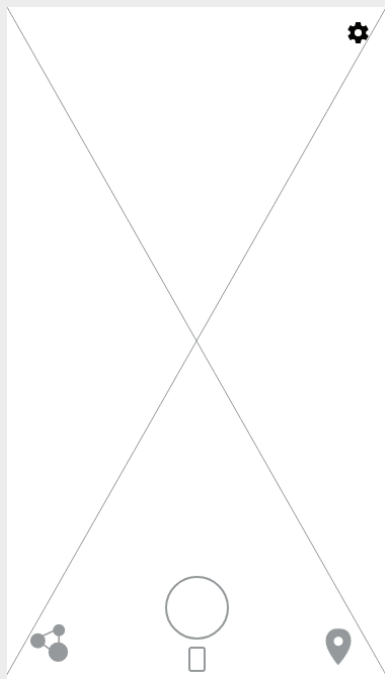
4. The user is prompted to input their social insurance number as a security.



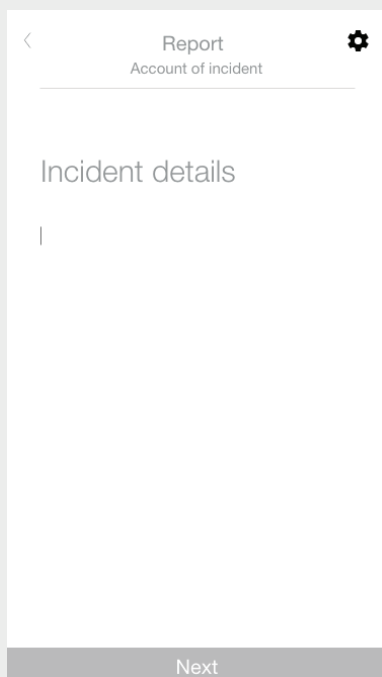
5. This section is to have the app access the camera and location for ease of use. The user has the option to select on or off for this.



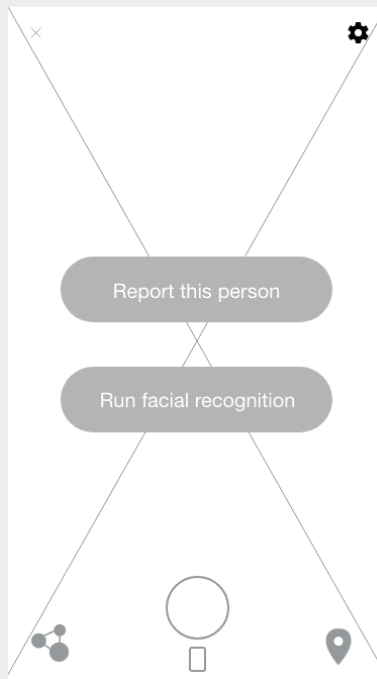
2a. This is the Login page, the user can choose if they want to stay logged in. This is accessed from the very first screen, and is a different journey than the "sign up."



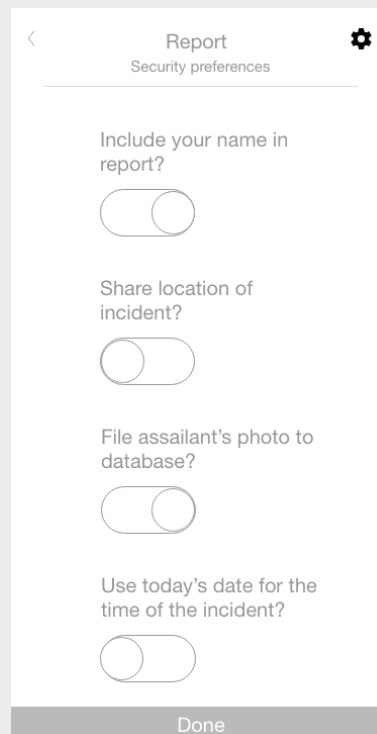
6. This is the main camera home screen. The icon on the left navigates to the "database" and the icon on the right navigates to the "location activity" section. The circle is to take a picture/run facial recognition, and the rectangle icon accesses the phone's photo library.



