

PART -1 CONSOLE APPLICATIONS

AIM 1:Write a program by using Console applications (Use ReadLine() & WriteLine()functions):WAP to enter Employee Name, Age, Joining Date, BASIC, DA, HRA, PF, calculate Grosspay & Net Pay and display it with Employee information.

Program :-

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

namespace ConsoleApp
{
    class Practical_1
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            int n;

            Console.WriteLine("ENTER NO. OF EMPLOYEES IN COMPANY :"); n =
Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
            Employee[] e = new Employee[n];

            Console.WriteLine("\n");
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            {
                e[i] = new Employee();
                Console.WriteLine("EMPLOYEE NO :" + (i + 1));
                Console.WriteLine("\n");
                e[i].getdata();
            }
            Console.WriteLine("\n");
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            {
                Console.WriteLine("\n");

                Console.WriteLine("DETAILS OF " + (i + 1) + "th EMPLOYEE IS :");
                e[i].display();
            }
        }
    }

    class Employee
    {
        String name,date;
        int age;
        double BASIC, HRA, PF, GROSS, NET,DA;

        internal void getdata()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("ENTER NAME OF EMPLOYEE :"); name = Console.ReadLine();
            Console.WriteLine("ENTER AGE :");
```

```

        age = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine()); Console.WriteLine("ENTER JOINING DATE
:"); date =Console.ReadLine(); Console.WriteLine("ENTER BASIC SALARY :"); BASIC =
Convert.ToDouble(Console.ReadLine());

    }
    internal void display()
    {
        DA = 1.36 * BASIC;
        PF = 0.12 * BASIC;
        HRA = 0.2 * BASIC;
        GROSS = DA + HRA + BASIC;
        NET = GROSS - PF;

        Console.WriteLine("\n");
        Console.WriteLine("NAME :"+name);
        Console.WriteLine("AGE :"+age);

        Console.WriteLine("DATE OF JOINING :"+ date); Console.WriteLine("BASIC SALARY :"+
BASIC); Console.WriteLine("DA :"+ DA); Console.WriteLine("HRA :"+ HRA);
        Console.WriteLine("PF :"+ PF); Console.WriteLine("GROSS SALARY :"+ GROSS);
        Console.WriteLine("NET SALARY :"+NET); Console.ReadKey();

    }
}
}
}

```

Output :-

```

EMPLOYEE NO :1

ENTER NAME OF EMPLOYEE :
scet
ENTER AGE :
20
ENTER JOINING DATE :
27/08/1999
ENTER BASIC SALARY :
100000

DETAILS OF 1th EMPLOYEE IS :

