Analysis of CBS' Consumer Expenditure Survey

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Overview

- The Consumer Expenditure Survey provides rich data for analyzing group-level inflation
- Contains detailed information on:
 - Household characteristics
 - Individual characteristics
 - Income sources
 - Expenditure patterns

Key Household Variables

- Number of persons and providers in the HH
- Nationality of the HH head (Jewish, Arab, Other)
- Locality
- Socioeconomic status
- Peripherality index
- ▶ Possession of durable goods (e.g. cars, computers) and access to services (e.g. internet, cable TV, central heating)
- ► Housing characteristics (e.g. ownership, number of rooms)
- Income and income sources (e.g. salary, self-employment, investments, benefits)
- Expenditure patterns (e.g. food, housing, transportation)
- Education type and level of the HH head
- ► Religion and religious observance level

Key Individual Variables

- Age group (4-year intervals)
- Marital status and marriage year
- ► Immigrated from USSR
- Immigration year
- Continent of birth of each parent
- Education level, school type, last certification type, years of schooling
- Employment status, occupation, industry, work hours, work weeks
- Detailed disablity status
- Detailed income sources, including investments and benefits

Expenditure Data

- ▶ Date of purchase, quantity, prices, estimated monthly expenditure per product
- Packaging type
- Retailer type
- Taxes and transfers
- Savings and investments

Expenditure Data

- ► Food (bread and cereals, oils, meat and poultry, fish, dairy and eggs, sugar and related products, soft drinks, alcohol, meals outside home, fruits and vegetables)
- Housing expenses (water, electricity, gas, maintenance, housekeeping and cleaning, furniture, appliances, beddings and towels, local taxes, repairs, decorations)
- Clothing and footwear (clothing, footwear, cleaning, accessories)
- Health (medications, medical services, dental services, health insurance)
- Education and entertainment (education services, newspapers, books, cultural events, sports, hobbies, vacations, electronics)
- Transportation (public transportation, private transportation, fuel, maintenance, insurance, flights, mail and delivery, telecommunications)
- Other expenses (tobacco, cosmetics, law services, jewelry, baggage, charity)



Group Analysis Possibilities

Can analyze inflation differences by:

- ► Income levels (deciles)
- Socioeconomic status of locality
- Religion and religious observance level
- Education level
- Employment status
- Age group

Methodological Considerations

- ► Sample weights available
- Quarterly data collection
- Detailed consumption categories
- Multiple income sources
- Rich demographic information

Limitations and Considerations

- Cross-sectional nature of data
- ▶ Need to account for household composition
- Regional price variations
- Sampling methodology
- Response quality