

Cleaning the File

```
import pandas as pd

# Read the original CSV file
input_file = 'USDA_Contracts_PrimeTransactions_2024-11-04_H20M17S10_1.csv'
output_file = 'USDA_output_file.csv' # Changed output file name

# List of columns to keep
columns_to_keep = [
    'contract_transaction_unique_key', 'parent_award_agency_name',
    'current_total_value_of_award',
    'period_of_performance_start_date',
    'period_of_performance_potential_end_date',
    'awarding_agency_name', 'funding_sub_agency_name',
    'object_classes_funding_this_award',
    'recipient_name', 'recipient_state_name',
    'primary_place_of_performance_state_name',
    'award_type', 'transaction_description',
    'prime_award_base_transaction_description',
    'product_or_service_code_description', 'naics_description',
    'recovered_materials_sustainability',
    'information_technology_commercial_item_category',
    'extent_competed', 'solicitation_procedures',
    'evaluated_preference', 'fair_opportunity_limited_sources',
    'other_than_full_and_open_competition',
    'number_of_offers_received', 'clinger_cohen_act_planning_code',
    'materials_supplies_articles_equipment',
    'labor_standards', 'performance_based_service_acquisition',
    'contingency_humanitarian_or_peacekeeping_operation',
    'minority_owned_business',
    'black_american_owned_business',
    'hispanic_american_owned_business', 'native_american_owned_business',
    'woman_owned_business', 'organizational_type'
]

# Read the CSV file, selecting only the specified columns
df = pd.read_csv(input_file, usecols=columns_to_keep)
df = df[df['awarding_agency_name'] == 'Department of Agriculture']

# Write the filtered data to a new CSV file
df.to_csv(output_file, index=False)

print(f"Filtered CSV file has been created: {output_file}")

Filtered CSV file has been created: USDA_output_file.csv
```

What is the total number of AI/ML contracts?

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Filter for Department of Homeland Security contracts
usda_df = df[df['awarding_agency_name'] == 'Department of
Agriculture']

# Count the number of USDA contracts
usda_contract_count = len(usda_df)

# Calculate total value of USDA contracts
usda_total_value = usda_df['current_total_value_of_award'].sum()

# Get unique vendors for USDA contracts
usda_unique_vendors = usda_df['recipient_name'].nunique()

# Print results
print(f"Total number of contracts: {len(df)}")
print(f"Number of Department of Defence contracts:
{usda_contract_count}")
print(f"Percentage of USDA contracts: {(usda_contract_count / len(df))
* 100:.2f}%")
print(f"Total value of USDA contracts: ${usda_total_value:,.2f}")
print(f"Number of unique vendors for USDA contracts:
{usda_unique_vendors}")

# Top 5 vendors for USDA by number of contracts
top_usda_vendors = usda_df['recipient_name'].value_counts().head(5)
print("\nTop 5 vendors for USDA by number of contracts:")
for vendor, count in top_usda_vendors.items():
    print(f"{vendor}: {count} contracts")

# Top 5 NAICS descriptions for USDA contracts
top_usda_naics = usda_df['naics_description'].value_counts().head(5)
print("\nTop 5 NAICS descriptions for USDA contracts:")
for desc, count in top_usda_naics.items():
    print(f"{desc}: {count} contracts")

# Optional: Distribution of contract values for USDA
print("\nDistribution of USDA contract values:")
print(usda_df['current_total_value_of_award'].describe())

