

Congratulations! You passed!

Grade Latest Submission received 100% Grade 100%

To pass 70% or higher

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1. In the following declaration, what is the type of the variable 'pi'?	1/1 point
var pi = "3.14";	
○ float	
string	
O char	
number	
Correct Correct. Variables in JavaScript assumes the data type from of a variable when it's assigned, meaning in this case `pi` is the same type as "3.14". Since "3.14" contains multiple characters in quotation marks, i a string. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" and "JavaScript Variables and Contress Statements" videos for more information.	it is
2. How do you define an array called array1 in JavaScript?	1/1 point
ovar array1 = new Array((1,2,3))	
\bigcirc var array1 = (1,2,3)	
ovar array1 = new Array[1,2,3]	
• var array1 = [1,2,3]	
Correct Correct. Array literals are created by declaring array elements within square brackets, as shown above. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" video for more information.	
3. What does the following statement do?	1/1 point
var ndate = new Date();	
Assigns the current Greenwich Mean Time to ndate	
Assigns an empty string with the properties of dates to ndate	
Assigns the current local time to ndate	
O Returns an error	
Correct Correct. Providing no arguments to the Date constructor returns the current local time based on your system settings. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" video for more information.	
4. Which DOM function returns a node object matching a div with an id value "example_id"?	1/1 point
O document.getElementById(div, "example_id")	
O element.getNodeById("example_id")	
document.getElementById("example_id")	
O div.getValueOf("example_id")	
Correct Correct. To get an object given a specified id, the document.getElementById() method should be used. This looks for a specific id, and does not differentiate between the different tags. Refer to the "JavaScrip DOM Objects" video for more information.	ot
5. How are numbers converted to strings?	1/1 point
O toString(123)	
(123).toString()	
O (123).string	
O string(123)	

	Correct. Converting a value to a String requires calling the "toString" method on the object (in this case numbers) and providing no arguments. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" video for more information.	
6.	What is the value of 'total' after the following statement is executed? var total = 10 + 1 +" 3";	1/1 point
	 "113" This results in an error 14 "1013" 	
	○ Correct Correct. JavaScript will execute this statement in order. 10 and 1 are both numbers and will be added as such (10 + 1 = 11). Then, this new value (11) will be concatenated with the string "3", resulting in "113". Refer to the "JavaScript - Browser Console" reading for more information.	
7.	What would the alert be, when the following code is executed?	1 / 1 point
	var a = new String("Hello");	
	var b = "Hello";	
	if (a ===b){	
	alert("Same");	
	}else{	
	alert("Different");	
	}	
	○ Same	
	Different	
	O It would not give any alert as it is an error	
	None of the above	
	○ Correct Correct. The "===" operation checks if the operand on the left is of equal value and equal type to the operand on right. Since Strings declared by the String wrapper object are different than the primitive string data type, `a` and `b` are different types, despite them being the same values. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" video and the "JavaScript – Browser Console" reading for more information.	
	Which of the following is the proper way to create a `for` loop?	a da matera
٥.		1/1 point
	O loop (for i = minVal; i < maxVal; i++) { }	
	for (var i = minVal; i < maxVal; i++) { } for (var i = minVal; i++; i < maxVal) { }	
	of for (i < maxVal) {}	
	Correct. A for loop requires 3 expressions within the parentheses: an initial expression, a conditional expression, and an increment expression. The expressions must appear in the order listed, and must be separated by a semi-colon (;), as shown in this example. Refer to the "JavaScript Variables and Control Statements" video for more information.	
9.	Select all of the following which are <i>proper</i> ways to add a `color` property to a custom `Car` object.	1/1 point
	Car.color = "Red"	, ,
	✓ Car.cotor = "Red"	
	Correct Correct. All objects have a corresponding prototype, which make it easy to add properties and methods to all current and future instances of that object. Above is the correct usage of adding a property to a prototype. Refer to the "JavaScript Functions and Prototypes" video for more information.	
	Modify the code of the Car object directly to add a `color` parameter in the constructor	
	 Correct Correct. Modifying the object code directly is one way to add methods and properties to it. However, there 	

⊘ Correct

are easier ways to do so. Refer to the "JavaScript Functions and Prototypes" video for more information.	
Car.prototype(Color, "Red")	
10. Which of the following is not an event binder in JavaScript?	1 / 1 poi
onhover	
Onmouseover	
Onclick	
Onload	
Correct Correct. Onhover is not a valid event in JavaScript. A different event binder is used for when a user hovers over an element. Refer to the "Client-Side Javascript with HTML" video for more information.	