বাংলাদেশ ইউনিভার্সিটি অব প্রফেশনালস্

সেকশন/গ্রুম্প	(Se	ction.	-A)
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ইনভিজিলেটরের স্বাক্ষর

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অ/কোর্স নং (Paper/Course No): <u>CSE-407</u>
কেন্ত্র (Center): MIST
_ শিক্ষাবৰ্ষ (Session): 2019 - 2020
তারিখ (Date): 23-12-2020
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INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXAMINEE

পরীক্ষক কর্তৃক প্রণীয়

- 1. Examinees are forbidden to write their names either on outer cover page or anywhere of the answer scripts. In case of violation, the answer script will not be evaluated.
- 2. Examinees must mention their roll and registration number along with session on the outer cover page of the answer scripts clearly. Otherwise, answer scripts may not be evaluated.
- 3. Students will write his examination roll number on the top left corner and section-A/B on the top right corner of each page. All pages must be numbered chronologically at the bottom center in x of y format. (for example: 1 of 21)
- 4. All rough works should be done in the same paper used as answer scripts. Answer scripts should be submitted intact. Papers used for rough work should be pen through by the examinees.
- 5. In no case, an examinee will be allowed to start the examination half an hour after the commencement of examination.
- 6. Examinees must abide by the instructions of chief invigilator if there are no definite instructions on any subject/matter.
- 7. No examinee will be allowed to leave the examination session until an hour has elapsed from the commencement of examination.
- 8. Legal action will be taken against the examinees those are caught for copying and found guilty for any breach of discipline as per rule.

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXAMINEE

- 9. Smoking is strictly prohibited during examination.
- 10. The Camera of the examinee MUST always be ON during the examination and answer script submission. If Camera is OFF then that online examination will be treated as CANCELLED.
- 11. The answer scripts submitted beyond specified time will be treated as CANCELLED.
- 12. The examinee has to share his/her computer screen to the invigilator throughout the examination time.
- 13. The focus of the camera should be such that the invigilator(s) can see the script and examinee with his/her surroundings.
- 14. The examinee will send his/her scanned examination script in PDF format to the following e-mail addresses:
 - (a) e-mail address of subject invigilator/examiner.
 - (b) Central Database Scheme (coursecode@mist.ac.bd)

 Example: EECE433@mist.ac.bd
- 15. The examinee has to preserve the original answer script of every examination and be ready to submit whenever asked for.
- 16. Answer script should be the A4 size papers with a cover page provided by Department. Examinee has to fill up his/her necessary details on the cover page. Section A and section B must be clearly marked on the cover page like. Section A or Section B
- 17. Examination duration for each subject will be two hours (section-A for one hour + section B for One hour). In between students will get 20 minutes time to submit the answer script of section A and 10 minutes time to issue the question for section B. After completion of 01 hour examination time for section B, students will get 20 minutes to submit the answer script of section B.
- 18. After completion of written examination (online/physical), viva will be conducted by the respective faculty of that subject.

Section-A

Ans. to the ques. no.-01(a)

The given statement is known as the Inclusion- Exclusion Identity theorem. we can proof the theorem simply first then the general theorem can be derived.

We know,

If, Eard Fare two events, then, P(E) + P(F) = P(EUF) + P(EF)

Eqn(1) is forz two events unions together. Now we calculate forz three events E, F, G from eqn(1) ! #

$$P(EUFUG) = P(EUF)UG)$$

$$= P(EUF) + P(G) + P(G) + P(EUF)G) [GY]$$

$$= P(EUF) + P(G) - P(EG) UFG)$$

$$= P(E) + P(F) - P(EF) + P(G) - P(EG) - P(FG)$$

$$= P(E) + P(F) + P(G) - P(EF) - P(EG) - P(FG)$$

$$+ P(EGFG)$$

$$= P(E) + P(F) + P(G) - P(EF) - P(EG) - P(FG)$$

$$+ P(EFG)$$

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P.T.D

From eqn (1) and eqn(2) Now we can generalize the theorem as following:

$$P(\bigcup_{i=1}^{n} E_{i}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(E_{i}) - \sum_{i < j} P(E_{i} E_{j}) + \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j < k} P(E_{i} E_{j} E_{k}) - \sum_{i < j <$$

- - - (3)

Eqn(3) is called the Inclusion-Exclusion

Theorem and which states that:

The probability of the union of mevents

equals to the sum of probabilities of

these events taken one at a time,

minus the pum of probabilities two

at a time, plus sum of probabilities

taken three at a time, and soon.....