# Check for any contracts with other awarding agencies
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other_agencies = df[df['awarding_agency_name'] != 'Department of
Homeland Security']['awarding_agency_name'].unique()
if len(other_agencies) > 0:
    print("\nOther awarding agencies found in the dataset:")
    for agency in other_agencies:
        count = df[df['awarding_agency_name'] == agency].shape[0]
        print(f"{agency}: {count} contracts")
else:
    print("\nAll contracts in the dataset are from the Department of
Homeland Security.")

```

Total number of contracts: 9
 Number of Department of Defence contracts: 9
 Percentage of USDA contracts: 100.00%
 Total value of USDA contracts: \$903,863.11
 Number of unique vendors for USDA contracts: 3

Top 5 vendors for USDA by number of contracts:
 CHIRAL SOFTWARE, INC: 7 contracts
 MICROTECH COMPUTERS, INC.: 1 contracts
 ITC-DE, LLC: 1 contracts

Top 5 NAICS descriptions for USDA contracts:
 OTHER COMPUTER RELATED SERVICES: 8 contracts
 SOFTWARE PUBLISHERS: 1 contracts

Distribution of USDA contract values:

count	9.000000
mean	100429.234444
std	139310.304728
min	12512.000000
25%	12512.000000
50%	12512.000000
75%	87435.600000
max	396043.910000

Name: current_total_value_of_award, dtype: float64

Other awarding agencies found in the dataset:
 Department of Agriculture: 9 contracts

What is the total spending on AI/ML contracts?

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

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# Ensure current_total_value_of_award is numeric
df['current_total_value_of_award'] =
pd.to_numeric(df['current_total_value_of_award'], errors='coerce')

# Calculate the sum
total_award_value = df['current_total_value_of_award'].sum()

# Print the result
print(f"Sum of current_total_value_of_award: $
{total_award_value:,.2f}")

# Optional: Print some additional statistics
print("\nAdditional statistics:")
print(f"Mean award value: $
{df['current_total_value_of_award'].mean():,.2f}")
print(f"Median award value: $
{df['current_total_value_of_award'].median():,.2f}")
print(f"Maximum award value: $
{df['current_total_value_of_award'].max():,.2f}")
print(f"Minimum award value: $
{df['current_total_value_of_award'].min():,.2f}")

# Check for any null or zero values
null_count = df['current_total_value_of_award'].isnull().sum()
zero_count = (df['current_total_value_of_award'] == 0).sum()
print(f"\nNumber of null values: {null_count}")
print(f"Number of zero values: {zero_count}")

Sum of current_total_value_of_award: $903,863.11

Additional statistics:
Mean award value: $100,429.23
Median award value: $12,512.00
Maximum award value: $396,043.91
Minimum award value: $12,512.00

Number of null values: 0
Number of zero values: 0

```

What proportion of AI procurement contracts awarded to minority-owned?

```

import pandas as pd

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv('USDA_output_file.csv')

# List of columns to check
columns_to_check = [

```

```

    'minority_owned_business',
    'black_american_owned_business',
    'hispanic_american_owned_business',
    'native_american_owned_business',
    'woman_owned_business'
]

# Count 't' occurrences for each column
for column in columns_to_check:
    count = df[column].eq('t').sum()
    print(f"Number of 't' in {column}: {count}")

# Calculate percentage for minority_owned_business
total_entries = len(df)
minority_owned_count = df['minority_owned_business'].eq('t').sum()
percentage = (minority_owned_count / total_entries) * 100

print(f"\nTotal entries: {total_entries}")
print(f"Number of 't' in minority_owned_business: {minority_owned_count}")
print(f"Percentage of minority-owned businesses: {percentage:.2f}%")

Number of 't' in minority_owned_business: 2
Number of 't' in black_american_owned_business: 0
Number of 't' in hispanic_american_owned_business: 0
Number of 't' in native_american_owned_business: 0
Number of 't' in woman_owned_business: 0

Total entries: 9
Number of 't' in minority_owned_business: 2
Percentage of minority-owned businesses: 22.22%