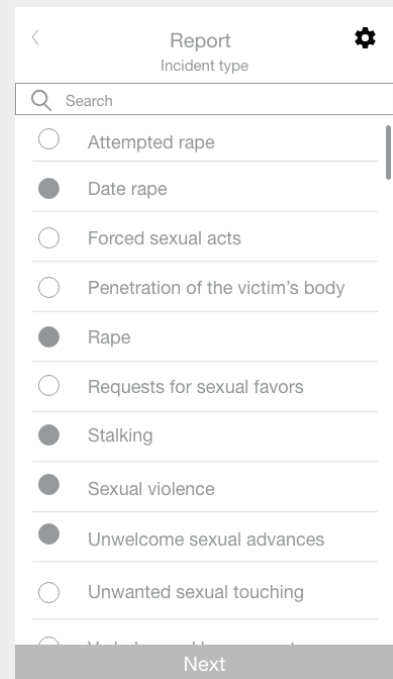
9. The user would then input text to write details of the event.



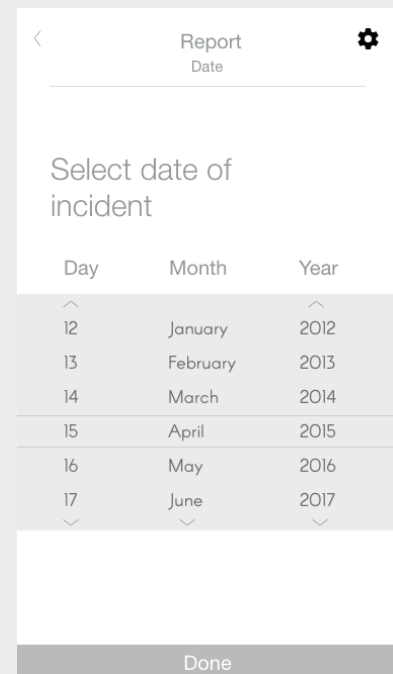
7. Once someone either takes a picture in the app or uploads a photo from their library, two options will pop up; either to report the person, or to run facial recognition.



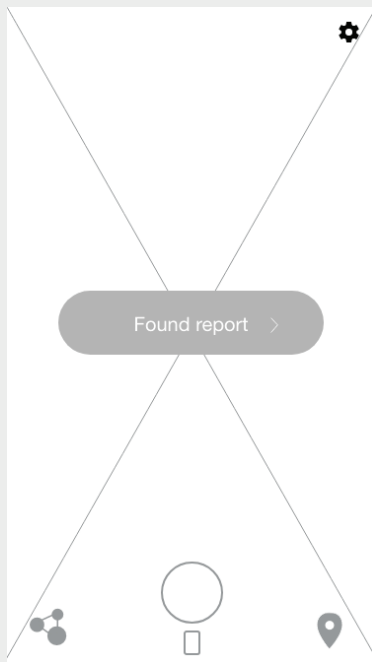
10. User decides what information they want to share to include within the app's database. These are all toggle options.



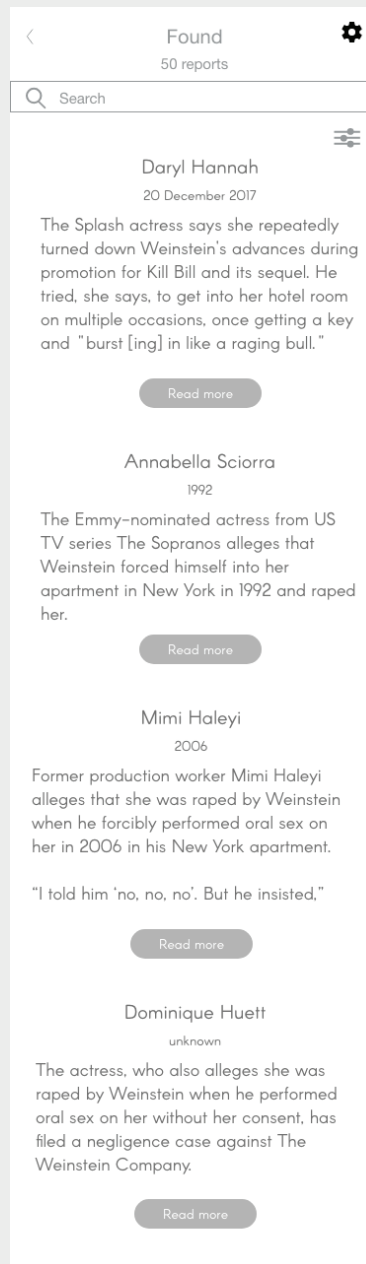
8. Here is where the victim can indicate the nature of the incident, and search for quicker functionality. This description list is in alphabetical order, and you can select multiple options.



