

SEABORN--FIFA Data Analysis Visualization

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```
In [1]: #Import Libraries
import numpy as np # Linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)
import seaborn as sns
sns.set(style="whitegrid")
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from collections import Counter
%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [11]: import os
for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('E:\Data Science & AI\Dataset files\FIFA.csv'):
    for filename in filenames:
        print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))
```

```
In [5]: # ignore warnings
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [13]: #Read Dataset
fifa = pd.read_csv('E:\Data Science & AI\Dataset files\FIFA.csv', index_col=0)
```

```
In [15]: #Preview Dataset
fifa.head()
```

```
Out[15]:
```

	ID	Name	Age	Photo	Nationality	
0	158023	L. Messi	31	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/158023.png	Argentina	https
1	20801	Cristiano Ronaldo	33	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/20801.png	Portugal	https
2	190871	Neymar Jr	26	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/190871.png	Brazil	https
3	193080	De Gea	27	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/193080.png	Spain	https
4	192985	K. De Bruyne	27	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/192985.png	Belgium	http

5 rows × 88 columns

```
In [19]: fifa
```

Out[19]:

	ID	Name	Age	Photo	Nationality
0	158023	L. Messi	31	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/158023.png	Argentina
1	20801	Cristiano Ronaldo	33	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/20801.png	Portugal
2	190871	Neymar Jr	26	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/190871.png	Brazil
3	193080	De Gea	27	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/193080.png	Spain
4	192985	K. De Bruyne	27	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/192985.png	Belgium
...
18202	238813	J. Lundstram	19	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/238813.png	England
18203	243165	N. Christoffersson	19	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/243165.png	Sweden
18204	241638	B. Worman	16	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/241638.png	England
18205	246268	D. Walker-Rice	17	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/246268.png	England
18206	246269	G. Nugent	16	https://cdn.sofifa.org/players/4/19/246269.png	England

18207 rows × 88 columns



In [21]:

```
# View summary of dataset
fifa.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

Index: 18207 entries, 0 to 18206

Data columns (total 88 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null	Count	Dtype
0	ID	18207	non-null	int64
1	Name	18207	non-null	object
2	Age	18207	non-null	int64
3	Photo	18207	non-null	object
4	Nationality	18207	non-null	object
5	Flag	18207	non-null	object
6	Overall	18207	non-null	int64
7	Potential	18207	non-null	int64
8	Club	17966	non-null	object
9	Club Logo	18207	non-null	object
10	Value	18207	non-null	object
11	Wage	18207	non-null	object
12	Special	18207	non-null	int64
13	Preferred Foot	18159	non-null	object
14	International Reputation	18159	non-null	float64
15	Weak Foot	18159	non-null	float64
16	Skill Moves	18159	non-null	float64
17	Work Rate	18159	non-null	object
18	Body Type	18159	non-null	object
19	Real Face	18159	non-null	object
20	Position	18147	non-null	object
21	Jersey Number	18147	non-null	float64
22	Joined	16654	non-null	object
23	Loaned From	1264	non-null	object
24	Contract Valid Until	17918	non-null	object
25	Height	18159	non-null	object
26	Weight	18159	non-null	object
27	LS	16122	non-null	object
28	ST	16122	non-null	object
29	RS	16122	non-null	object
30	LW	16122	non-null	object
31	LF	16122	non-null	object
32	CF	16122	non-null	object
33	RF	16122	non-null	object
34	RW	16122	non-null	object
35	LAM	16122	non-null	object
36	CAM	16122	non-null	object
37	RAM	16122	non-null	object
38	LM	16122	non-null	object
39	LCM	16122	non-null	object
40	CM	16122	non-null	object
41	RCM	16122	non-null	object
42	RM	16122	non-null	object
43	LWB	16122	non-null	object
44	LDM	16122	non-null	object
45	CDM	16122	non-null	object
46	RDM	16122	non-null	object
47	RWB	16122	non-null	object
48	LB	16122	non-null	object
49	LCB	16122	non-null	object
50	CB	16122	non-null	object
51	RCB	16122	non-null	object
52	RB	16122	non-null	object
53	Crossing	18159	non-null	float64
54	Finishing	18159	non-null	float64

```

55 HeadingAccuracy      18159 non-null float64
56 ShortPassing         18159 non-null float64
57 Volleys              18159 non-null float64
58 Dribbling            18159 non-null float64
59 Curve                18159 non-null float64
60 FkAccuracy           18159 non-null float64
61 LongPassing          18159 non-null float64
62 BallControl          18159 non-null float64
63 Acceleration         18159 non-null float64
64 SprintSpeed          18159 non-null float64
65 Agility              18159 non-null float64
66 Reactions            18159 non-null float64
67 Balance              18159 non-null float64
68 ShotPower            18159 non-null float64
69 Jumping              18159 non-null float64
70 Stamina              18159 non-null float64
71 Strength             18159 non-null float64
72 LongShots            18159 non-null float64
73 Aggression           18159 non-null float64
74 Interceptions        18159 non-null float64
75 Positioning          18159 non-null float64
76 Vision               18159 non-null float64
77 Penalties            18159 non-null float64
78 Composure            18159 non-null float64
79 Marking              18159 non-null float64
80 StandingTackle       18159 non-null float64
81 SlidingTackle        18159 non-null float64
82 GKDividing           18159 non-null float64
83 GKHandling           18159 non-null float64
84 GKKicking            18159 non-null float64
85 GKPositioning        18159 non-null float64
86 GKReflexes           18159 non-null float64
87 Release Clause       16643 non-null object
dtypes: float64(38), int64(5), object(45)
memory usage: 12.4+ MB

```

```
In [23]: fifa['Body Type'].value_counts()
```

```

Out[23]: Body Type
Normal      10595
Lean        6417
Stocky      1140
Messi        1
C. Ronaldo  1
Neymar       1
Courtois     1
PLAYER_BODY_TYPE_25  1
Shaqiri      1
Akinfenwa    1
Name: count, dtype: int64

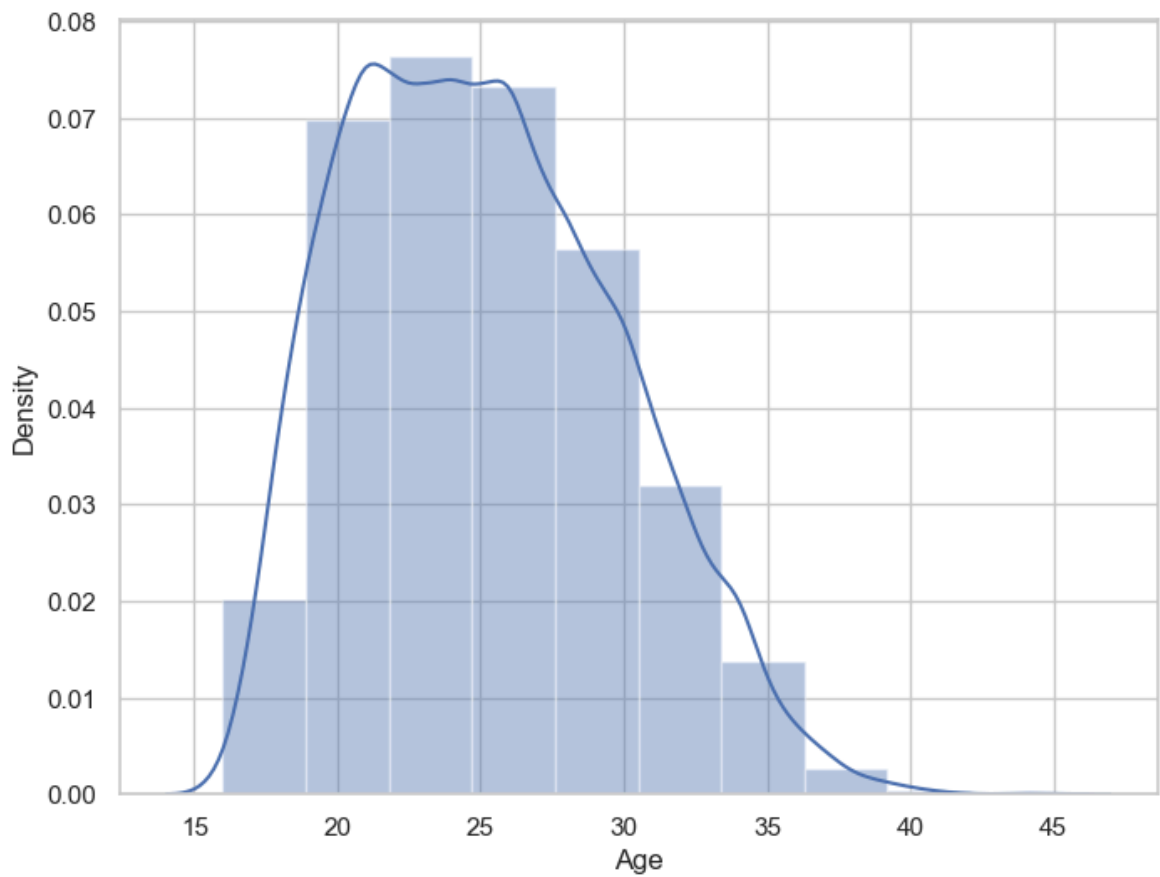
```

```

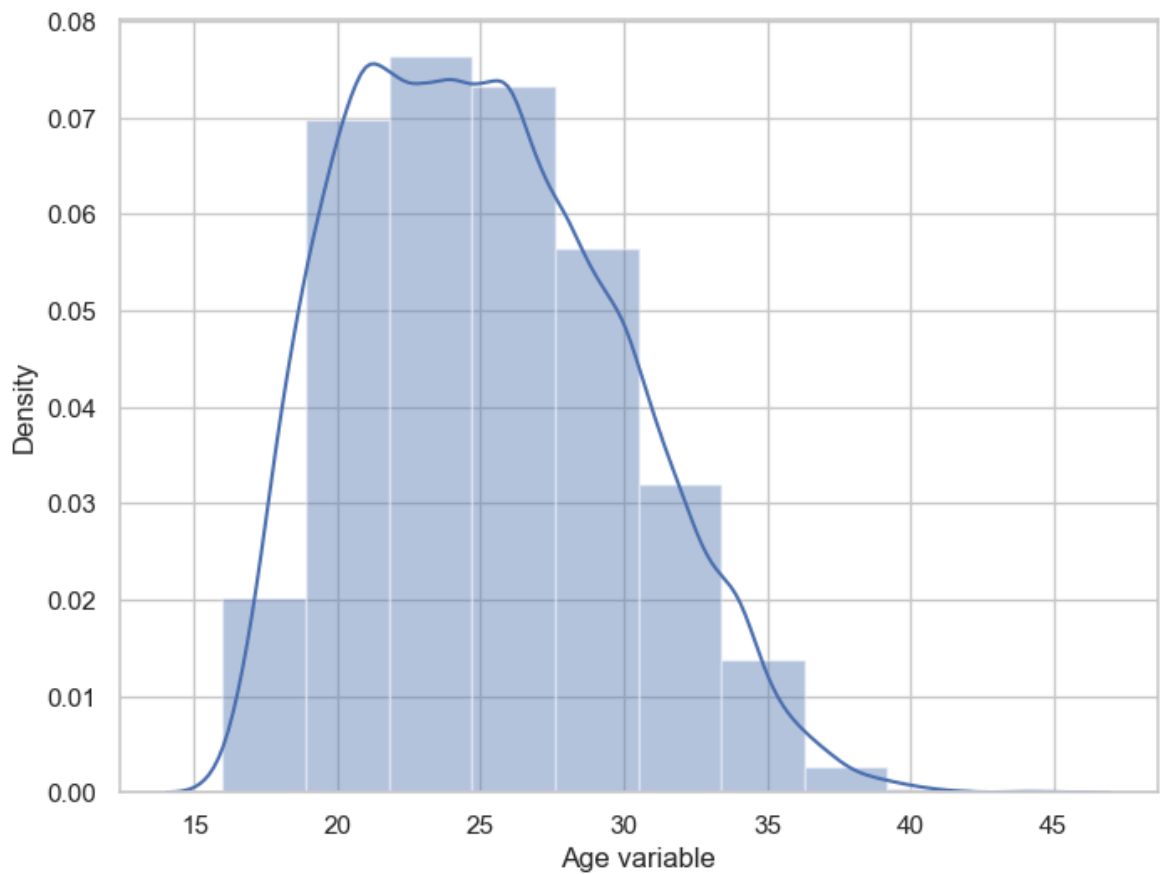
In [27]: # Visualize distribution of `Age` variable with Seaborn `distplot()` function

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
x = fifa['Age']
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10)
plt.show()

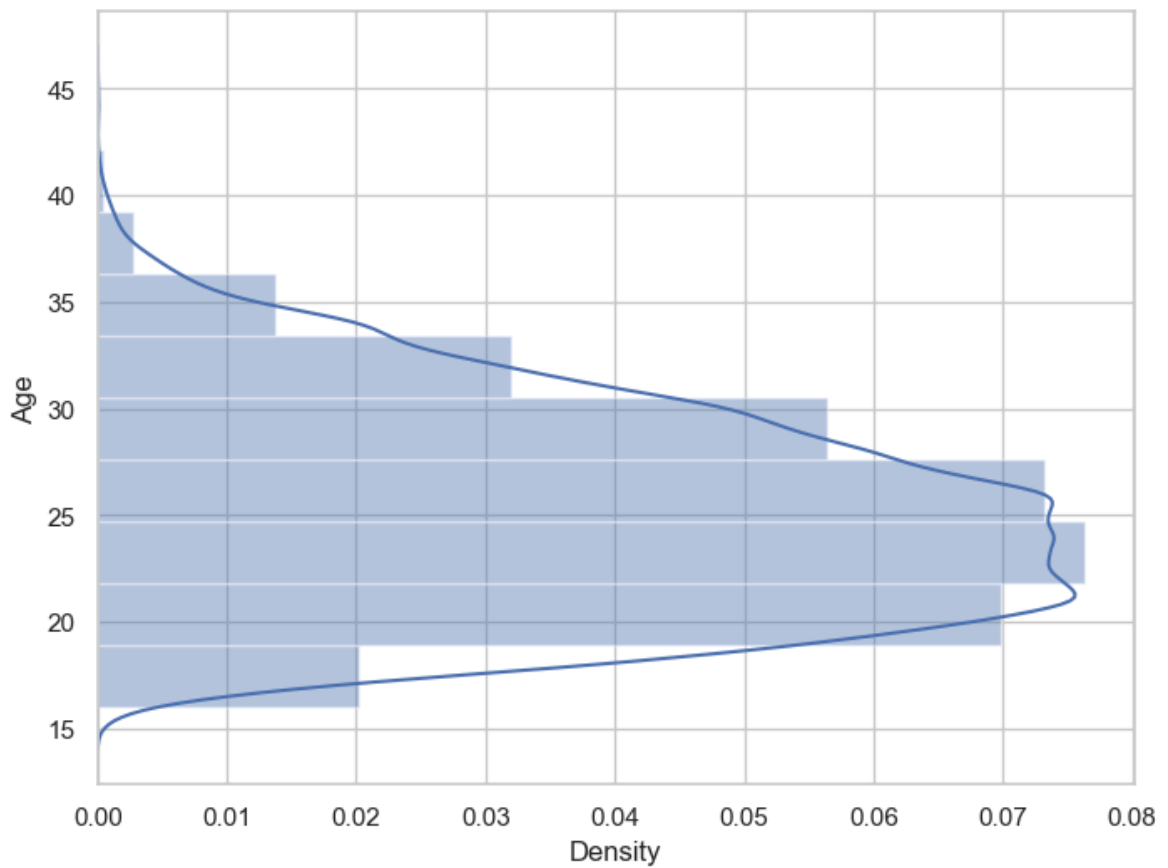
```



```
In [29]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
x = fifa['Age']
x = pd.Series(x, name="Age variable")
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10)
plt.show()
```

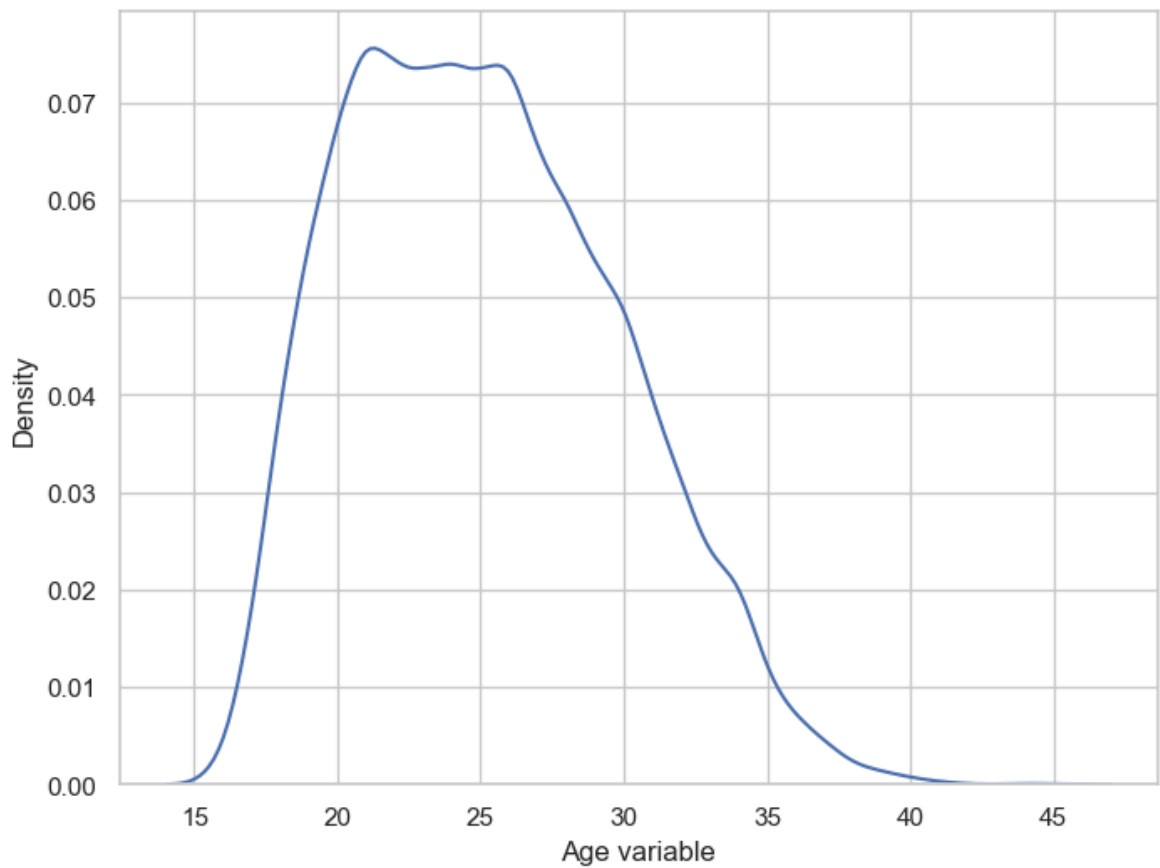


```
In [35]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
x = fifa['Age']
ax = sns.distplot(x, bins=10, vertical = True) #Vertical graph
plt.show()
```

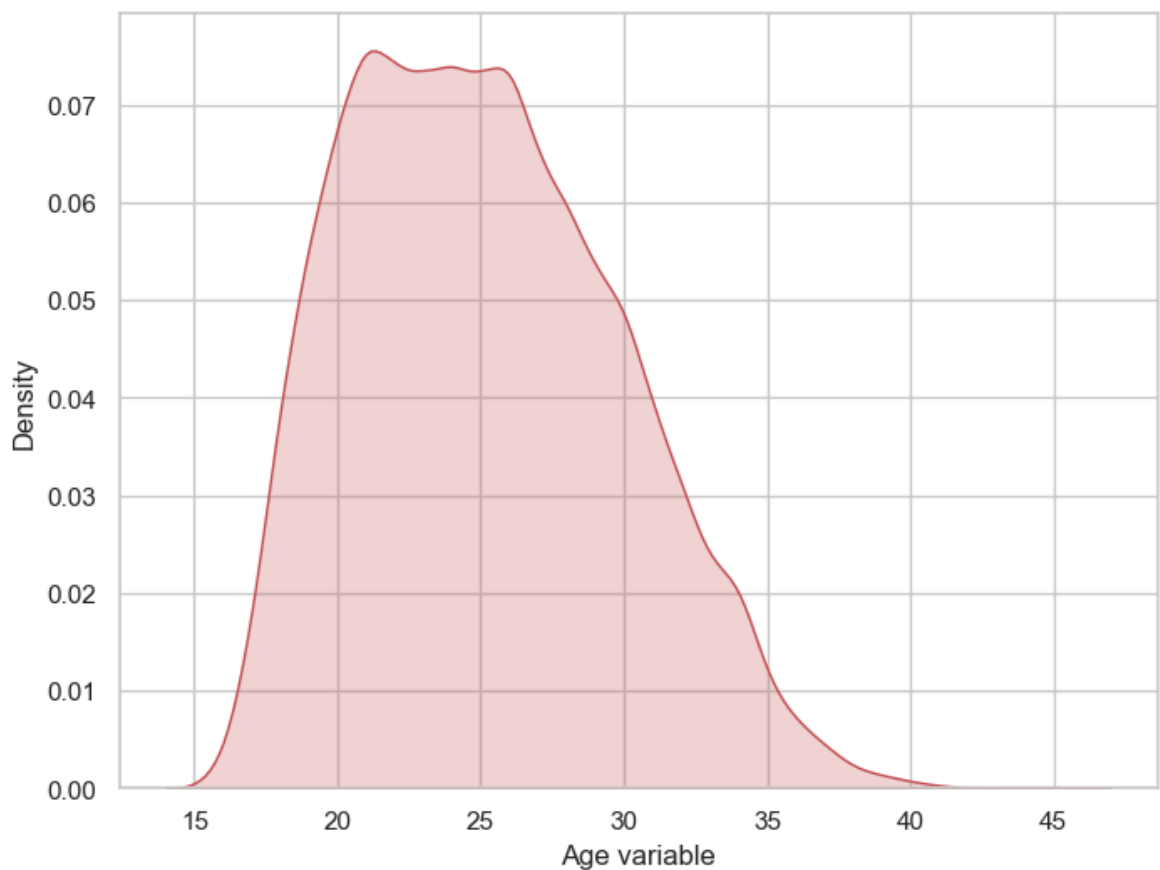


```
In [37]: # Seaborn Kernel Density Estimation (KDE) Plot

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))
x = fifa['Age']
x = pd.Series(x, name="Age variable")
ax = sns.kdeplot(x)
plt.show()
```

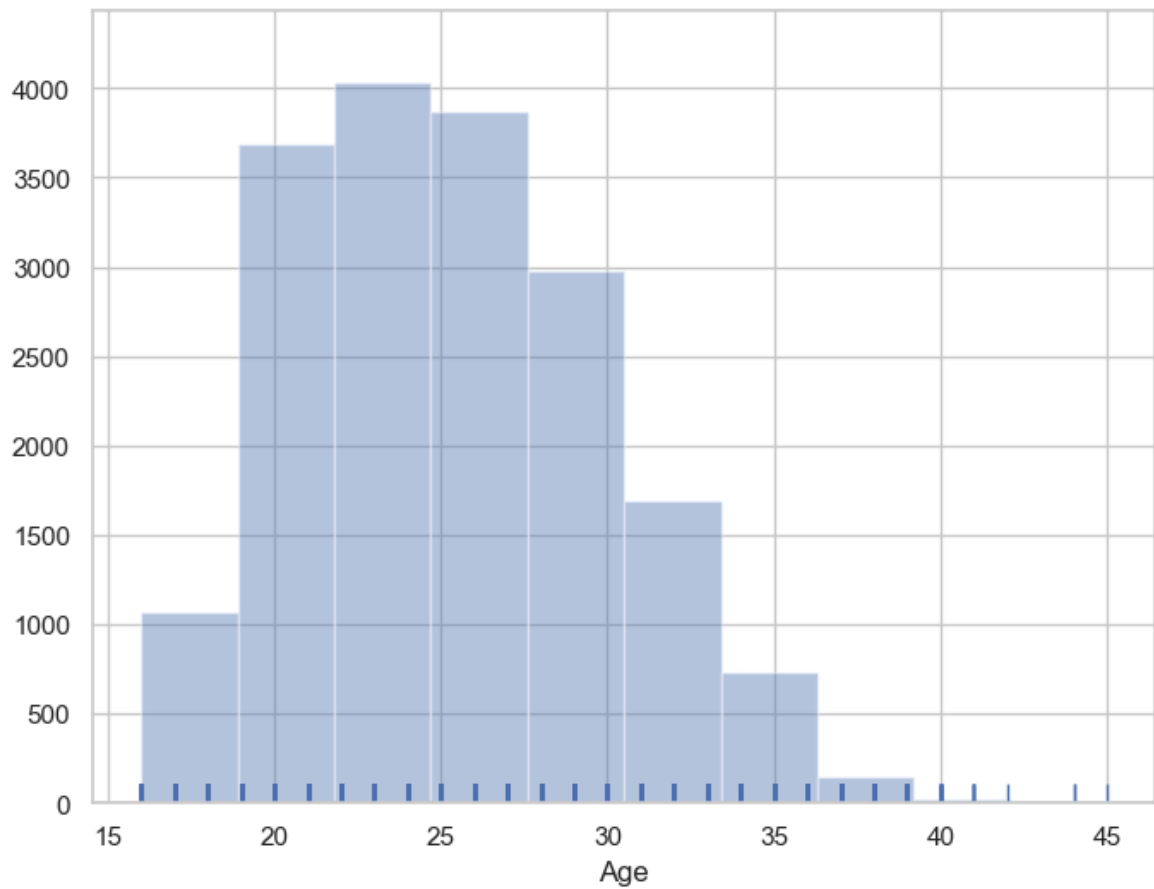


```
In [41]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6)) #Density Curve & Using a Differnt Colour
x = fifa['Age']
x = pd.Series(x, name="Age variable")
ax = sns.kdeplot(x, shade=True, color='r')
plt.show()
```