```

How clear and detailed are the transaction descriptions and product/service descriptions in AI procurement contracts? (What is the average number of words used in AI contract descriptions?)

```

import pandas as pd

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Function to count words in a string
def word_count(string):
    return len(str(string).split())

# Apply word count function to transaction_description column

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df['word_count'] = df['transaction_description'].apply(word_count)

# Calculate average word count
average_word_count = df['word_count'].mean()

print(f"Average number of words in transaction descriptions:
{average_word_count:.2f}")

# Find row with highest word count
max_word_count_row = df.loc[df['word_count'].idxmax()]
print("\nRow with highest word count:")
print(f"Word count: {max_word_count_row['word_count']}")
print(f>Description: {max_word_count_row['transaction_description']}")

# Find row with lowest word count (excluding empty descriptions)
min_word_count_row = df[df['word_count'] >
0].loc[df['word_count'].idxmin()]
print("\nRow with lowest word count (excluding empty descriptions):")
print(f"Word count: {min_word_count_row['word_count']}")
print(f>Description: {min_word_count_row['transaction_description']}")

# Optional: Display some statistics
print("\nWord count statistics:")
print(df['word_count'].describe())

# Count how many descriptions mention 'AI' or 'artificial
intelligence'
ai_mentions = df['transaction_description'].str.contains('AI|
artificial intelligence', case=False, na=False).sum()
print(f"\nNumber of descriptions mentioning AI: {ai_mentions}")

# Calculate average word count for AI-related descriptions
ai_descriptions = df[df['transaction_description'].str.contains('AI|
artificial intelligence', case=False, na=False)]
ai_average_word_count = ai_descriptions['word_count'].mean() if not
ai_descriptions.empty else 0

print(f"Average number of words in AI-related contract descriptions:
{ai_average_word_count:.2f}")

```

Average number of words in transaction descriptions: 12.00

Row with highest word count:

Word count: 23

Description: PURCHASE OF HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING SERVER THAT HAS THE CAPACITY TO CONDUCT FAST MACHINE LEARNING AND DEEP LEARNING CLASSIFICATIONS USING THESE LARGE DATA SETS

Row with lowest word count (excluding empty descriptions):

Word count: 9

Description: DETERRENT-ACTIVATING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM
INSTALLATION WITH TECH SUPPORT OPTION

Word count statistics:

count	9.000000
mean	12.000000
std	4.795832
min	9.000000
25%	10.000000
50%	10.000000
75%	10.000000
max	23.000000

Name: word_count, dtype: float64

Number of descriptions mentioning AI: 8

Average number of words in AI-related contract descriptions: 10.62

What is the ratio of offers received to contracts awarded in AI procurements, indicating the level of competitiveness?

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Ensure 'number_of_offers_received' is numeric
df['number_of_offers_received'] =
pd.to_numeric(df['number_of_offers_received'], errors='coerce')

# Calculate overall statistics
total_contracts = len(df)
total_offers = df['number_of_offers_received'].sum()
avg_offers_per_contract = total_offers / total_contracts

print(f"Total contracts: {total_contracts}")
print(f"Total offers received: {total_offers}")
print(f"Average offers per contract: {avg_offers_per_contract:.2f}")
print(f"Ratio of offers to contracts: {avg_offers_per_contract:.2f} :
1")

# Distribution of offers
print("\nDistribution of offers received:")
print(df['number_of_offers_received'].describe())

# Categorize competitiveness
df['competitiveness'] = pd.cut(df['number_of_offers_received'],
```

```

        bins=[-np.inf, 1, 3, 5, np.inf],
        labels=['Single offer', 'Low
competition', 'Moderate competition', 'High competition'])

print("\nCompetitiveness breakdown:")
print(df['competitiveness'].value_counts(normalize=True).sort_index().
mul(100).round(2))

# Contracts with highest number of offers
top_competitive = df.nlargest(5, 'number_of_offers_received')
print("\nTop 5 most competitive contracts:")
print(top_competitive[['contract_transaction_unique_key',
'number_of_offers_received']])

# Percentage of contracts with only one offer
single_offer_percentage = (df['number_of_offers_received'] ==
1).mean() * 100
print(f"\nPercentage of contracts with only one offer:
{single_offer_percentage:.2f}%")

Total contracts: 9
Total offers received: 14
Average offers per contract: 1.56
Ratio of offers to contracts: 1.56 : 1

Distribution of offers received:
count      9.000000
mean       1.555556
std        1.666667
min        1.000000
25%        1.000000
50%        1.000000
75%        1.000000
max        6.000000
Name: number_of_offers_received, dtype: float64

Competitiveness breakdown:
Single offer      88.89
Low competition   0.00
Moderate competition  0.00
High competition  11.11
Name: competitiveness, dtype: float64

Top 5 most competitive contracts:
        contract_transaction_unique_key
number_of_offers_received
1      12H2_4730_12305B23F0117_0_GS35F0439P_0
6
0      12C2_4730_12444123F0092_0_GS35F0207T_0
1

```



```

2 1205_-NONE-_12314422C0113_P00002_-NONE-_0
1
3 12C2_4730_12444123F0092_P00001_GS35F0207T_0
1
4 12C2_4730_12444123F0092_P00002_GS35F0207T_0
1

```

Percentage of contracts with only one offer: 88.89%

What percentage of AI procurement contracts meet established labor standards?