NAME      :scet
AGE       :20
DATE OF JOINING :27/08/1999
BASIC SALARY :100000
DA :136000
HRA :20000
PF :12000
GROSS SALARY :256000
NET SALARY :244000

```

AIM 2: Write C# menu based program to do the following Convert binary to decimal

1. Convert decimal to hexadecimal
2. Convert decimal to binary
3. Convert decimal to octal.

Create a separate class for each functionality and put each class in a separate namespace in the same program.

PROGRAM:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

namespace ConsoleApp
{
    class Practical_2
    {
        static void Main(string[] arg)
        {
            int opt;
            string ch="y";

            Console.Write("A MENU DRIVEN PROGRAM FOR NUMBER CONVERSION SYSTEM:\n");

            while(ch.Equals("y"))
            {
                Console.Write("\nHERE ARE THE OPTIONS.. :\n");
                Console.Write("1-Convert binary to decimal.\n2-Convert decimal to hexadecimal.\n3-Convert decimal to binary.\n4-Convert decimal to octal.\n");
                Console.Write("\nENTER YOUR CHOICE :");
                opt = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());

                switch (opt)
                {
                    case 1: Console.Write("Binary To Decimal\n");
                        binary_decimal.binary_decimal o1 = new binary_decimal.binary_decimal();
                        o1.b_d();
                        break;

                    case 2: Console.Write("Decimal To Hexadecimal\n");
                        decimal_hexadecimal.Program22 o2 = new decimal_hexadecimal.Program22();
                        o2.d_h();
                        break;

                    case 3: Console.Write("Decimal to Binary\n");
                        decimal_binary.Program23 o3 = new decimal_binary.Program23();
                        o3.d_b();
                        break;

                    case 4: Console.Write("Decimal to Octal\n");
                        decimal_octal.Program24 o4 = new decimal_octal.Program24();
                        o4.d_o();
```

```

break;
}

Console.Write("Do You Want To Repeat ??(Y/N)\n"); ch=Console.ReadLine();

}
Console.ReadLine();

    }
}
}
namespace binary_decimal
{
    class binary_decimal
    {
        internal void b_d()

            int num, binary_val, decimal_val = 0, base_val = 1, rem;
        Console.Write("Enter a Binary Number(1s and 0s) : ");

            num = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine()); /* maximum five digits */
            binary_val = num;
            while (num > 0)
            {
                rem = num % 10;
                decimal_val = decimal_val + rem * base_val;
                num = num / 10;
                base_val = base_val * 2;
            }

            Console.Write("The Binary Number is : " + binary_val);
        Console.Write("\nIts Decimal Equivalent is : " + decimal_val); Console.ReadLine();

    }

}

}
namespace decimal_hexadecimal
{
    class Program22
    {
        internal void d_h()

            int decimalNumber, quotient;
            int i = 1, j, temp = 0;
            char[] hexadecimalNumber = new char[100];
            char temp1;
            Console.WriteLine("Enter a Decimal Number :");
            decimalNumber = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
            quotient = decimalNumber;
            while (quotient != 0)

            {
                temp = quotient % 16;
                if (temp < 10)
                    temp = temp + 48;
                else
                    temp = temp + 55;
                temp1 = Convert.ToChar(temp);

```

```

hexadecimalNumber[i++] = temp1;
quotient = quotient / 16;
}

Console.Write("The Decimal Number is : " + decimalNumber);

Console.Write("\nIts HexaDecimal Equivalent is : "); for (j = i - 1; j > 0; j--)

Console.Write(hexadecimalNumber[j]);

Console.Read();
}
}

namespace decimal_binary
{
class Program23
{
internal void d_b()
{
int num, no, i = 0, quot;
int[] bin= new int[100];
Console.Write("Enter a Decimal Number : ");

num = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
no = num;
float rem = 0;
while (num >= 1)
{
quot = num / 2;
rem = (num % 2);
num = quot;
bin[i] = Convert.ToInt32(rem);
i++;
}

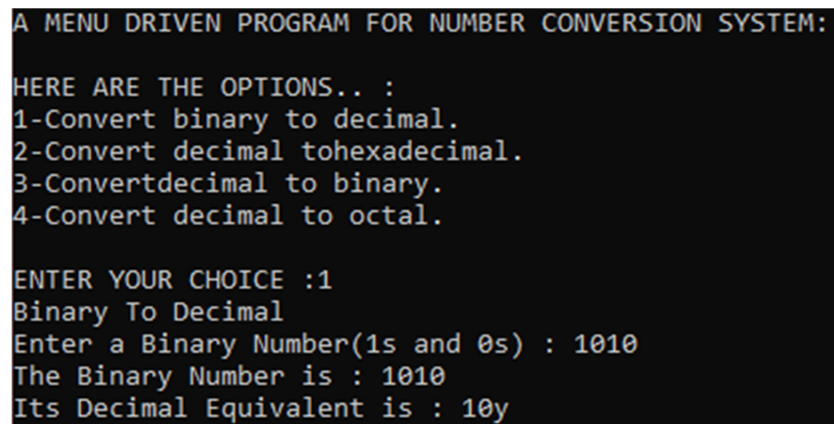
Console.Write("The Decimal Number is : " + no);
Console.WriteLine("\nIts Binary Equivalent is :");
for (int j = i-1; j >= 0; j--)
{
Console.Write(+bin[j]);
}
Console.Read();

}
}

namespace decimal_octal
{
class Program24
{
internal void d_o()
{
int decimalNumber, quotient, i = 1, j;
int[] octalNumber = new int[100];
Console.WriteLine("Enter a Decimal Number :");
decimalNumber = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());

