Java ArrayList

Basic Type Array Problems

- Need a for loop to do everything
- Hard to copy an array into another
- Hard to remove items
- Need to create with a initial size

Java ArrayList

- A Java built in data structure collection
- Also a container for a list of same typed object
- A Java generic template
- Not for primitive type
- Provided way more functions

ArrayList Format

- ArrayList<ObjectType> variableName = new ArrayList<ObjectType>();
- <> represent as this is a Java generic template collection
- ObjectType defines what object can be put into array list

Example ArrayList

```
public class MyProgram {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

    // create an int array list
    ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<Integer>();
}
```

Access an ArrayList

- Access an element in arraylist is like access them in array
- Use .add(Object target) to add at tail of list
- Use.remove(Object target) to remove an object
- Use .get(int index) to access element
- Use .set(int index, Object target) to override an element
- When arraylist is created, this is also empty

Add item in ArrayList

```
public class MyProgram {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

    // create an int array list
    ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<Integer>();
    Integer input = 10;
    list.add(input);
}
```

ArrayList size

```
public class MyProgram {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
           // create an int array list
           ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<Integer>();
           int currentSize = list.size();
           list.add(10);
           list.add(12);
           currentSize = list.size();
```

Remove by index in ArrayList

```
public class MyProgram {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
           // create an int array list
           ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<Integer>();
           int currentSize = list.size();
           Integer input 1 = 10;
           Integer input 2 = 12;
           list.add(input1);
           list.add(input2);
           list.remove(0);
```

Remove by item in ArrayList

```
public class MyProgram {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
           // create an int array list
           ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<Integer>();
           int currentSize = list.size();
           Integer input 1 = 10;
           Integer input 2 = 12;
           list.add(input1);
           list.add(input2);
           list.remove(input1);
```

Go through ArrayList

```
public class MyProgram {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
          // create an int array list
          ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<Integer>();
          for (Integer item : list) {
              System.out.println(item);
```