

2010 年陕西省初中毕业学业考试

英语试卷

第 I 卷（共 70 分）

听力部分

A 卷

I. 听句子，选答语（共 5 小题，计 5 分）

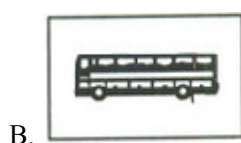
本题共有 5 个小题，每个小题你将听到一句话，读两遍，请从所给的三个选项中选出一个最恰当的答语。

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. Yes, it is. | B. Thank you. | C. No, it isn't. |
| 2. A. It's sunny. | B. It's Monday. | C. It's June 27. |
| 3. A. I'm listening to music. | B. I was doing some reading. | C. I watched TV. |
| 4. A. Good idea. | B. By bike. | C. Enjoy yourself. |
| 5. A. So am I. | B. So is it. | C. So it is. |

II. 听对话，选答案

本题共有 10 个小题，每个小题有一段对话和一个问题，读两遍，请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题，从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。

- | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| 6. A. In the library. | B. In the restaurant. | C. In the shop. |
| 7. A. Noodles. | B. Dumplings. | C. Rice. |
| 8. A. 12. | B. 14. | C. 16. |



- | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| 10. A. Jim. | B. Jim's mother. | C. Jim's teacher. |
| 11. A. Next to the park. | B. Far from the park. | C. Across from the park/ |

12. A. Once. B. Twice. C. Three times.
13. A. In a TV station. B. In a bank. C. In a factory.
14. A. To do homework. B. To play the piano. C. To play chess.
15. A. To say goodbye to Linda. B. To work here. C. To enjoy himself.

III. 听短文，选答案

本题你将听到一篇短文，读两遍，请从给每个小题的三个选项中，选出一个正确答案。

16. What color is Curly?
- A. Brown. B. Black. C. Blue.
17. Curly likes running and playing with _____.
A. the writer's father B. the writer C. another dog
18. One day the writer's father took off his coat and asked Curly to _____.
A. carry it B. play with it C. look after it
19. Where did the writer's father put his coat?
A. Under the tree. B. In the tree. C. On Curly's back.
20. Why didn't Curly come when the writer called him late in the evening?
A. Because he was afraid of the writer. B. Because he was sleeping on the coat.
C. Because he was watching the coat.

笔试部分

I. 单项选择（共 10 小题，计 10 分）

本题共有 10 个小题，请从每个小题的四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。

21. This is _____ classroom, but where is ours?
A. they B. them C. their D. theirs
22. Hi, Jack. Would you please _____ the picture on the wall?
A. pick up B. look up C. get up D. put up

23. Sometimes it rains _____ in Xi'an in summer.
- A. heavy B. heavily C. strong D. strongly
24. I hear Tom lives here, but I'm not sure _____.
- A. which room he lives in B. which room does he live in
- C. he lives in which room D. in which room does he live
25. Don't forget _____ an umbrella _____ you. It's going to rain.
- A. to take; to B. taking; to C. to take; with D. taking; with
26. —Must I finish my homework at school?
- No, you _____. You can do it at home.
- A. can't B. mustn't C. needn't D. won't
27. Be careful, _____ you'll miss the right answer.
- A. and B. or C. but D. so
28. It's too bright and sunny. Why not _____ your sun glasses?
- A. break B. clean C. make D. wear
29. The _____ friends you have, the _____ you will be.
- A. more; happy B. many; happy C. more; happier D. many; happier
30. —Do you know the boy over there?
- Sure. I _____ him for years.
- A. knew B. will know C. have known D. known

II. 完形填空 (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

阅读下面一篇短文, 理解大意, 然后从各个小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 使短文连贯完整。

One day before my final exam, my dad gave me a gift. It completely changed my life.

