COMPSCI 590N: Assignment 2

Due: September 22, 2017 at 11:55pm

Included with the assignment is a script for testing your solution called assignment2_tests.py. This script will test the output from your code against a number of test cases and will indicate if there are errors. Once you have written your code in assignment2.py, you can run these tests by executing:

python assignment2_tests.py

Be sure that you can run assignment2_tests.py before submitting as this is how we will test your code for grading! The provided test cases are meant to help you debug your code, but you should not assume that they are exhaustive. If a problem asks you define a function or class, you should use exactly the name specified in the problem for this function or class. Your modified version of assignment2.py should be submitted to Moodle by the due date specified above.

Problem 1: Classes (50 points)

In this exercise you should write a python class called Course. The class member functions are described below.

Course: The Course class should have the following methods:

- __init__ takes and stores a single integer course number.
- get_course_number takes no arguments and returns the integer course number.
- add_student takes a single string student name and adds it in a roster.
- drop_student takes a single string student name. If the student is currently in the roster, it removes that student name from the roster and returns nothing.
- get_roster takes no arguments and returns a list containing the names of all students enrolled in the course in alphabetical order.

You may user whatever instance variables and write as many other member functions as you want, as long as the listed functions work as described.

Problem 2: Finding Roots (50 points)

You should write a function called **find_roots** that solves quadratic equations of the form:

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \tag{1}$$

Your function should take as arguments the three coefficients of the quadratic equation, a, b, and c in that order and return a list containing all **real** solutions to the equation **in ascending order**. Complex solutions should be ignored. For example, the call find_roots(1, 7, 12) should return the set [-4.0, -3.0]. If the equation has only a single real solution or no real solutions, find_roots should return a singleton list or an empty list respectively.

You may use any method for solving quadratic equations, however, you should try to make your solution is as stable as possible. assignment2_tests.py provides a number of test cases where root finding methods may have problems, but this list is intentionally not exhaustive and different methods will have different problem areas. Think carefully about the method you choose and where numerical errors such as underflow, overflow, and round-off may occur and code your solution to handle these scenarios. Note: You may not use any root finding methods from python modules.