In [1]:

- 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
- 2 **import** pandas **as** pd
- 3 #import seaborn as sns

In [2]:

- 1 data=pd.read_csv("bank_loan.csv")
- 2 data

Out[2]:

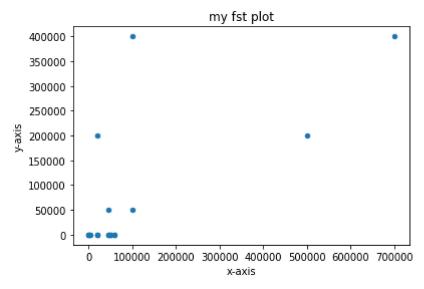
	id	Balnc	Monthly_Credit	Loan_Eli	Loan_Limit	Act_type
0	1	50000	10000	NO	0	Normal
1	2	60000	10000	NO	0	Normal
2	3	44545	13000	NO	0	Normal
3	4	20000	11000	NO	0	Normal
4	5	100000	20000	YES	50000	Salary
5	6	500000	25000	YES	200000	Salary
6	7	700000	35000	YES	400000	Bussiness
7	8	5000	0	NO	0	Normal
8	9	50000	10000	NO	0	Normal
9	10	60000	10000	NO	0	Normal
10	11	44545	13000	NO	0	Normal
11	12	20000	11000	NO	0	Normal
12	13	44545	20000	YES	50000	Salary
13	14	20000	25000	YES	200000	Salary
14	15	100000	35000	YES	400000	Bussiness
15	16	1000	0	NO	0	Student_account
16	17	500	0	NO	0	Student_account
17	18	0	0	NO	0	Student_account

Scatter Plot (Matplotlib)

In [9]:

```
#data.plot(kind='scatter',x='Balnc',y='Loan_Eli')
data.plot(kind='scatter',x='Balnc',y='Loan_Limit')
plt.title("my fst plot")

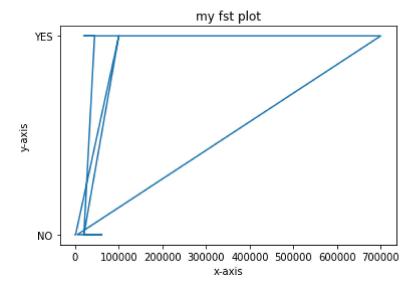
plt.ylabel("y-axis")
plt.xlabel("x-axis")
plt.show()
```



Plot (Matplotlib)

In [10]:

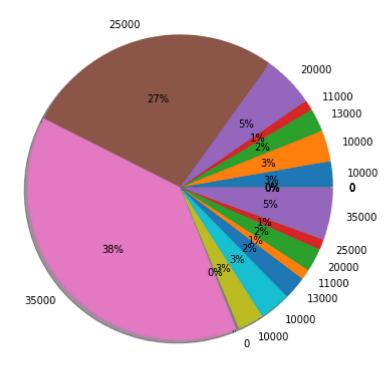
```
plt.plot(data['Balnc'],data['Loan_Eli'])
plt.title("my fst plot")
plt.ylabel("y-axis")
plt.xlabel("x-axis")
plt.show()
```



Pie Plot(Matplotlib)

In [13]:

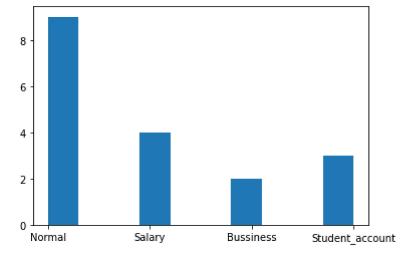
```
1
   data
 2
   # Creating dataset
 3 balnc = data['Balnc']
   data1 = data['Monthly_Credit']
 5
 6
   # Creating plot
7
   fig = plt.figure(figsize =(10, 7))
   plt.pie(balnc, labels = data1,autopct='%.0f%%',shadow = True)
8
9
10
   # show plot
   plt.show()
11
12
```



Histogram (Matplotlib)

In [16]:

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
 2
 3
   # Y-axis values
4
 5
   y = data['Act_type']
   # Function to plot histogram
 7
8
   plt.hist(y)
9
   # Function to show the plot
10
11
   plt.show()
```

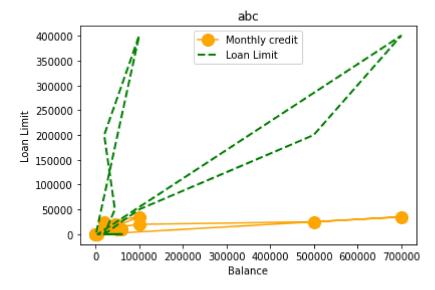


pyplot(under matplotlib)

Balance wise Monthly credit and Loan Limit '.' Point Marker 'o' Circle Marker '+' Plus Marker 's' Square Marker 'D' Diamond Marker 'H' Hexagon Marker

In [20]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt1
 2
 3
   # year contains the x-axis values
 4
   # and e-india & e-bangladesh
 5
   # are the y-axis values for plotting
 6
 7
   balnc = data['Balnc']
   Mon = data['Monthly_Credit']
8
9
   eli = data['Loan_Limit']
10
11
   #plt1.plot(balnc, Mon, color ='orange', label ='Monthly credit')
12
13
14
   #plt1.plot(balnc, eli, color ='green', label ='Loan Limit')
   plt.plot(balnc, Mon,color ='orange', marker ='o', markersize = 12, label ='Monthly cred
15
16
   plt.plot(balnc, eli, color ='g',linestyle ='dashed', linewidth = 2,label ='Loan Limit')
17
18
19
20
   # naming of x-axis and y-axis
21
   plt1.xlabel('Balance')
   plt1.ylabel('Loan Limit')
22
23
24
   # naming the title of the plot
25
   plt1.title('abc')
26
27
   plt1.legend()
   plt1.show()
28
```



Multiple Plots Create

In [93]:

```
# importing library
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt1
 2
 4
   # Some data to display
 5
   x = data['Balnc']
   y = data['Monthly_Credit']
 7
   z = data['Loan_Eli']
9
   # Creating 2 subplots
   fig, ax = plt1.subplots(2)
10
11
   # Accessing each axes object to plot the data through returned array
12
   ax[0].plot(x, y,color="orange") # balance & Monthly credit
13
   ax[1].plot(x, z) # balanc & Loan_eli
   ax[0].set_title("balance & Monthly credit")
15
   ax[1].set_title("balanc & Loan_eli")
16
17
```

Out[93]:

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'balanc & Loan_eli')

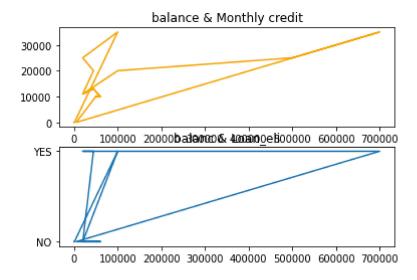
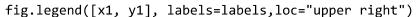


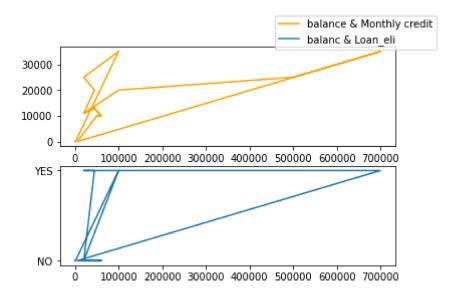
Figure Title

In [97]:

```
# importing library
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt1
 2
 4
   # Some data to display
 5
   x = data['Balnc']
   y = data['Monthly_Credit']
   z = data['Loan_Eli']
 7
 8
9
   # Creating 2 subplots
   fig, ax = plt1.subplots(2)
10
11
12
   # Accessing each axes object to plot the data through returned array
   x1=ax[0].plot(x, y,color="orange") # balance & Monthly credit
13
   y1=ax[1].plot(x, z) # balanc & Loan_eli
14
15
16
   labels = ["balance & Monthly credit", "balanc & Loan_eli"]
17
   fig.legend([x1, y1], labels=labels,loc="upper right")
18
   plt.subplots adjust(right=0.9)
19
20
   plt.show()
```

C:\Users\EASY\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_4984/2291945108.py:18: UserWarnin
g: You have mixed positional and keyword arguments, some input may be discar
ded.