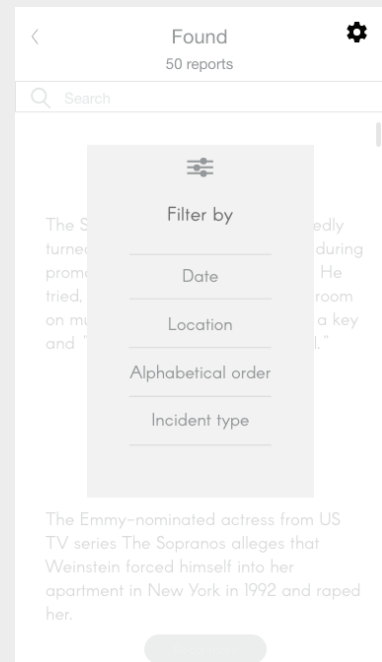
10a. If the user did not toggle on for "use today's date," in the previous screen, then they will be taken to this screen where they must select the date of the occurrence.



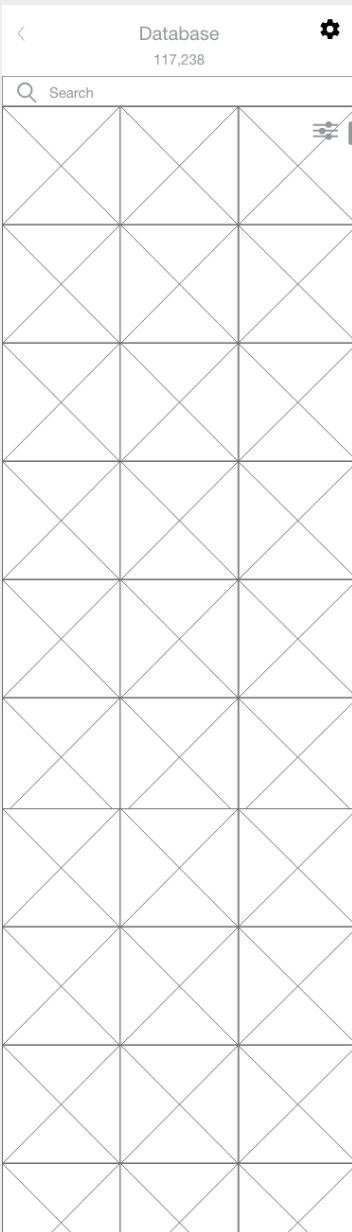
11. On the other hand, if the user selects "run facial recognition" from the main camera screen, that takes them down a different user journey. Once facial recognition has loaded, the app will indicate whether or not there are reports on that person in the database. In this case, reports have been found.