Ans. to the gues. no.-01(b)

Let,

E be the event when test result is Positive". and,

D be the event when person has COVID-19.

De be the event when person in healthy. So,

We have to find,

person has the disease given that his test result in positive.

P(D/E) we have to find.

Herre, Given,

Now, P(EID)P(D) P(D(E) = P(E|D)P(D) + P(E|Dc)P(Dc)

$$= \frac{0.96 \times 0.009}{(0.96 \times 0.009) + (0.015 \times 0.991)}$$

0.368 So, the probability of person has desease given test result in positive = 0.368 3049 (Am)

P.T.n

Ans. to the gues. no.-01(c)

Given that Shahniar hit with probability, P(Sn) = 0.7 Samia hit with probability, P(Sa) = 0.2 Swian hit with probability, P(Sw) = 0.2 They are independent so,

Given that exactly one shot hit the (i) Anso tanget, probability that it was sujanis shot = (1-0.7)x(1-0.2)x0.2 Shahniar Samia Sujan.

= 0.048.

(ii) Am:

Given that target in hit, probability that Samoia hit it is = (1-0.7) × 0.2×(01-0.2) = 0.048.

P.T. 0.

Ans. to the gues. no. -03(a)

X in a reandom varciable with PDF

given by: $f_{x}(x) = \begin{cases} cx^{2} & |x| \leq 1 \\ otherwise. \end{cases}$

Probility distribution function

1) An:) F(a) = da (cx)

Ans. to the ques. no. -03(b)

Derivation of the Bayer Foremula tore

two mutually exclusive events E and

Fare given below:

We know that,

FUFc=S [Sin Sample space and P(s)=1] So, we can write,

E = E(FUFe) = EFUEFe.

Here, Ef and Efe are mutually exclusive so we can write from inclusion-exclusion theorem:

P(E) = P(EFUEFc)

= P(EF) + P(EFc) - - - (1)

Now from conditional probability we know: $P(E|F) = \frac{P(EF)}{P(F)}$

=) P(EF)= P(E|F) P(F)

similarly, we can write:

P(EFc)= P(E/Fc) P(Fc)

putting these two on Ean (1) we get!

P.T. O.

And that's the Bayes' Foremula fore E, F mutually exclusive two events. with this we can write',

$$P(F|E) = \frac{P(EF)}{P(E)}$$

$$= \frac{P(F)P(F)}{P(F)+P(F)+P(F)}$$

Ans, to the ques, no. - 03(c)

Let the event that #4 of us picked our own hats be respectfully E1, E2, E3, E4. So,

$$P(E_1E_2)=P(E_2|E_1)P(E_1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{4}$$
$$= \frac{1}{12}$$

FLexE, EZ=E So,

$$P(E_1E_2E_3) = P(EE_3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{12}$$

$$=\frac{1}{24}$$

Let, E, E2E3= F So,

$$=\frac{1}{24}$$

P.T. 0-

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$$P(E_1 \cup E_2 \cup E_3 \cup E_4) = P(E_1) + P(E_2) + P(E_3) + P(E_4)$$

- $P(E_1 E_2) + P(E_2 E_3) + P(E_3 E_4)$ + $P(E_1 E_4)$

P(E, UE2 UE3 UE4) = \(\frac{4}{1=1} \) P(Ei)

- \(\tau \) P(Ei Ej) + \(\tau \) P(Ei Ej Ex)

iza

So, $Ang(E)=1-\frac{3}{4}=\frac{1}{4}$

So, none of them got, had at if probability