On that day I had a 31 with my friends and it was a difficult time with my studies. I was unhappy. Then I noticed the gift. I 32 it and saw a DVD inside. Its name was "THE SECRET". However, I was in no mood (心情) to watch it. I sat down to study, but the 33 in my life—the

fight, the sleepless nights and my poor health ... Everything came to my mind. I wanted an answer but I wondered 34 there was any. Just then, I saw the DVD again. Maybe it would be helpful. I 35 my DVD player. I had no words to describe the feelings I experienced while watching it. The moving (感动人的) stories of human beings made me so moved that I wouldn't 36 any of them.

Thanks to my father's gift "THE SECRET", I discovered 37. Everybody has difficulties in their lives. The important thing is that you should be 38 enough to face them. Now I have started 39 my studies and my friends. And I'm in good health, too. I often hear people say, "Wow! 40 perfect life you have!"

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 31. A. trip | B. party | C. talk | D. fight |
| 32. A. opened | B. kept | C. moved | D. broke |
| 33. A. chances | B. problems | C. suggestions | D. mistakes |
| 34. A. why | B. that | C. if | D. how |
| 35. A. turned on | B. looked for | C. put away | D. paid for |
| 36. A. report | B. forget | C. think | D. remember |
| 37. A. yourself | B. itself | C. himself | D. myself |
| 38. A. mad | B. brave | C. sad | D. weak |
| 39. A. being busy with | B. worrying about | C. getting on well with | D. being afraid of |
| 40. A. What a | B. What | C. How a | D. How |

III. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 25 分)

A) 阅读下面一篇短文, 判断下列句子是否符合短文内容, 符合的用 "A" 表示, 不符合的用 "B" 表示。(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)

A

Today more and more people are using refrigerators. Some are big, others are small. Big ones have two or three doors. Such refrigerators can not only keep the food cold and fresh, but also make ice and freeze the food. However, small ones usually have one door and can only keep things cold and fresh.

There are also refrigerators that are friendly to the environment. In the 1970s, the world was in energy crisis (危机). Refrigerators use too much energy. So people began to think of ways to improve it. At last a kind of new refrigerators was made. They use very little energy, but they're

too expensive. They cost twice or three times more than the ones that we use at home. However, people believe they will be cheaper and cheaper. As a result, they will be more and more popular.

In the future, there will be refrigerators that can do more than we can imagine. They are called smart refrigerators (智能冰箱). They have tiny computers inside, with their screens on the door. They can show us what food is inside. They can also tell us what food to buy. They can even let us know what food to eat then we input the necessary health information. The more surprising thing is that they can do shopping for us when they are connected (连接) to the supermarket.

41. Small refrigerators can not only keep the food cold but also freeze the food.

42. Refrigerators that use little energy are more expensive.

43. Friendly refrigerators will be popular some day.

44. Refrigerators that keep the food fresh are smart refrigerators.

45. We can have a “talk” with smart refrigerators.

B) 阅读 B、C 两部分内容，从各小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。(共 10 小题，计 20 分)

B

Are you going to high school to go on with your study? What will you do if you can't? Don't worry. Vocational (职业的) schools are open for you because our country is in need of people with special skills.

Compared with common high schools, vocational schools have more advantages. Firstly, in order to promote (促进) the development of vocational education, our country spends a lot of money on it. So you need to pay only a smaller half of the school fee (学费). Secondly, in here you have already started learning practical skills that you can use all your life. But some other students may still worry about how to spend the long three years at high schools. Why? Because they didn't choose the school that suits (适合) them. And finally, when they are still wondering where to go, you are already able to live on your own hands proudly. And perhaps it won't be long before you are on the road to success.

People take different roads because they have different potentials (潜力). So different students should choose different schools. Go to high school if you think that you can go farther on that road. Choose a key high school if you are lucky enough to have the chance. Enter a vocational school if you are interested in the lessons there and you are better at making things with your hands.

In a word, think carefully and see what kind of person you are. Remember, always choose

things that suit you.

46. What does the second paragraph talk about?

- A. The future of vocational school.
- B. How to learn a skill.
- C. The advantages of vocational schools.
- D. How to succeed.