Seaborn Library

Seaborn is a library that uses Matplotlib underneath to plot graphs. It will be used to visualize random distributions Distribution Plots Pie Chart & Bar Chart Scatter Plots Pair Plots Heat maps

Distribution Plots(using Seaborn)

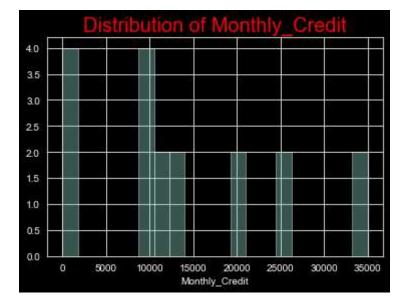
In [148]:

```
# Graph Create (using Seaborn )
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
plt.style.use("dark_background")

## sns.distplot(data.Monthly_Credit, color="g")
sns.distplot(data.Monthly_Credit, bins=20,kde = False)
plt.title("Distribution of Monthly_Credit", fontsize=20, color = 'red')
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\EASY\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python39\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

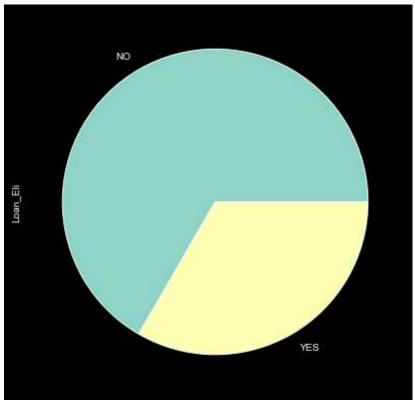
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)



Pie Chart & Bar Chart

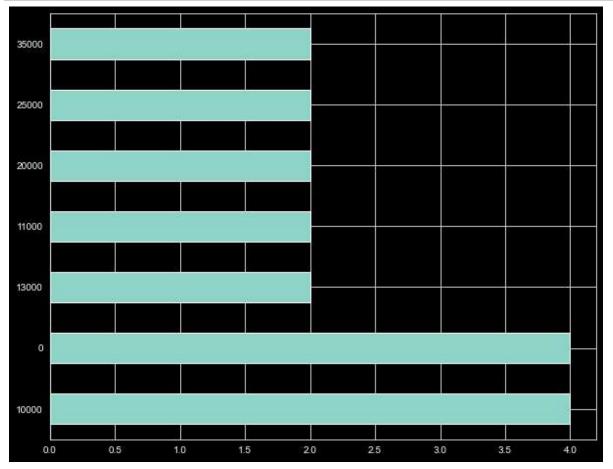
In [142]:

```
# how many candidate loan Eligiable
plt.figure(figsize=[9,7])
data['Loan_Eli'].value_counts().plot.pie()
plt.show()
```



In [147]:

```
# bar graph(sea born)
plt.figure(figsize=[10,8])
data['Monthly_Credit'].value_counts().plot.barh()
plt.show()
```

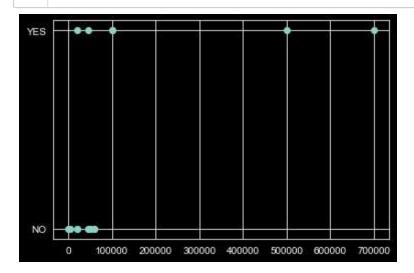


Scatter Plots(using Seaborn)

In [150]:

```
1 plt.scatter(data.Balnc, data.Loan_Eli)
```

2 plt.show()

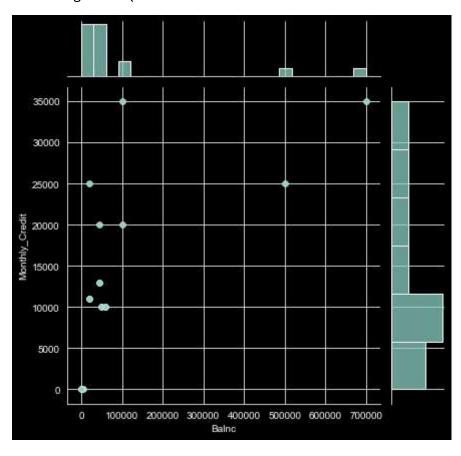


In [155]:

```
#scatter plot
sns.jointplot(data.Balnc, data.Monthly_Credit)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\EASY\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python39\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `d ata`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

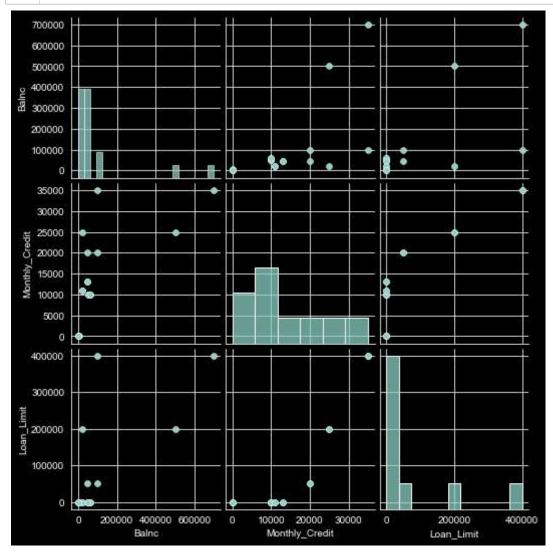
warnings.warn(



Pair Plot

In [157]:

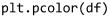
```
sns.pairplot(data[['Balnc', 'Monthly_Credit', 'Loan_Eli', 'Loan_Limit']])
plt.show()
```

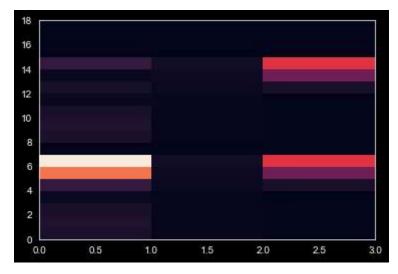


In [178]:

```
1 #Heat Map
2 df = pd.DataFrame(data)
3 # drop perticular column
4 df = df.drop(columns=['id', 'Loan_Eli','Act_type'])
5
6 #perticular raw Delete
7 #i = df[((df.balnc == 10000) &( df.Monthly_Credit == 10000) & (df.Act_type == 'Normal')
8 #df.drop(i)
9
10 plt.pcolor(df)
11 plt.show()
```

C:\Users\EASY\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_4984/3329408399.py:5: MatplotlibD eprecationWarning: Auto-removal of grids by pcolor() and pcolormesh() is deprecated since 3.5 and will be removed two minor releases later; please call grid(False) first.





Geographical Present Data

In [3]:

```
import folium

from branca.element import Figure

fig=Figure(width=550, height=350)

m1=folium.Map(width=550, height=350, location=[28.644800, 77.216721], zoom_start=11, min_zoffig.add_child(m1)

fig.add_child(m1)
```

Out[3]:

In [4]:

```
# Creating Basemap
   #fig3=Figure(width=500,height=600)
 2
   m3=folium.Map(location=[21.7679, 78.8718],tiles='cartodbpositron',zoom_start=5)
   data1=pd.read_csv(r"latlong.csv")
 5
   df=pd.DataFrame(data1)
 6
 7
   df['Lat']=df['Lat'].astype('object')
8 df['Lat']=df['Lat'].astype('float')
9
   df['Long']=df['Long'].astype('object')
   df['Long']=df['Long'].astype('float')
   for lat,long,state in zip(data1['Lat'],data1['Long'],data1['State']):
11
       folium.Marker(location=[lat, long],radious=0.8,popup=('<strong>State</strong>:'+str
12
13
   m3
    \triangleleft
```

Out[4]:

Make this Notebook Trusted to load map: File -> Trust Notebook

In []:

1