

In [133... pip install xgboost

Collecting xgboost

Using cached xgboost-2.1.2-py3-none-win_amd64.whl.metadata (2.1 kB)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\roy62\anaconda3\envs\tensorflow_env\lib\site-packages (from xgboost) (1.26.4)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy in c:\users\roy62\anaconda3\envs\tensorflow_env\lib\site-packages (from xgboost) (1.13.1)

Using cached xgboost-2.1.2-py3-none-win_amd64.whl (124.9 MB)

Installing collected packages: xgboost
Successfully installed xgboost-2.1.2

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

In [134... import numpy as np

import pandas as pd #excellent for dataset manupalation

for data visulization

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

#stats visualization

import seaborn as sns

#Labelencoding to convert categorical data into lowlevel language

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

#scaling data

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

#data partions

 $\textbf{from} \ \, \textbf{sklearn.model_selection} \ \, \textbf{import} \ \, \textbf{train_test_split}$

#algorithams

from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

from xgboost import XGBClassifier

#accuracy confusion matric and classification report

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,confusion_matrix,classification_repor

import warnings

To ignore all warnings

warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

In [137... df= pd.read_csv(r'E:\Data Science & AI\Dataset files\diabetes_prediction_dataset df.head()#printing the first 5 rows of the dataset using head() function

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	gender	age	hypertension	heart_disease	smoking_history	bmi	HbA1c_level	blo
0	Female	80.0	0	1	never	25.19	6.6	
1	Female	54.0	0	0	No Info	27.32	6.6	
2	Male	28.0	0	0	never	27.32	5.7	
3	Female	36.0	0	0	current	23.45	5.0	
4	Male	76.0	1	1	current	20.14	4.8	

In [138... df.isna().any() #checking is there any null values

Out[138...

gender False age False hypertension False heart_disease False smoking_history False bmi False HbA1c_level False blood_glucose_level False diabetes False dtype: bool

In [139... df.corr(numeric_only=True) #correlation

Out[139...

	age	hypertension	heart_disease	bmi	HbA1c_level	bloo
age	1.000000	0.251171	0.233354	0.337396	0.101354	
hypertension	0.251171	1.000000	0.121262	0.147666	0.080939	
heart_disease	0.233354	0.121262	1.000000	0.061198	0.067589	
bmi	0.337396	0.147666	0.061198	1.000000	0.082997	
HbA1c_level	0.101354	0.080939	0.067589	0.082997	1.000000	
blood_glucose_level	0.110672	0.084429	0.070066	0.091261	0.166733	
diabetes	0.258008	0.197823	0.171727	0.214357	0.400660	

df.shape #shape of the dataframe

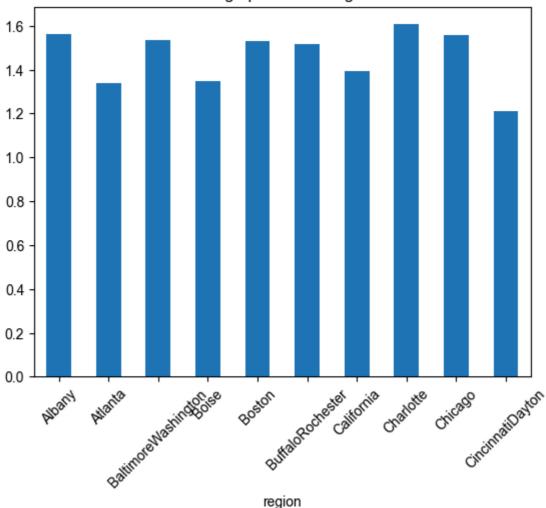
```
Out[140...
         (100000, 9)
          # Checking all Unique Elements
In [141...
          for column in df.columns: # itreating each column in df.columns
              unique_values = df[column].unique() #finding unique values of each column
              #printing unique values
              print('Column "{}" has unique values: {}'.format(column, unique_values))
         Column "gender" has unique values: ['Female' 'Male' 'Other']
         Column "age" has unique values: [80. 54.
                                                                       20.
                                                                           44.
                                                                                   79.
                                                     28.
                                                           36.
                   53.
                          78.
              32.
                                                                           50.
          67.
               15.
                     37.
                           40.
                                  5.
                                       69.
                                             72.
                                                    4.
                                                         30.
                                                               45.
                                                                     43.
          41.
                26.
                     34.
                           73.
                                 77.
                                       66.
                                             29.
                                                   60.
                                                         38.
                                                                3.
                                                                     57.
                                                                           74.
          19.
                                                   2.
               46.
                     21. 59.
                                 27.
                                       13.
                                             56.
                                                          7.
                                                               11.
                                                                           55.
                                                                      6.
           9.
               62. 47. 12.
                                 68.
                                       75.
                                             22.
                                                   58.
                                                         18.
                                                               24.
                                                                     17.
                                                                           25.
           0.08 33.
                     16.
                                             49.
                                                   39.
                                                         65.
                                                               14.
                                                                     70.
                                                                            0.56
                           61.
                                 31.
                                       8.
          48.
                     71. 0.88 64.
                                       63.
                                             52.
                                                    0.16 10.
                                                               35.
                                                                     23.
                                                                            0.64
               51.
           1.16 1.64 0.72 1.88 1.32 0.8 1.24 1. 1.8 0.48 1.56 1.08
           0.24 1.4 0.4 0.32 1.72 1.48]
         Column "hypertension" has unique values: [0 1]
         Column "heart_disease" has unique values: [1 0]
         Column "smoking_history" has unique values: ['never' 'No Info' 'current' 'former'
         'ever' 'not current']
         Column "bmi" has unique values: [25.19 27.32 23.45 ... 59.42 44.39 60.52]
         Column "HbA1c_level" has unique values: [6.6 5.7 5. 4.8 6.5 6.1 6. 5.8 3.5 6.2
         4. 4.5 9. 7. 8.8 8.2 7.5 6.8]
         Column "blood_glucose_level" has unique values: [140 80 158 155 85 200 145 100
         130 160 126 159 90 260 220 300 280 240]
         Column "diabetes" has unique values: [0 1]
In [142...
          df["smoking_history"].value_counts() #Value count of smoking _history parameter
Out[142...
          smoking_history
          No Info
                         35816
          never
                         35095
          former
                          9352
                          9286
          current
          not current
                          6447
          ever
                          4004
          Name: count, dtype: int64
          df["smoking_history"].value_counts()/len(df) #finding the percentage
In [143...
Out[143...
          smoking history
          No Info
                        0.35816
          never
                         0.35095
          former
                         0.09352
          current
                         0.09286
                         0.06447
          not current
          ever
                         0.04004
          Name: count, dtype: float64
          # Replaceing No Info columns with pd.NA
In [144...
          df['smoking_history'] = df['smoking_history'].replace('No Info', pd.NA)
          # Replace missing values with the mode it is string so we are using mode
          mode_value = df['smoking_history'].mode()[0]
```