47. The underlined word “practical” here means “_____”.

- A. fair
- B. useful
- C. poor
- D. safe

48. Vocational school students can _____ than students who choose a high school carelessly.

- A. spend more money
- B. be more worried
- C. get more
- D. have fewer chances to succeed

49. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. People should take the same road.
- B. Key high school students must be good at making things.
- C. Clever students are better at using their hands.
- D. We should choose things that suit us.

50. This passage is written to _____.

- A. advise some students to choose vocational schools
- B. talk about the advantages of common high schools
- C. discuss how to divide students into different groups
- D. compare different schools

C

SHANGHAI—Today there are more than 350,000 people visiting the Expo (世博会). The



pavilion (场馆)

The French pavilion is still the hottest. Over 3,000 people are waiting in line in front of it. The organizers suggest visitors go to other pavilions first. In fact, pavilions of countries such as Russia, Canada, Japan and America are all very good.

XI'AN—Today more than 2,000 people have written their names on a paper. They promise to use less energy and live a low-carbon (低碳) life. Let's follow them. Cut off the power of your

computer when you don't use it. Turn off the lights when going out. Use buses more. Share your cars with others. Eat less meat. Let's do our best to stop the earth from warming.

ANKANG—A taxi driver found a bag in his car this morning. There was 10,000 *yuan* in it.



The kind-hearted driver gave the bag to the police. The police have now found the owner, a businessman from Baoji. To show his thanks, the owner wanted to give him 500 *yuan*, but the driver didn't take it. He says it is something that any taxi driver will do.

XINING—A special train is now leaving Xining for Shanghai. It carries the last 300 Tibetan children. The platform is crowded with people. Most of them are parents. These children will study in some famous schools in Shanghai until they finish high school. Those schools will pay all their expenses (费用). The children will also get 100 *yuan* as pocket money each month. Many parents ask us to give their thanks to the Party.



51. It is clear that people are more interested in the _____ pavilion.

- A. French B. Russian C. Canadian D. Japanese

52. Which of the following is a way of low-carbon life?

- A. Never turn off your computer. B. Always keep the lights on.
C. Always drive to work. D. Eat less meat.

53. The headline (标题) of the third news should be _____.

- A. A Good Policeman B. An Honest Taxi Driver
C. A Careless Businessman D. A Kind Reporter

54. The fourth news says that _____.

- A. the children will get 100 *yuan* from their parents each month
B. there are only parents at the station
C. all the children will go to the same school
D. the parents are very thankful

55. Which of the following is TRUE according to the news?

- A. The American pavilion is the most popular.

B. The readers are asked not to share their cars with others.

C. The government takes good care of the Tibetan children.

D. The taxi driver took the 500 *yuan*.

第II卷（共 50 分）

IV. 完成句子（共 10 小题，计 10 分）

用所给单词的适当形式完成下列句子。

1. Lots of _____ (foreign) come to visit the old town every year.

2. Don't mind _____ (offer) your help to others when necessary.

3. He works in the _____ (big) computer company in the world.

4. There are _____ (hundred) of people dancing at the square after supper.

5. My mother was _____ (water) flowers in the garden when I came back.

6. She is proud of _____ (she) for not giving up easily.

7. The boy sat down excitedly because he answered the difficult question _____ (correct).

8. Everybody likes to ask him for help because he often _____ (come) up with good ideas.

9. It is a good habit to brush your _____ (tooth) after each meal.

10. Many school things were _____ (send) to Yushu last month.

V. 任务型阅读（共 10 小题，计 15 分）

A) 阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，完成下列各题。（共 5 小题，计 10 分）

David is in his school curling (冰壶运动) team in Scotland. He also plays for two clubs. Let's listen to his story and learn more about curling.

"I first started playing four years ago when I was 10 years old. My father, my brother and sister all curl and I would go and watch them play. I enjoy curling because I like the feeling of playing on real ice. I also like it because it is mentally challenging (智力挑战). In the play, you have to think about how to achieve your goal and how to beat the other team."

"Sweeping (清扫冰道) is probably the most difficult part of the game. It is very important because this decides the speed of the stone and keeps it straight."