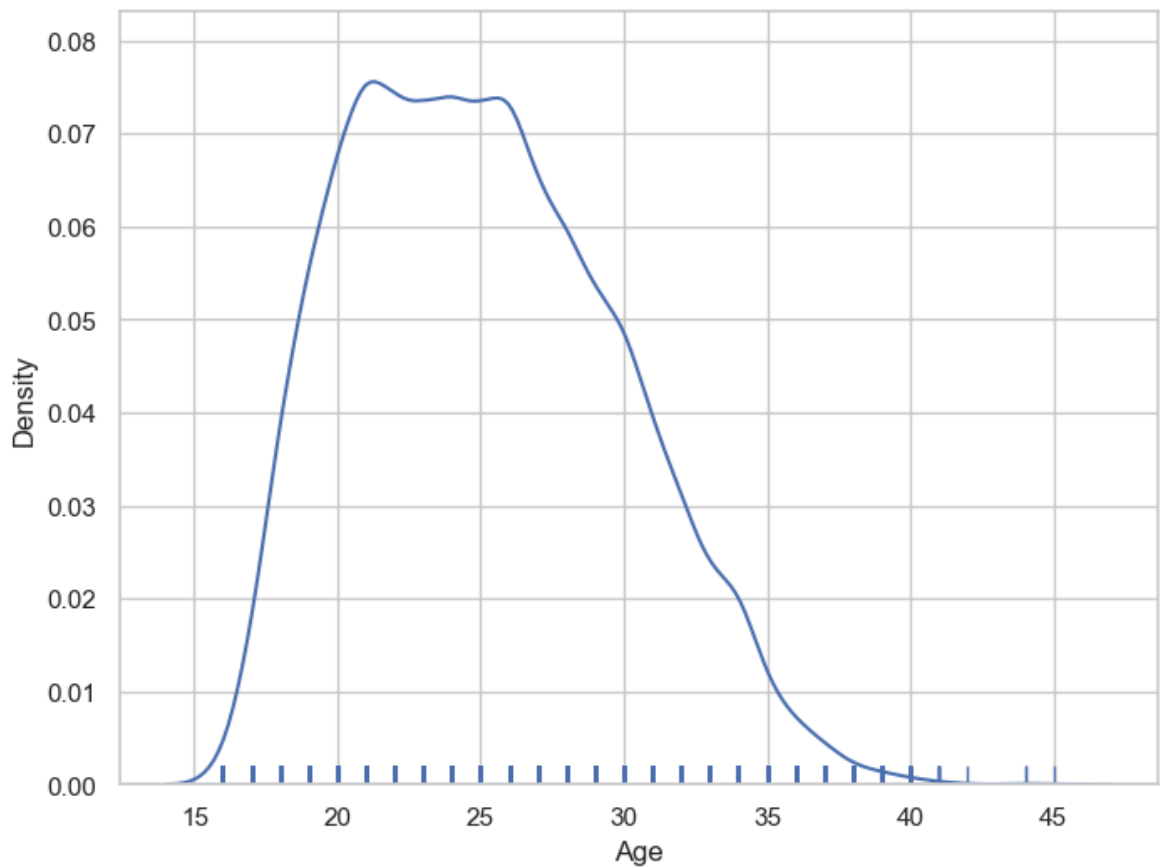


```
In [43]: # Histograms--hist()
```

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6))  
x = fifa['Age']  
ax = sns.distplot(x, kde=False, rug=True, bins=10)  
plt.show()
```



```
In [45]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6)) #KDE plot Alternatively  
x = fifa['Age']  
ax = sns.distplot(x, hist=False, rug=True, bins=10)  
plt.show()
```

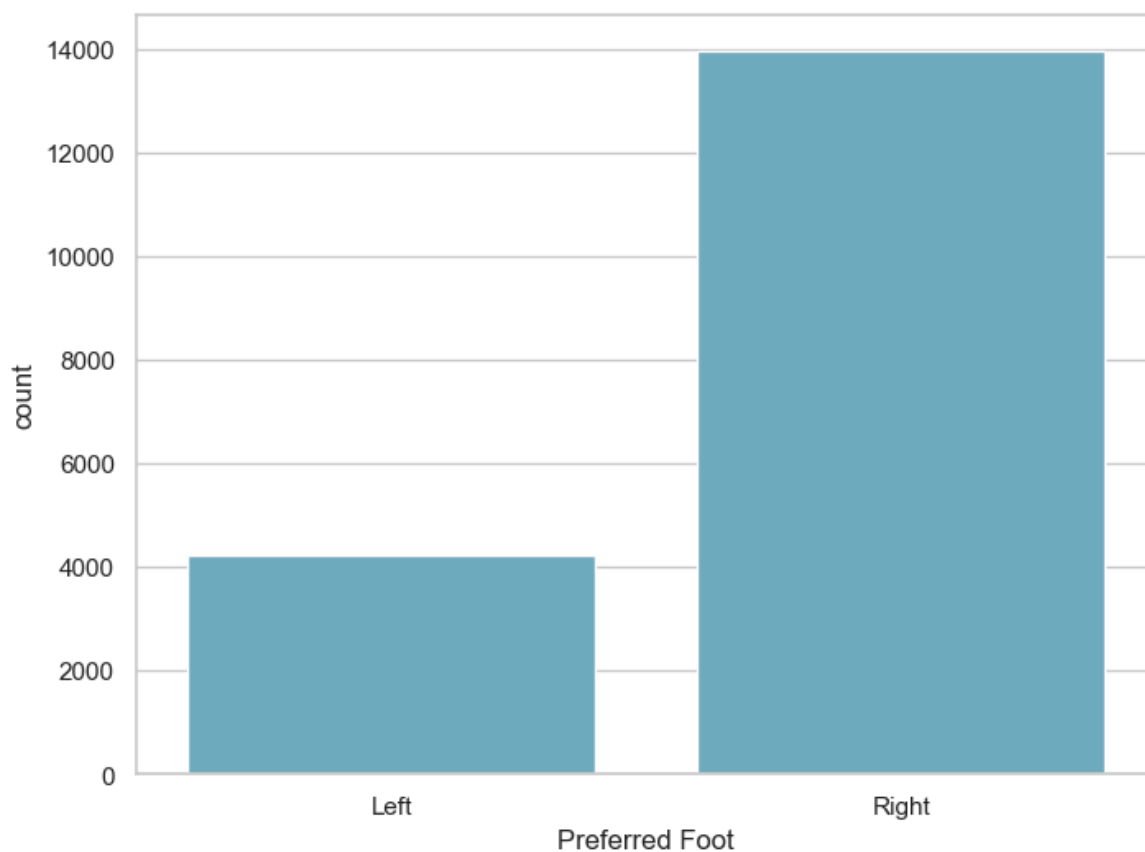
```
In [47]: # Preferred Foot Variable  
fifa['Preferred Foot'].nunique()
```

```
Out[47]: 2
```

```
In [49]: # Distribution of values--Preferred Foot Variable  
  
fifa['Preferred Foot'].value_counts()
```

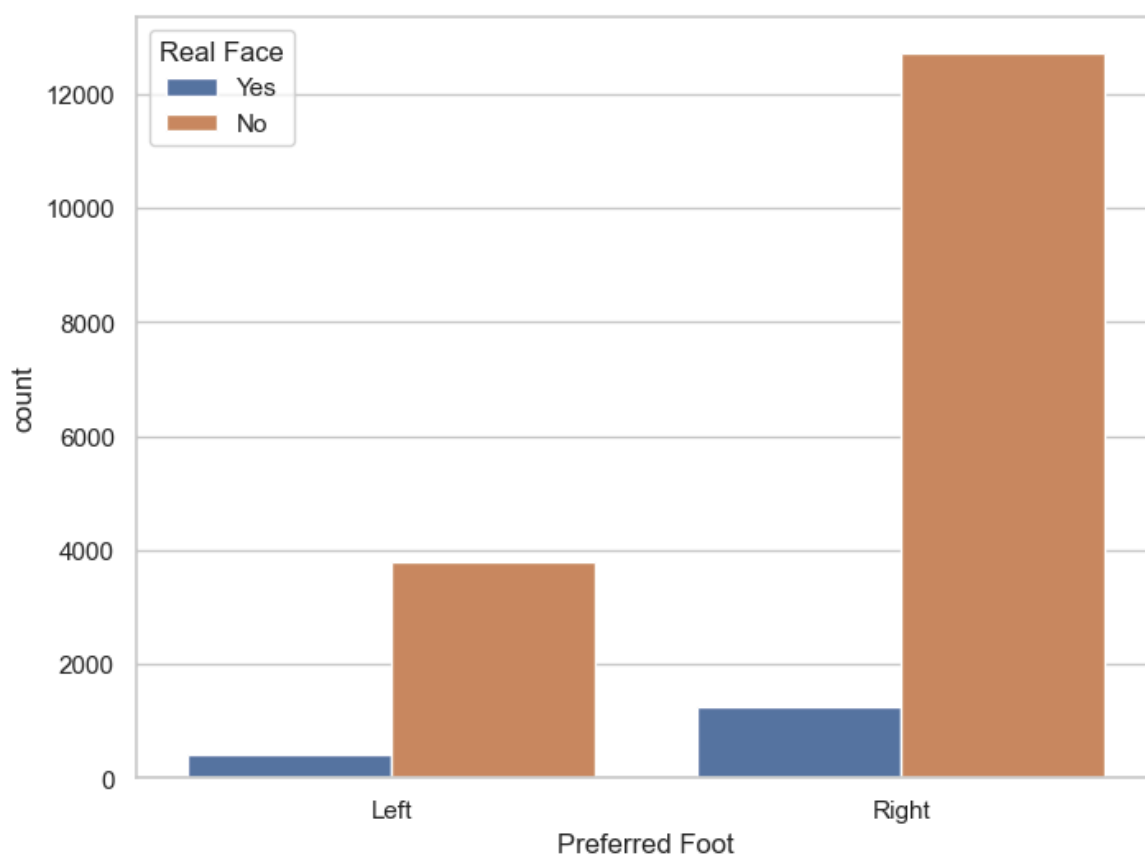
```
Out[49]: Preferred Foot  
Right    13948  
Left      4211  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [51]: #countplot() function  
  
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.countplot(x="Preferred Foot", data=fifa, color="c")  
plt.show()
```



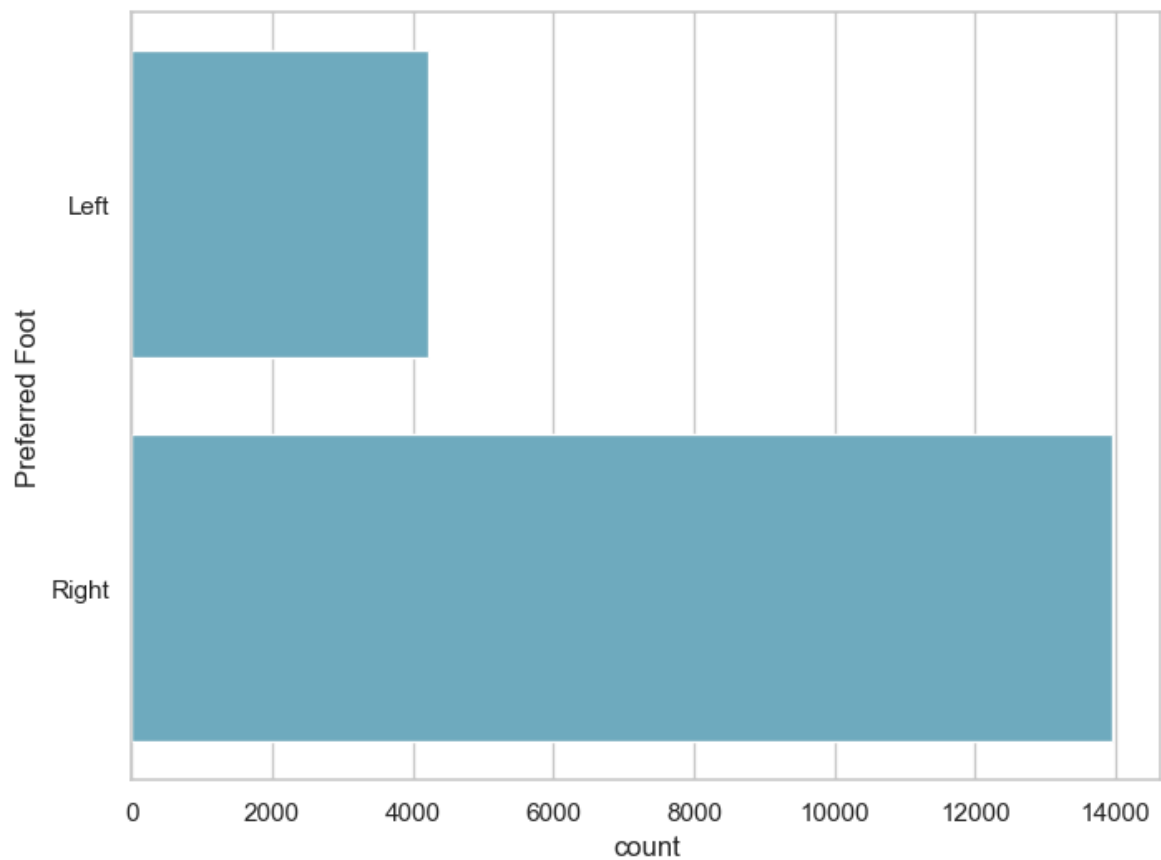
In [53]: *#value counts for two categorical variables*

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.countplot(x="Preferred Foot", hue="Real Face", data=fifa)  
plt.show()
```



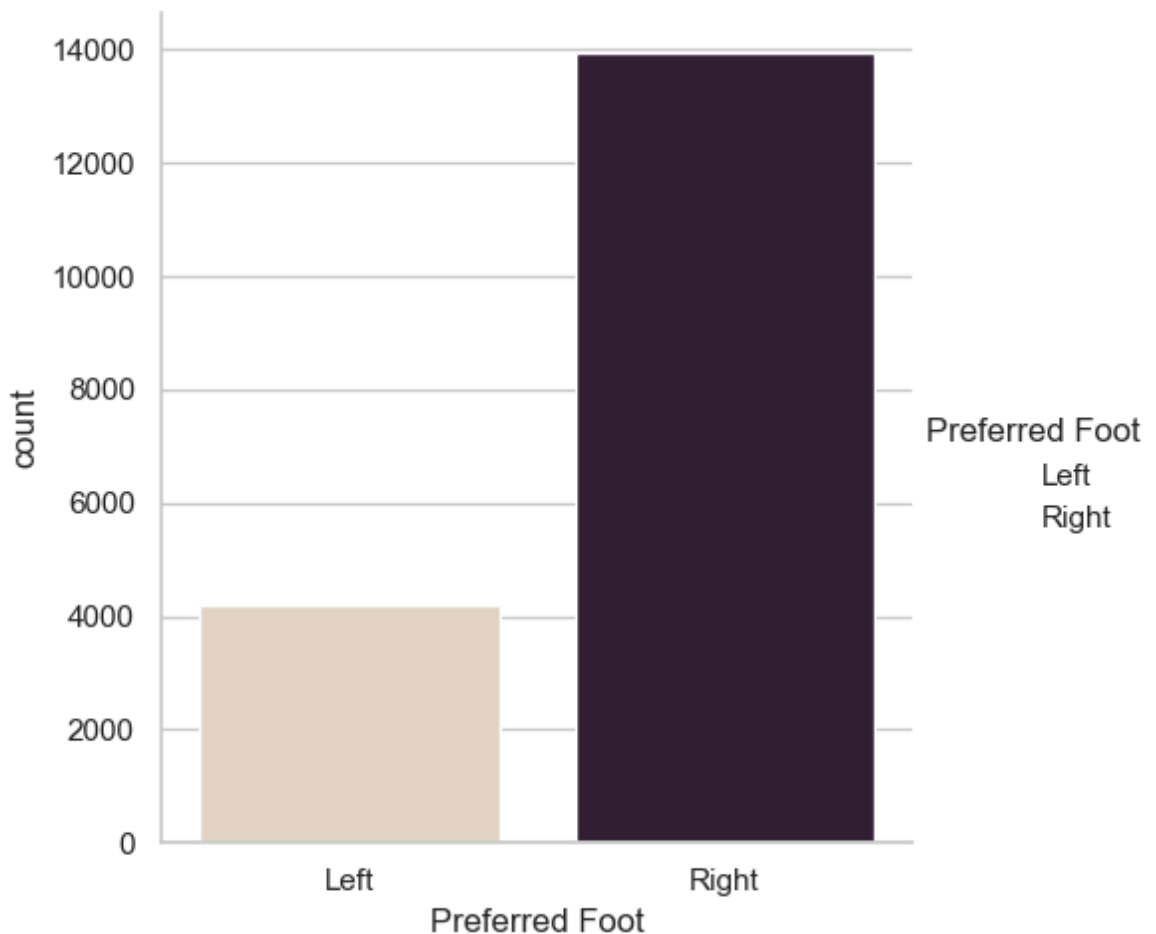
In [55]: *#Plot Vertically*

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.countplot(y="Preferred Foot", data=fifa, color="c")  
plt.show()
```



In [57]: *# Seaborn catplot() function to draw a countplot()*

```
g = sns.catplot(x="Preferred Foot", kind="count", palette="ch:.25", data=fifa)
```



In [59]: *# International Reputation variable*

```
fifa['International Reputation'].nunique()
```

Out[59]: 5

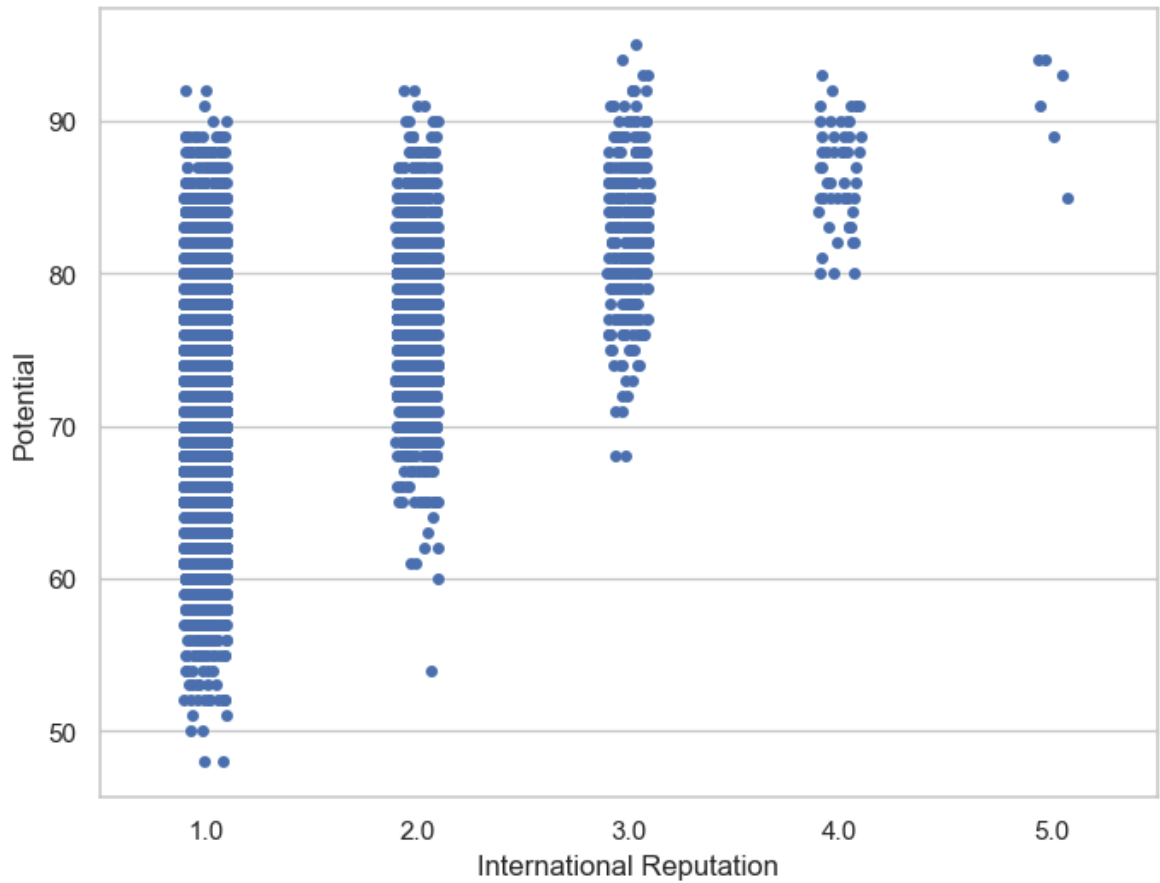
In [61]: *#Distribution of values in International Reputation variable*

```
fifa['International Reputation'].value_counts()
```

Out[61]: International Reputation
1.0 16532
2.0 1261
3.0 309
4.0 51
5.0 6
Name: count, dtype: int64

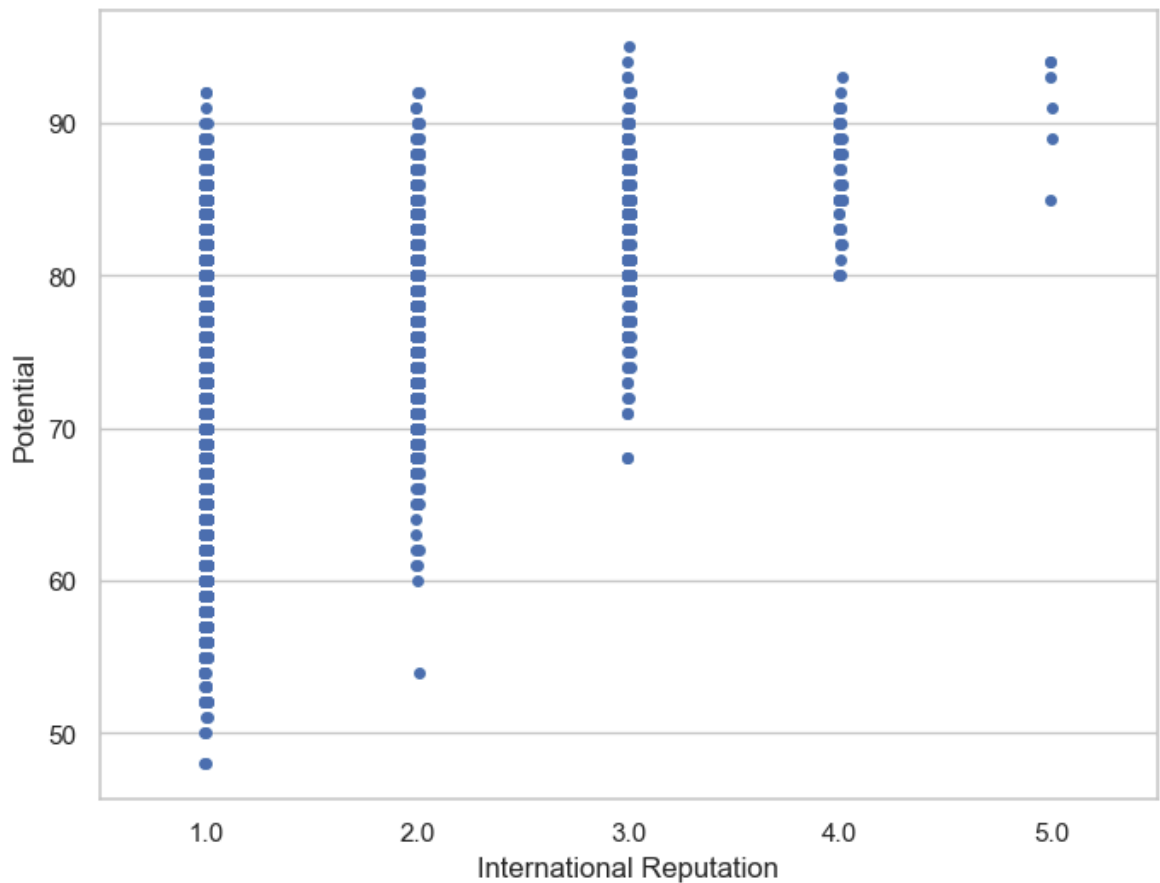
In [63]: *# seaborn stripplot() Function--Categorical variable and Potential*

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.stripplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa)  
plt.show()
```



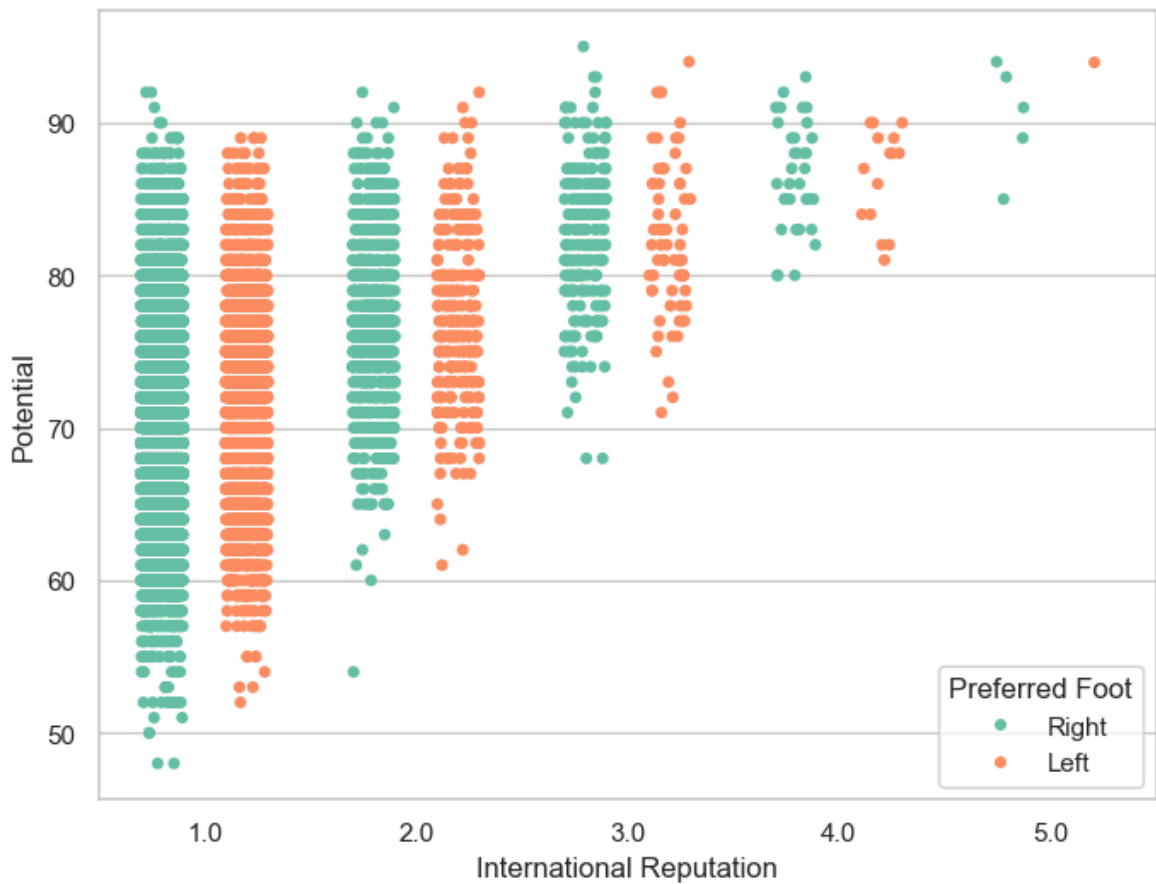
```
In [65]: #jitter to bring out the distribution of values

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.stripplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa, jitter=0.0)
plt.show()
```