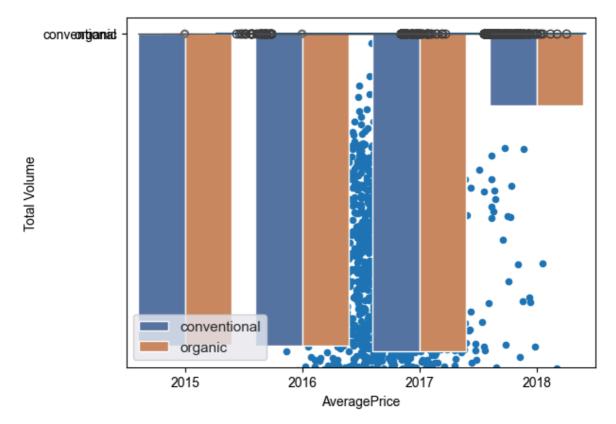
df['smoking_history'] = df['smoking_history'].fillna(mode_value) #filling no inf

```
# Printing the updated value counts
          print(df['smoking_history'].value_counts())
         smoking_history
         never
                         70911
         former
                          9352
         current
                          9286
         not current
                          6447
         ever
                          4004
         Name: count, dtype: int64
          df.info() #information of the dataframe
In [145...
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999
         Data columns (total 9 columns):
             Column
                                    Non-Null Count
                                                      Dtype
         --- -----
          0
                                    100000 non-null object
              gender
          1
              age
                                    100000 non-null float64
              hypertension
          2
                                   100000 non-null int64
                                    100000 non-null int64
              heart_disease
          3
          4
              smoking_history
                                    100000 non-null object
          5
                                    100000 non-null float64
              bmi
          6
              HbA1c_level
                                    100000 non-null float64
              blood_glucose_level 100000 non-null int64
          7
              diabetes
                                    100000 non-null int64
         dtypes: float64(3), int64(4), object(2)
         memory usage: 6.9+ MB
In [146...
          df.gender.value_counts() #Gender value_counts
Out[146...
           gender
           Female
                     58552
           Male
                     41430
           0ther
                        18
           Name: count, dtype: int64
          df.describe() #descripation
In [147...
Out[147...
                           age hypertension
                                               heart_disease
                                                                      bmi
                                                                             HbA1c_level bloo
           count 100000.000000
                                                            100000.000000
                                                                           100000.000000
                                100000.00000
                                              100000.000000
                      41.885856
                                      0.07485
                                                   0.039420
                                                                 27.320767
                                                                                5.527507
           mean
             std
                      22.516840
                                      0.26315
                                                   0.194593
                                                                  6.636783
                                                                                1.070672
            min
                       0.080000
                                      0.00000
                                                   0.000000
                                                                 10.010000
                                                                                3.500000
            25%
                      24.000000
                                      0.00000
                                                   0.000000
                                                                 23.630000
                                                                                4.800000
            50%
                      43.000000
                                      0.00000
                                                   0.000000
                                                                 27.320000
                                                                                5.800000
            75%
                      60.000000
                                      0.00000
                                                   0.000000
                                                                 29.580000
                                                                                6.200000
                      80.000000
                                      1.00000
                                                   1.000000
                                                                 95.690000
                                                                                9.000000
            max
```