"Games can go on for three or four hours and I play about three times a week. Some of my

friends thought it was funny when I started curling. Then they tried it and now they play it, too.”

“Curling has been a Winter Olympic game since 1998. I would like to play at the Winter Olympics in the future. I would surely recommend (推荐) curling to everyone, because it’s different from other sports.”

1. David plays for _____ and _____ in Scotland.
2. He enjoys curling because he likes _____ on real ice and it’s also _____.
3. The most difficult part of the game must be _____.
4. A curling game can go on for _____.
5. The reason for recommending curling to others is that it’s _____.

B) 阅读下面短文，将方框内所给句子抄写在短文的适当位置，使短文意思完整。
(简 5 小题，计 5 分)

In cities in the USA, there are clocks in most stores, factories, and other buildings. Radio announcers (广播员) give the correct time during the day. 6. _____ They want to do certain things at certain times. They don’t want to be late.

But time is not so important to people everywhere. 7. _____ You will find that people living there do not like to rush. If you have an appointment (约会) with some friends, they will probably be late. 8. _____ Even the radio programs may not begin on time. 9. _____

In South America, many people think of a clock as a machine. 10. _____ They don’t want a clock or any machine to affect (影响) their lives so much.

Suppose you visit a country in South America.

They say if people do everything on time, they are letting clocks control (控制) their lives.

People there think that it is important to know the time.

The radio announcers don’t think it is important to announce the exact time.

They don’t want to arrive on time.

VI. 补全对话 (共 10 小题，计 10 分)

A) 根据对话内容，将方框内符合对话情景的句子抄写在对话空白处，使对话恢复完整，选项中有两项是多余的。

A: Hi, Wang Lin. Did you see the 8 o'clock program of CCTV 1 last night?

B: No. 1. _____

A: About environment protection. It tells us some good ways.

B: 2. _____

A: Well, we can start by saving water in our daily life.

B: Yes. 3. _____

A: And we'd better not use plastic bags, either.

B: Good idea. 4. _____

A: We can also save paper. 5. _____

B: Right! Everyone can do something to protect our environment.

I don't like it.

Making paper needs many trees.

What else?

Plastic bags are useful.

What's it about?

What can we do?

After washing things, we can use the water to do something else.

B) 根据下面对话中的情景，在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句，使对话恢复完整。

A: Hello! Jane speaking. 6. _____?

B: This is Mrs. Brown. You didn't come to school this morning. 7. _____?

A: Sorry, I forgot to ask for leave. I feel terrible. I can't fall asleep these days.

B: 8. _____. But how is that?

A: I keep thinking about the coming exam.

B: 9. _____. I'm sure you can do it quite well. Try to relax yourself. Listen to some music and do some sports.

A: 10. _____.

B: I hope you will be better soon. Bye.

A: Goodbye.

VII. 书面表达（共 1 题，计 15 分）

假如你是李林，你的美国笔友 Sam 要来你的家乡，恰巧你不在，你想介绍一位与 Sam 志趣相投的同学刘凯接待他。请参考下表中 Sam 的相关信息，用英语写一份邮件，说明刘凯的情况。

Age	16
Hobbies	sports, music, traveling ...
Personality (性格)	honest, friendly, helpful ...
Other information	want to learn Chinese, like Chinese culture ...

- 要求：
1. 语句通顺，意思连贯，书写工整；
 2. 文中不得出现真实地名；
 3. 词数：60-80 词（邮件的开头和结尾已给出，但不计入总词数）。

参考答案

- | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1-5 BABAC | 6-10 CBACC | 11-15 ABBCA | 16-20 BBCAC |
| 21-25 CDBAC | 26-30 CBDCC | 31-35 DABCA | 36-40 BDBCA |
| 41-45 BAABA | 46-50 CBCDA | 51-55 ADBDC | |
- IV. 1. foreigners 2. offering 3. biggest 4. hundreds
5. watering 6. herself 7. correctly 8. comes
9. teeth 10. sent

