

Nanyang Technological University

CZ3005 AI LAB GROUP TS9

LAB 2 REPORT

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Contents

Exercise 1:	3
Exercise 2:	5

Qn 1:

Competitor (appy) sumsum)
Competitor (sumsum) appy)
Product (galacticasz, sumsum)
Boss (stevey) appy)
Stolen (galacticusz, stevey)

You, competitor (x, appy)=> Rival (x, appy)

Exy, 2, w, Bors (x,y) A stden (Z,x) A froduct (2, w) A Rival (my)=> Unethical (2)

Qn 2:

```
competitor(appy, sumsum).
competitor(sumsum, appy).
product(galacticaS3, sumsum).
boss(stevey, appy).
stolen(galacticaS3, stevey).

rival(A, B) :- competitor(A,B).
unethical(A) :- boss(A,Z), stolen(X, A), product(X, Y) , rival(Y, Z).
```

Qn 3: Show stevey is unethical.

Result: True

```
[trace] 3 ?- unethical(stevey).
   Call: (10) unethical(stevey) ? creep
   Call: (11) boss(stevey, _9878) ? creep
   Exit: (11) boss(stevey, appy) ? creep
   Call: (11) stolen(_11388, stevey) ? creep
   Exit: (11) stolen(galacticass, stevey) ? creep
   Call: (11) product(galacticass, _12898) ? creep
   Exit: (11) product(galacticass, sumsum) ? creep
   Exit: (11) product(galacticass, sumsum) ? creep
   Call: (11) rival(sumsum, appy) ? creep
   Exit: (12) competitor(sumsum, appy) ? creep
   Exit: (11) rival(sumsum, appy) ? creep
   Exit: (10) unethical(stevey) ? creep
   true.
```

Exercise 2:

Qn 1:

Relations and rules:

```
prince(charles).
prince(andrew).
princess(ann).
queen(elizabeth).

child(charles, elizabeth).
child(andrew, elizabeth).
child(edward, elizabeth).
child(edward, elizabeth).
child(ann, elizabeth).
child(ann, elizabeth).
clider(charles, ann).
older(charles, andrew).
older(charles, edward).
older(ann, andrew).
older(ann, andrew).
older(ann, edward).
older(andrew, edward).
son(X,Y) :- prince(X), child(X,Y).
daughter(X,Y) :- princess(X), child(X,Y).
successor(X,Y) :- child(X,Y).
findAllSuccessors(Queen, AllSuccessors) :- findall(X, (successor(X,Queen), child(X, Queen)), AllSuccessors).

XPart 1 to be changed later.
precedes(X,Y) :- prince(X), princess(Y); older(X,Y), prince(Y); older(X,Y), princess(Y).
```

```
%Sort using insertSort.
insertionSort([], []).
insertionSort([H|T], SuccessionLine) :-
  insertionSort(T, SortedTail),
  insert(H, SortedTail, SuccessionLine).
insert(A, [H|T], [H|Result]) :- not(precedes(A, H)), !, insert(A, T, Result).
insert(H, T, [H|T]).
successionLine(Queen, SuccessionLine) :-
    findAllSuccessors(Queen, AllSuccessors),
    insertionSort(AllSuccessors, SuccessionLine).
%Sorting using quicksort(alternate).
sussessionListSort([],[]).
    append(SortedLess, [H|SortedGreater], SuccessionLine).
    precedes(H,P),
```

Result: [charles, andrew, edward, ann]

```
[trace] 3 ?- successionLine(elizabeth, SuccessionLine).

Call: (10) successionLine(elizabeth, 220) ? creep

Call: (11) findalLSuccessors(elizabeth, 1416) ? creep

Call: (13) findalLG172, (successors(2172, elizabeth), child(_2172, elizabeth)), _1416) ? creep

Call: (18) successor(_2172, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (19) child(_2172, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (19) child(_charles, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (18) successor(charles, elizabeth) ? creep

Redo: (19) child(_2172, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (19) child(_andrew, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (18) successor(andrew, elizabeth) ? creep

Redo: (19) child(_2172, elizabeth) ? creep

Redo: (19) child(_2172, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (18) successor(edward, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (19) child(_2172, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (19) successor(edward, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (19) successor(edward, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (10) indall(_2172, elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (11) insertionSort([andrew, edward, ann, _21132) ? creep

Call: (12) insertionSort([andrew, edward, ann], _21132) ? creep

Call: (13) insertionSort([andrew, edward, ann], _21132) ? creep

Call: (13) insertionSort([ann], _2264d) ? creep

Exit: (15) insert(ann, [], _264d) ? creep

Exit: (15) i
```

```
Call: (16) precedes(edward, ann) ? creep
Call: (17) prince(edward) ? creep
Exit: (17) prince(edward) ? creep
Call: (17) princess(ann) ? creep
Exit: (17) princess(ann) ? creep
Exit: (16) precedes(edward, ann) ? creep

**Fail: (15) not(user:precedes(edward, ann)) ? creep
Redo: (14) insert(edward, [ann], _100) ? creep
Exit: (14) insert(edward, [ann], [edward, ann]) ? creep
Exit: (13) insertionSort([edward, ann], [edward, ann]) ? creep
Call: (13) insert(andrew, [edward, ann], _98) ? creep
Call: (14) not(precedes(andrew, edward)) ? creep
Call: (15) precedes(andrew, edward) ? creep
Call: (16) prince(andrew) ? creep
Exit: (16) prince(andrew) ? creep
Fail: (16) princess(edward) ? creep
Redo: (15) precedes(andrew, edward) ? creep
Exit: (11) insertionSort([charles, andrew, edward, ann], [charles, andrew, edward, ann]) ? creep
Exit: (10) successionLine(elizabeth, [charles, andrew, edward, ann]) ? creep
SuccessionLine = [charles, andrew, edward, ann].
```

