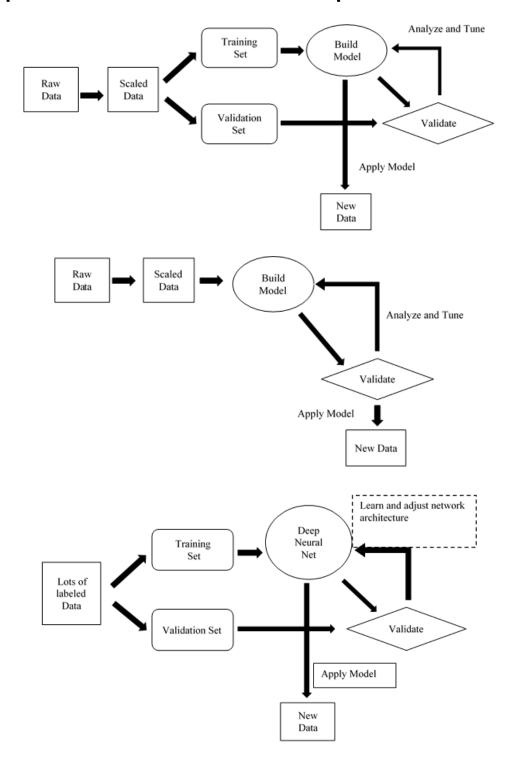
Chapter 1: TensorFlow: Basic Concepts

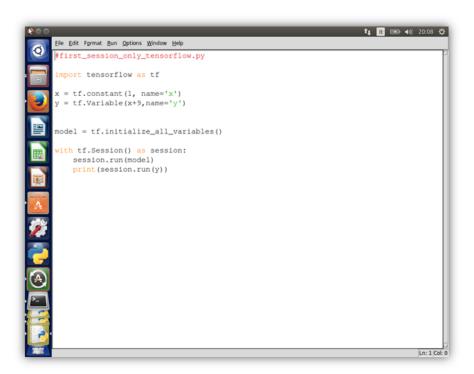


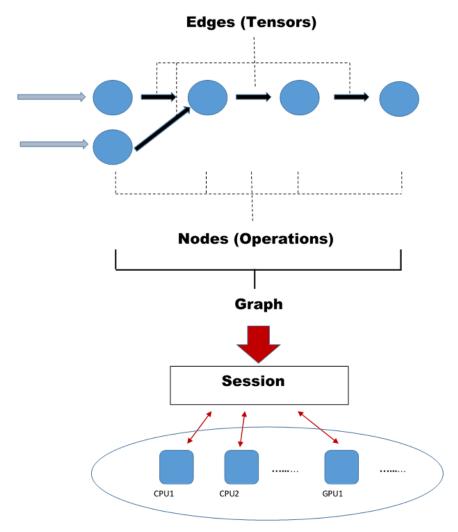


About TensorFlow

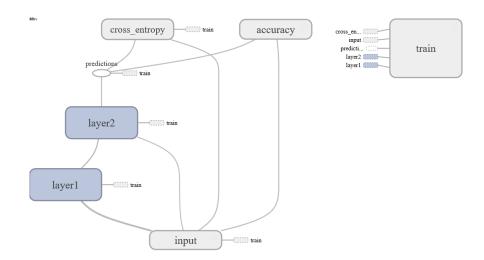
TensorFlow ** is an open source software library for numerical computation using data flow graphs. Nodes in the graph represent mathematical operations, while the graph edges represent the multidimensional data arrays (tensors) communicated between them. The fierible architecture allows you to deploy computation to one or more CPUs or GPUs in a desktop, server, or mobile device with a single API. TensorFlow was originally developed by researchers and engineers working on the Google Brain Team within Google's Machine Intelligence research organization for the purposes of Conducting machine learning and deep neural networks research, but the system is general enough to be applicable in a wide variety of other domains as well.