```

```
quotient = decimalNumber;
while (quotient != 0)
{
    octalNumber[i++] = quotient % 8;
    quotient = quotient / 8;
}
Console.WriteLine("The Decimal Number is : " + decimalNumber);
Console.WriteLine("\nIts Octal Equivalent is : ");
for (j = i - 1; j > 0; j--)
    Console.Write(octalNumber[j]);
Console.Read();
}
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
A MENU DRIVEN PROGRAM FOR NUMBER CONVERSION SYSTEM:

HERE ARE THE OPTIONS.. :
1-Convert binary to decimal.
2-Convert decimal to hexadecimal.
3-Convert decimal to binary.
4-Convert decimal to octal.

ENTER YOUR CHOICE :1
Binary To Decimal
Enter a Binary Number(1s and 0s) : 1010
The Binary Number is : 1010
Its Decimal Equivalent is : 10
```

AIM 3: Create console applications to implement following C# Concepts.

- 1. Constructor & Destructor**
- 2. Inheritance**
- 3. Method Overloading**
- 4. Operator Overloading**

PROGRAM:

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

namespace ConsoleApp
{
    class Practical_3
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Console.WriteLine("-----Demo of Constructor-----\n");
            Prac_3_1.Complex_no c1 = new Prac_3_1.Complex_no(20, 25);
            c1.ShowXY();
            Console.WriteLine("\n-----Demo of Inheritance-----
\n");

            Prac_3_2.Triangle t1 = new Prac_3_2.Triangle();
            Prac_3_2.Triangle t2 = new Prac_3_2.Triangle();
            t1.Width = 4.0;

            t1.Height = 4.0;
            Console.WriteLine("Info for t1: ");
            t1.ShowDim();
            Console.WriteLine("Area is " + t1.Area() + "\n\n");

            t2.Width = 8.0;
            t2.Height = 12.0;
            Console.WriteLine("Info for t2: ");
            t2.ShowDim();
            Console.WriteLine("Area is " + t2.Area());

            Console.WriteLine("\n-----Demo of Method Overloading-----
---\n");

            Prac_3_3.Method_overloading mthover = new Prac_3_3.Method_overloading();
            mthover.Area(2);
            mthover.Area(5, 40);

            mthover.Area(20.5);

            Console.WriteLine("\n-----Demo of Operator Overloading-----
-----\n");

            Prac_3_4.overloadpgm d = new Prac_3_4.overloadpgm();
            d++;

            Console.WriteLine("The value of 1st variable after unary operation:
"+d.value);
            d++;

```

```

        Console.WriteLine("The value of 1st variable after unary operation: " +
d.value);
        Prac_3_4.overloadpgm g = new Prac_3_4.overloadpgm();
        g++;

        Console.WriteLine("The value of 2nd variable after unary operation: " +
g.value);
        Prac_3_4.overloadpgm t = d + g;

        Console.WriteLine("The value after addition of 1st and 2nd variable is :
"+t.value);
        Console.WriteLine("\n-----Demo of Destructor-----");
        GC.Collect();
        Console.ReadLine();
    }
}
namespace Prac_3_1
{
    class Complex_no
    {
        private int x;

        private int y;
        public Complex_no(int i, int j)
        {
            x = i;
            y = j;
        }
        public void ShowXY()
        {
            Console.WriteLine(x + "i+" + y);
        }
        ~Complex_no()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Deleted...");
            Console.Read();
        }
    }
}
namespace Prac_3_2
{
    class Shape
    {
        public double Width;
        public double Height;
        public void ShowDim()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Width and height are " + Width + " and " + Height);
        }
    }

    class Triangle : Shape
    {
        public double Area()
        {
            return Width * Height / 2;
        }
    }
}

```