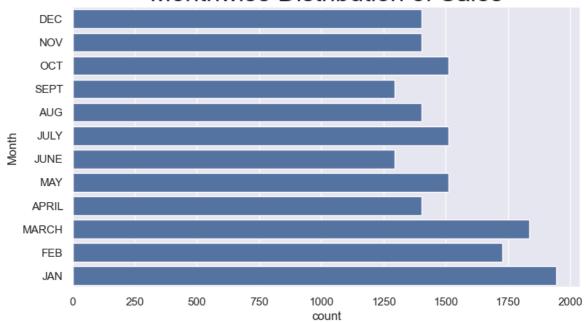
```
In [148...
          #removing , in bmi parameter
          df["bmi"] = [float(str(i).replace(",", "")) for i in df["bmi"]]
In [149...
          #ploting value_counts of diabetes in graphical representation
          df['diabetes'].value_counts().plot(kind='barh')
          #XLabel name
          plt.xlabel('count')
          #ylabel name
          plt.ylabel('diabetes')
          #title of the plot
          plt.title('count of diabetes and Non diabetes')
          #invert ylabes to no diabetes on top
          plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
          #printing the plot
          plt.show()
```

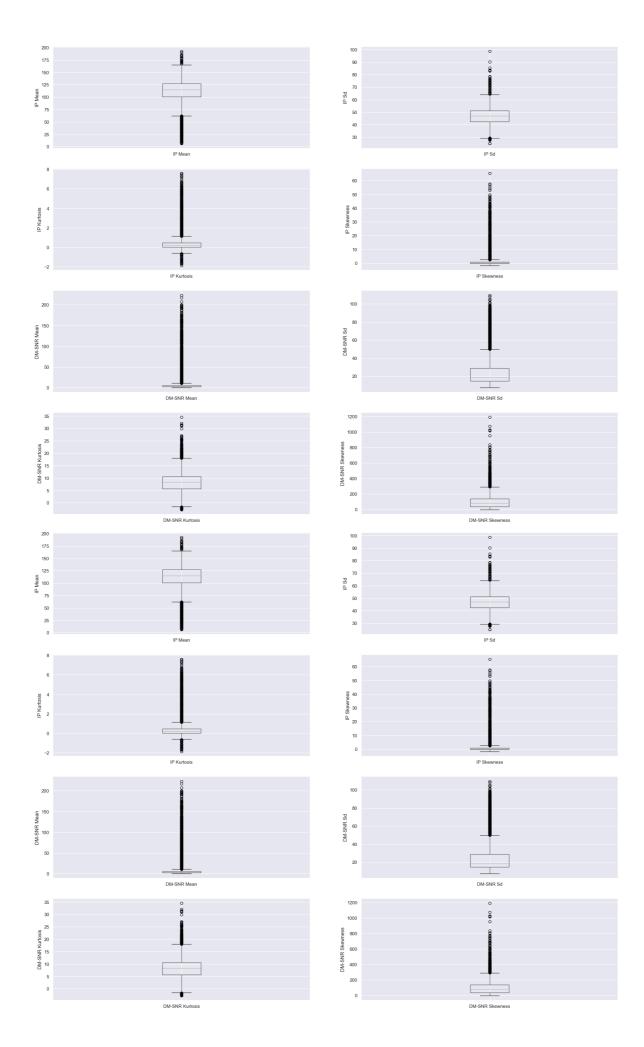
Average price in 10 regions

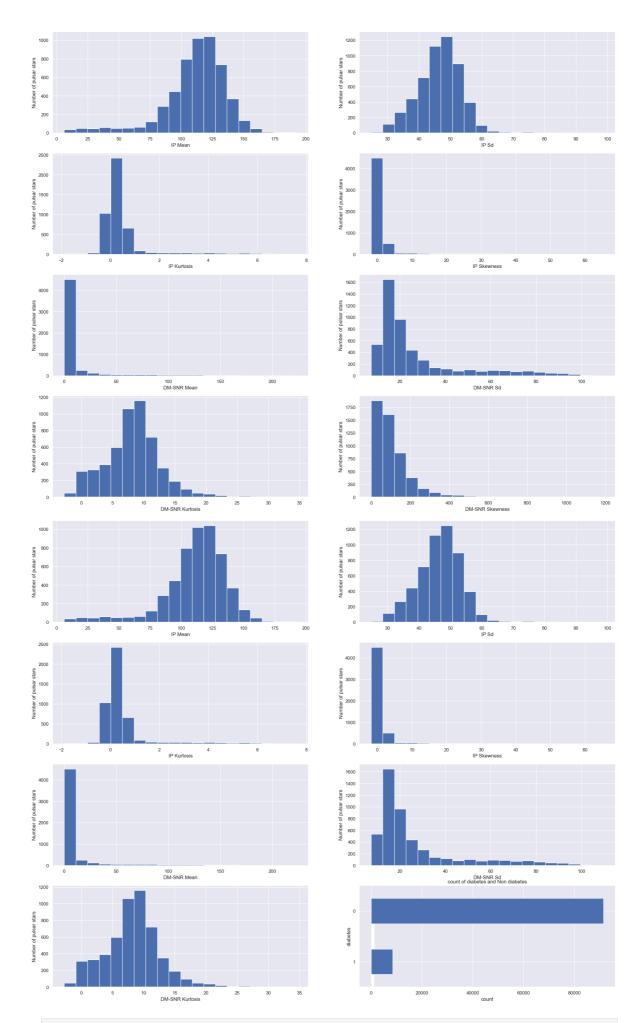




Monthwise Distribution of Sales





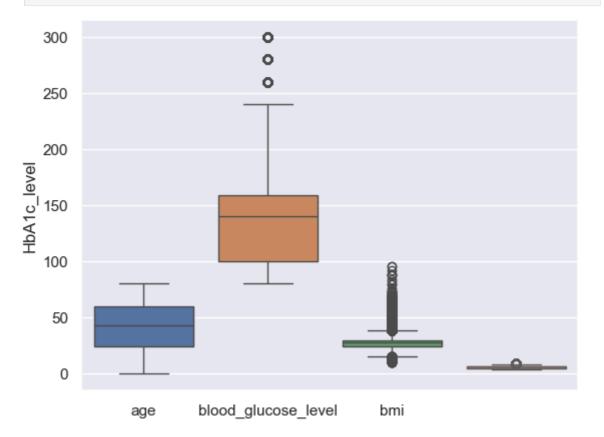


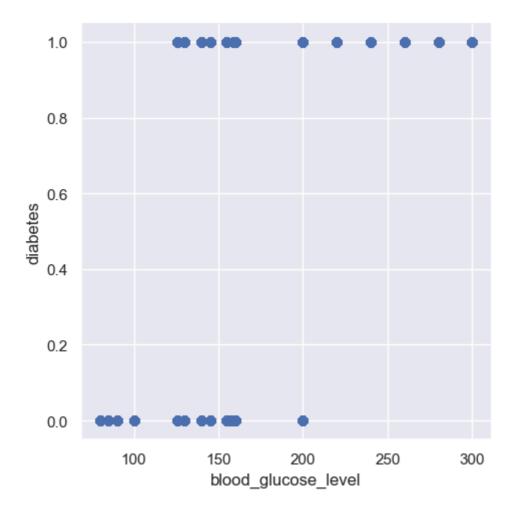
df['diabetes'].value_counts()/len(df) #percentage of 1--diabetes and 2--no diabe

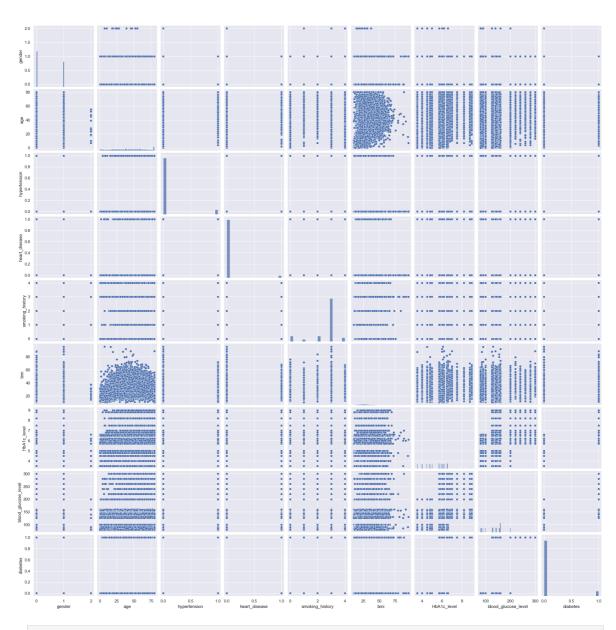
```
0.915
               0.085
          Name: count, dtype: float64
In [151...
         df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999
         Data columns (total 9 columns):
          #
             Column
                                   Non-Null Count
                                                    Dtype
         ---
             -----
                                   -----
          0
              gender
                                   100000 non-null object
                                   100000 non-null float64
          1
              age
          2
             hypertension
                                   100000 non-null int64
             heart_disease
                                   100000 non-null int64
                                   100000 non-null object
             smoking_history
          4
          5
                                   100000 non-null float64
              HbA1c_level
                                   100000 non-null float64