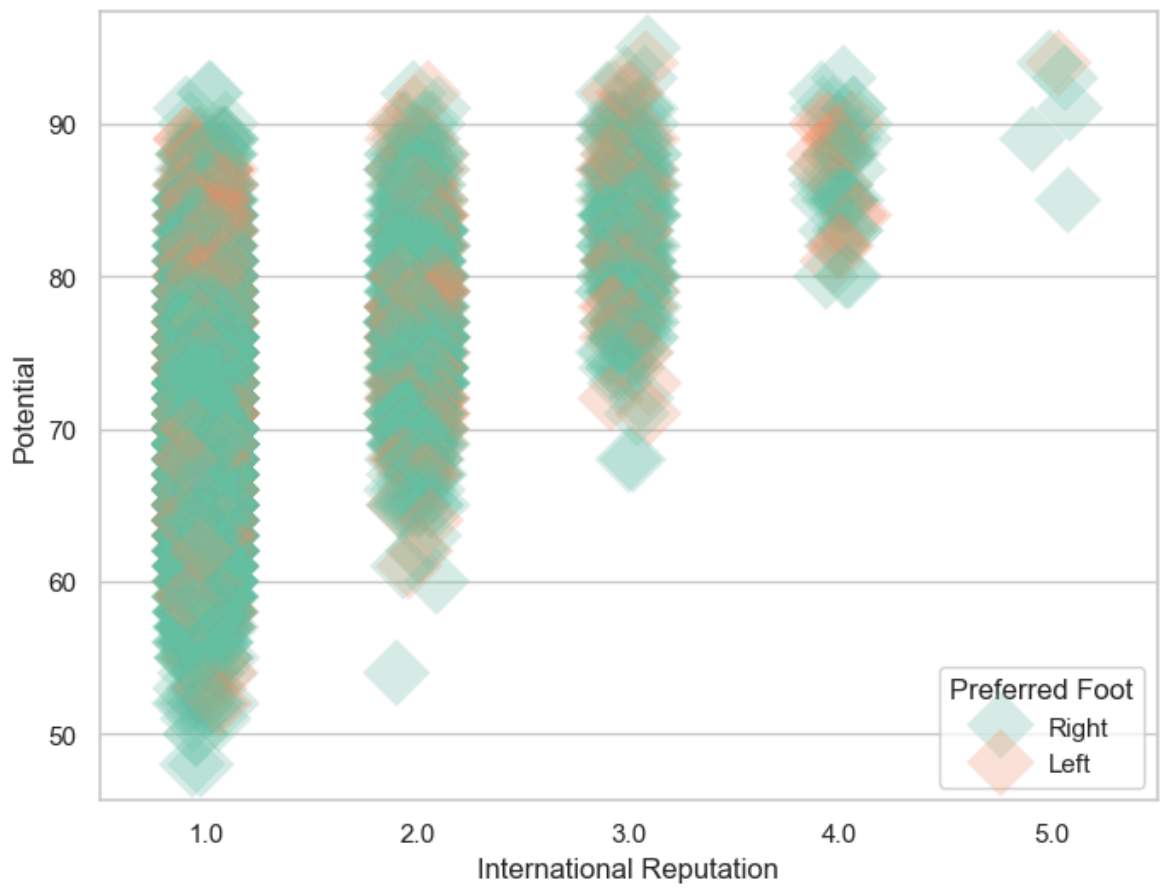
In [67]: *# Second Categorical Variable*

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.stripplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot",
              data=fifa, jitter=0.2, palette="Set2", dodge=True)
plt.show()
```



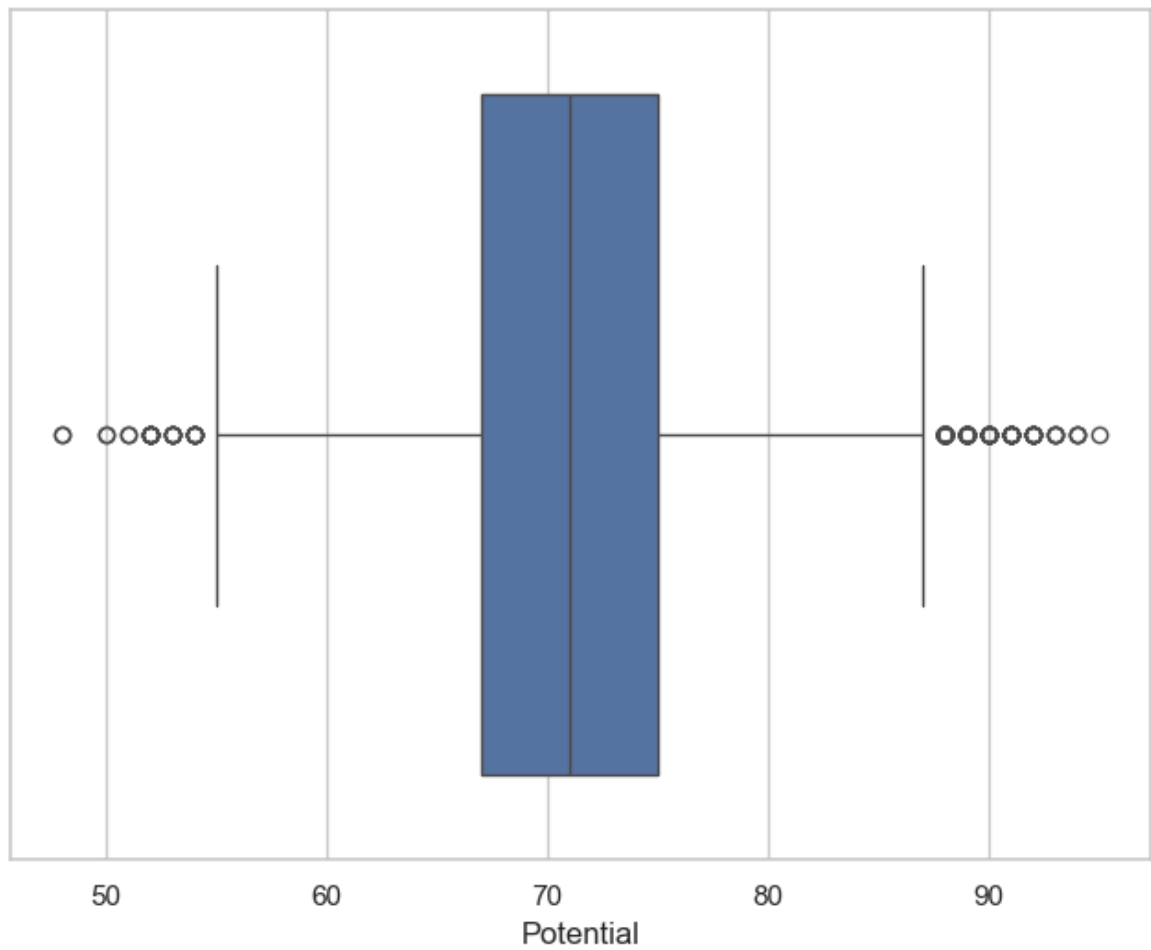
In [69]: *# Draw strips with large points and different aesthetics*

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.stripplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot",
              data=fifa, palette="Set2", size=20, marker="D",
              edgecolor="gray", alpha=.25)
plt.show()
```



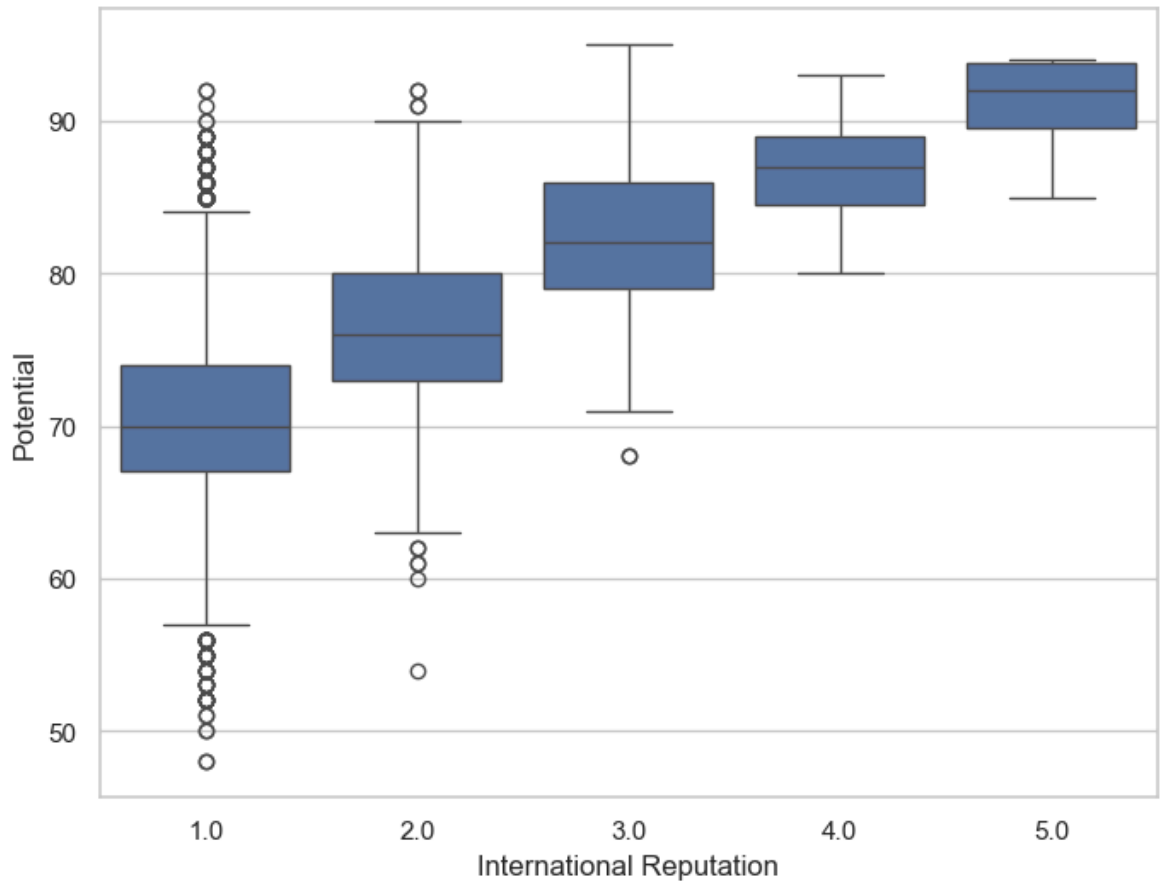
```
In [71]: # boxplot()

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x=fifa["Potential"])
plt.show()
```



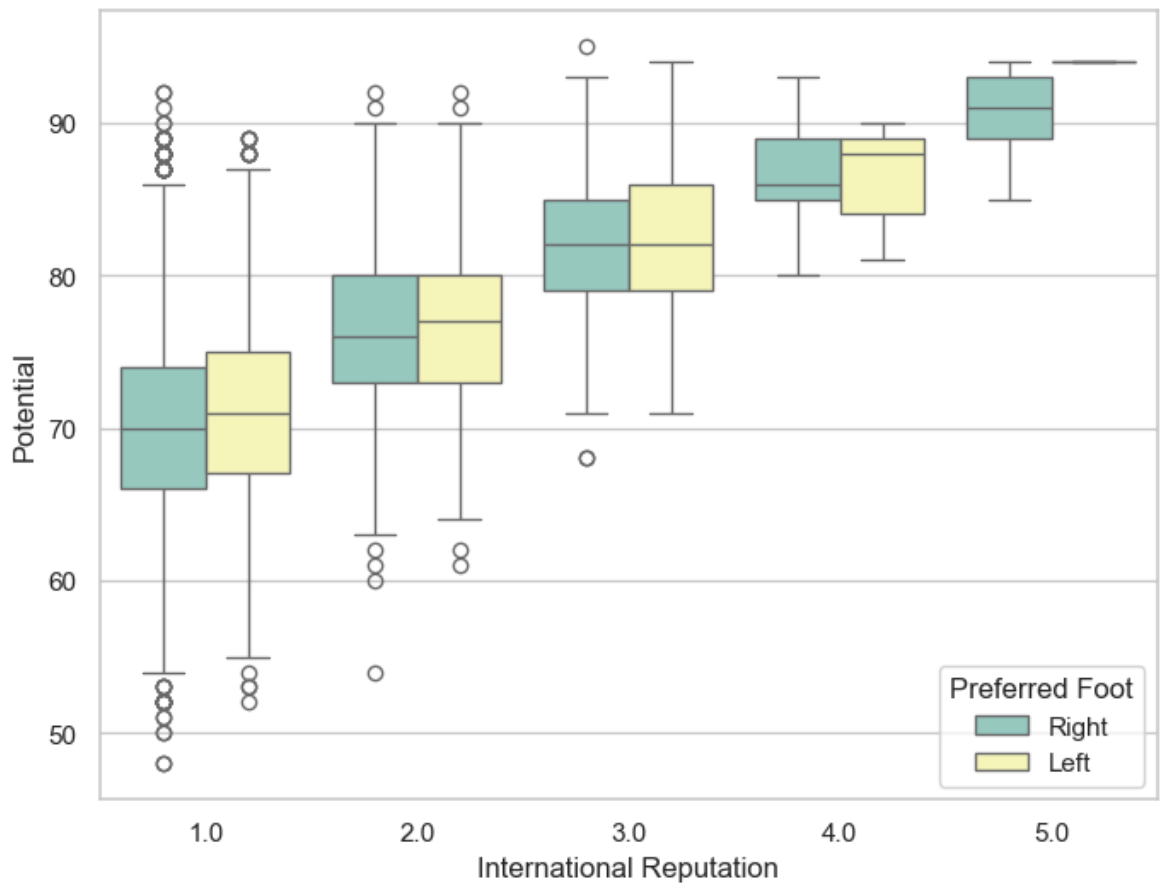
```
In [73]: # Vertical boxplot()

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa)
plt.show()
```

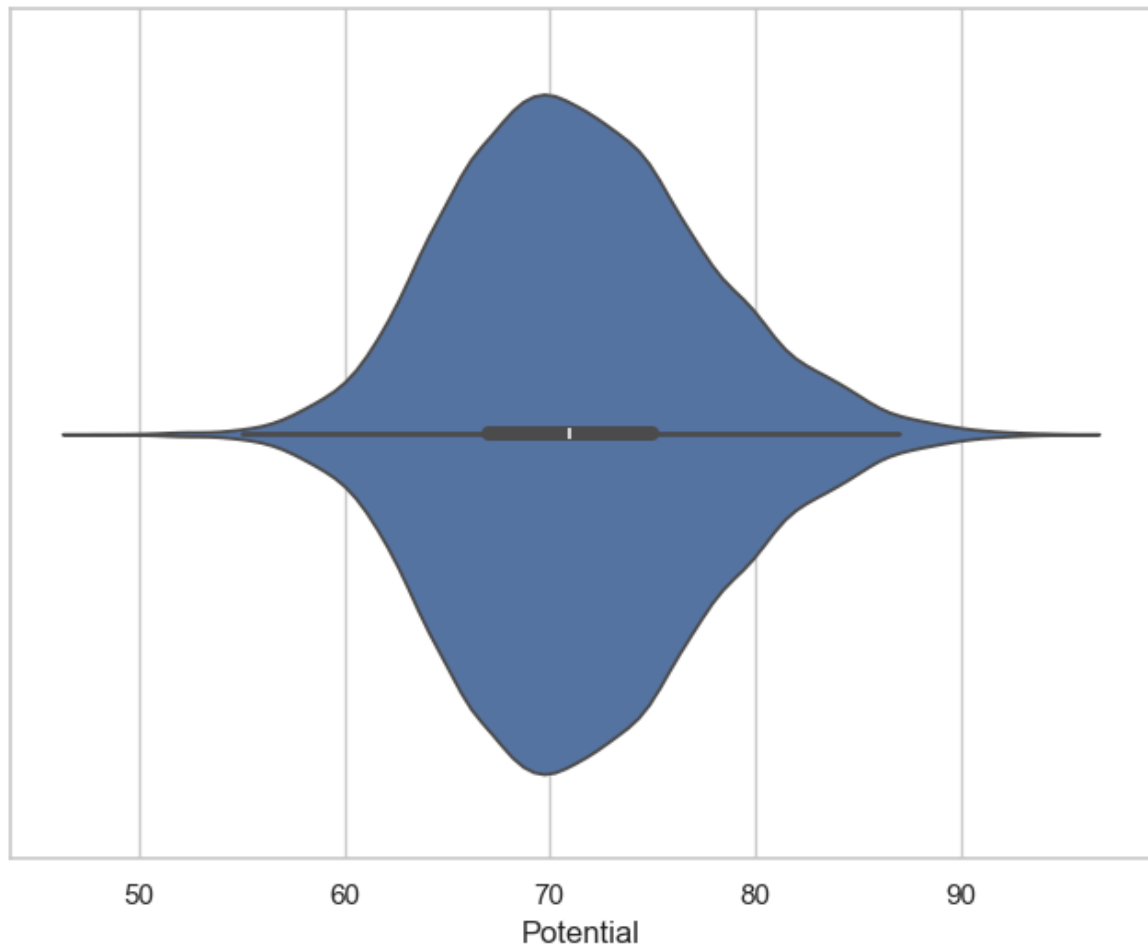
In [75]: *# two categorical Variable*

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.boxplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot", d
plt.show()
```



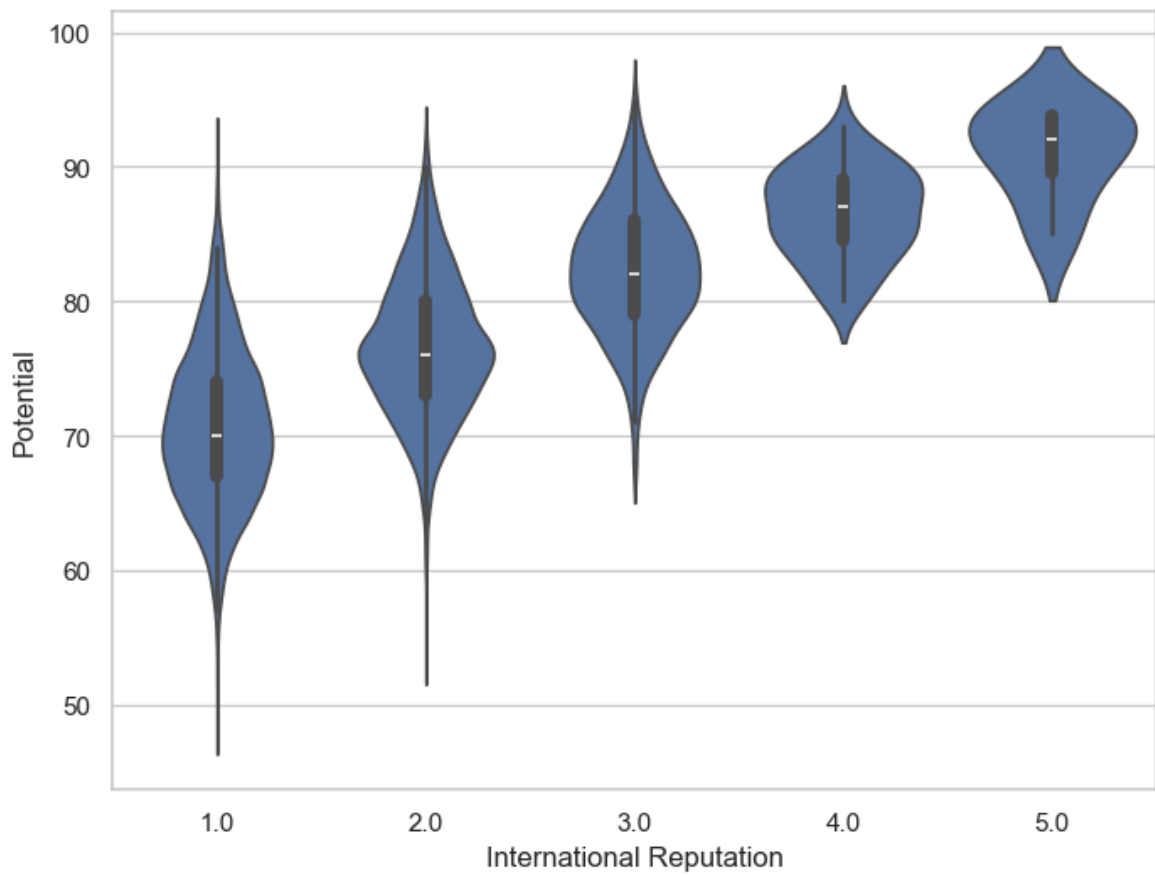
```
In [77]: # Violinplot() Function
```

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.violinplot(x=fifa["Potential"])  
plt.show()
```



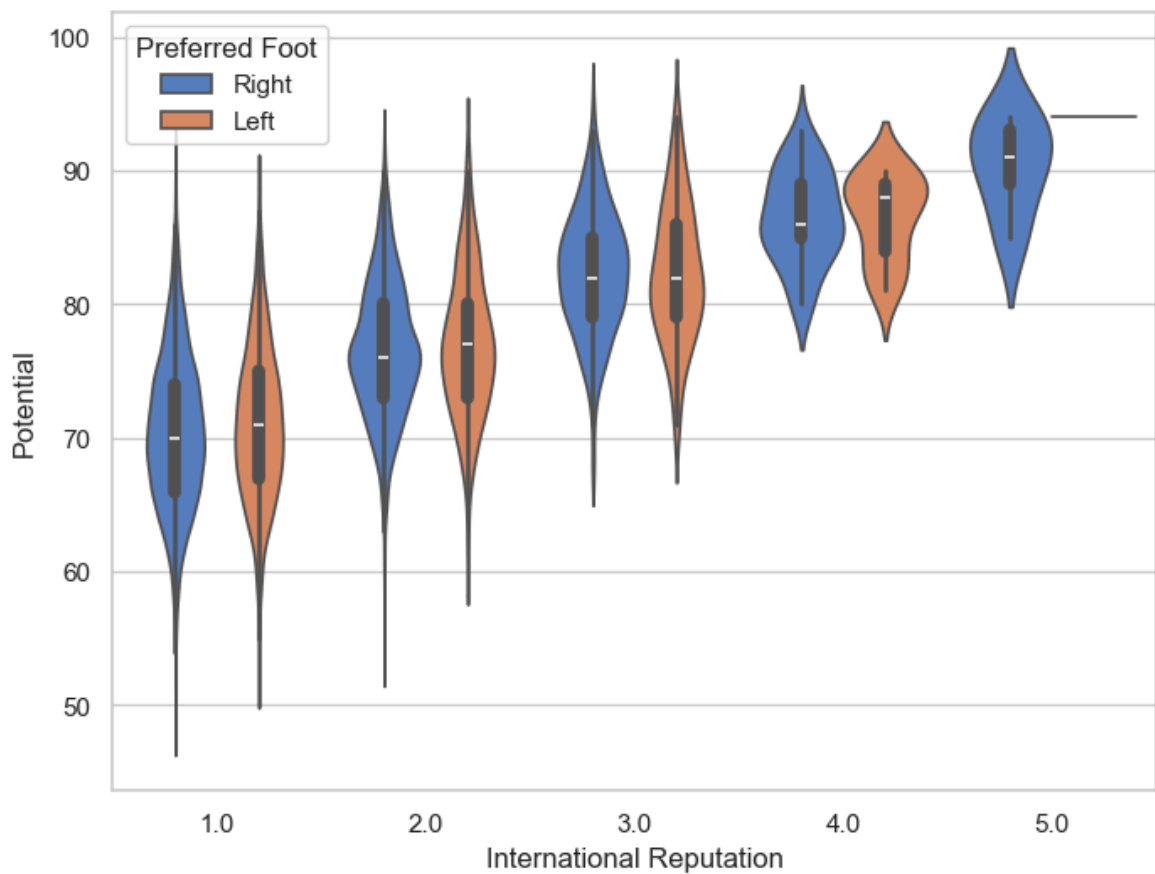
```
In [79]: # Vertical violinplot by Categorical variable
```

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.violinplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa)  
plt.show()
```



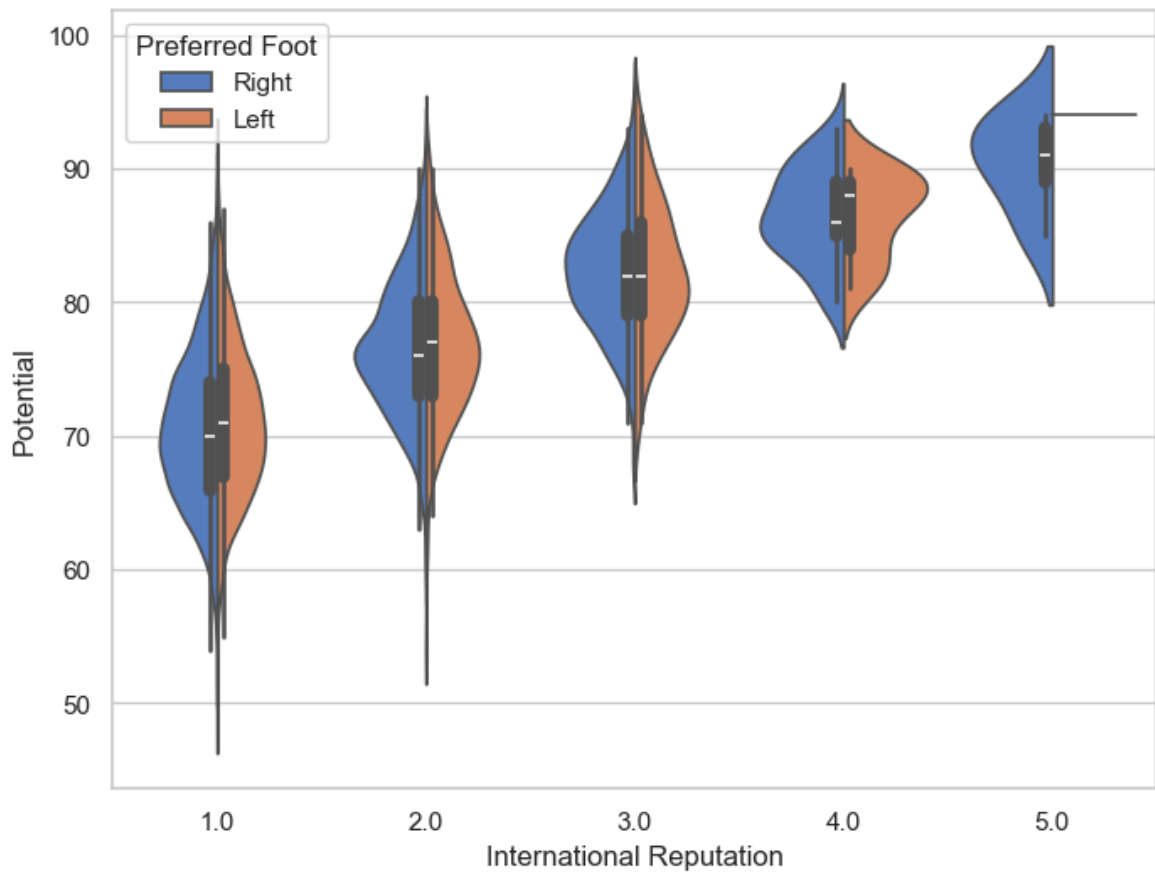
```
In [81]: # Violinplot by two Categorical variable