```
    }  
}  
  
namespace Prac_3_3  
{  
    class Method_overloading  
    {  
        public void Area(int side)  
        {  
            int squarearea = side * side; Console.WriteLine("Area of Square :" +  
squarearea);  
        }  
        public void Area(int length, int breadth)  
        {  
            int rectarea = length * breadth; Console.WriteLine("Area of Rectangle :" +  
rectarea);  
        }  
        public void Area(double radius)  
        {  
            double circlearea = 3.14 * radius * radius; Console.WriteLine("Area of  
Circle :" + circlearea);  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
namespace Prac_3_4  
{  
    class overloadpgm  
    {  
        public int value;  
        public static overloadpgm operator +(overloadpgm a, overloadpgm b)  
        {  
            overloadpgm overloadpg = new overloadpgm();  
            overloadpg.value = a.value + b.value;  
            return overloadpg;  
        }  
        public static overloadpgm operator ++(overloadpgm c)  
        {  
            c.value++;  
            return c;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
-----Demo of Constructor-----  
  
20i+25  
  
-----Demo of Inheritance-----  
  
Info for t1:  
Width and height are 4 and 4  
Area is 8  
  
Info for t2:  
Width and height are 8 and 12  
Area is 48  
  
-----Demo of Method Overloading-----  
  
Area of Square :4  
Area of Rectangle :200  
Area of Circle :1319.585  
  
-----Demo of Operator Overloading-----  
  
The value of 1st variable after unary operation: 1  
The value of 1st variable after unary operation: 2  
The value of 2nd variable after unary operation: 1  
The value after addition of 1st and 2nd variable is : 3  
  
-----Demo of Destructor-----
```

AIM 4:Create a class to demonstrate static property by counting numbering of objects created.

PROGRAM:

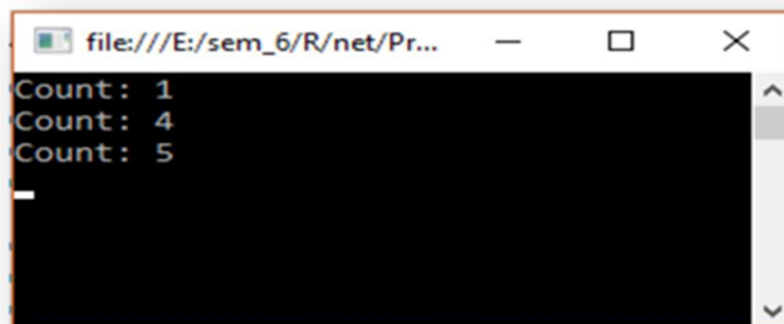
```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

namespace ConsoleApp
{
    class Program_4
    {
        Person s1 = new Person();
        Console.WriteLine("Count: "+Person.count);
        Person s2 = new Person();

        Person s3 = new Person();
        Person s4 = new Person();
        Console.WriteLine("Count: " + Person.count);
        Person s5 = new Person();
        Console.WriteLine("Count: " + Person.count);
        Console.ReadLine();

    }
    public class Person
    {
        static int count = 0;
        public Person()
        {
            count++;
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

A screenshot of a Windows console application window. The title bar shows the file path "file:///E:/sem_6/R/net/Pr...". The console output displays three lines: "Count: 1", "Count: 4", and "Count: 5". The text is white on a black background. A vertical scrollbar is visible on the right side of the console area.

AIM 5: Create a class MyStringIndexer with data members title, author, subject.

It should contain

- 1. Constructor with arguments**
- 2. Indexer with string index**

Create a class IndexerDemo for main function. Write code to get and set values of any data members of MyStringIndexer class.