              blood_glucose_level 100000 non-null int64
          7
                                   100000 non-null int64
              diabetes
         dtypes: float64(3), int64(4), object(2)
         memory usage: 6.9+ MB
          le=LabelEncoder() #activating label encoder function
In [152...
          le
Out[152...
              LabelEncoder
          LabelEncoder()
In [153...
          Label_encod_columns=['gender','smoking_history'] #selecting columns to apply La
          df[Label encod columns]=df[Label encod columns].apply(le.fit transform) #applyin
In [154...
         df.head(3) # printing top 3 columns to confirm to check labelencoder
Out[154...
                     age hypertension heart_disease smoking_history
                                                                      bmi HbA1c_level bloc
             gender
                  0.08
                                                  1
          0
                                     0
                                                                     25.19
                                                                                   6.6
          1
                  0 54.0
                                     0
                                                  0
                                                                                   6.6
                                                                  3 27.32
          2
                     28.0
                                     0
                                                  0
                                                                  3 27.32
                                                                                   5.7
                  1
In [155...
          sns.boxplot(data=df[['age','blood_glucose_level','bmi']]) #checking outliers usi
Out[155...
         <Axes: >
In [156...
         sns.boxplot(data=df['HbA1c_level']) #checking outlayers using boxplot
Out[156... <Axes: ylabel='HbA1c level'>
In [157...
          sns.lmplot(data=df, x='blood_glucose_level', y='diabetes', fit_reg=False)#implot
```

