Fundamental Theorem of Calculus II

- 1. True False $\int_a^x f(u)du$ gives you a general form of an antiderivative (including the +C).
- 2. True False Let $F(x) = \int_0^x f(u)du$. Then G(x) be another antiderivative of f(x). For all x we have F(x) = G(x) G(0).
- 3. True False Let f(x) be a continuous function on the interval [a, b], and let $F(x) = \int_a^x f(u)du$. Then F(x) is defined on the interval [a, b].
- 4. True False Let f(x) be a continuous function on the interval [a, b], and let $F(x) = \int_a^x f(u)du$. Then F'(x) = f(x) on the interval [a, b].
- 5. If $\int_{1}^{x} f(u)du = \frac{1}{x} + a$, find f, a.

Σ -notation

Examples

- 6. Write out $\sum_{r=1}^{n} (-1)^r r.$
- 7. Write out $\sum_{r=1}^{\infty} (-1)^r r$.
- 8. Write $1+3+5+\cdots+(2n+1)$ in \sum notation.

Problems

- 9. Write out $\sum_{k=1}^{2n} \frac{1}{k}$.
- 10. Write out $\sum_{a=1}^{n} f(a)^2$.
- 11. Convert $\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \cdots$ into Σ notation.

12. Convert
$$(f(x) - 1)^2 + (f(x) - 2)^2 + \dots + (f(x) - 10)^2$$
 to Σ notation.

13. Convert
$$-1 + 4 - 9 + \cdots - 121$$
 into Σ notation.

14. Write
$$1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + \cdots + 2^{2^n}$$
 in Σ notation.

Substitution Rule

Example

15. Find
$$\int xe^{x^2}dx$$
.

16. Find
$$\int_0^{16} \sqrt{4 - \sqrt{x}} dx$$
.

Problems

17. Find
$$\int \frac{\ln x}{x} dx$$
.

18. Find
$$\int \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx$$
.

19. Find
$$\int x\sqrt{1-x}dx$$
.

20. Find
$$\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} x \cos(x^2) dx$$
.

21. Find
$$\int \sin(x) \sec^2(x) dx$$
.

22. Find
$$\int 2xe^{e^{x^2}}e^{x^2}dx.$$