V. 1. two clubs / his school (curling) team, his school (curling) team / two clubs

2. the feeling of playing, mentally challenging

3. sweeping

4. three or four hours

5. different (from other sports)

6. People there think that it is important to know the time.

7. Suppose you visit a country in South America.

8. They don't want to arrive on time.

9. The radio announcers don't think it is important to announce the exact time.

10. They say if people do everything on time, they are letting clocks control (控制) their lives.

VI. 1. What's it about?

2. What can we do?

3. After washing things, we can use the water to do something else.

4. What else?

5. Making paper needs many trees.

6. Who's that (speaking)

7. What's wrong (with you) / What's the matter (with you) / What's the trouble (with you) /
What's your trouble / Why / Why didn't you come to school / What was wrong (with you)
/ What (has) happened

8. I'm sorry to hear that / Sorry to hear that

9. Don't worry / Don't be nervous

10. Thank you very much / Thanks a lot / Thanks (very much) / It's very kind of you

附:

听力文稿

I. 听句子, 选答语

本题共有 5 个小题，每个小题你将听到一句话，读两遍，请从所给的三个选项中选出一个

个最恰当的答语。

1. Your English is so good.
2. How is the weather today?
3. What were you doing at 9:00 yesterday evening?
4. Why not go fishing this weekend?
5. Xi'an is a city with a long history.

II. 听对话，选答案

本题共有 10 个小题，每个小题有一段对话和一个问题，读两遍，请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题，从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。

6. W: Can I help you?

M: Yes. I'm looking for a hat for my daughter.

Q: Where are they?

7. W: What food do you like, Mike?

M: I like rice, dumplings and noodles. But I like dumplings best.

Q: What is Mike's favorite food?

8. W: Jack, your brother is so lovely. How old is he?

M: I'm fourteen years old and he is two years younger than me.

Q: How old is Jack's brother?

9. W: Summer vacation is coming. What are you going to do?

M: I'm flying to Hainan Island. I hear the beaches there are wonderful.

Q: How is the man going to Hainan Island?

10. W: Do you like your new teacher, Jim?

M: Yes, mum. He is friendly to us.

Q: Who is friendly?

11. W: Excuse me. Is there a hotel near here?

M: Yes. Just go straight and turn left. You'll see it on your right. It's next to the bank.

W: Thanks.

M: My pleasure.

Q: Where is the hotel?

12. W: Have you seen the movie before?

M: Yes. It's very exciting. I saw it last Saturday afternoon and I went to see it again yesterday.

Q: How many times has the man seen the movie?

13. W: Hi, Jeff. What's your uncle's job?

M: Well, he was a worker before. Now he is a bank clerk. But he wants to be a reporter in the future.

Q: Where does Jeff's uncle work now?

14. W: Are you free this afternoon?

M: Yes. I've just finished my homework.

W: Shall we play chess?

M: OK.

Q: What are they going to do this afternoon?

15. W: It's you, Jade. Please come in.

M: Oh, Linda. I'm here to say goodbye to you. I'm going to work in London.

W: Great. Enjoy yourself there.

M: Thanks a lot. I think I will.

Q: Why does Jade come to Linda's?

III. 听短文，选答案

本题你将听到一篇短文，读两遍，请从给每个小题的三个选项中，选出一个正确答案。

Dogs are people's friends. They will do anything people ask them to do and they do their duty very well.

Curly is my black dog. He is big and strong. He likes running and playing with me. Sometimes he also follows my father.

One day my father took off his coat and put it on the ground under a big tree. Curly stood there and looked at him. My father said, "Watch my coat, Curly."

Curly sat down on the coat. Later my father remembered he has to cook dinner for the family. So he went home and forgot all about his coat and the dog.

Later in the evening I missed my dog and looked for him everywhere in my house. I called, "Curly, Curly!" But Curly did not come.

Soon my father wanted something that was in his coat. Then he remembered what he had done. Quickly he went back to the tree. What do you think he saw? Curly was still sitting on the coat!