Out[150...

diabetes







In [159...

df.corr()

Out[159...

	gender	age	hypertension	heart_disease	smoking_history
gender	1.000000	-0.030656	0.014203	0.077696	-0.044081
age	-0.030656	1.000000	0.251171	0.233354	-0.098969
hypertension	0.014203	0.251171	1.000000	0.121262	-0.048631
heart_disease	0.077696	0.233354	0.121262	1.000000	-0.048253
smoking_history	-0.044081	-0.098969	-0.048631	-0.048253	1.000000
bmi	-0.022994	0.337396	0.147666	0.061198	-0.087735
HbA1c_level	0.019957	0.101354	0.080939	0.067589	-0.017534
blood_glucose_level	0.017199	0.110672	0.084429	0.070066	-0.022985
diabetes	0.037411	0.258008	0.197823	0.171727	-0.049841
4					

```
df.corr()['diabetes'].sort_values(ascending=False).plot(kind='bar')
Out[160...
         <Axes: >
In [161...
         df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 100000 entries, 0 to 99999
        Data columns (total 9 columns):
         # Column
                                  Non-Null Count
                                                  Dtype
         --- -----
                                  -----
         0 gender
                                  100000 non-null int32
         1
                                 100000 non-null float64
             age
         2 hypertension 100000 non-null int64
         3 heart_disease
                                100000 non-null int64
                                100000 non-null int32
         4 smoking_history
         5
                                 100000 non-null float64
         6 HbA1c_level
                                 100000 non-null float64
             blood_glucose_level 100000 non-null int64
         7
                                  100000 non-null int64
         8
             diabetes
         dtypes: float64(3), int32(2), int64(4)
         memory usage: 6.1 MB
         #selecting X variables
In [162...
          X = df.loc[:, 'age':'heart_disease'].join(df.loc[:, 'bmi':'blood_glucose_level']
          Χ
Out[162...
                 age hypertension heart_disease bmi HbA1c_level blood_glucose_level
              0.08
                                0
                                             1 25.19
                                                              6.6
                                                                                140
              1 54.0
                                0
                                             0 27.32
                                                              6.6
                                                                                 80
              2 28.0
                                0
                                             0 27.32
                                                              5.7
                                                                                158
              3 36.0
                                                                                155
                                0
                                             0 23.45
                                                              5.0
                                1
                                                                                155
              4 76.0
                                             1 20.14
                                                              4.8
                                0
          99995 80.0
                                             0 27.32
                                                              6.2
                                                                                 90
          99996
                  2.0
                                0
                                             0 17.37
                                                              6.5
                                                                                100
          99997 66.0
                                0
                                             0 27.83
                                                              5.7
                                                                                155
          99998 24.0
                                0
                                             0 35.42
                                                              4.0
                                                                                100
          99999 57.0
                                0
                                             0 22.43
                                                              6.6
                                                                                 90
         100000 rows × 6 columns
In [163...
         y=df.loc[:,'diabetes'] #y variable
          y #printing y variable
```