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.violinplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot",
plt.show()
```



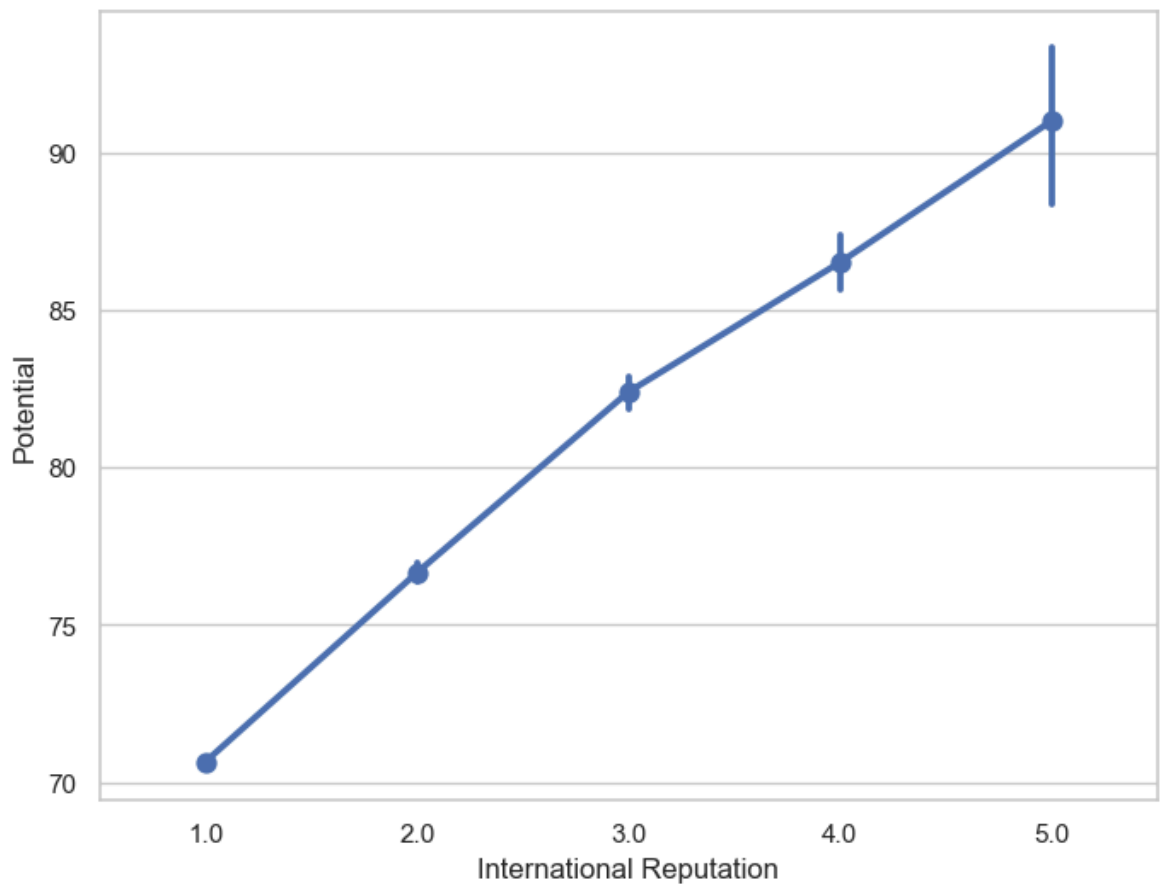
```
In [83]: # split violins to compare the across the hue variable

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.violinplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot",
               data=fifa, palette="muted", split=True)
plt.show()
```



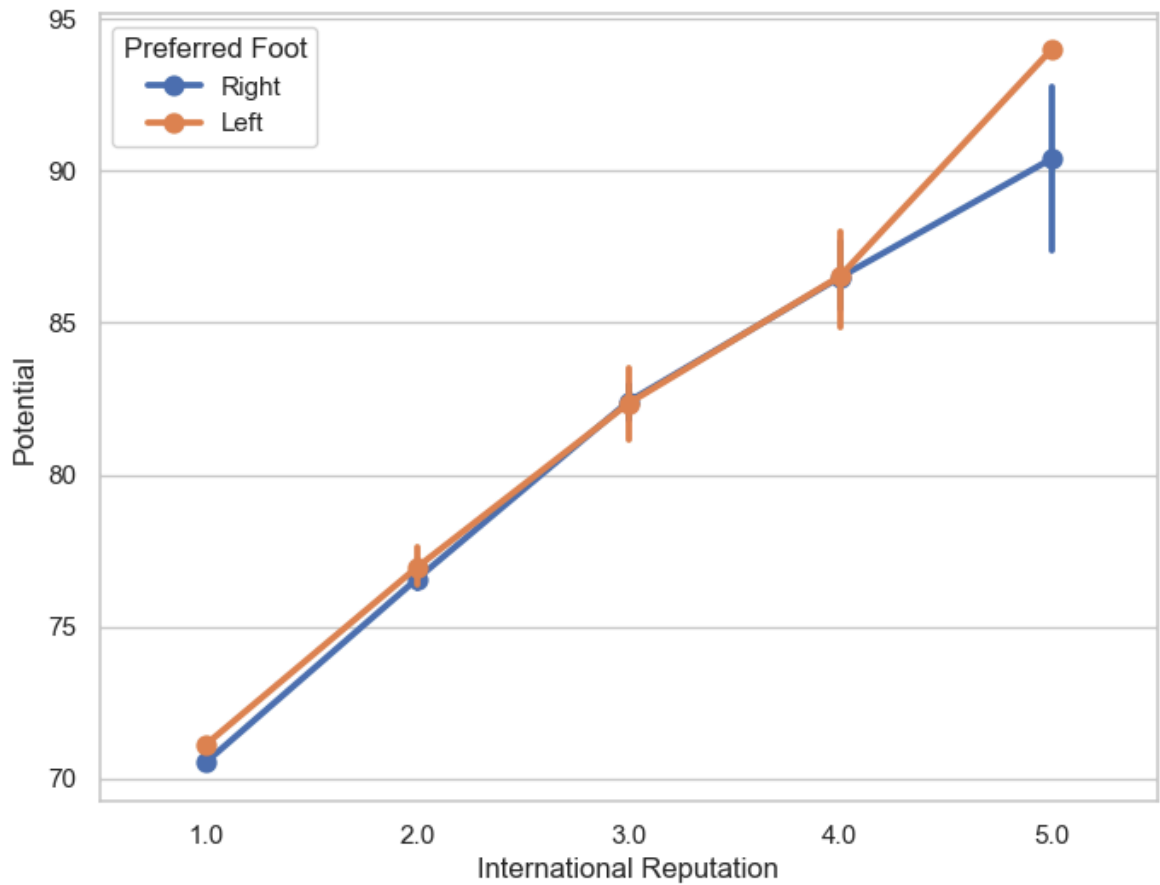
```
In [85]: # pointplot() function

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.pointplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa)
plt.show()
```



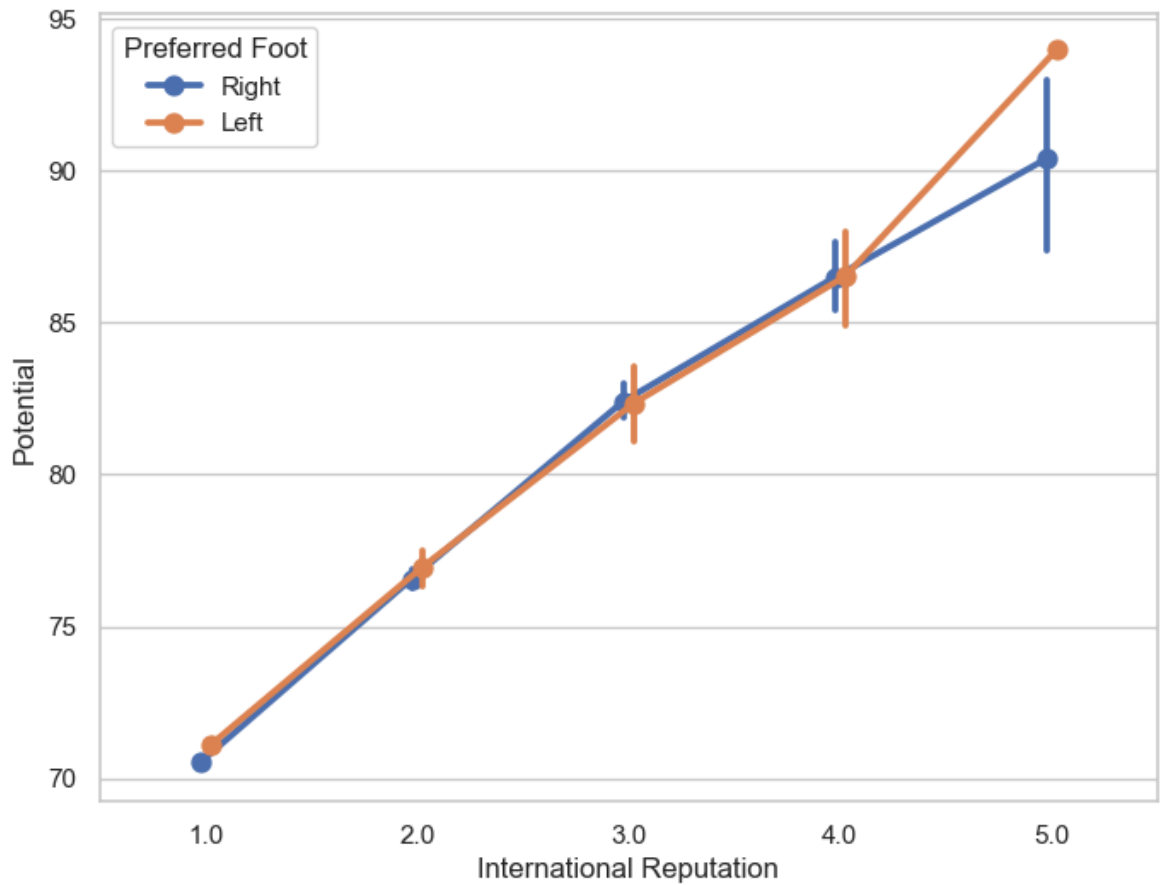
```
In [87]: # set of vertical points with nested grouping by a two variables

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.pointplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot",
plt.show())
```



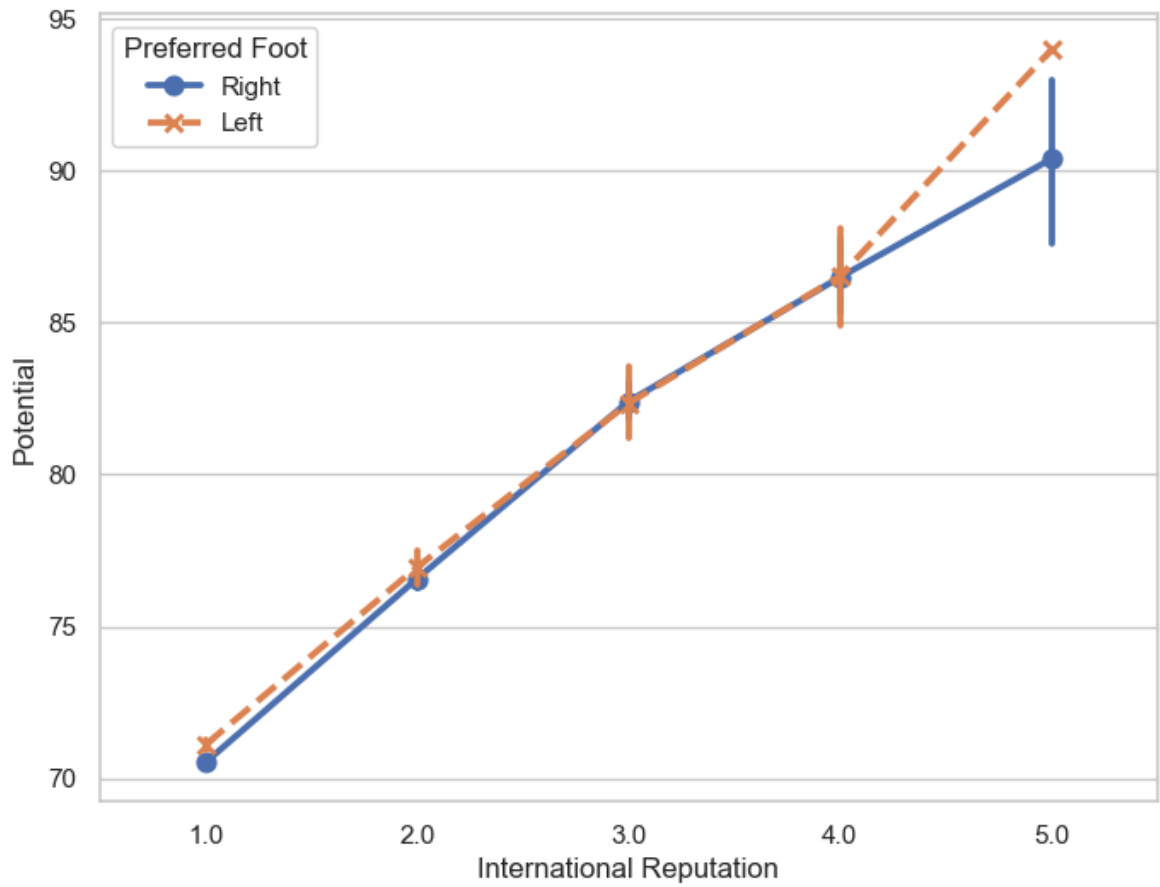
```
In [89]: # the points for different hue levels along the categorical axis

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.pointplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot",
plt.show())
```



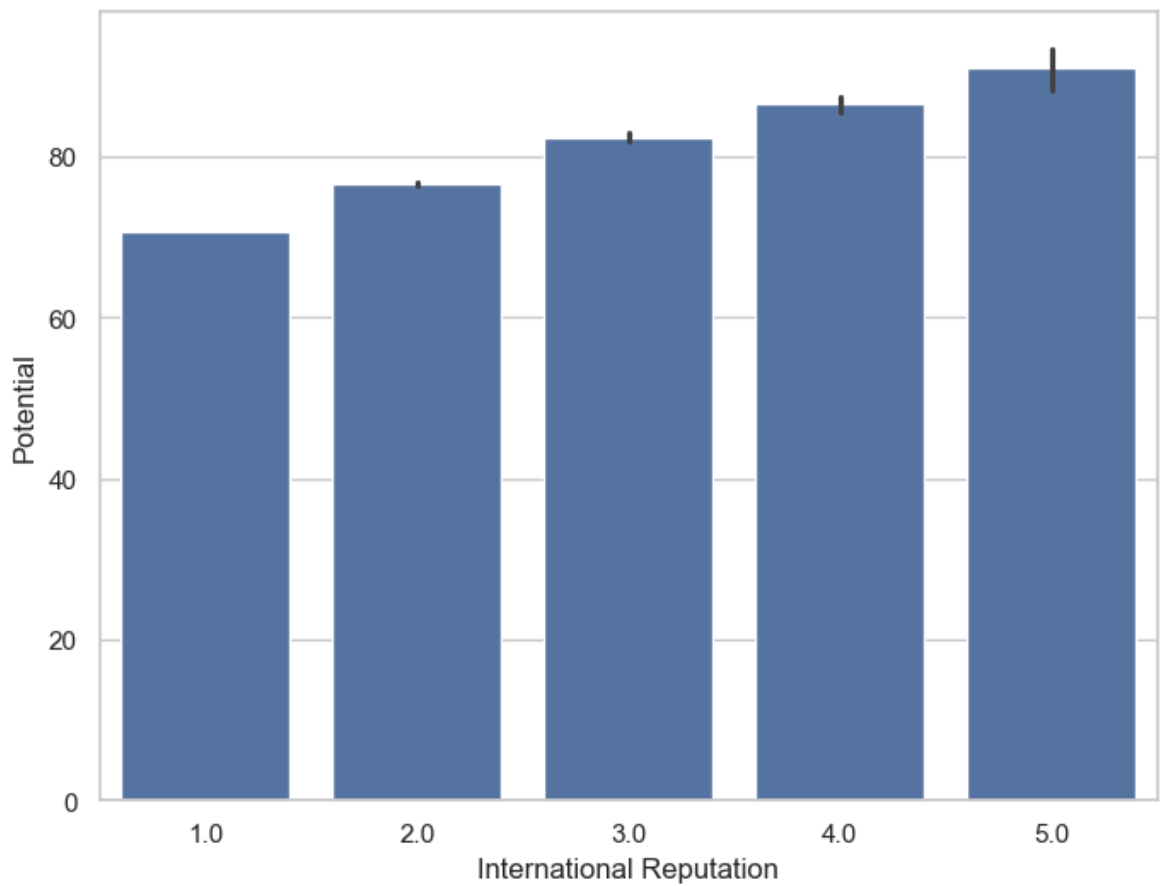
```
In [91]: # different marker and line style for the hue levels

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.pointplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot",
              data=fifa, markers=["o", "x"], linestyle=["-", "--"])
plt.show()
```



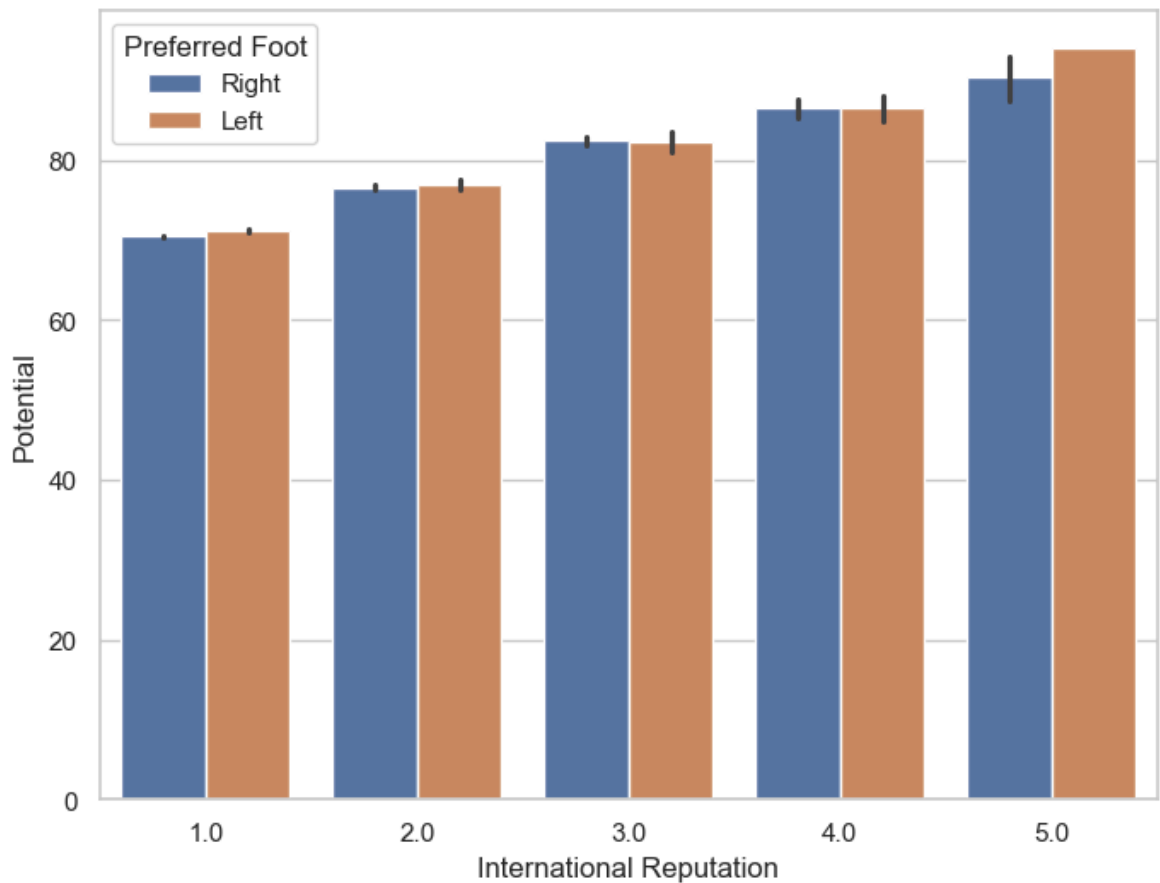
```
In [93]: # barplot()

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.barplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa)
plt.show()
```

```
In [99]: # set of vertical bars with nested grouping by a two variables

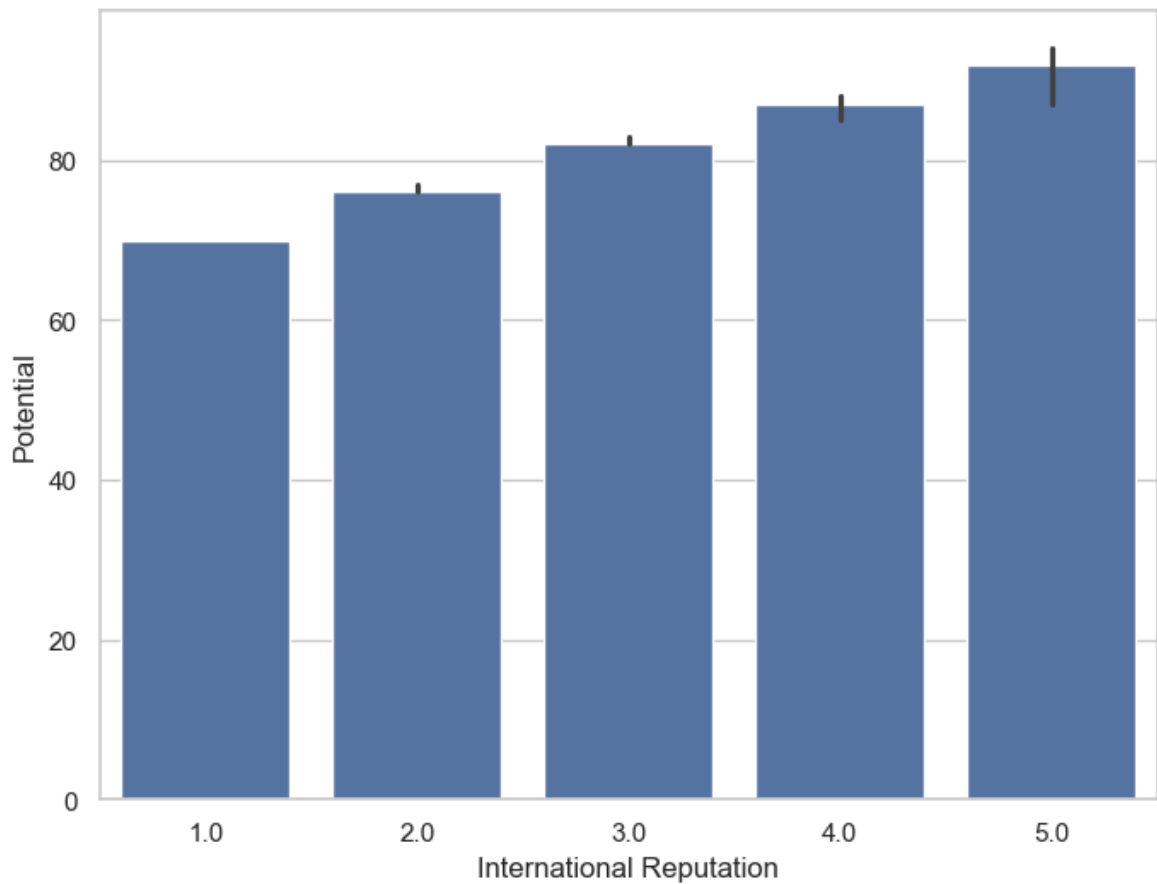
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.barplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot", data=df)
plt.show()
```



In [101...

```
# Median as the estimate of central tendency

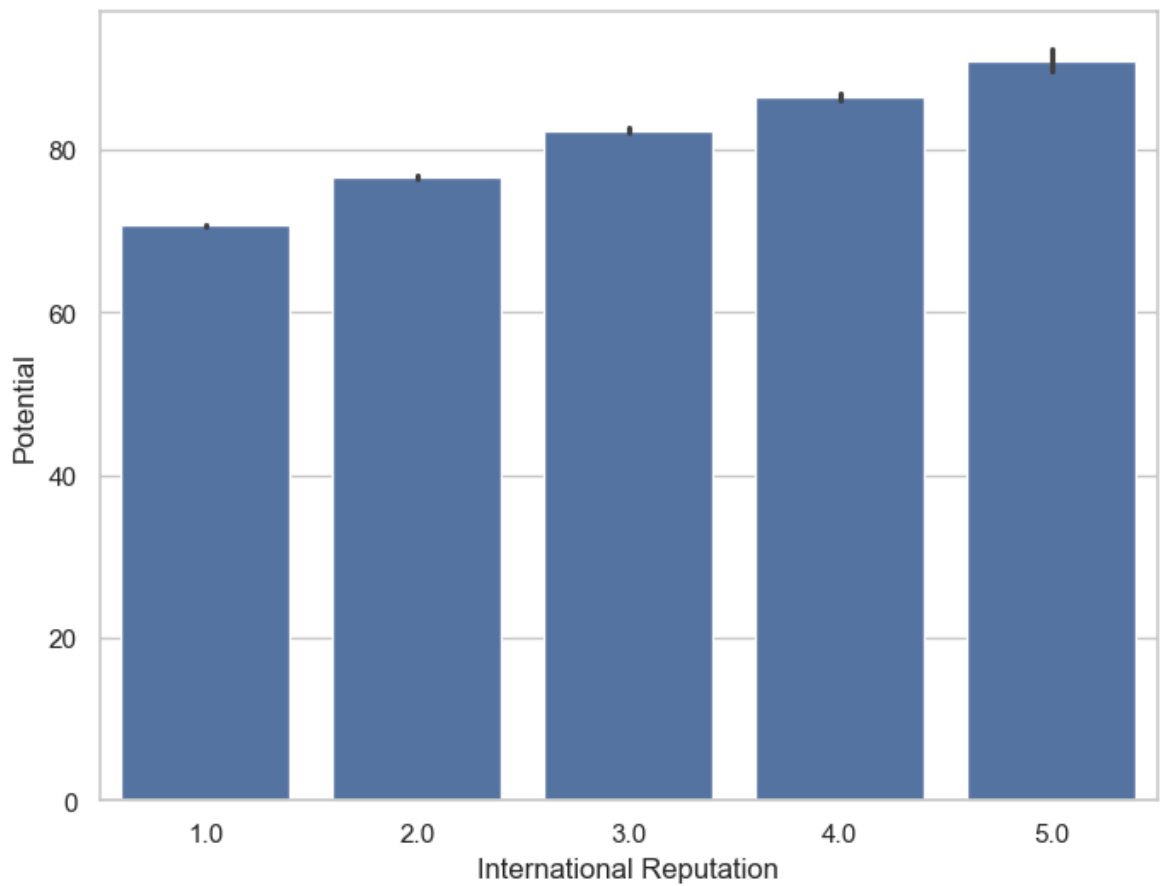
from numpy import median
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.barplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa, estimator=me
plt.show()
```



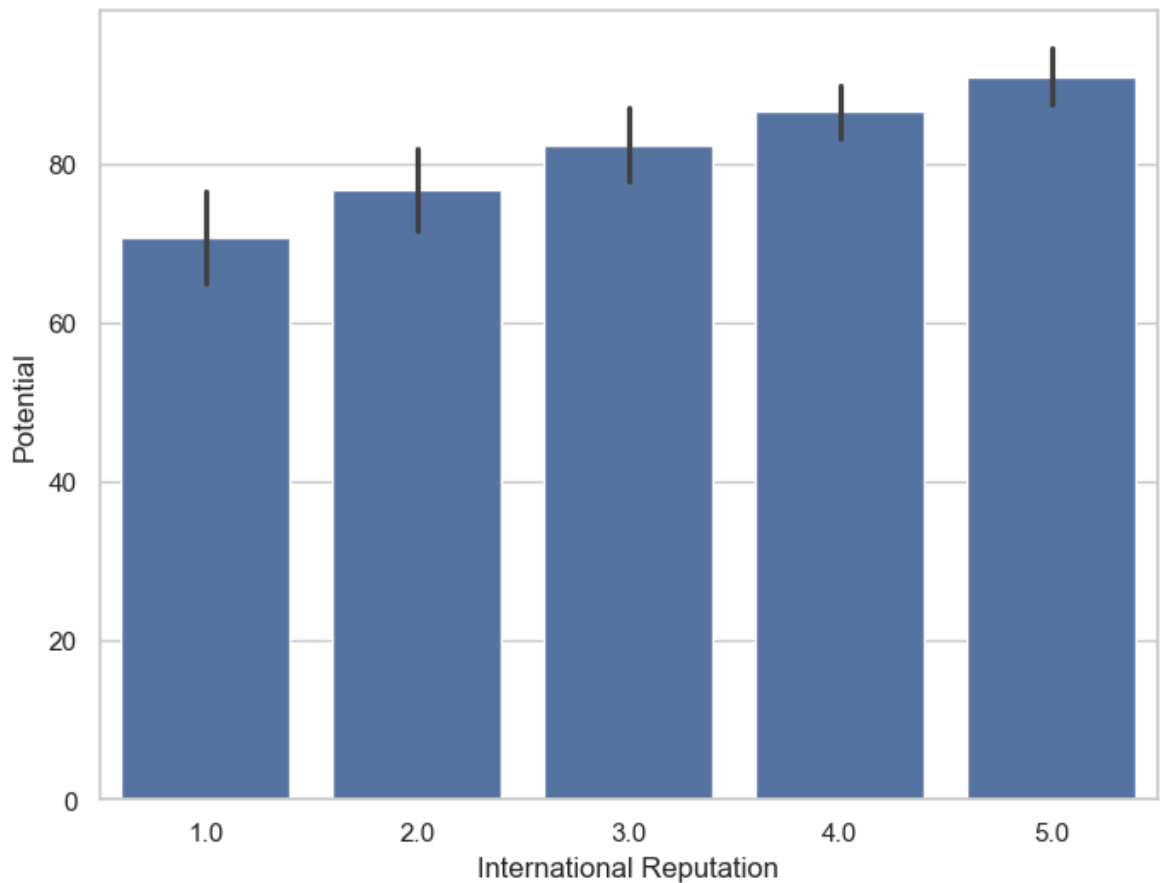
In [103...