```

import pandas as pd

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Ensure the column name is correct and data is cleaned
df['labor_standards'] = df['labor_standards'].str.upper().str.strip()

# Count the occurrences of each category
total_contracts = len(df)
yes_count = (df['labor_standards'] == 'YES').sum()
no_count = (df['labor_standards'] == 'NO').sum()
na_count = (df['labor_standards'] == 'NOT APPLICABLE').sum()

# Calculate percentages
yes_percentage = (yes_count / total_contracts) * 100
no_percentage = (no_count / total_contracts) * 100
na_percentage = (na_count / total_contracts) * 100

# Print results
print(f"Total number of contracts: {total_contracts}")
print(f"\nContracts meeting labor standards (YES):")
print(f"Count: {yes_count}")
print(f"Percentage: {yes_percentage:.2f}%")

print(f"\nContracts not meeting labor standards (NO):")
print(f"Count: {no_count}")
print(f"Percentage: {no_percentage:.2f}%")

print(f"\nContracts where labor standards are not applicable:")
print(f"Count: {na_count}")
print(f"Percentage: {na_percentage:.2f}%")

# Check for any other values
other_count = total_contracts - (yes_count + no_count + na_count)

```

```

if other_count > 0:
    print(f"\nContracts with other values:")
    print(f"Count: {other_count}")
    print(f"Percentage: {(other_count / total_contracts) * 100:.2f}%")
    print("\nUnique values in labor_standards column:")
    print(df['labor_standards'].value_counts())

```

Total number of contracts: 9

Contracts meeting labor standards (YES):

Count: 0

Percentage: 0.00%

Contracts not meeting labor standards (NO):

Count: 0

Percentage: 0.00%

Contracts where labor standards are not applicable:

Count: 9

Percentage: 100.00%

Are performance-based criteria present in AI procurement contracts to ensure service delivery accountability?

```

import pandas as pd

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Ensure the column name is correct and data is cleaned
df['performance_based_service_acquisition'] =
df['performance_based_service_acquisition'].str.upper().str.strip()

# Get value counts and percentages
value_counts =
df['performance_based_service_acquisition'].value_counts()
value_percentages =
df['performance_based_service_acquisition'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100

# Total number of contracts
total_contracts = len(df)

# Print results
print(f"Total number of contracts: {total_contracts}")
print("\nUnique values in 'performance_based_service_acquisition'
column:")

```

```

print("\nValue                Count      Percentage")
print("-" * 40)

for value, count in value_counts.items():
    percentage = value_percentages[value]
    print(f"{value:<16} {count:<9} {percentage:.2f}%")

# Check for null values
null_count =
df['performance_based_service_acquisition'].isnull().sum()
if null_count > 0:
    null_percentage = (null_count / total_contracts) * 100
    print(f"\nNull values:      {null_count:<9} {null_percentage:.2f}%")

# Number of unique values
num_unique = len(value_counts)
print(f"\nNumber of unique values: {num_unique}")

```

Total number of contracts: 9

Unique values in 'performance_based_service_acquisition' column:

Value	Count	Percentage

YES - SERVICE WHERE PBA IS USED.	5	55.56%
NO - SERVICE WHERE PBA IS NOT USED.	3	33.33%
NOT APPLICABLE	1	11.11%

Number of unique values: 3

How was the contract awarded—through a competitive process or a sole-source arrangement?