#printing graphical representations of

```
Out[163...
                    0
           1
                    0
           2
                    0
           3
                    0
           4
                    0
           99995
                    0
           99996
                    0
           99997
                    0
           99998
                    0
                    0
           99999
           Name: diabetes, Length: 100000, dtype: int64
          # Data Patision
In [164...
          # spliting trining and testing data in 70 30 rating testing size is 0.3 random_s
          X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)
In [165...
          X_train.head() #printing X_train data
Out[165...
                  age hypertension heart_disease bmi HbA1c_level blood_glucose_level
           10382
                   2.0
                                  0
                                                0 16.45
                                                                  6.2
                                                                                     159
           73171 55.0
                                                0 24.59
                                                                  6.0
                                                                                     130
           30938 24.0
                                  0
                                                0 21.77
                                                                  4.5
                                                                                     130
           99310 30.0
                                                0 27.32
                                                                  6.2
                                                                                     159
           58959 13.0
                                  0
                                                0 18.37
                                                                  6.5
                                                                                     130
In [166...
          print('Shape of Train data')
          print(X_train.shape)
          print(y_train.shape)
          print('Shape of Testing data')
          print(X_test.shape)
          print(y_test.shape)
         Shape of Train data
         (80000, 6)
         (80000,)
         Shape of Testing data
         (20000, 6)
         (20000,)
          ss=StandardScaler() #activating StandardScaler()
In [167...
          SS
```

```
Out[167...
               StandardScaler •
          StandardScaler()
          X_train_scaled=ss.fit_transform(X_train) #scaling X_train data
In [168...
In [169...
          if len(X_test.shape) == 1: #if x is 1d array
              X_test = X_test.values.reshape(-1, 1) #converting to 2d array
          X test scaled = ss.fit transform(X test) #scaling X test data
In [170...
          model_lr=LogisticRegression() #activating Logistic Regression
In [171...
          model_lr.fit(X_train_scaled,y_train) #training logistic regression model
Out[171...
               LogisticRegression 🔍 🕒
          LogisticRegression()
In [172...
          y_pred=model_lr.predict(X_test_scaled) #predecting y_test data
          y_pred[:10]
          array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
Out[172...
In [173...
          y_test[:10] # actual y_test data
Out[173...
           3582
                    0
           60498
                    0
           53227
                    0
           21333
                    0
           3885
                    0
           51521
                    0
           84261
                    0
           10685
                    1
           59948
                    0
           41032
           Name: diabetes, dtype: int64
In [174...
          accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test) #accuracy_score
Out[174...
          0.95975
          print(classification_report(y_pred,y_test)) #classifiaction_report
In [175...
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                        support
                                       0.97
                    0
                            0.99
                                                 0.98
                                                          18736
                    1
                            0.63
                                       0.86
                                                 0.73
                                                          1264
                                                 0.96
                                                          20000
             accuracy
            macro avg
                            0.81
                                       0.91
                                                 0.85
                                                          20000
         weighted avg
                            0.97
                                       0.96
                                                 0.96
                                                          20000
```

confusion_matrix(y_pred,y_test) #confusion_matrix

In [176...

```
Out[176... array([[18114, 622],
                   [ 183, 1081]], dtype=int64)
          y_train.value_counts() #data is highly imblancing
In [177...
Out[177... diabetes
                73203
                 6797
           Name: count, dtype: int64
In [178...
          value_counts=y_train.value_counts()
           plt.figure(figsize=(16, 8))
           plt.pie(value_counts, labels=value_counts.index, autopct='%1.2f%', startangle=1
           plt.title('Distribution of y_train')
           plt.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
           plt.show()
         0.8
         0.6
         0.4
         0.2
         0.0
                                                     bmi
                                               Distribution of y_train
                                            8.50%
                                                         91.50%
```

Collecting imbalanced-learn

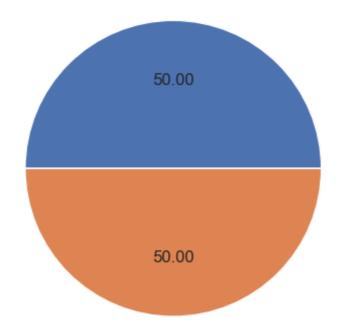
Downloading imbalanced_learn-0.12.4-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (8.3 kB) Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17.3 in c:\users\roy62\anaconda3\envs\ten sorflow_env\lib\site-packages (from imbalanced-learn) (1.26.4) Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.5.0 in c:\users\roy62\anaconda3\envs\tens orflow_env\lib\site-packages (from imbalanced-learn) (1.13.1) Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=1.0.2 in c:\users\roy62\anaconda3\en vs\tensorflow_env\lib\site-packages (from imbalanced-learn) (1.4.2) Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.1.1 in c:\users\roy62\anaconda3\envs\ten sorflow_env\lib\site-packages (from imbalanced-learn) (1.4.2) Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in c:\users\roy62\anaconda3\e nvs\tensorflow_env\lib\site-packages (from imbalanced-learn) (3.5.0) Downloading imbalanced_learn-0.12.4-py3-none-any.whl (258 kB) Installing collected packages: imbalanced-learn

Successfully installed imbalanced-learn-0.12.4

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

```
In [183...
          from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE # using smote function to balance our s
          smote=SMOTE()
          X_{ovs,y_{ovs}=smote.fit_{resample}(X,y)} #passing X and y variables to it to balance
          fig, oversp = plt.subplots()
          oversp.pie( y_ovs.value_counts(), autopct='%.2f')
          oversp.set_title("Over-sampling")
          plt.show()
```

Over-sampling



In [184...