```
# standard error of the mean with the error bars

f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.barplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa, ci=68)
plt.show()
```



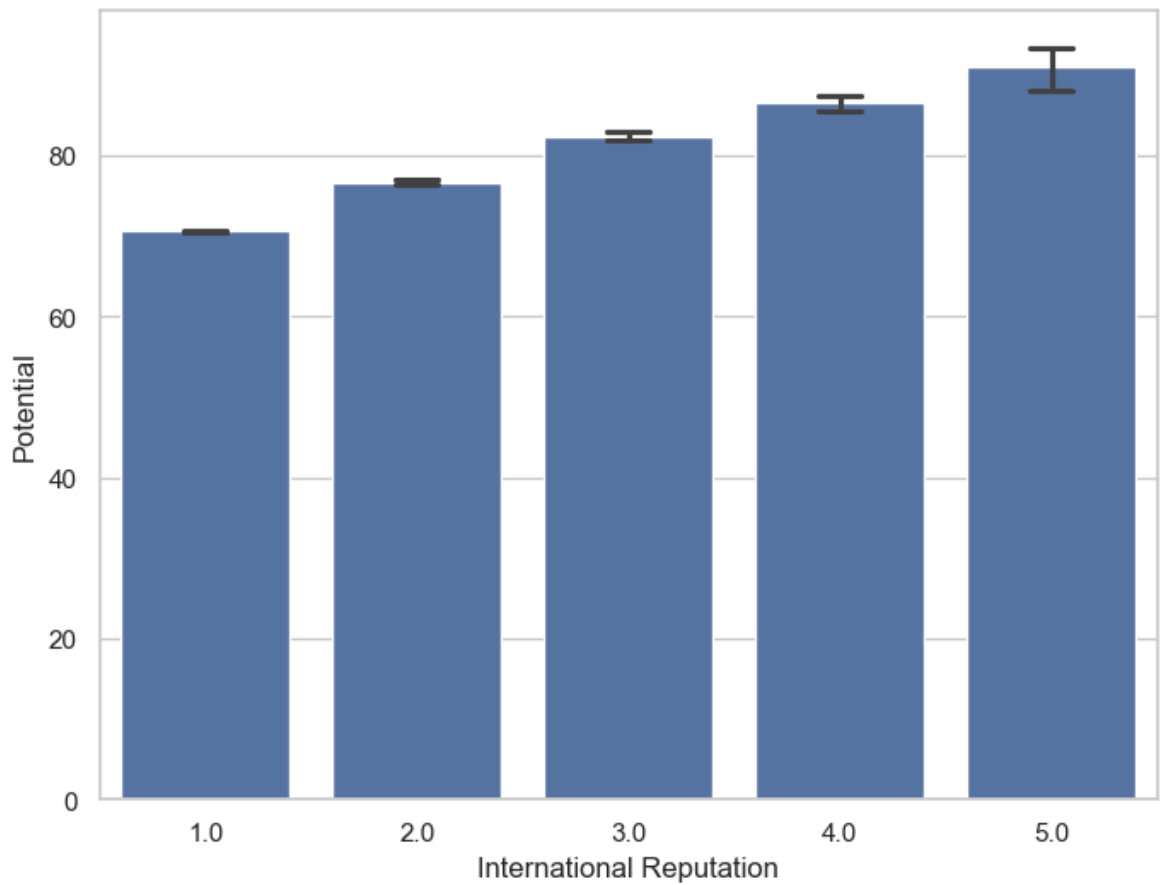
```
In [105... # standard deviation of observations instead of a confidence interval  
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.barplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa, ci="sd")  
plt.show()
```



In [107...

```
# add "caps" to the error bars

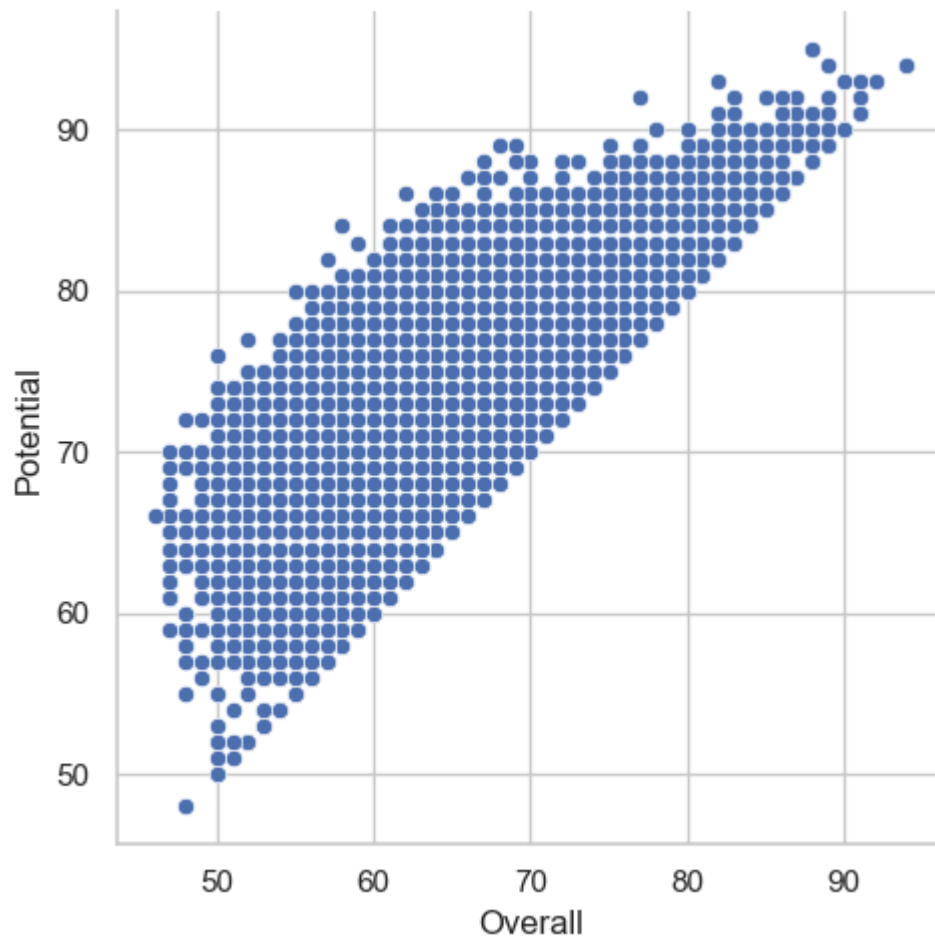
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.barplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa, capsize=0.2)
plt.show()
```



In [109...

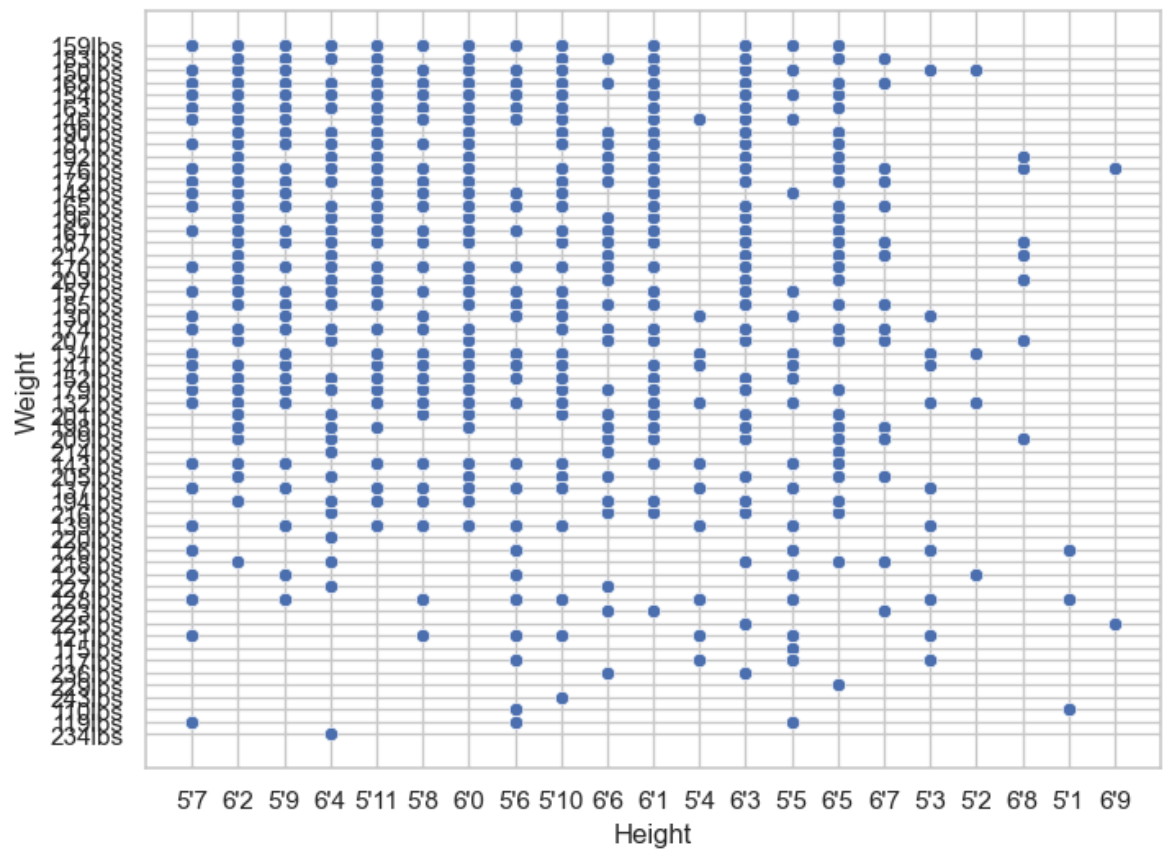
```
# relplot()---Height and Weight

g = sns.relplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa)
```



In [111...

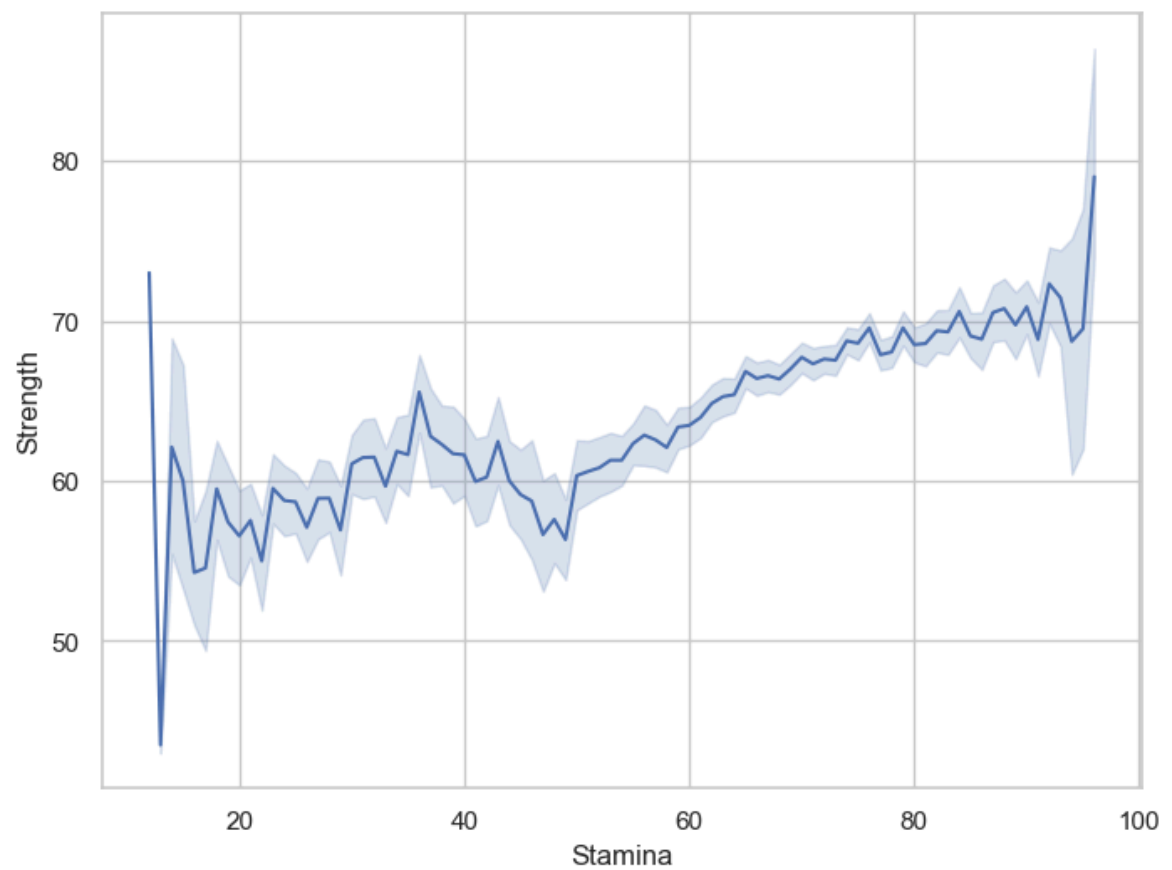
```
# scatterplot() Function  
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
sns.scatterplot(x="Height", y="Weight", data=fifa)  
plt.show()
```



In [116...

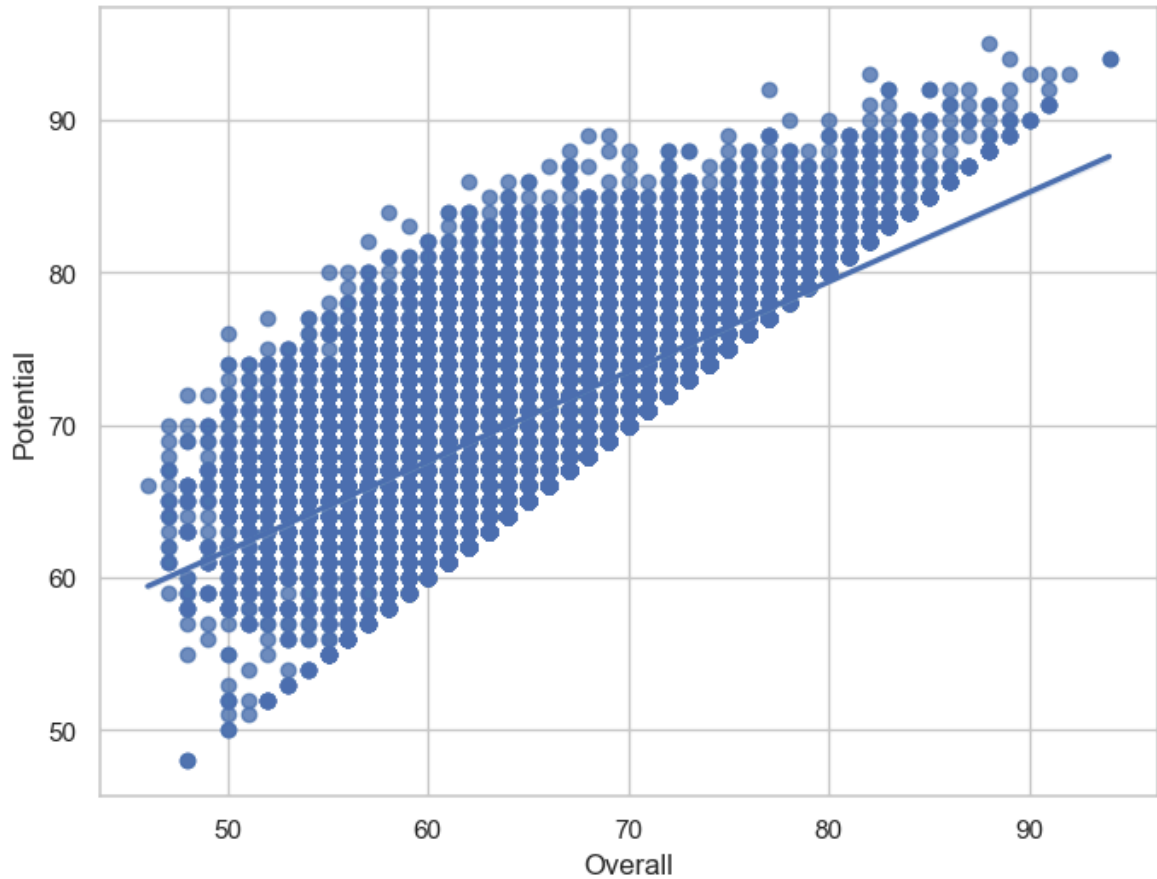
```
# lineplot() function
```

```
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.lineplot(x="Stamina", y="Strength", data=fifa)
plt.show()
```



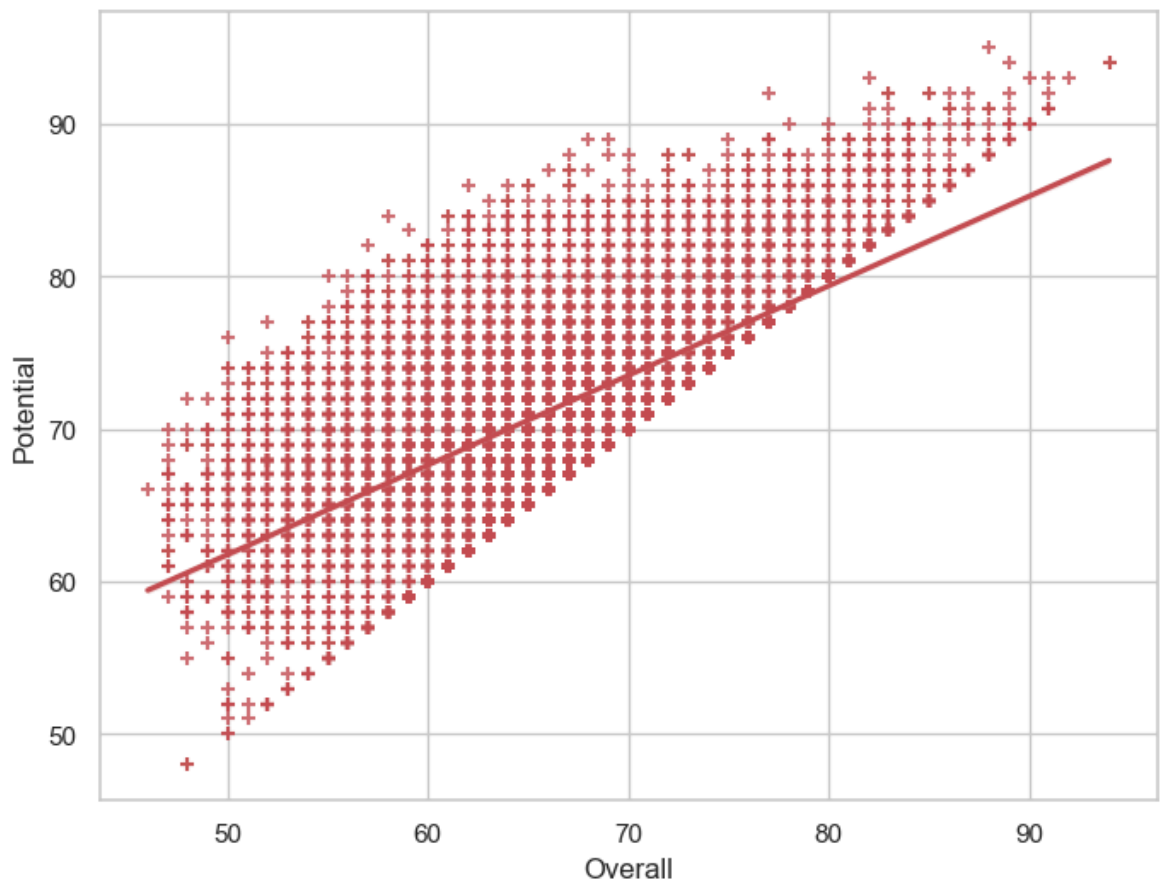
In [118...

```
# regplot() function  
  
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
ax = sns.regplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa)  
plt.show()
```



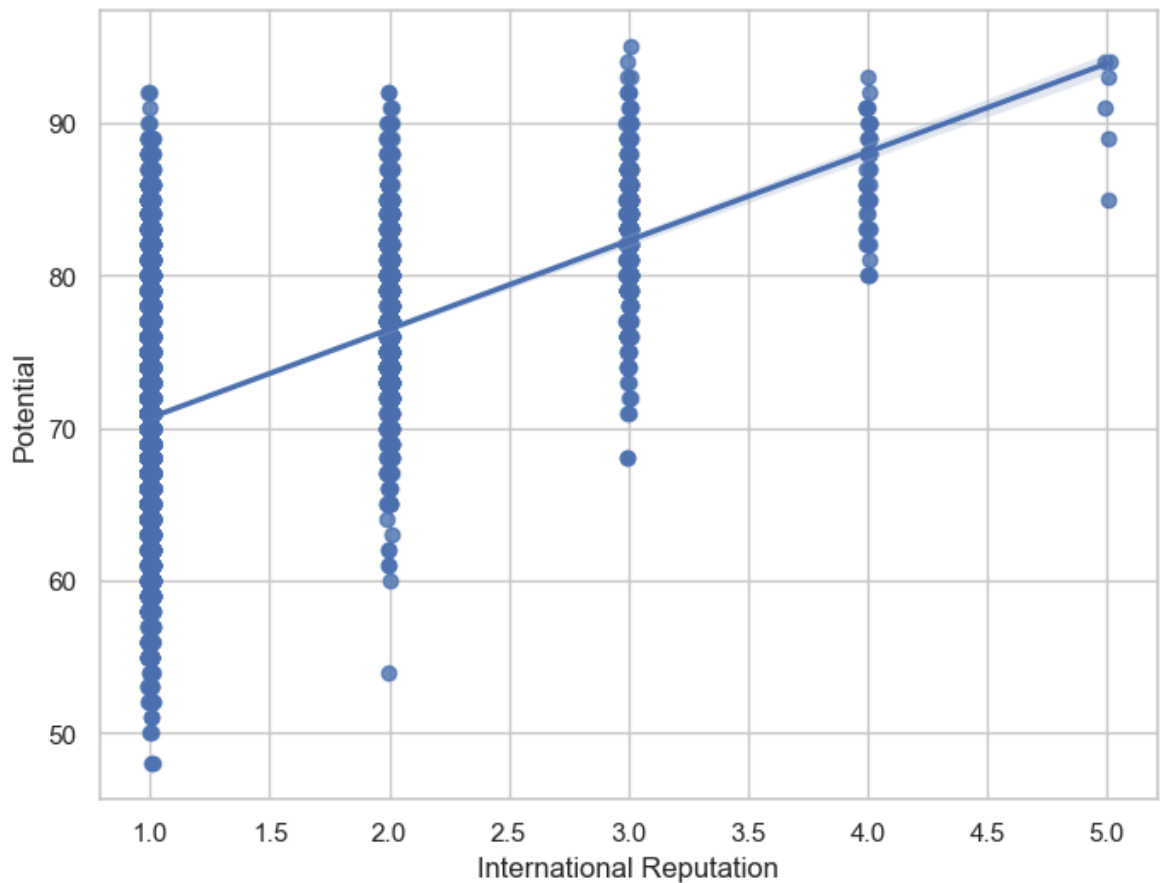
In [120...

```
# different color and marker  
  
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))  
ax = sns.regplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa, color="r", marker="+")  
plt.show()
```



In [122...

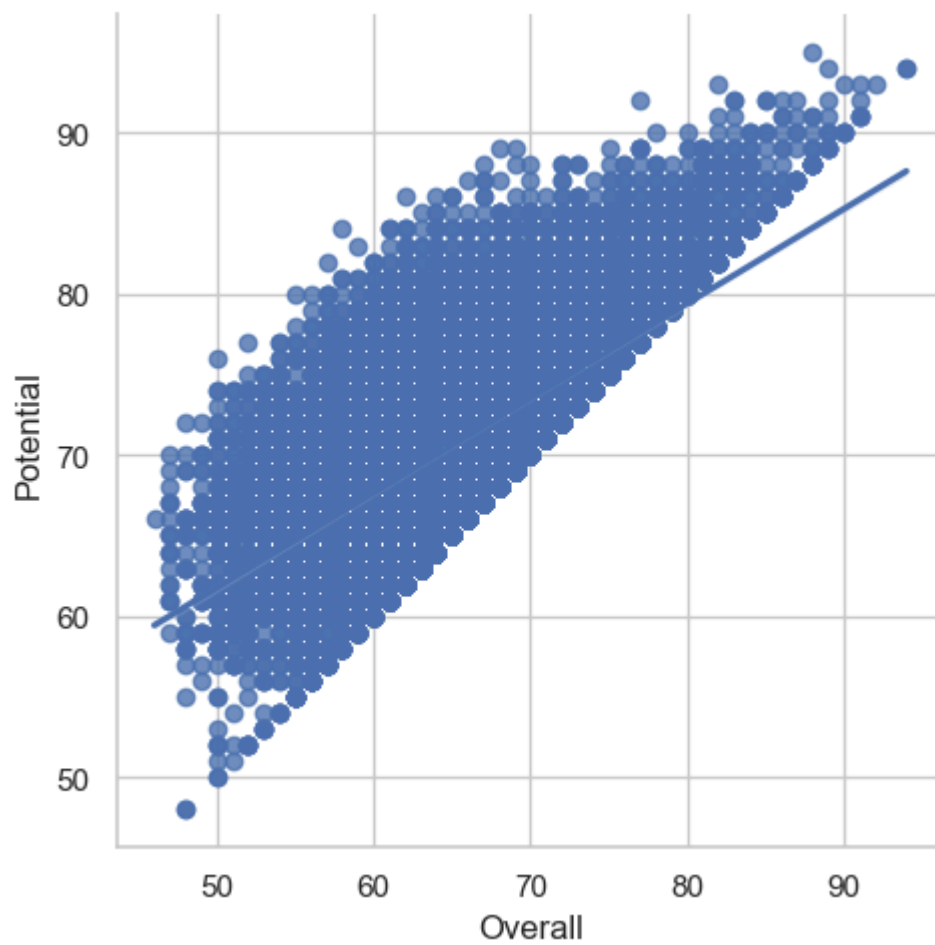
```
# discrete variable and add some jitter
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.regplot(x="International Reputation", y="Potential", data=fifa, x_jitter=.01
plt.show())
```



In [124...