On 2:

Result: [charles, ann, andrew, edward]

To achieve the result below we only changed one line of code. The line is:

```
%Change from part1 to part2.
%precedes(X,Y) :- prince(X), princess(Y); older(X,Y), prince(X), prince(Y); older(X,Y), princess(Y).
precedes(X,Y) :- older(X,Y).
```

We just had to change the rule used by the sorting which is our precedence of X and Y. Since gender is no longer considered, our precedence of variables would just solely be based on age. Hence, we changed our precedence to be reliant on which variable is older.

```
[trace] 2 ? successiontine(elizabeth, Successiontine).
   Call: (10) successiontine(elizabeth, 7140) ? creep
   Gall: (11) findAllSuccessors(elizabeth, 7140) ? creep
   Gall: (12) findall(_9994, (successor(_9994, elizabeth), child(_9994, elizabeth)), _8338) ? creep
   Gall: (13) child(_9994, (successor(_9994, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (13) child(_9994, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (18) successor(charles, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (18) successor(charles, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (18) child(charles, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (18) child(charles, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (19) child(_9994, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (19) child(_9994, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (19) successor(andrew, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (19) successor(andrew, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (19) child(_9994, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (18) successor(edward, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (18) successor(edward, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (18) successor(edward, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (18) successor(sund, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (19) child(_9994, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (10) child(_9994, elizabeth) ? creep
   Exit: (11) infallSuccessors(elizabeth, [charles, andrew, edward, ann]) ? creep
   Exit: (11) insertionsort(([charles, andrew, edward, ann, _7140) ? creep
   Call: (12) insertionsort([andrew, edward, ann, _7140) ? creep
   Call: (13) insertionsort([andrew, edward, ann, _7140) ? creep
   Call: (15) insert(ann, [], _3032) ? creep
   Exit: (16) insert(ann, [], _3032) ? creep
   Sxit: (18) insert(ann, [], _301) ? cree
```

```
Call: (16) precedes(edward, ann) ? creep
   Call: (17) older(edward, ann) ? creep
   Fail: (17) older(edward, ann) ? creep
   Fail: (16) precedes(edward, ann) ? creep
  Exit: (15) not(user:precedes(edward, ann)) ? creep
   Call: (15) insert(edward, [], _3562) ? creep
   Exit: (15) insert(edward, [], [edward]) ? creep
Exit: (14) insert(edward, [ann], [ann, edward]) ? creep
   Exit: (13) insertionSort([edward, ann], [ann, edward]) ? creep
  Call: (13) insert(andrew, [ann, edward], _98) ? creep
  Call: (14) not(precedes(andrew, ann)) ? creep
   Call: (15) precedes(andrew, ann) ? creep
   Call: (16) older(andrew, ann) ? creep
   Fail: (16) older(andrew, ann) ? creep
   Fail: (15) precedes(andrew, ann) ? creep
  Exit: (14) not(user:precedes(andrew, ann)) ? creep
  Call: (14) insert(andrew, [edward], _11912) ? creep
  Call: (15) not(precedes(andrew, edward)) ? creep
   Call: (16) precedes(andrew, edward) ? creep
  Call: (17) older(andrew, edward) ? creep
  Exit: (17) older(andrew, edward) ? creep
   Exit: (16) precedes(andrew, edward) ? creep
   Fail: (15) not(user:precedes(andrew, edward)) ? creep
   Redo: (14) insert(andrew, [edward], _11912) ? creep
   Exit: (14) insert(andrew, [edward], [andrew, edward]) ? creep
   Exit: (13) insert(andrew, [ann, edward], [ann, andrew, edward]) ? creep
  Exit: (12) insertionSort([andrew, edward, ann], [ann, andrew, edward]) ? creep
   Call: (12) insert(charles, [ann, andrew, edward], _18) ? creep
  Call: (13) not(precedes(charles, ann)) ? creep
   Call: (14) precedes(charles, ann) ? creep
   Call: (15) older(charles, ann) ? creep
  Exit: (15) older(charles, ann) ? creep
   Exit: (14) precedes(charles, ann) ? creep
   Fail: (13) not(user:precedes(charles, ann)) ? creep
   Redo: (12) insert(charles, [ann, andrew, edward], _18) ? creep
   Exit: (12) insert(charles, [ann, andrew, edward], [charles, ann, andrew, edward]) ? creep
   Exit: (11) insertionSort([charles, andrew, edward, ann], [charles, ann, andrew, edward]) ? creep
   Exit: (10) successionLine(elizabeth, [charles, ann, andrew, edward]) ? creep
SuccessionLine = [charles, ann, andrew, edward].
```

We decided to use insertion sort as the trace is shorter. However, we did also try quick sort on both Qn 1 and Qn 2. The trace is stored in a text file due to its length however, the results are consistent with the ones we got above.