Dividing our resampling data into 70 30 ratio

Xr_train,Xr_test,yr_train,yr_test=train_test_split(X_ovs,y_ovs,train_size=0.7,ra

```
In [185...
          print('train data shape')
          print(Xr_train.shape)
          print(yr_train.shape)
          print('test data shape')
          print(Xr_test.shape)
          print(yr_test.shape)
         train data shape
         (128099, 6)
         (128099,)
         test data shape
         (54901, 6)
         (54901,)
In [186...
          print('y_train and y_test value_count')
          print(yr_train.value_counts())
          print(yr_test.value_counts())
         y_train and y_test value_count
         diabetes
              64131
              63968
         Name: count, dtype: int64
         diabetes
              27532
         1
              27369
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [187...
          ss=StandardScaler()
          SS
Out[187...
              StandardScaler
          StandardScaler()
In [188...
          data=Xr_train,Xr_test
          xr_train_sc=ss.fit_transform(Xr_train) # scaling our resampling data xr train
          Xr test sc=ss.fit transform(Xr test) # scaling our resamplig xr test data
          Xr_train_scaled = pd.DataFrame(xr_train_sc) #Xr_train_scaled converting into the
In [189...
          print(Xr_train_scaled.shape)
          Xr train scaled.head()
          print(yr_train.shape)
         (128099, 6)
         (128099,)
          Xr_test_scaled=pd.DataFrame(Xr_test_sc) #Xr_test converting into the dataframe
In [190...
```

```
print(Xr_test_scaled.shape)
          Xr_test_scaled.head()
         (54901, 6)
Out[190...
                               1
                                         2
                                                   3
                     0
                                                             4
                                                                       5
           0 -0.161816 -0.295537 -0.204122 -1.111607
                                                       0.430123 -0.651970
           1 -1.091752 -0.295537 -0.204122 -0.405887
                                                       0.371568 -0.055297
           2 -1.463726 -0.295537 -0.204122 -0.289692
                                                      0.371568 -1.459234
           3 -0.766274 3.383668 -0.204122
                                             0.283177
                                                       0.371568 -1.371488
           4 -1.370732 -0.295537 -0.204122 -0.289692 -2.155952 -1.108250
In [191...
          model_lk=LogisticRegression()
          model_lk.fit(Xr_train_scaled,yr_train) #trining the model
Out[191...
               LogisticRegression •
          LogisticRegression()
In [192...
          y_pred_lr=model_lk.predict(Xr_test_scaled) #predecting yr_test data
          y_pred_lr[:10]
Out[192...
          array([0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
In [193...
          yr_test[:10]
Out[193...
           180328
                     1
           573
                     0
           13494
                     0
           93981
                     0
           75389
                     0
           180973
                     1
           71021
                     0
           19293
                     0
           16393
                     0
           121419
                     1
           Name: diabetes, dtype: int64
In [194...
          #classification_report for predict value and orginal value
          print(classification_report(y_pred_lr,yr_test))
                        precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                        support
                    0
                             0.88
                                       0.88
                                                 0.88
                                                          27326
                    1
                             0.88
                                       0.88
                                                 0.88
                                                          27575
                                                 0.88
                                                          54901
             accuracy
                             0.88
                                       0.88
                                                 0.88
                                                          54901
            macro avg
```

weighted avg

0.88

0.88

0.88

54901

```
In Γ195...
          #confusion matrix for predict value and orginal value
          confusion_matrix(y_pred_lr,yr_test)
Out[195... array([[24146, 3180],
                  [ 3223, 24352]], dtype=int64)
In [196...
          # Decision Tree Classifier
          # activating DecisionTree Classifier
          model_dtc=DecisionTreeClassifier()
          # passing xr_train_scaled, yr_train to trining the model
          model_dtc.fit(Xr_train_scaled,yr_train)
          model dtc
Out[196...
              DecisionTreeClassifier
          DecisionTreeClassifier()
          y_pred_dtc=model_dtc.predict(Xr_test_scaled) # predicting yr_test data
In [197...
In [198...
         # classification report for decisionTreeclassifier
          print(classification_report(y_pred_dtc,yr_test))
                       precision recall f1-score
                                                      support
                                      1.00
                                                0.76
                    0
                            0.62
                                                         16903
                    1
                            1.00
                                      0.72
                                                         37998
                                                0.84
             accuracy
                                                0.81
                                                         54901
            macro avg
                           0.81
                                      0.86
                                                0.80
                                                         54901
         weighted avg
                            0.88
                                      0.81
                                                0.82
                                                         54901
In [199...
          confusion_matrix(y_pred_dtc,yr_test)
Out[199... array([[16856,
                            47],
                 [10513, 27485]], dtype=int64)
In [200...
          # RandomForestClassifier()
          model_rfc=RandomForestClassifier() #activating the fuction
          model_rfc.fit(Xr_train_scaled,yr_train)
Out[200...
              RandomForestClassifier •
          RandomForestClassifier()
          y_pred_rfc=model_rfc.predict(Xr_test_scaled)
In [201...
          print(classification_report(y_pred_rfc,yr_test))
In [202...
```

```
0
                           0.76
                                     0.99
                                               0.86
                                                        21123
                    1
                            0.99
                                     0.81
                                                0.89
                                                        33778
                                                0.88
                                                        54901
            accuracy
                                     0.90
            macro avg
                           0.88
                                               0.88
                                                        54901
         weighted avg
                           0.91
                                     0.88
                                               0.88
                                                        54901
In [203...
          confusion_matrix(y_pred_rfc,yr_test)
Out[203...
          array([[20931, 192],
                 [ 6438, 27340]], dtype=int64)
In [204...
          #XGboost
          model_xgb=XGBClassifier()
          model_xgb.fit(Xr_train_scaled,yr_train)
Out[204...
                                         XGBClassifier
          XGBClassifier(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
                         colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None,
                         colsample_bytree=None, device=None, early_stopping_rou
          nds=None,
                         enable_categorical=False, eval_metric=None, feature_ty
          pes=None,
                         gamma=None, grow_policy=None, importance_type=None,
                         interaction_constraints=None, learning_rate=None, max_
          bin=None,
In [205...
         y_pred_xgb=model_xgb.predict(Xr_test_scaled)
          print(classification_report(y_pred_xgb,yr_test))
In [206...
                       precision
                                   recall f1-score
                                                      support
                    0
                            0.96
                                     0.96
                                                0.96
                                                        27504
                    1
                            0.96
                                     0.96
                                                0.96
                                                        27397
                                               0.96
                                                        54901
            accuracy
                           0.96
                                     0.96
                                                0.96
                                                        54901
            macro avg
         weighted avg
                            0.96
                                     0.96
                                                0.96
                                                        54901
In [207...
          confusion_matrix(y_pred_xgb,yr_test)
Out[207...
         array([[26301, 1203],
                 [ 1068, 26329]], dtype=int64)
In [208...
          # finding the hyperparameter tuning and best param grid
          from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV, cross_val_score
          from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
```