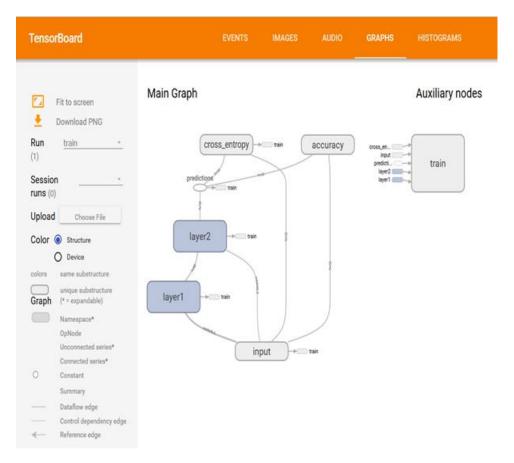


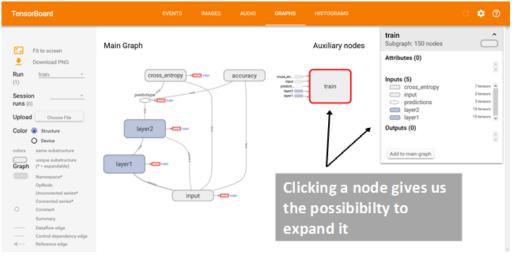




Devices

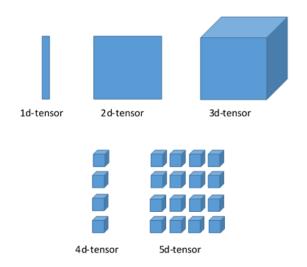


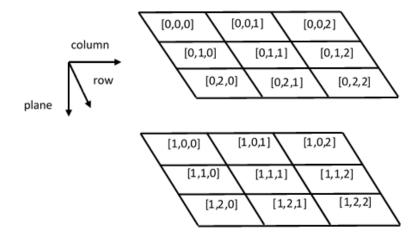


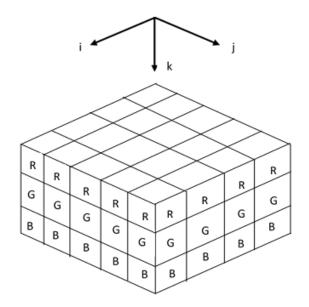


Symbol	Meaning
	High-level node representing a name scope. Double-click to expand a high-level node.
	Sequence of numbered nodes that are not connected to each other.
9	Sequence of numbered nodes that are connected to each other.
\circ	An individual operation node.
0	A constant.
	A summary node.
\rightarrow	Edge showing the data flow between operations.
>	Edge showing the control dependency between operations.
\Leftrightarrow	A reference edge showing that the outgoing operation node can mutate the incoming tensor.