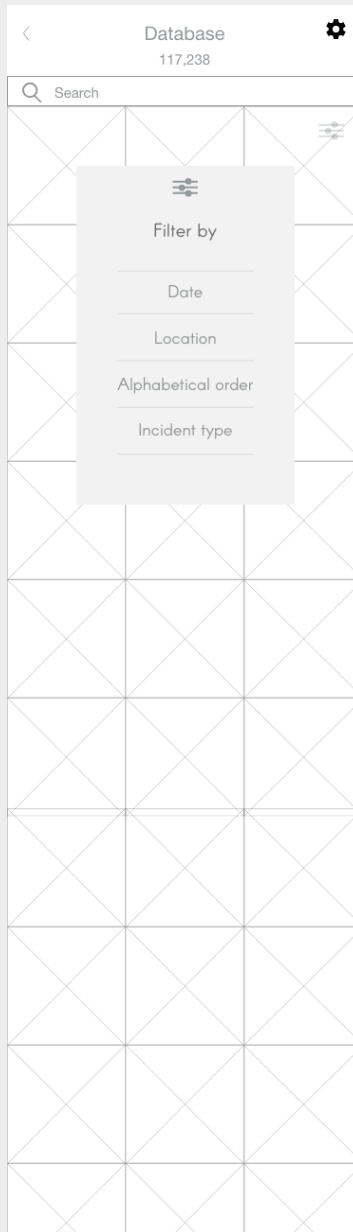
12. When the user clicks on the "found report" button they are taken to this screen, which details all of the accounts. They are abbreviated, but the user can see more by clicking "read more" which would expand that section. They also now have the option of clicking the filter icon on the upper right.



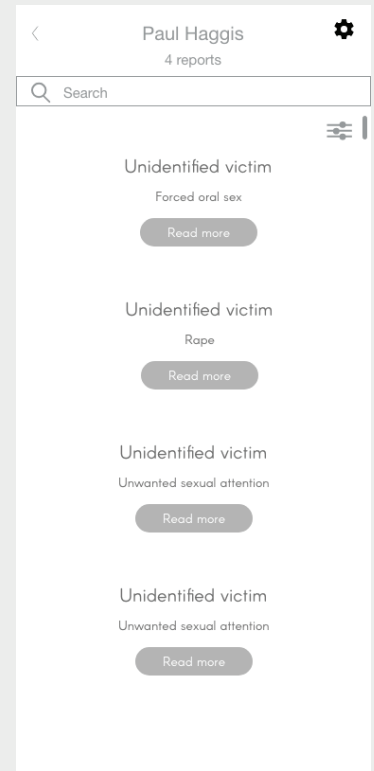
13. The filter button allows the user to filter by date, location, alphabetical order (of the names of the victim) or by incident type.



14. The database is accessed from the camera home screen, from the bottom left corner, and is an Instagram-like grid of people's faces that have been archived into the app by other users, as well as all of the existing public accounts of sexual assailants. On this screen it is also possible to go back to the camera home screen, to search (this would search either a victim's name or an assailant's name), to filter the view, or to go to the user's preferences screen.



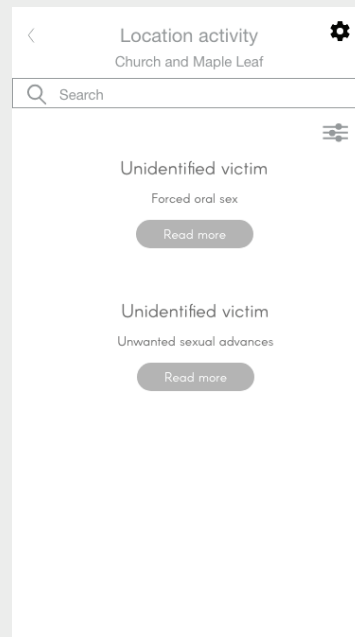
15. Within the database, the user also has the option of filtering and sorting the images by date, location, alphabetical order, and incident type. Considering that some of these assailants may have multiple reports against them from different times/location/assault type, it would just figure out the average of those accounts.



16. If the user selects an image from the database, they are taken to a screen which shows them the perpetrator's name and the victim's reports. The user can navigate back to the database by hitting the back arrow.



17. This is the map, or location activity, section of the app, also navigated to from the main camera home screen. The circles represent reports, and the size of the circle indicates if there has been more or less accidents there. By default, this section will show the current location of the user, but they can search for different locations as well.



18. If you click a circle you will get more details, as shown on this screen. User can navigate back to the map by hitting the arrow on the upper left.