precision recall f1-score

support

```
param_grid = {
                              'C': [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100], # Regularization parameter
                               'penalty': ['11', '12']
                                                                                                               # Penalty type
                      }
                      # Create a Logistic Regression model
                      logistic = LogisticRegression()
                      # Create a GridSearchCV object
                      grid_search = GridSearchCV(estimator=logistic, param_grid=param_grid, cv=10)
                      # Initialize an empty list to store the accuracy scores
                      accuracy_scores = []
                      # Perform cross-validation 10 times
                      for _ in range(10):
                             # Fit the GridSearchCV object to the training data
                              grid_search.fit(Xr_train_scaled, yr_train)
                              # Get the best parameters
                              best_params = grid_search.best_params_
                              # Perform cross-validation with the best model
                              cv_scores = cross_val_score(grid_search.best_estimator_, Xr_train_scaled, yr
                              # Store the mean accuracy score
                              accuracy_scores.append(cv_scores.mean())
                      # Print the accuracy scores obtained over 10 iterations
                      #print("Accuracy scores over 10 iterations:", accuracy_scores)
                      print("Accuracy scores over 10 iterations:", ["{:.2f}".format(score) for score i
                      # Get the best parameters and best score
                      best_params = grid_search.best_params_
                      best_score = grid_search.best_score_
                      print("Best parameters found:", best_params)
                      print("Best cross-validation score:", best_score)
                   Accuracy scores over 10 iterations: ['0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '
                   9', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89', '0.89']
                   Best parameters found: {'C': 0.001, 'penalty': '12'}
                   Best cross-validation score: 0.8862988766254016
In [209...
                    # Final model
                      from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
                      # Create a Logistic Regression model with the best parameters
                      final_model = LogisticRegression(C=0.001, penalty='12')
                      # Fit the final model to the entire training dataset
                      final_model.fit(Xr_train_scaled, yr_train)
Out[209...
                               LogisticRegression
                      LogisticRegression(C=0.001)
```

Define the parameter grid to search over

```
In [210...
          import pickle
          # Save the final model to a pickle file
          with open('final_model.pkl', 'wb') as file:
              pickle.dump(final_model, file)
In [211...
          import pickle
          import numpy as np
          # Load the model from the pickle file
          with open('final_model.pkl', 'rb') as file:
              loaded_model = pickle.load(file)
          # Define the mean and standard deviation of the training data
          mean_values = [41.885856, 0.07485, 0.03942, 27.320767, 5.527507, 138.058060]
          std_values = [22.516840, 0.26315, 0.194593, 6.636783, 1.070672, 40.708136]
          # Define the input features for prediction
          age = 30
          hypertension = 0
          heart_disease = 0
          bmi = 100.0
          HbA1c_level = 5.0
          blood_glucose_level = 90
          # Scale the input features manually
          scaled_features = [(x - mean) / std for x, mean, std in zip(
              [age, hypertension, heart_disease, bmi, HbA1c_level, blood_glucose_level],
              mean_values, std_values
          )]
          # Make predictions on the scaled data
          prediction = loaded_model.predict([scaled_features])
          # Print the prediction
          if prediction[0] == 1:
              print("Diabetic")
          else:
              print("Not Diabetic")
         Diabetic
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
```