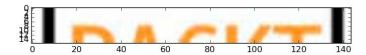
Chapter 2: Doing Math with TensorFlow

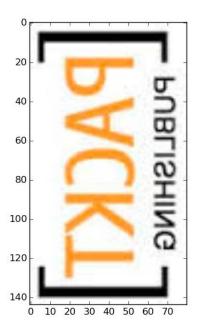


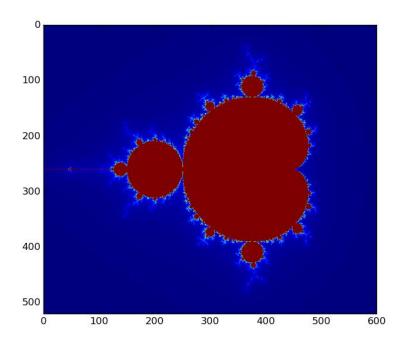


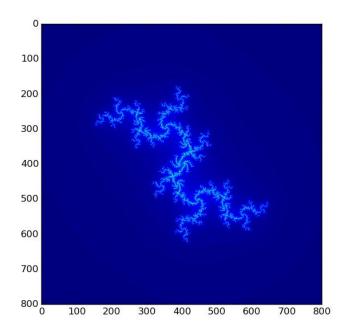


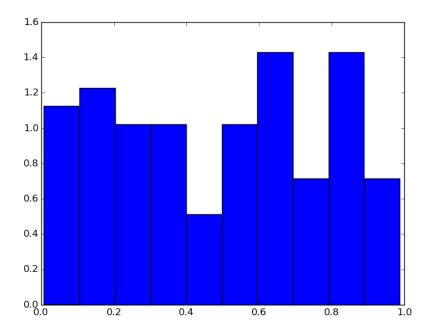


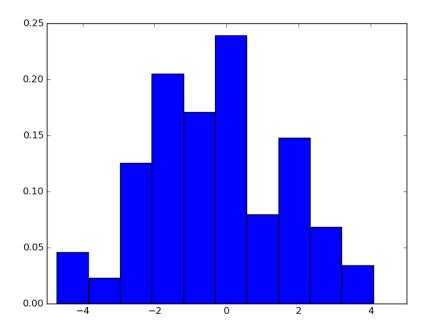


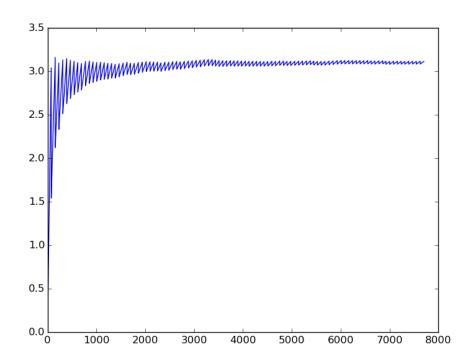


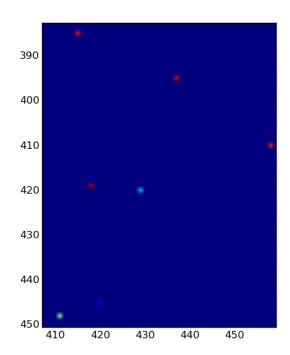


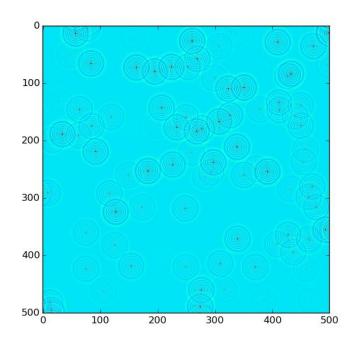


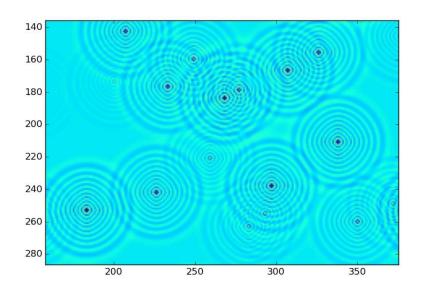




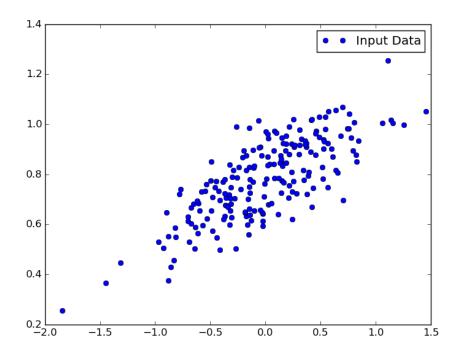






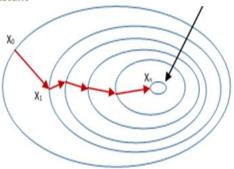