```
# lmpot() function
```

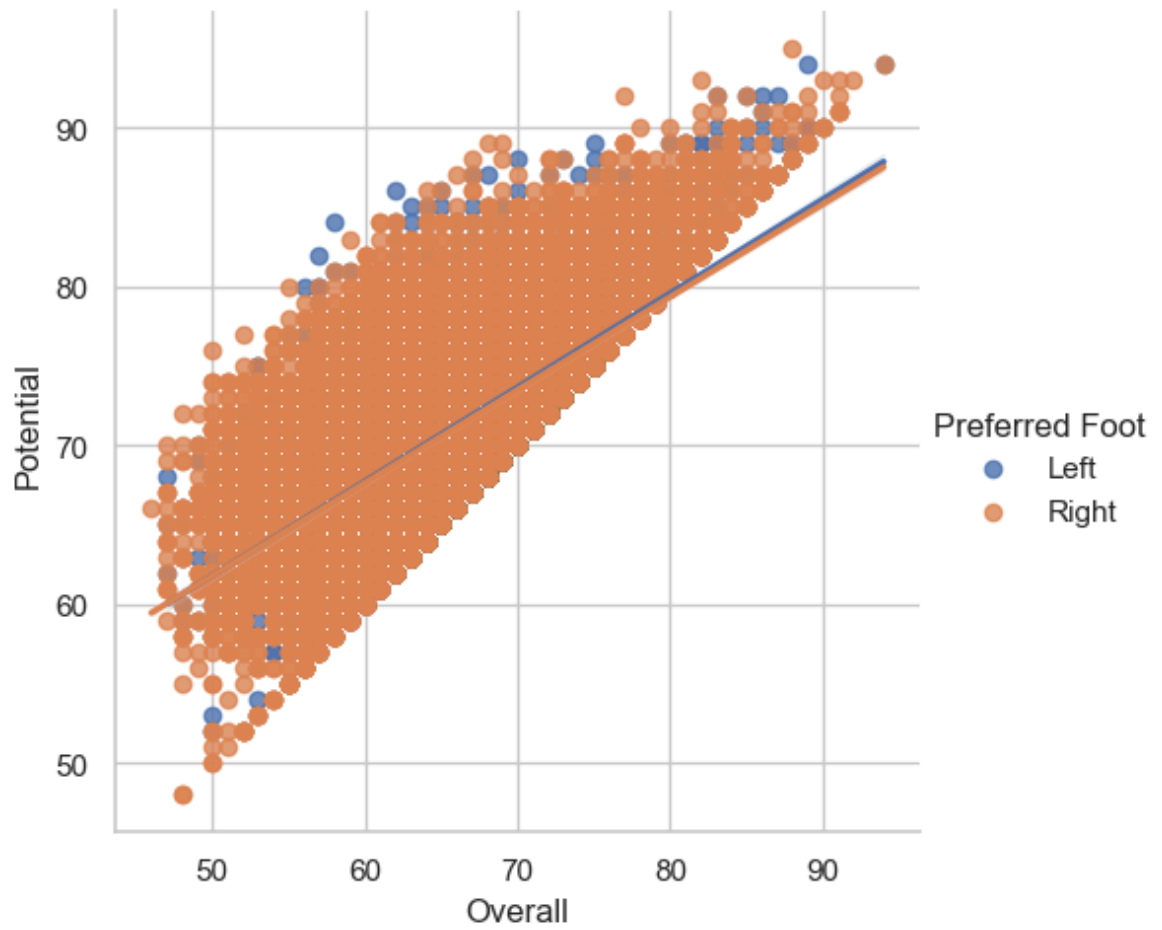
```
g= sns.lmplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa)
```



In [126...

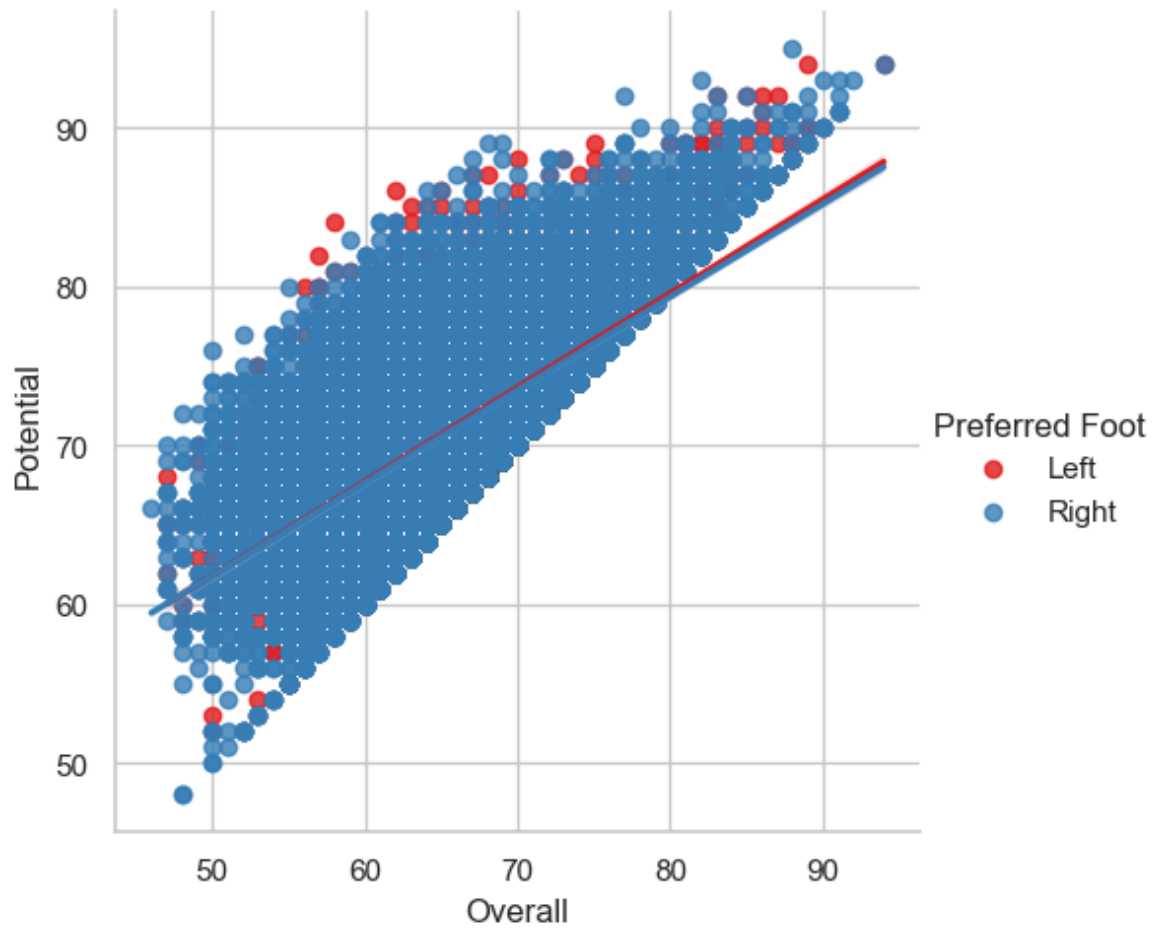
```
# a third variable and plot the levels in different colors
```

```
g= sns.lmplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot", data=fifa)
```



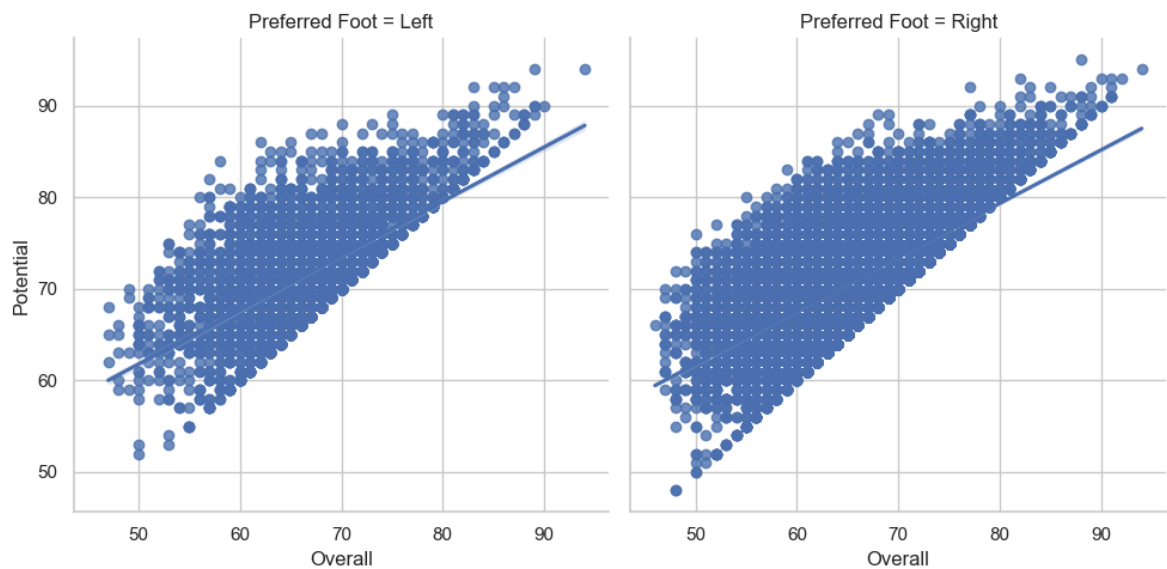
In [128...

```
# different color palette  
g = sns.lmplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", hue="Preferred Foot", data=fifa, palet
```



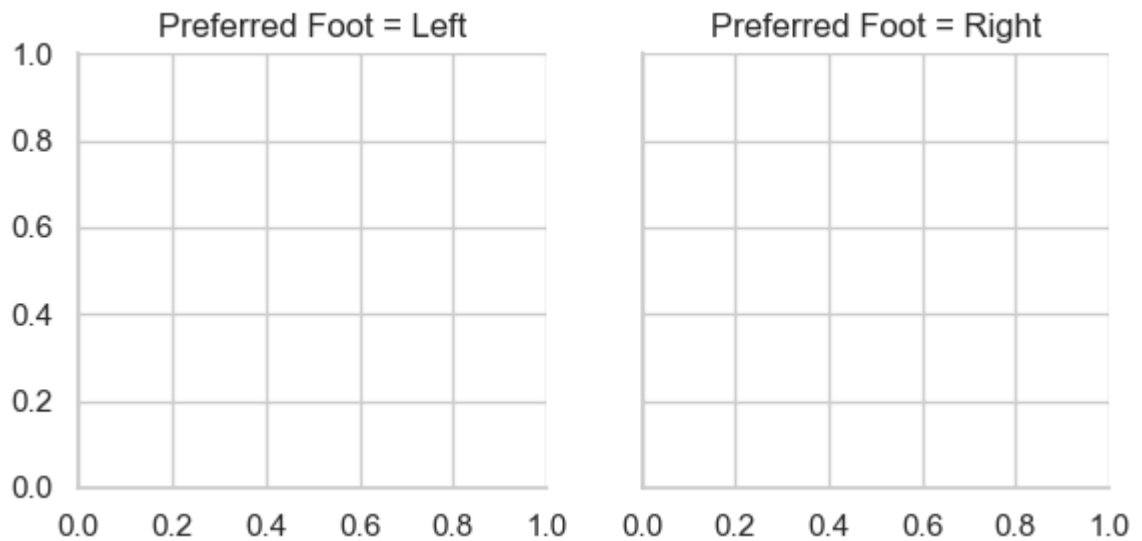
In [130...

```
# evels of the third variable across different columns
g = sns.lmplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", col="Preferred Foot", data=fifa)
```



In [132...

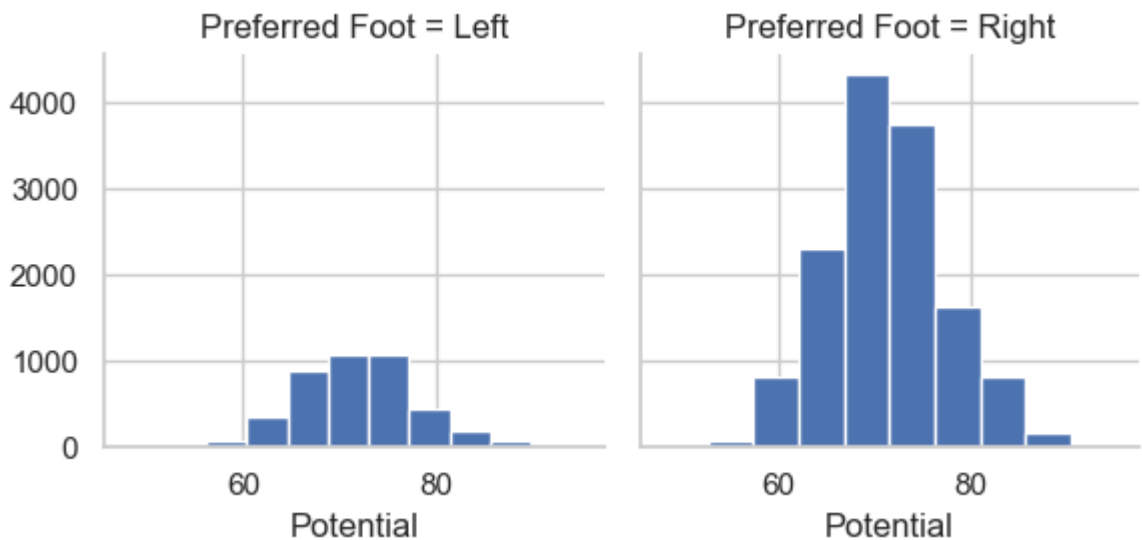
```
# Multi-plot grids-- facetgrid()
g = sns.FacetGrid(fifa, col="Preferred Foot")
```



In [134...

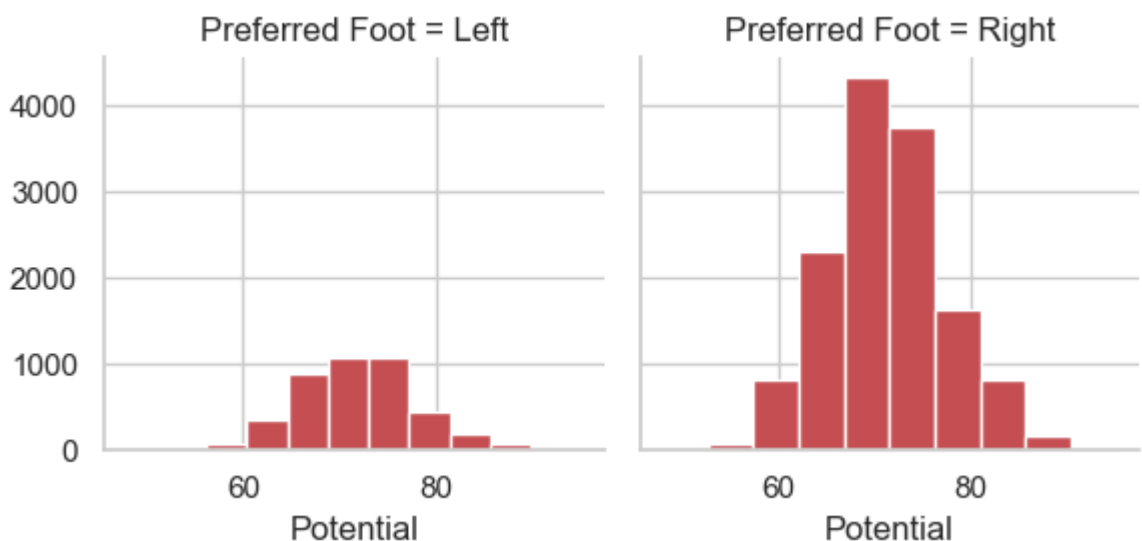
```
# univariate plot of `Potential` variable on each facet

g = sns.FacetGrid(fifa, col="Preferred Foot")
g = g.map(plt.hist, "Potential")
```



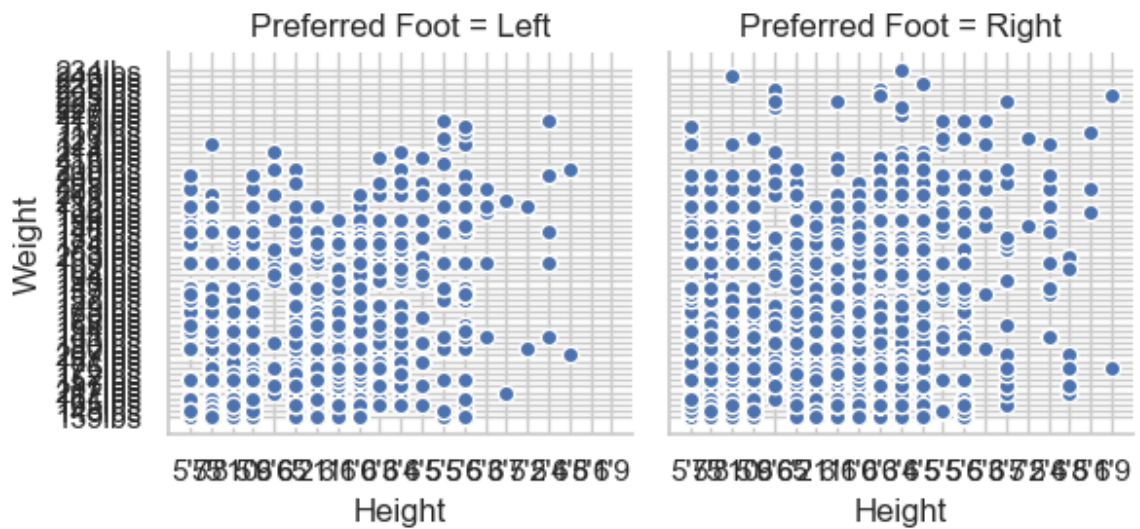
In [136...

```
g = sns.FacetGrid(fifa, col="Preferred Foot")
g = g.map(plt.hist, "Potential", bins=10, color="r")
```



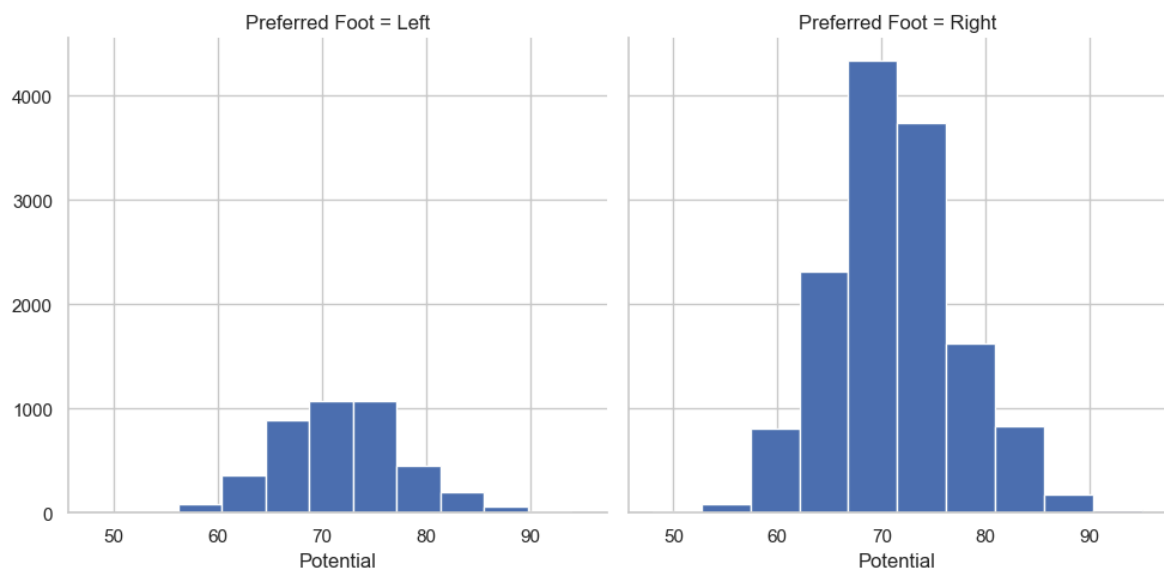
```
In [138... # plot a bivariate function on each facet

g = sns.FacetGrid(fifa, col="Preferred Foot")
g = (g.map(plt.scatter, "Height", "Weight", edgecolor="w")).add_legend()
```



```
In [140... # size of the figure is set by providing the height of each facet

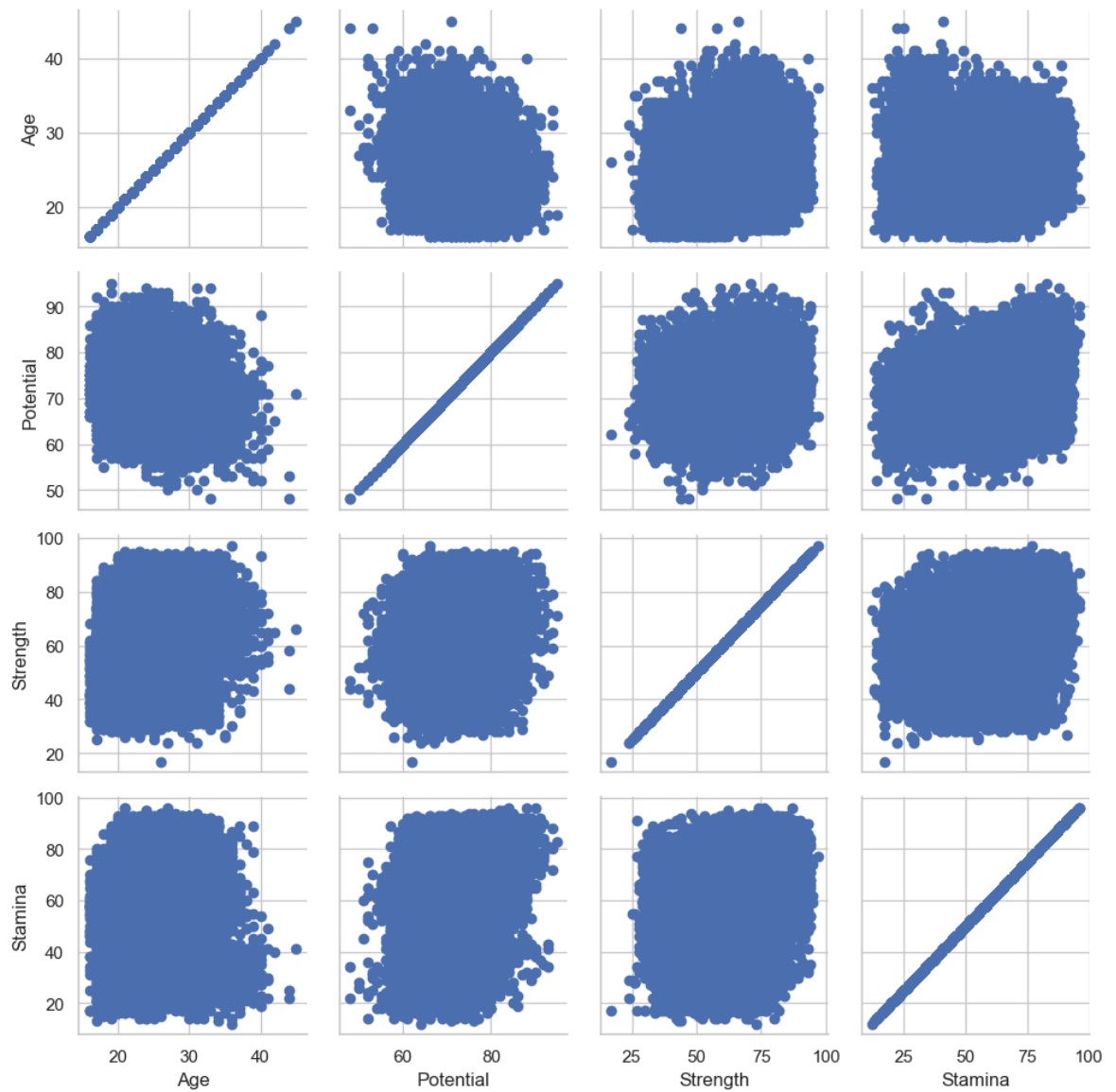
g = sns.FacetGrid(fifa, col="Preferred Foot", height=5, aspect=1)
g = g.map(plt.hist, "Potential")
```



```
In [146... # pairgrid() function

fifa_new = fifa[['Age', 'Potential', 'Strength', 'Stamina', 'Preferred Foot']]
```

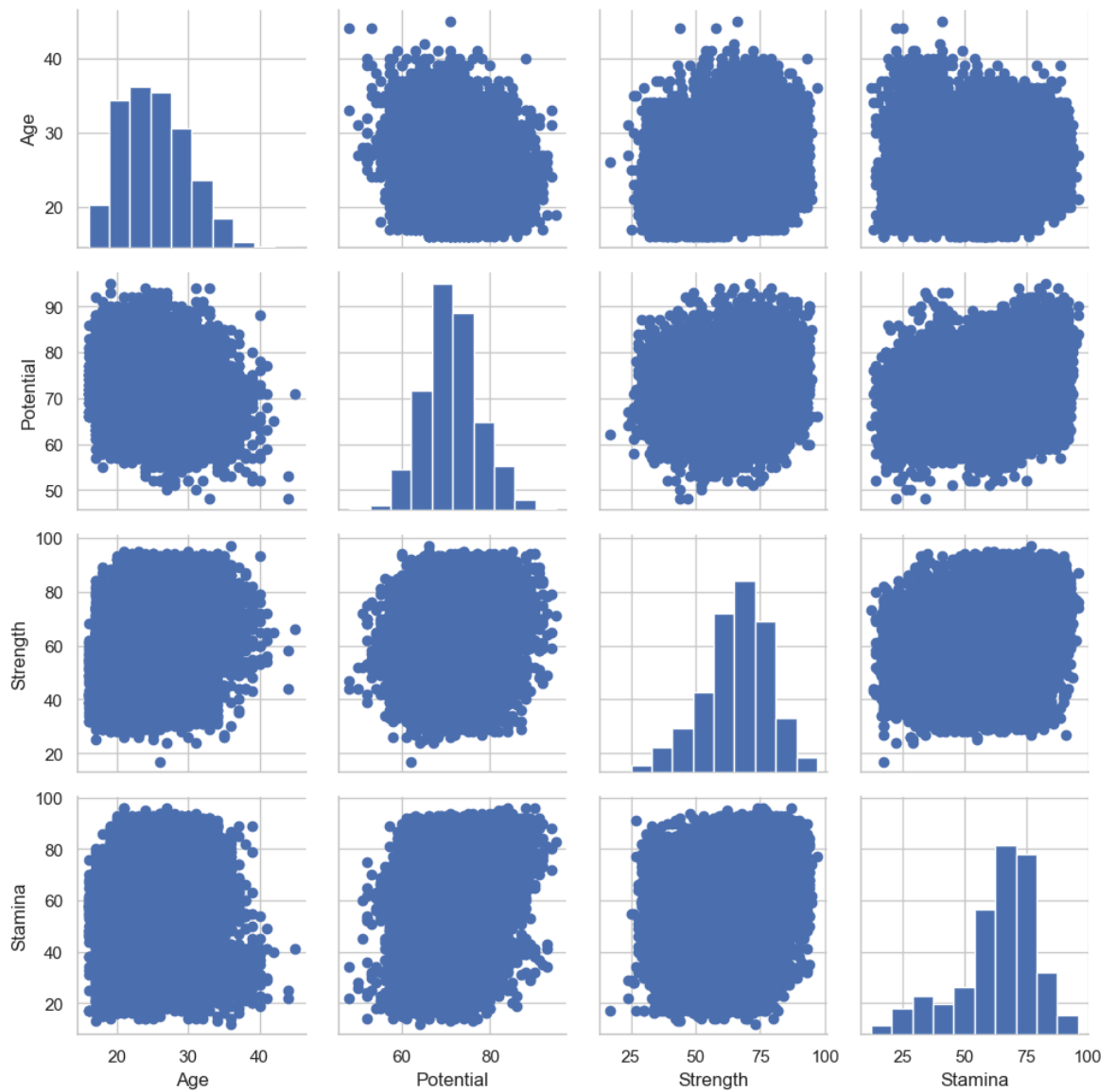
```
In [148... g = sns.PairGrid(fifa_new)
g = g.map(plt.scatter)
```



In [150...

