

Hands-on Lab: Sub-queries and Nested SELECTs

Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

In this lab, you will run through some SQL practice problems that will provide hands-on experience with nested SQL SELECT statements (also known as Sub-queries).

How does a typical Nested SELECT statement syntax look?

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Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use an <u>IBM Db2 Database</u>. Db2 is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) from IBM, designed to store, analyze and retrieve data efficiently.

To complete this lab you will utilize a Db2 database service on IBM Cloud. If you did not already complete this lab task earlier in this module, you will not yet have access to Db2 on IBM Cloud, and you will need to follow the lab below first:

Hands-on Lab: Sign up for IBM Cloud, Create Db2 service instance and Get started with the Db2 console

Database Used in this Lab

The database used in this lab is an internal database. You will be working on a sample HR database. This HR database schema consists of 5 tables called **EMPLOYEES**, **JOB_HISTORY**, **JOBS**, **DEPARTMENTS** and **LOCATIONS**. Each table has a few rows of sample data. The following diagram shows the tables for the HR database:

SAMPLE HR DATABASE TABLES

EMPLOYEES EMP ID F_NAME L_NAME SSN B_DATE SEX **ADDRESS** JOB ID SALARY MANAGER_ID DEP_ID 5631 Rice, OakPark,IL 100 123456 1976-01-09 100000 30001 Thomas E1002 Alice 123457 1972-07-31 980 Berry In, Elgin,IL 200 80000 30002 James E1003 Wells 291 Springs, Gary, IL 30002 Steve 123458 1980-08-10 50000 5

JOB_HISTORY			
EMPL_ID	START_DATE	JOBS_ID	DEPT_ID
E1001	2000-01-30	100	2
E1002	2010-08-16	200	5
E1003	2016-08-10	300	5

JOBS			
JOB_IDENT	JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY	MAX_SALARY
100	Sr. Architect	60000	100000
200	Sr.SoftwareDeveloper	60000	80000
300	Jr.SoftwareDeveloper	40000	60000

DEPT_ID_DEP	DEP_NAME	MANAGER_ID	LOC_ID
2	Architect Group	30001	L0001
5	Software Development	30002	L0002
7	Design Team	30003	L0003
5	Software	30004	L0004

LOCT_ID	DEP_ID_LOC
L0001	2
L0002	5
L0003	7

NOTE: This lab requires you to have all 5 of these tables of the HR database populated with sample data on Db2. If you didn't complete the earlier lab in this module, you won't have the tables above populated with sample data on Db2, so you will need to go through the lab below first:

• Hands-on Lab: Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables

Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- Write SQL queries that demonstrate the necessity of using sub-queries
- Compose sub-queries in the where clause
- Build Column Expressions (i.e. sub-query in place of a column)
- Write Table Expressions (i.e. sub-query in place of a table)

NOTE: Make sure that you are using the CSV file and datasets from the same instruction file.

Instructions

When you approach the exercises in this lab, follow the instructions to run the queries on Db2:

• Go to the <u>Resource List</u> of IBM Cloud by logging in where you can find the Db2 service instance that you created in a previous lab under **Services** section. Click on the **Db2-xx service**. Next, open the Db2 Console by clicking on **Open Console** button. Click on the 3-bar menu icon in the top left corner and go to the **Run SQL** page. The Run SQL tool enables you to run SQL statements.

• If needed, follow <u>Hands-on Lab</u>: <u>Sign up for IBM Cloud</u>, <u>Create Db2 service instance and Get started</u> with the Db2 console

Exercise:

1. Problem:

Execute a failing query (i.e. one which gives an error) to retrieve all employees records whose salary is lower than the average salary.

- ► Hint
- **▶** Solution
- ► Output

2. Problem:

Execute a working query using a sub-select to retrieve all employees records whose salary is lower than the average salary.

- ► Hint
- **▼** Solution

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
1. select EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, SALARY
2. from employees
3. where SALARY < (select AVG(SALARY)
4. from employees);
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```

► Output

3. Problem:

Execute a failing query (i.e. one which gives an error) to retrieve all employees records with EMP_ID, SALARY and maximum salary as MAX_SALARY in every row.

- ► Hint
- **▼** Solution

```
1. 1
2. 2
1. select EMP_ID, SALARY, MAX(SALARY) AS MAX_SALARY
2. from employees;
```

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► Output

4. Problem:

Execute a Column Expression that retrieves all employees records with EMP_ID, SALARY and maximum salary as MAX SALARY in every row.

- ► Hint
- **▼** Solution
 - 1. 1
 - 2. 2
 - 1. select EMP_ID, SALARY, (select MAX(SALARY) from employees) AS MAX_SALARY
 - 2. from employees;

```
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```

► Output

5. Problem:

Execute a Table Expression for the EMPLOYEES table that excludes columns with sensitive employee data (i.e. does not include columns: SSN, B_DATE, SEX, ADDRESS, SALARY).

- ► Hint
- **▼** Solution

```
1. 1
   1. select * from ( select EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, DEP_ID from employees) AS EMP4ALL;
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```

► Output

Solution Script

If you would like to run all the solution queries of the SQL problems in this lab with a script, download the script below. Upload the script to the Db2 console and run it. Follow <u>Hands-on Lab: Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables</u> on how to upload a script to Db2 console and run it.

• SubQueries Solution Script.sql

Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-05-10	2.2	Eric Hao & Vladislav Boyko	Updated Page Frames
2020-12-25	5 2.1	Steve Ryan	ID Reviewed
2020-12-10	2.0	Sandip Saha Joy	Created revised version from DB0201EN
2020	1.0	Rav Ahuja	Created initial version

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