```

import pandas as pd

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Clean the column
df['solicitation_procedures'] =
df['solicitation_procedures'].str.strip().str.upper()

# Get value counts and percentages
value_counts = df['solicitation_procedures'].value_counts()
value_percentages =
df['solicitation_procedures'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100

```

```

# Total number of contracts
total_contracts = len(df)

# Print results
print(f"Total number of contracts: {total_contracts}")
print("\nSolicitation Procedures Breakdown:")
print("\nProcedure                                     Count
Percentage")
print("-" * 70)

for value, count in value_counts.items():
    percentage = value_percentages[value]
    print(f"{value:<40} {count:<9} {percentage:.2f}%")

# Check for null or empty values
null_count = df['solicitation_procedures'].isnull().sum()
empty_count = (df['solicitation_procedures'] == '').sum()
if null_count > 0 or empty_count > 0:
    print(f"\nNull values: {null_count}")
    print(f"Empty values: {empty_count}")

# Number of unique values
num_unique = len(value_counts)
print(f"\nNumber of unique solicitation procedures: {num_unique}")

# Analyze the types of procedures
competitive_procedures = ['FULL AND OPEN COMPETITION', 'COMPETITIVE
DELIVERY ORDER', 'FULL AND OPEN COMPETITION AFTER EXCLUSION OF
SOURCES']
competitive_count =
df['solicitation_procedures'].isin(competitive_procedures).sum()
competitive_percentage = (competitive_count / total_contracts) * 100

print(f"\nContracts with clearly competitive procedures:
{competitive_count} ({competitive_percentage:.2f}%)")

# Check for specific AI-related keywords in other columns
ai_keywords = ['AI', 'ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE', 'MACHINE LEARNING',
'DEEP LEARNING']
ai_related_count =
df['transaction_description'].str.contains('|'.join(ai_keywords),
case=False, na=False).sum()
ai_related_percentage = (ai_related_count / total_contracts) * 100

print(f"\nContracts potentially related to AI: {ai_related_count}
({ai_related_percentage:.2f}%)")

Total number of contracts: 9

```

Solicitation Procedures Breakdown:

Procedure	Count	Percentage

SUBJECT TO MULTIPLE AWARD FAIR OPPORTUNITY	8	88.89%
ONLY ONE SOURCE	1	11.11%

Number of unique solicitation procedures: 2

Contracts with clearly competitive procedures: 0 (0.00%)

Contracts potentially related to AI: 9 (100.00%)

How well do AI procurements align with IT standards, such as those specified by the Clinger-Cohen Act?

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Clean the column
df['clinger_cohen_act_planning_code'] =
df['clinger_cohen_act_planning_code'].str.strip().str.upper()

# Get value counts and percentages
value_counts = df['clinger_cohen_act_planning_code'].value_counts()
value_percentages =
df['clinger_cohen_act_planning_code'].value_counts(normalize=True) *
100

# Total number of contracts
total_contracts = len(df)

# Print results
print(f"Total number of contracts: {total_contracts}")
print("\nClinger-Cohen Act Planning Code Breakdown:")
print("\nCode                Count      Percentage")
print("-" * 50)

for value, count in value_counts.items():
    percentage = value_percentages[value]
    print(f"{value:<25} {count:<9} {percentage:.2f}%")

# Check for null or empty values
null_count = df['clinger_cohen_act_planning_code'].isnull().sum()
```

```

empty_count = (df['clinger_cohen_act_planning_code'] == '').sum()
if null_count > 0 or empty_count > 0:
    print(f"\nNull values: {null_count}")
    print(f"Empty values: {empty_count}")

# Number of unique values
num_unique = len(value_counts)
print(f"\nNumber of unique Clinger-Cohen Act Planning Codes:
{num_unique}")

# Analyze compliance
compliant_codes = ['Y', 'YES']
compliant_count =
df['clinger_cohen_act_planning_code'].isin(compliant_codes).sum()
compliant_percentage = (compliant_count / total_contracts) * 100

print(f"\nContracts compliant with Clinger-Cohen Act:
{compliant_count} ({compliant_percentage:.2f}%)")

# Check for AI-related keywords in transaction description
ai_keywords = ['AI', 'ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE', 'MACHINE LEARNING',
'DEEP LEARNING']
df['is_ai_related'] =
df['transaction_description'].str.contains('|'.join(ai_keywords),
case=False, na=False)

ai_related_count = df['is_ai_related'].sum()
ai_related_percentage = (ai_related_count / total_contracts) * 100

print(f"\nPotentially AI-related contracts: {ai_related_count}
({ai_related_percentage:.2f}%)")

# Analyze Clinger-Cohen Act compliance for AI-related contracts
ai_compliant_count = df[df['is_ai_related'] &
df['clinger_cohen_act_planning_code'].isin(compliant_codes)].shape[0]
ai_compliant_percentage = (ai_compliant_count / ai_related_count *
100) if ai_related_count > 0 else 0

print(f"\nAI-related contracts compliant with Clinger-Cohen Act:
{ai_compliant_count} ({ai_compliant_percentage:.2f}%)")