```
# univariate distribution on the diagonal
```

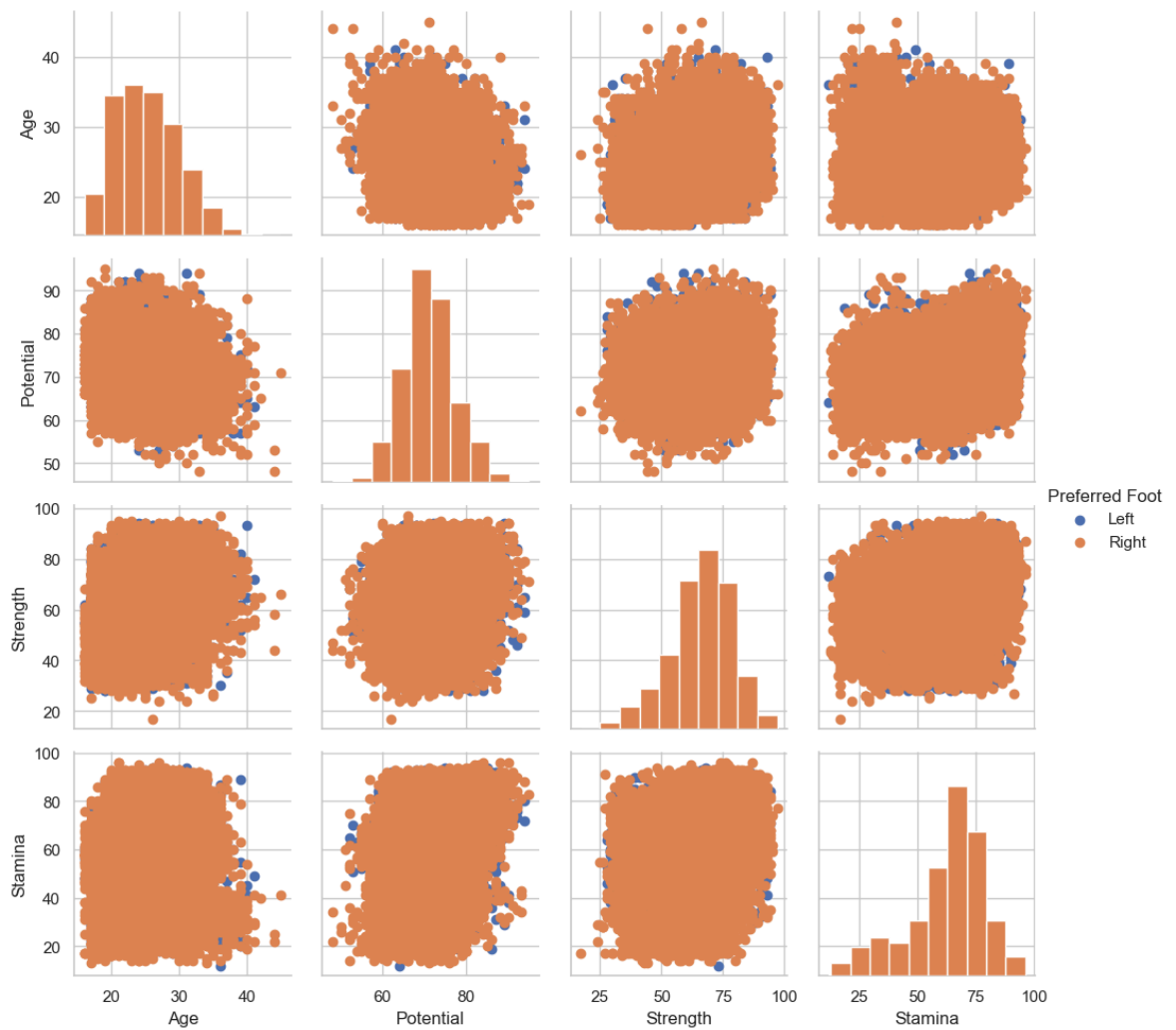
```
g = sns.PairGrid(fifa_new)
g = g.map_diag(plt.hist)
g = g.map_offdiag(plt.scatter)
```



In [153...

```
# points using the categorical variable Preferred Foot

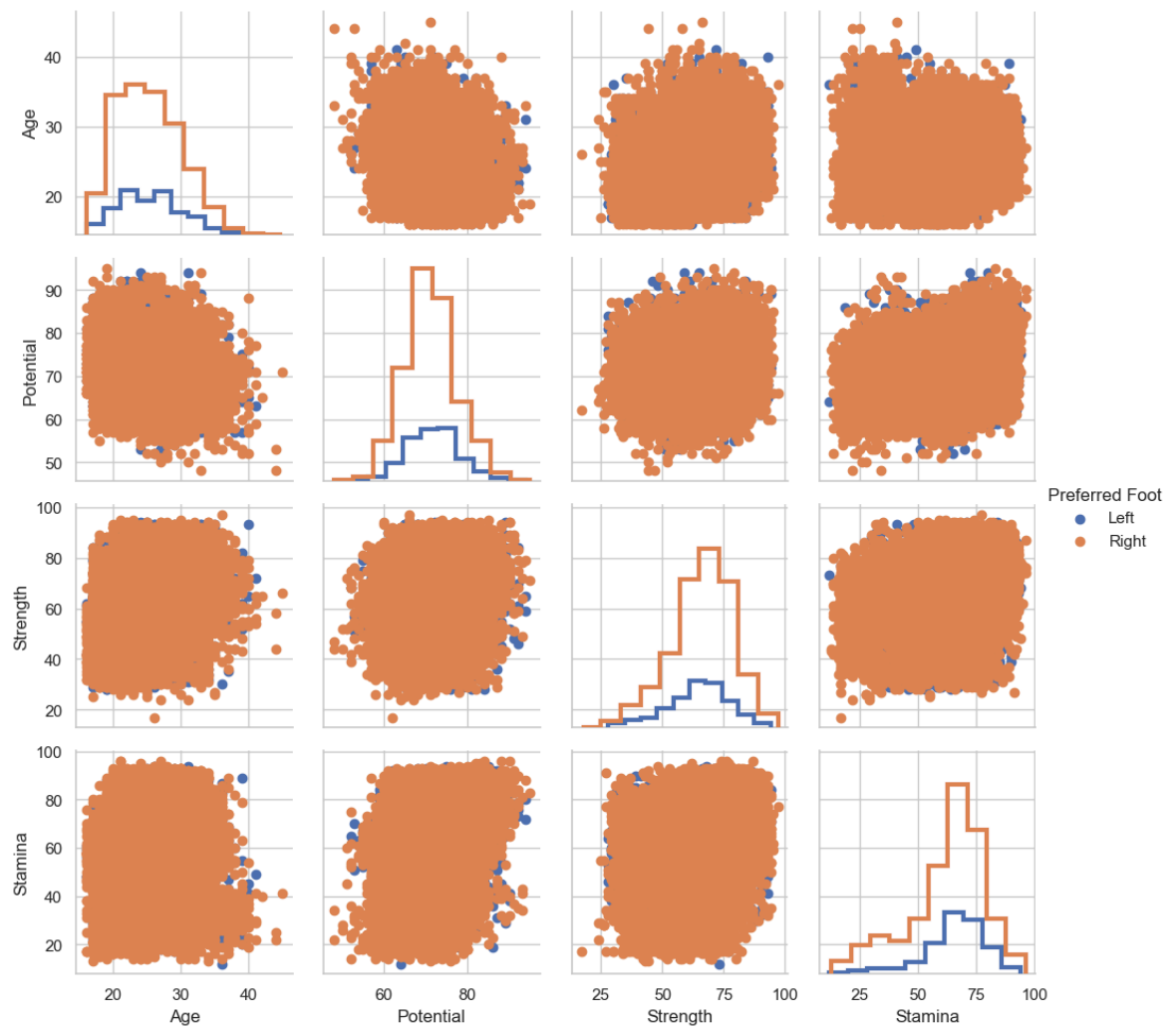
g = sns.PairGrid(fifa_new, hue="Preferred Foot")
g = g.map_diag(plt.hist)
g = g.map_offdiag(plt.scatter)
g = g.add_legend()
```



In [155...

```
# different style to show multiple histograms

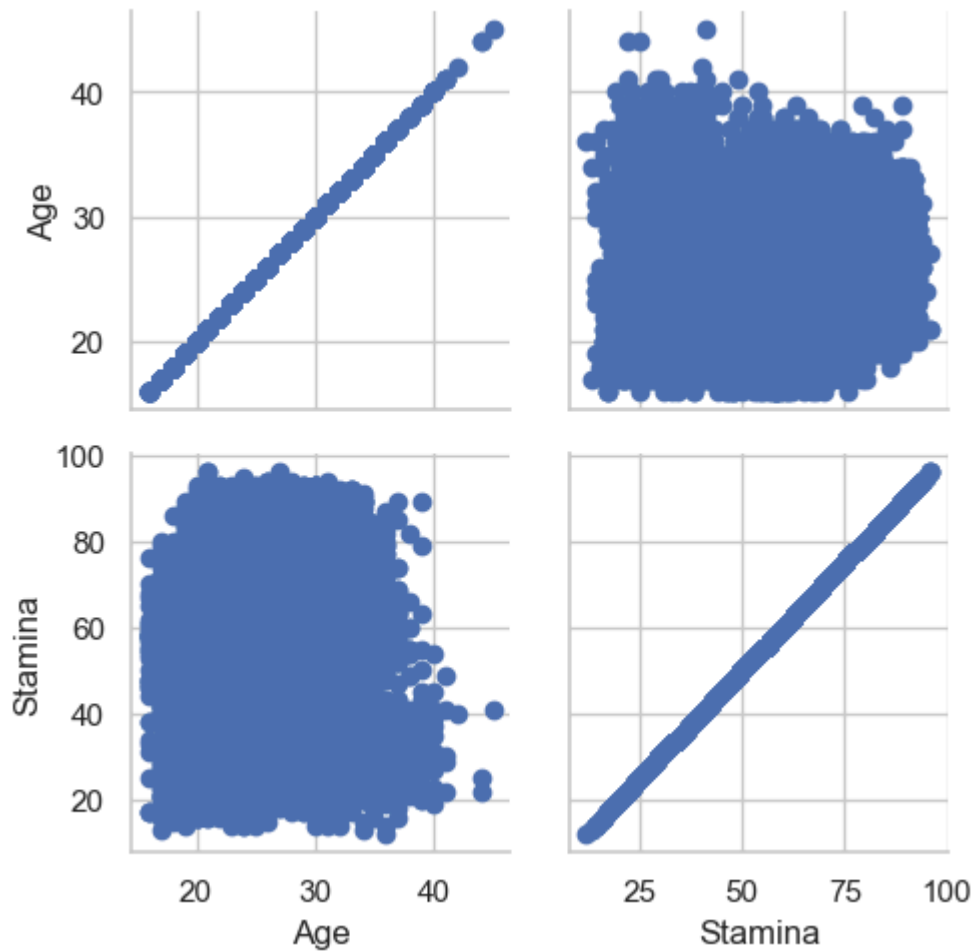
g = sns.PairGrid(fifa_new, hue="Preferred Foot")
g = g.map_diag(plt.hist, histtype="step", linewidth=3)
g = g.map_offdiag(plt.scatter)
g = g.add_legend()
```

In [157...

```
# plot a subset of variables

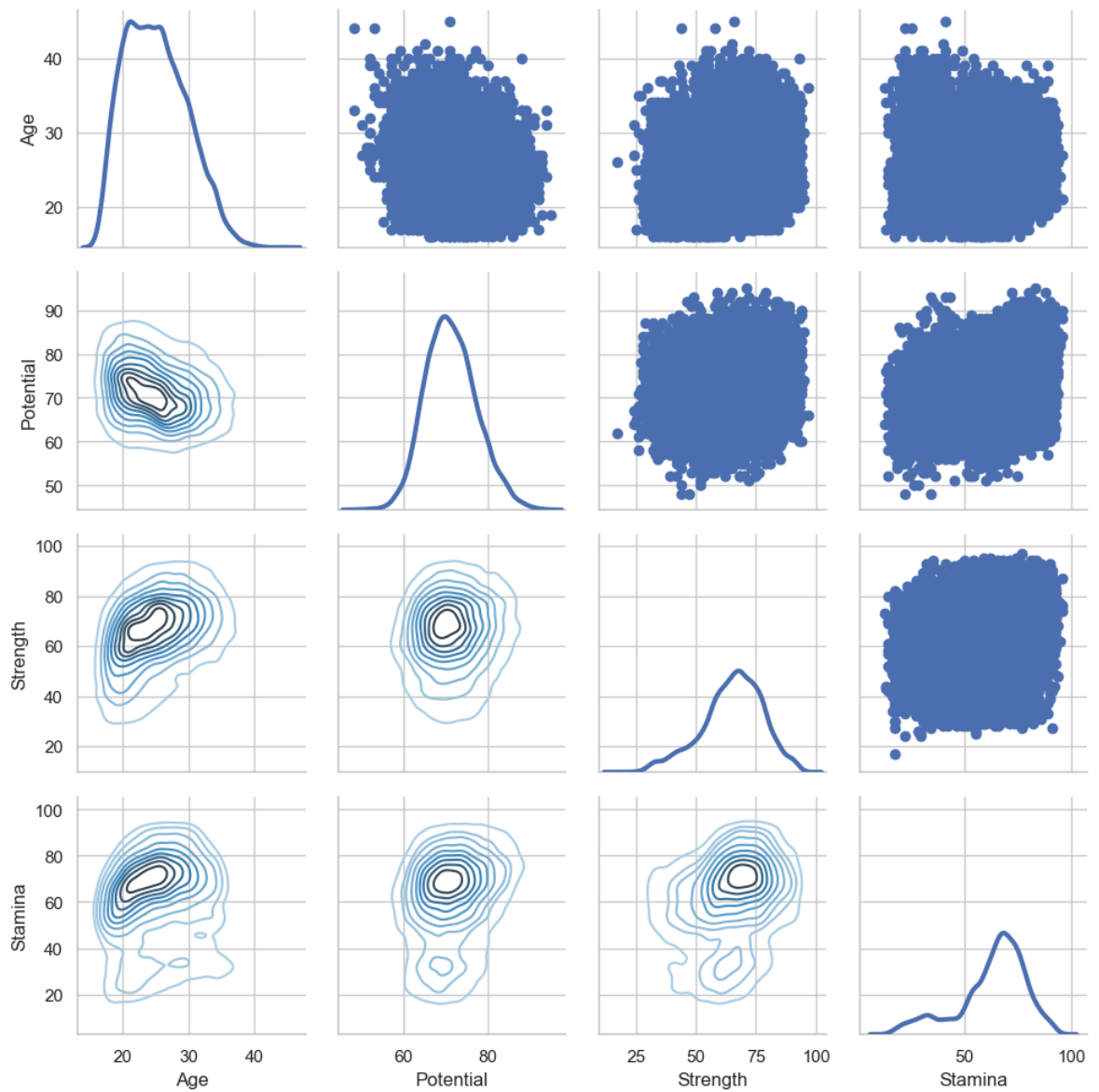
g = sns.PairGrid(fifa_new, vars=['Age', 'Stamina'])
g = g.map(plt.scatter)
```



In [159...

```
# different functions on the upper and lower triangles

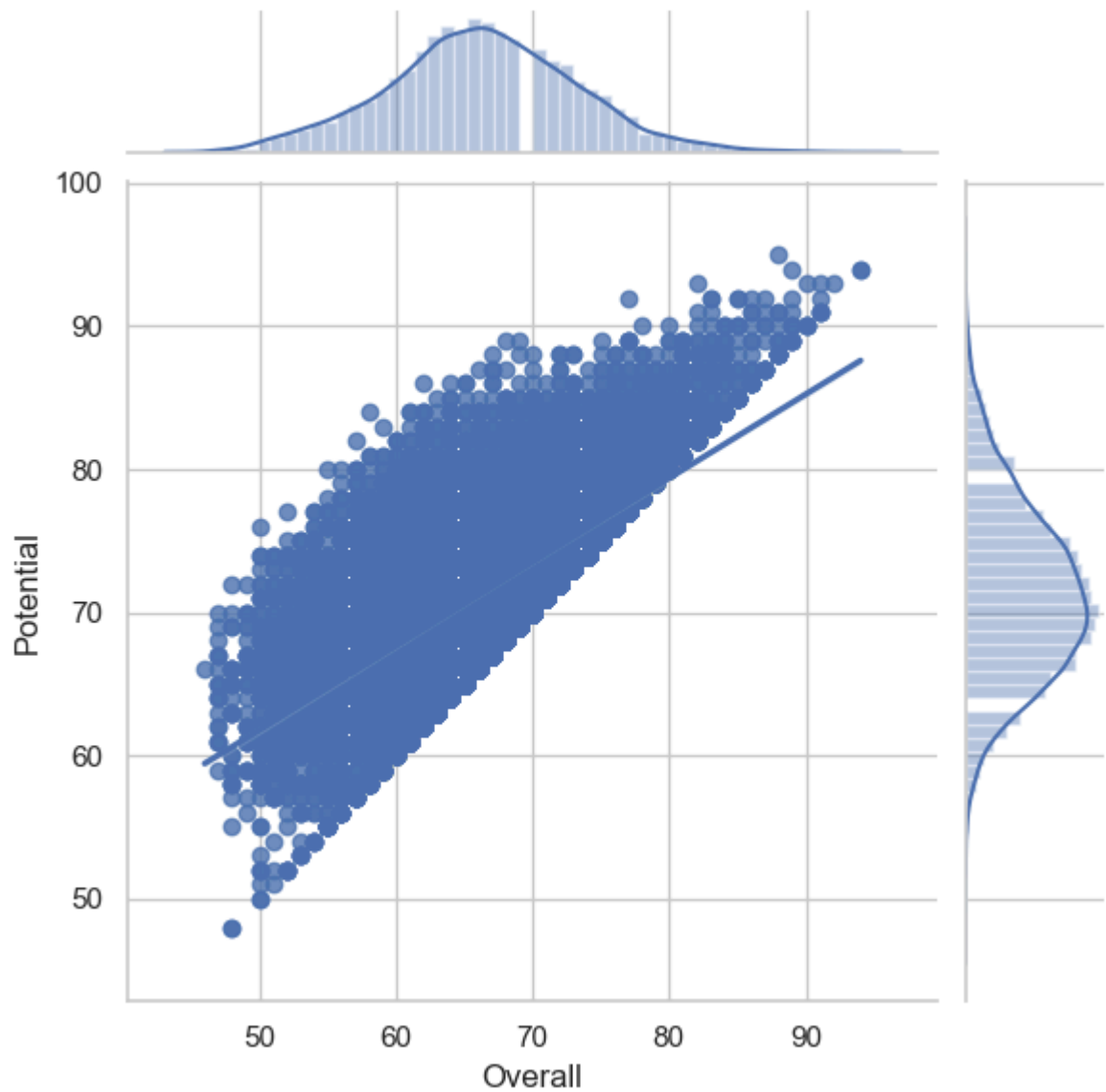
g = sns.PairGrid(fifa_new)
g = g.map_upper(plt.scatter)
g = g.map_lower(sns.kdeplot, cmap="Blues_d")
g = g.map_diag(sns.kdeplot, lw=3, legend=False)
```



In [160...

```
# jointgrid() function

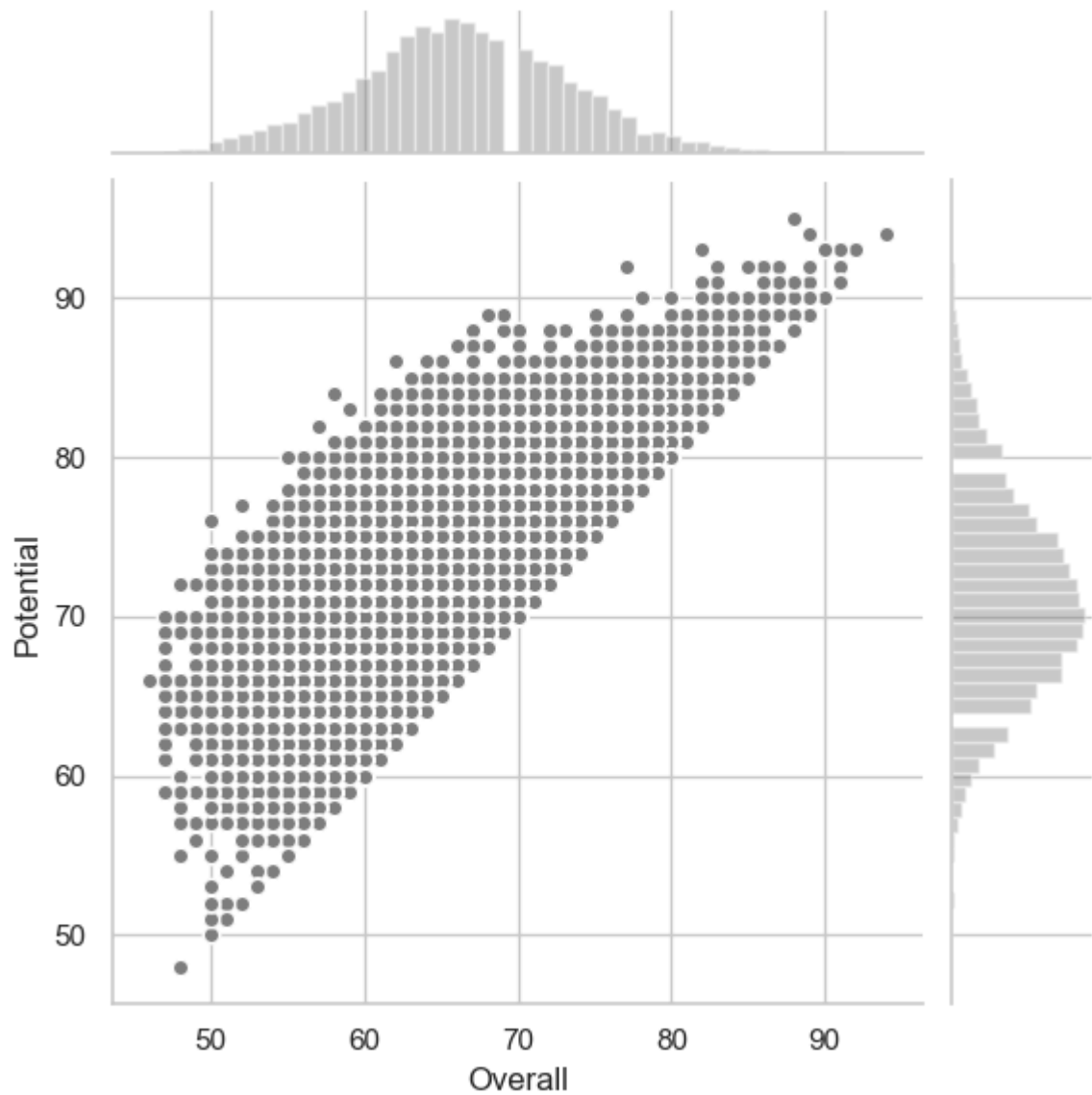
g = sns.JointGrid(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa)
g = g.plot(sns.regplot, sns.distplot)
```



```
In [163... import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

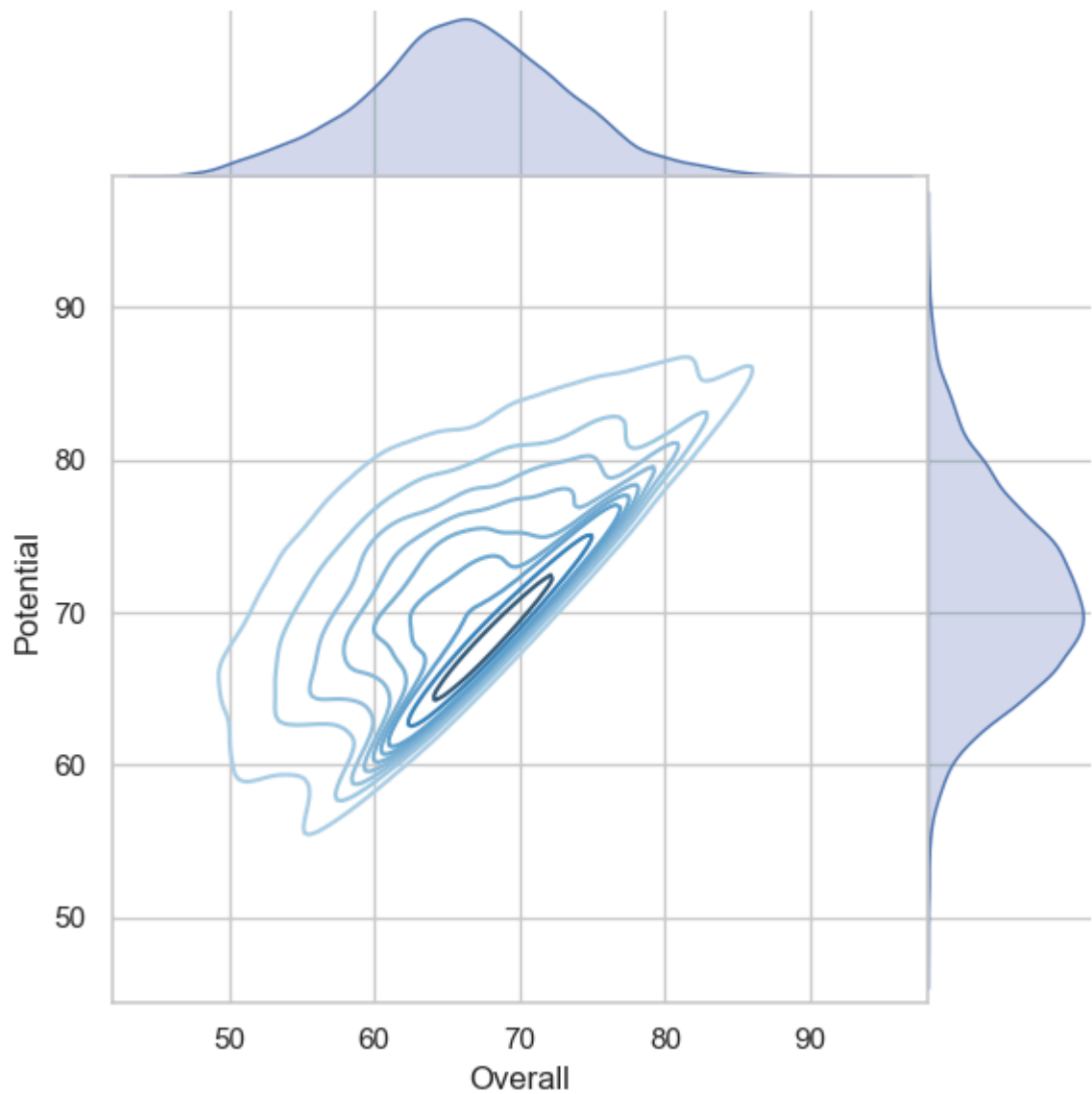
```
In [165... # he join and marginal plots separately, which allows finer-level control other

g = sns.JointGrid(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa)
g = g.plot_joint(plt.scatter, color=".5", edgecolor="white")
g = g.plot_marginals(sns.distplot, kde=False, color=".5")
```