Program :

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

namespace ConsoleApp
{
    class Practical_5
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            MyStringIndexer ind_demo = new MyStringIndexer("Developing Web
Applications", "Ralph Moseley", "Web Technology");

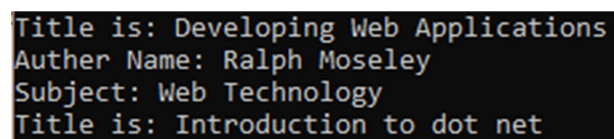
            Console.WriteLine("Title is: " + ind_demo[0]);
            Console.WriteLine("Author Name: " + ind_demo[1]);

            Console.WriteLine("Subject: " + ind_demo[2]); ind_demo[0] = "Introduction
to dot net"; Console.WriteLine("Title is: " + ind_demo[0]); Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }

    class MyStringIndexer
    {
        string title, author, subject;
        public MyStringIndexer(string title, string author, string subject)
        {
            this.title = title;
            this.author = author;
            this.subject = subject;
        }
        public string this[int index]
        {
            get
            {
                if (index == 0)
                    return title;
                else if (index == 1)
                    return author;
                else if (index == 2)
                    return subject;
                return "";
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        set
        {
            if (index == 0)
            {
                title = value;
            }
            else if (index == 1)
            {
                author = value;
            }
            else if (index == 2)
            {
                subject = value;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :

A screenshot of a terminal window showing the output of a C# program. The output consists of four lines of text: 'Title is: Developing Web Applications', 'Author Name: Ralph Moseley', 'Subject: Web Technology', and 'Title is: Introduction to dot net'. The text is displayed in a monospaced font on a black background.

```
Title is: Developing Web Applications
Author Name: Ralph Moseley
Subject: Web Technology
Title is: Introduction to dot net
```

AIM 6: Create a C# program to test Attributes and Reflection.**PROGRAM:**

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;

namespace ConsoleApp
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Type tpy = typeof(Developer);
            Console.WriteLine("Class Attribute");
            Attribute[] attr = Attribute.GetCustomAttributes(tpy);
            foreach (Attribute a in attr)
            {
                MyAttribute developer = (MyAttribute)a;
                Console.WriteLine(developer.getPublisherName() + "\t" +
developer.version);
            }
            Console.WriteLine("Method Attribute");
            Type [] type=new Type[1];
            type[0]=typeof(Int32);

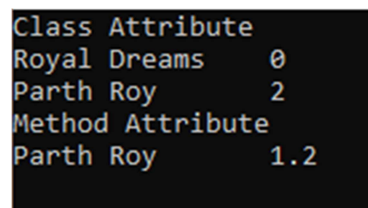
            Attribute[] attr_method =
Attribute.GetCustomAttributes(tpy.GetMethod("getData", type));
            foreach (Attribute a in attr_method)
            {
                MyAttribute developer = (MyAttribute)a;
                Console.WriteLine(developer.getPublisherName() + "\t" +
developer.version);
            }
            Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }

    [MyAttribute("Parth Roy", version = 2.0f)]
    [MyAttribute("Royal Dreams")]
    class Developer
    {
        int x;
        [MyAttribute("Keval Navadiya", version = 5.12f)]
        public int getData()
        {
            return x;
        }
        [MyAttribute("Keval Navadiya", version = 5.12f)]
        public int getData(int a,int y)
        {
            return x;
        }
        [MyAttribute("Parth Roy", version = 1.20f)]
        public int getData(int x)
        {
            return x;
        }
    }
}

```

```
    }
    [MyAttribute("Darshit Akbari")]
    public void putData(int x)
    {
        this.x=x;
    }
}

[AttributeUsage
(AttributeTargets.Class|AttributeTargets.Method,AllowMultiple=true)]
class MyAttribute : Attribute
{
    public string publisher;
    public float version;
    public MyAttribute()
    {
        publisher = "Royal Dreams";
        version = 0.0f;
    }
    public MyAttribute(string str)
    {
        this.publisher = str;
    }
    public string getPublisherName() { return (string)publisher; }
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Class Attribute
Royal Dreams    0
Parth Roy      2
Method Attribute
Parth Roy      1.2
```