```

Total number of contracts: 9

Clinger-Cohen Act Planning Code Breakdown:

Code	Count	Percentage
N	9	100.00%

Number of unique Clinger-Cohen Act Planning Codes: 1

Contracts compliant with Clinger-Cohen Act: 0 (0.00%)

Potentially AI-related contracts: 9 (100.00%)

AI-related contracts compliant with Clinger-Cohen Act: 0 (0.00%)

Who are the top three main vendors? (value and number of contracts)

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Clean the recipient_name column
df['recipient_name'] = df['recipient_name'].str.strip().str.upper()

# Ensure current_total_value_of_award is numeric
df['current_total_value_of_award'] =
pd.to_numeric(df['current_total_value_of_award'], errors='coerce')

# Count unique vendors
unique_vendors = df['recipient_name'].nunique()

# Get top vendors by number of contracts
top_vendors_by_contracts = df['recipient_name'].value_counts().head(3)

# Get top vendors by total award value
vendor_stats = df.groupby('recipient_name').agg({
    'current_total_value_of_award': 'sum',
    'recipient_name': 'count'
}).rename(columns={'recipient_name': 'contract_count'})

top_vendors_by_value = vendor_stats.nlargest(3,
'current_total_value_of_award')

# Get unique vendor names
unique_vendor_names = df['recipient_name'].unique()

# Total number of contracts and total award value
total_contracts = len(df)
total_award_value = df['current_total_value_of_award'].sum()

# Print results
print(f"Total number of contracts: {total_contracts}")
print(f"Total award value: ${total_award_value:,.2f}")
print(f"Number of unique vendors: {unique_vendors}")
```

```

print("\nTop 3 vendors by number of contracts:")
for vendor, count in top_vendors_by_contracts.items():
    percentage = (count / total_contracts) * 100
    print(f"{vendor}: {count} contracts ({percentage:.2f}%)")

print("\nTop 3 vendors by total award value:")
for vendor, row in top_vendors_by_value.iterrows():
    value = row['current_total_value_of_award']
    count = row['contract_count']
    value_percentage = (value / total_award_value) * 100
    count_percentage = (count / total_contracts) * 100
    print(f"{vendor}:")
    print(f"    Total value: ${value:,.2f} ({value_percentage:.2f}% of total value)")
    print(f"    Number of contracts: {count} ({count_percentage:.2f}% of total contracts)")

# Print first 20 unique vendor names
print("\nFirst 20 unique vendor names:")
for i, name in enumerate(unique_vendor_names[:20], 1):
    print(f"{i}. {name}")

if len(unique_vendor_names) > 20:
    print(f"... and {len(unique_vendor_names) - 20} more.")

# Optional: Display distribution of contracts among vendors
print("\nDistribution of contracts among vendors:")
vendor_contract_counts = df['recipient_name'].value_counts()
print(vendor_contract_counts.describe())

# Optional: Check for any unnamed or generic vendors
unnamed_count = df['recipient_name'].isin(['', 'UNNAMED', 'UNKNOWN', 'N/A']).sum()
if unnamed_count > 0:
    print(f"\nContracts with unnamed or generic vendors: {unnamed_count}")

Total number of contracts: 9
Total award value: $903,863.11
Number of unique vendors: 3

Top 3 vendors by number of contracts:
CHIRAL SOFTWARE, INC: 7 contracts (77.78%)
MICROTECH COMPUTERS, INC.: 1 contracts (11.11%)
ITC-DE, LLC: 1 contracts (11.11%)