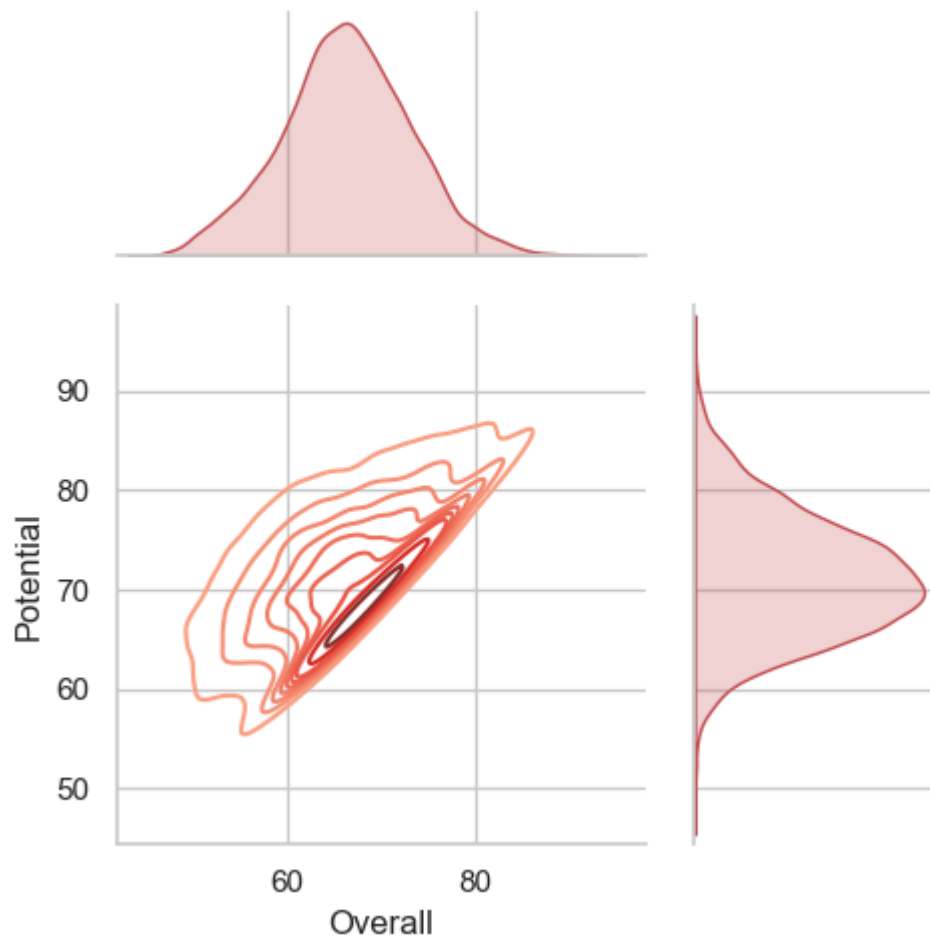
```
In [167... # remove the space between the joint and marginal axes

g = sns.JointGrid(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa, space=0)
g = g.plot_joint(sns.kdeplot, cmap="Blues_d")
g = g.plot_marginals(sns.kdeplot, shade=True)
```



```
In [169... # Smaller plot with relatively larger marginal axes

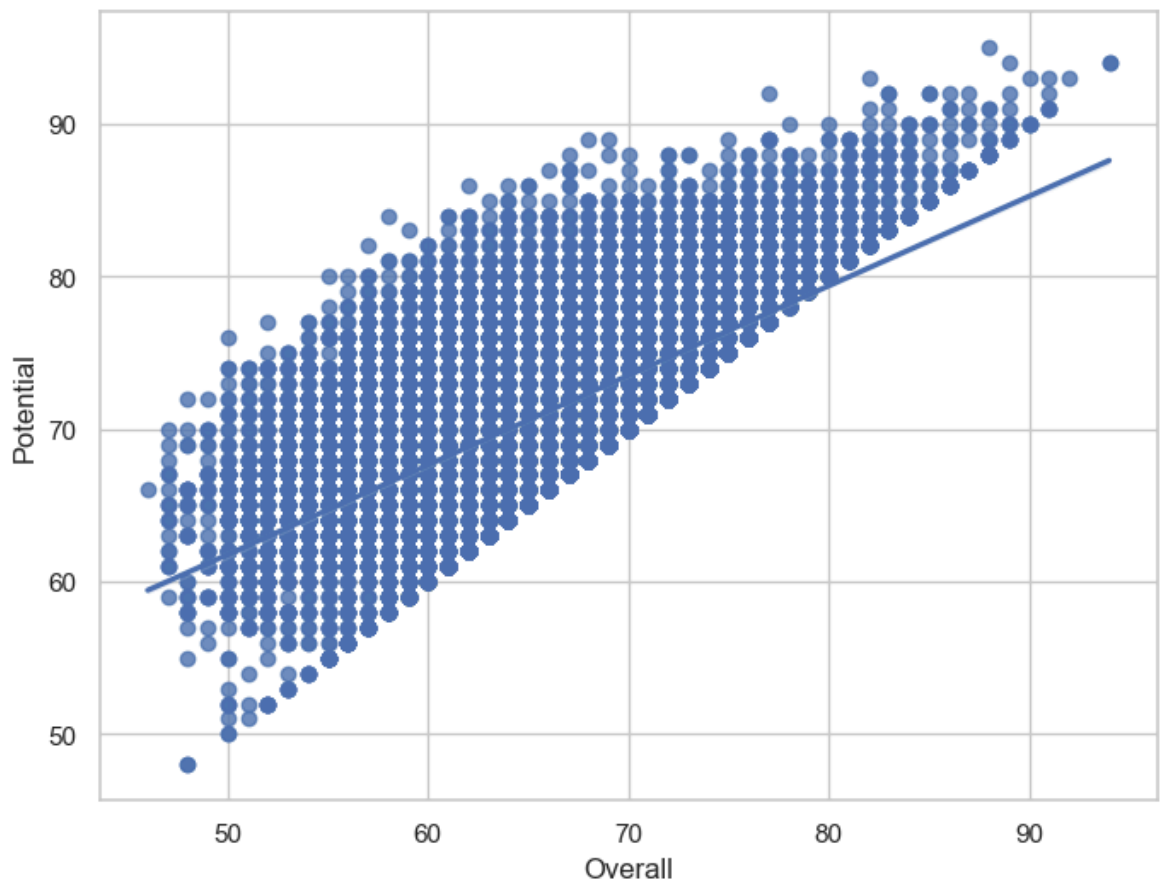
g = sns.JointGrid(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa, height=5, ratio=2)
g = g.plot_joint(sns.kdeplot, cmap="Reds_d")
g = g.plot_marginals(sns.kdeplot, color="r", shade=True)
```



In [175...

```
# Controlling the size and shape of the plot
# regplot() and lmpot()

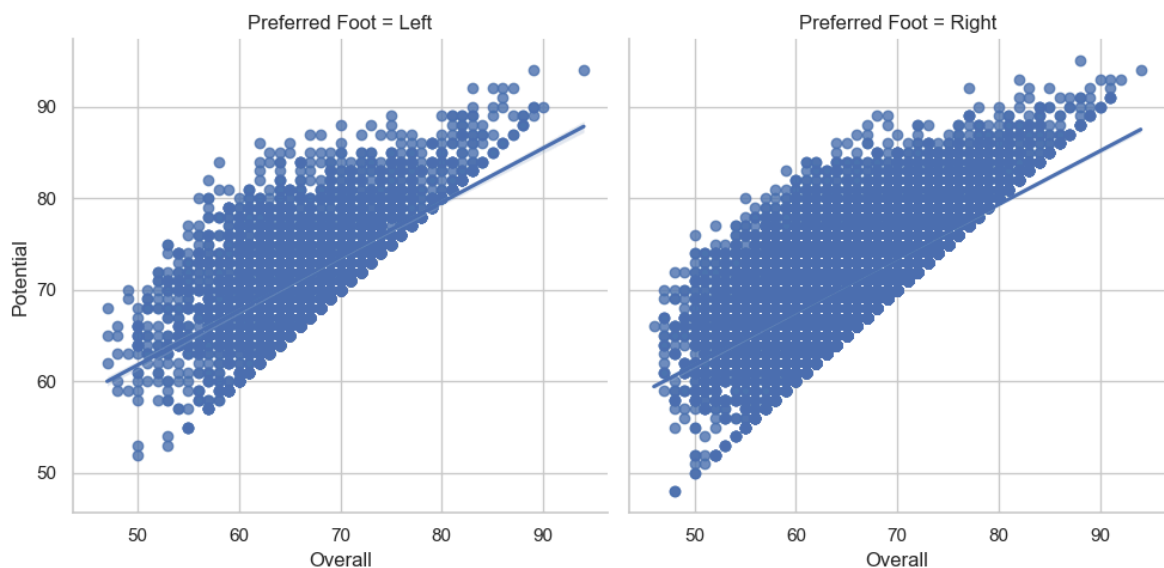
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 6))
ax = sns.regplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", data=fifa);
```



```
In [173... # lmplot()

sns.lmplot(x="Overall", y="Potential", col="Preferred Foot", data=fifa, col_wrap=2)

Out[173... <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x21fe97e63c0>
```

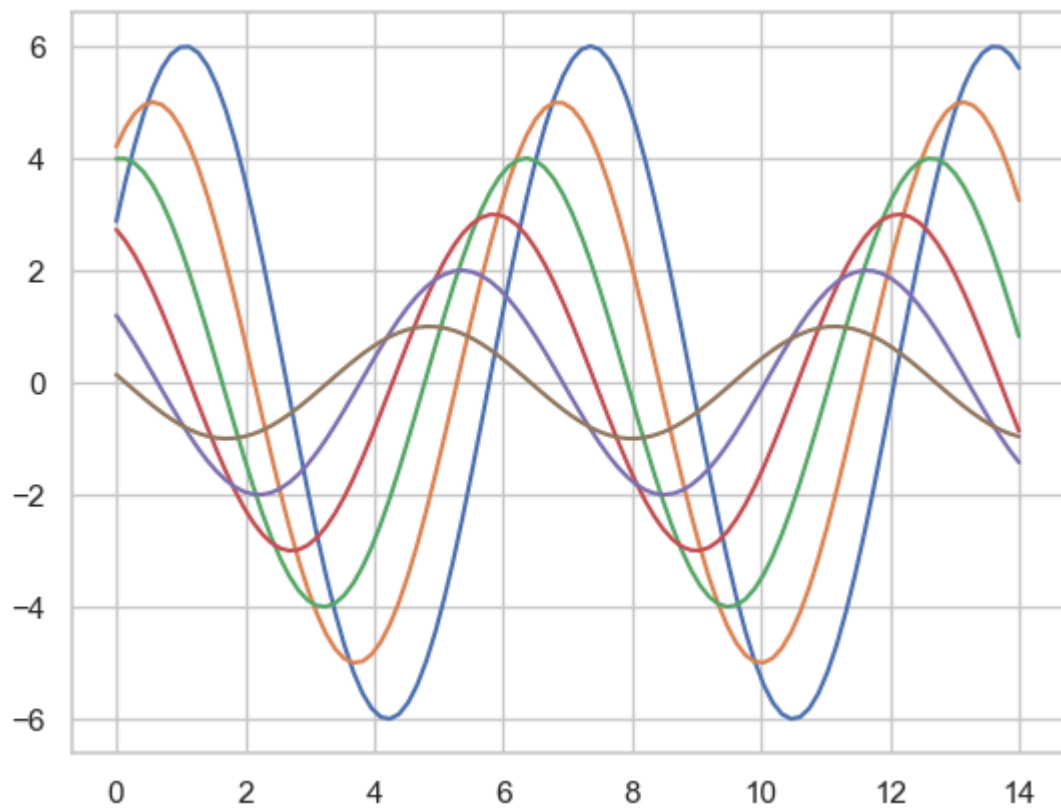


```
In [177... # figures styles
# darkgrid, hitegrid,dark,white and ticks

def sinplot(flip=1):
    x = np.linspace(0, 14, 100)
    for i in range(1, 7):
        plt.plot(x, np.sin(x + i * .5) * (7 - i) * flip)
```

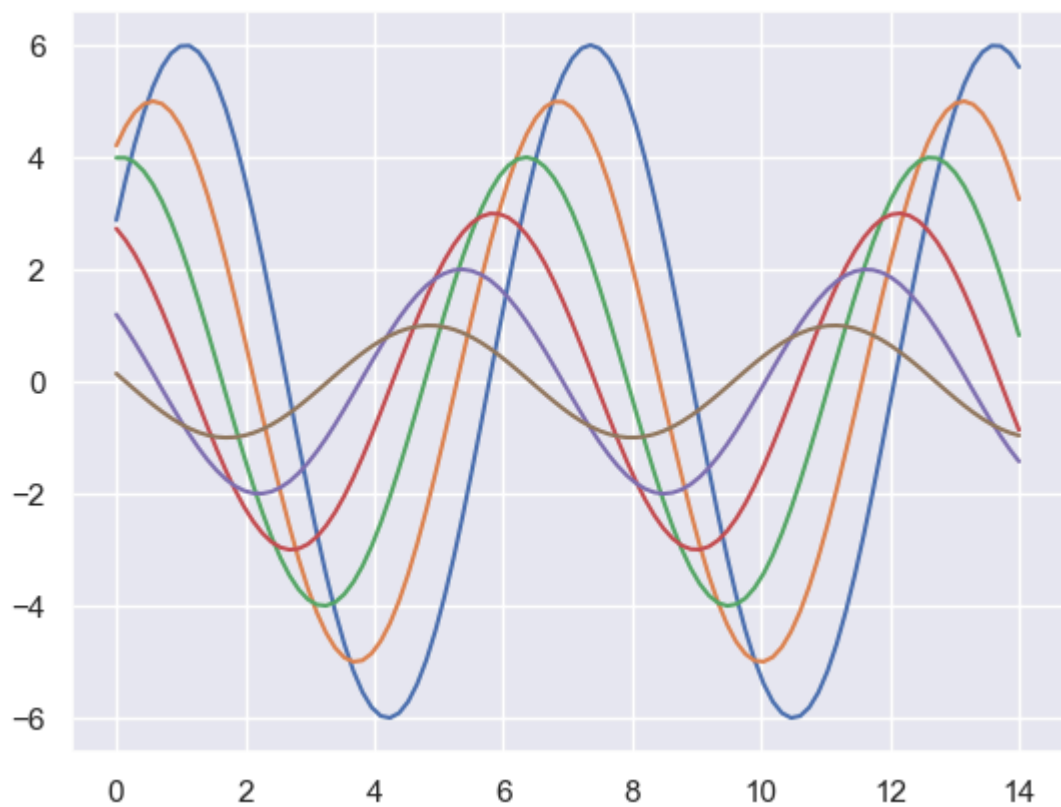

In [179... `# plot looks like with matplotlib default parameters`

```
sinplot()
```



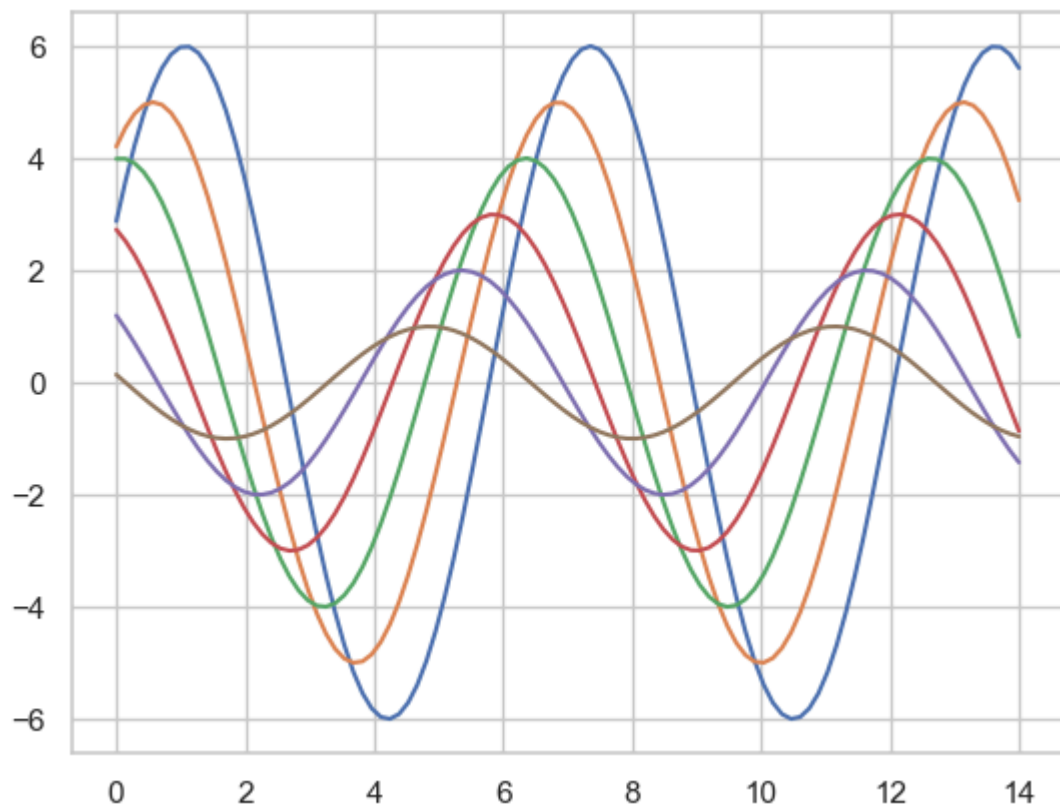
In [181... `# set() function`

```
sns.set()  
sinplot()
```



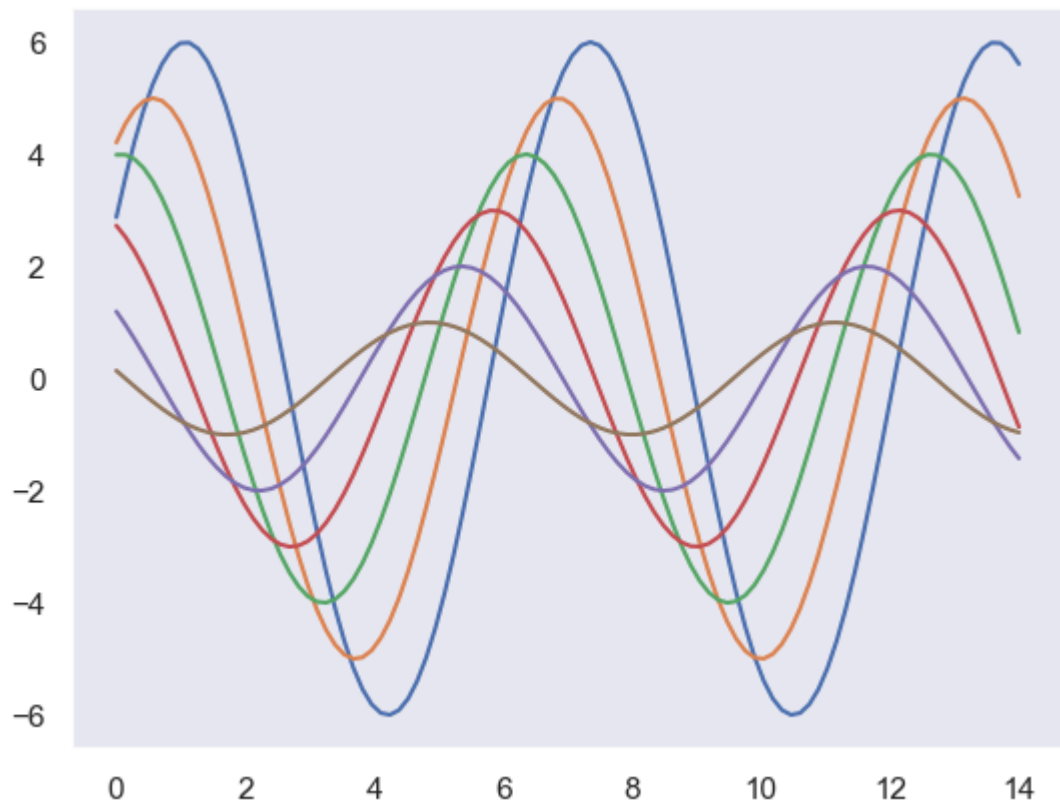
In [183...

```
# different styles  
  
sns.set_style("whitegrid")  
sinplot()
```

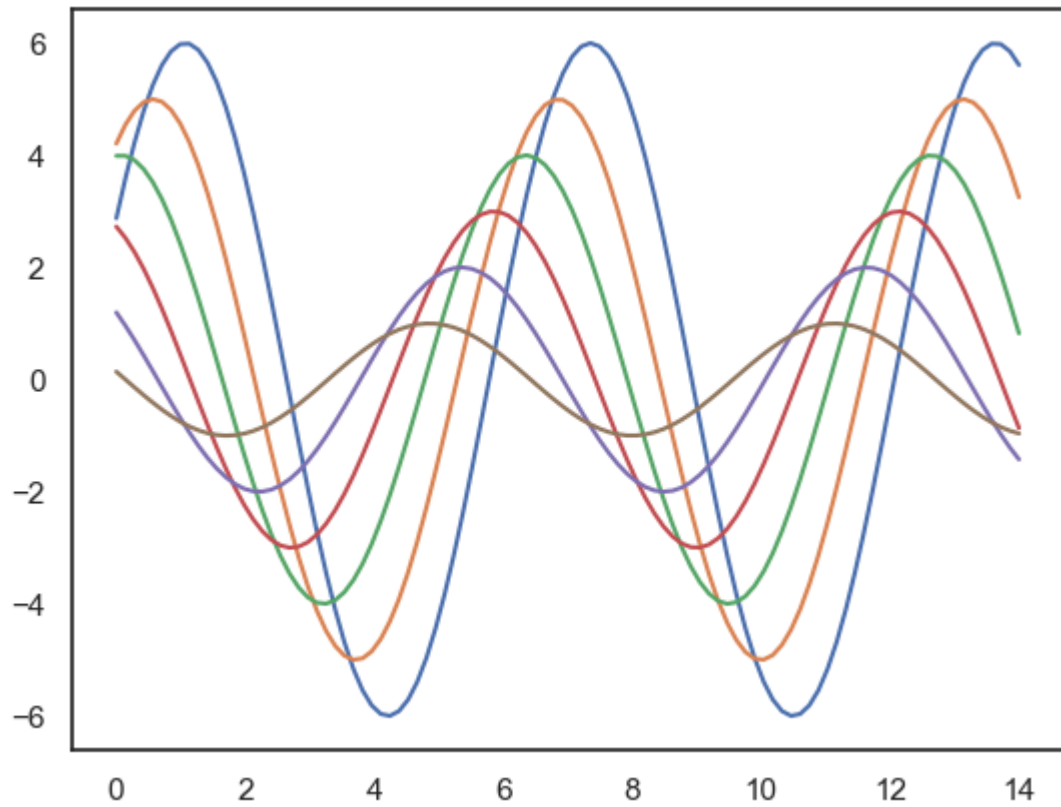


In [185...

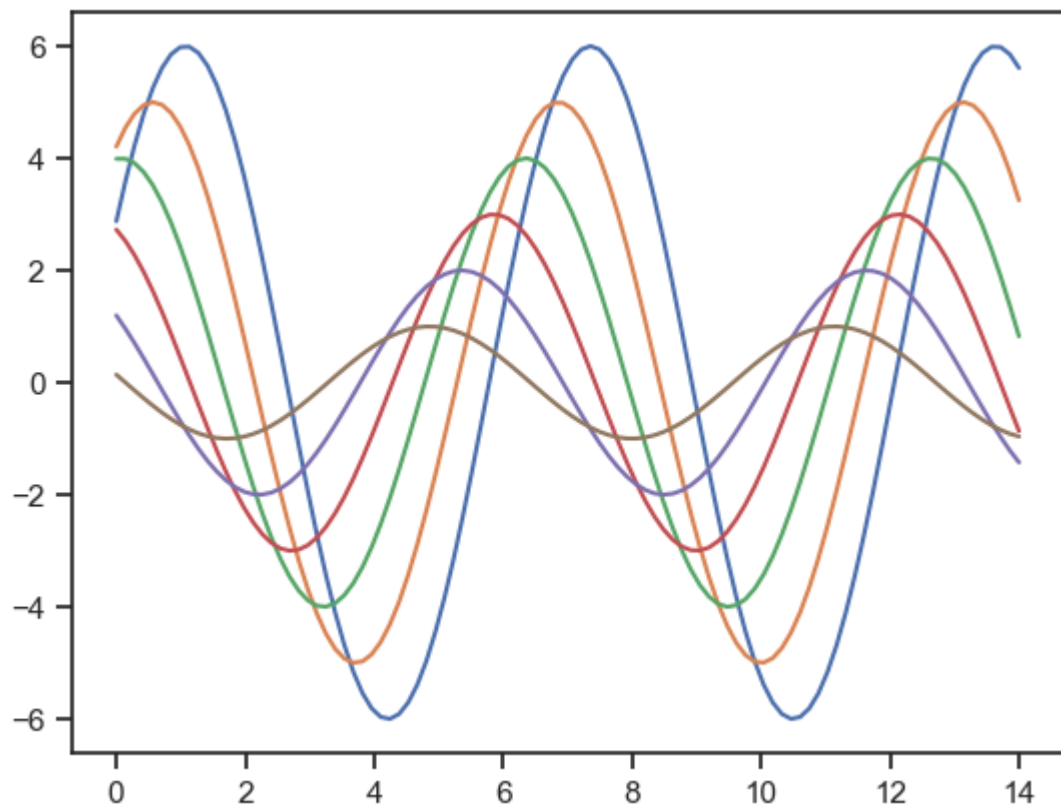
```
sns.set_style("dark")  
sinplot()
```



```
In [187... sns.set_style("white")  
sinplot()
```



```
In [189... sns.set_style("ticks")  
sinplot()
```



```
In [ ]:
```