Top 3 vendors by total award value:
ITC-DE, LLC:
    Total value: $396,043.91 (43.82% of total value)
    Number of contracts: 1.0 (11.11% of total contracts)

```


MICROTECH COMPUTERS, INC.:
Total value: \$270,388.00 (29.91% of total value)
Number of contracts: 1.0 (11.11% of total contracts)
CHIRAL SOFTWARE, INC:
Total value: \$237,431.20 (26.27% of total value)
Number of contracts: 7.0 (77.78% of total contracts)

First 20 unique vendor names:

1. CHIRAL SOFTWARE, INC
2. MICROTECH COMPUTERS, INC.
3. ITC-DE, LLC

Distribution of contracts among vendors:

count	3.000000
mean	3.000000
std	3.464102
min	1.000000
25%	1.000000
50%	1.000000
75%	4.000000
max	7.000000

Name: recipient_name, dtype: float64

Vendor details and types of services they provide

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# File name
file_name = 'USDA_output_file.csv'

# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)

# Clean the recipient_name column
df['recipient_name'] = df['recipient_name'].str.strip().str.upper()

# Ensure current_total_value_of_award is numeric
df['current_total_value_of_award'] =
pd.to_numeric(df['current_total_value_of_award'], errors='coerce')

# Get top 3 vendors by number of contracts
top_vendors_by_contracts = df['recipient_name'].value_counts().head(3)

# Get top 3 vendors by total award value
vendor_stats = df.groupby('recipient_name').agg({
    'current_total_value_of_award': 'sum',
    'recipient_name': 'count'
}).rename(columns={'recipient_name': 'contract_count'})
```

```

top_vendors_by_value = vendor_stats.nlargest(3,
'current_total_value_of_award')

# Function to get NAICS descriptions for a vendor
def get_naics_descriptions(vendor_name):
    vendor_contracts = df[df['recipient_name'] == vendor_name]
    naics_desc = vendor_contracts['naics_description'].value_counts()
    return naics_desc.head(5) # Return top 5 NAICS descriptions

# Print results
print("Top 3 vendors by number of contracts:")
for vendor, count in top_vendors_by_contracts.items():
    print(f"\n{vendor}: {count} contracts")
    print("Top 5 NAICS descriptions:")
    naics_desc = get_naics_descriptions(vendor)
    for desc, freq in naics_desc.items():
        print(f" - {desc}: {freq} contracts")

print("\nTop 3 vendors by total award value:")
for vendor, row in top_vendors_by_value.iterrows():
    value = row['current_total_value_of_award']
    count = row['contract_count']
    print(f"\n{vendor}:")
    print(f" Total value: ${value:,.2f}")
    print(f" Number of contracts: {count}")
    print("Top 5 NAICS descriptions:")
    naics_desc = get_naics_descriptions(vendor)
    for desc, freq in naics_desc.items():
        print(f" - {desc}: {freq} contracts")

# Calculate and print total award value
total_award_value = df['current_total_value_of_award'].sum()
print(f"\nTotal award value across all contracts: $
{total_award_value:,.2f}")

```

Top 3 vendors by number of contracts:

CHIRAL SOFTWARE, INC: 7 contracts

Top 5 NAICS descriptions:

- OTHER COMPUTER RELATED SERVICES: 7 contracts

MICROTECH COMPUTERS, INC.: 1 contracts

Top 5 NAICS descriptions:

- SOFTWARE PUBLISHERS: 1 contracts

ITC-DE, LLC: 1 contracts

Top 5 NAICS descriptions:

- OTHER COMPUTER RELATED SERVICES: 1 contracts

Top 3 vendors by total award value:

ITC-DE, LLC:

Total value: \$396,043.91

Number of contracts: 1.0

Top 5 NAICS descriptions:

- OTHER COMPUTER RELATED SERVICES: 1 contracts

MICROTECH COMPUTERS, INC.:

Total value: \$270,388.00

Number of contracts: 1.0

Top 5 NAICS descriptions:

- SOFTWARE PUBLISHERS: 1 contracts

CHIRAL SOFTWARE, INC:

Total value: \$237,431.20

Number of contracts: 7.0

Top 5 NAICS descriptions:

- OTHER COMPUTER RELATED SERVICES: 7 contracts

Total award value across all contracts: \$903,863.11