Chapter 3: Starting with Machine Learning

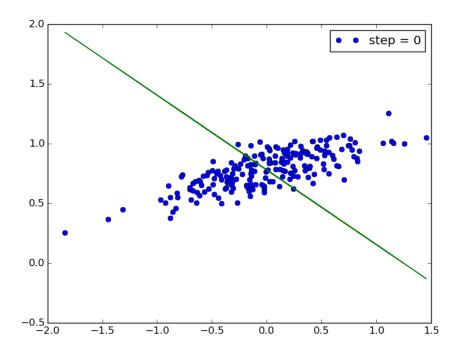


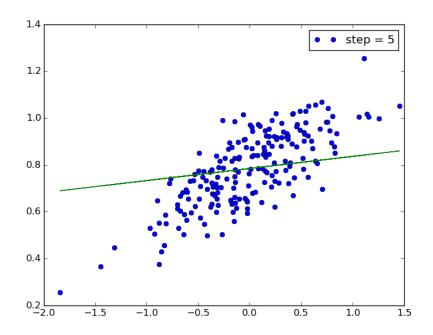
The borders are regions in which F(x) is constant

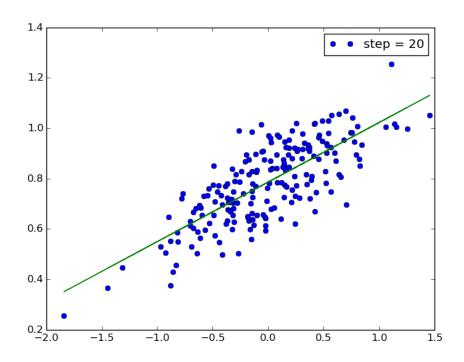
We want to converge towards the minimum, the center of the figure

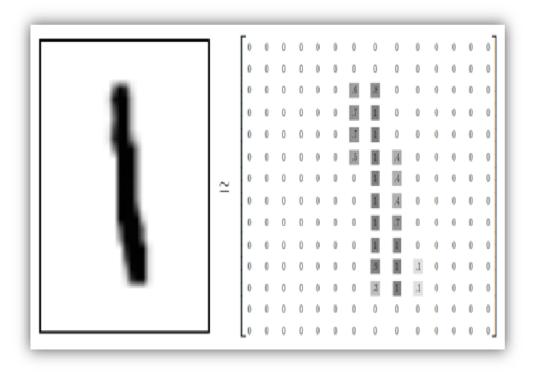


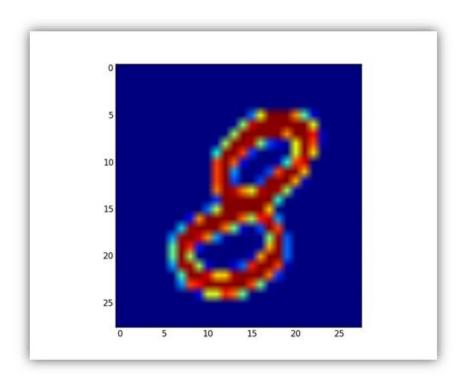
F(x) decreases faster if it moves In the direction of maximum slope (the derivative of F(x))



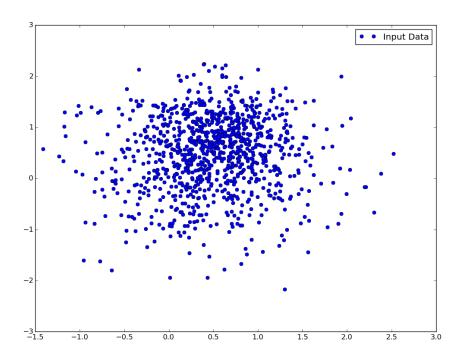


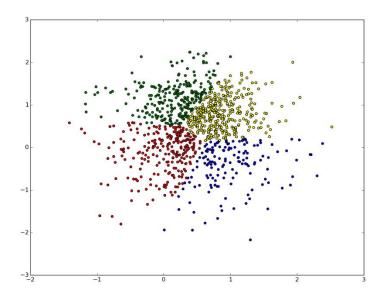




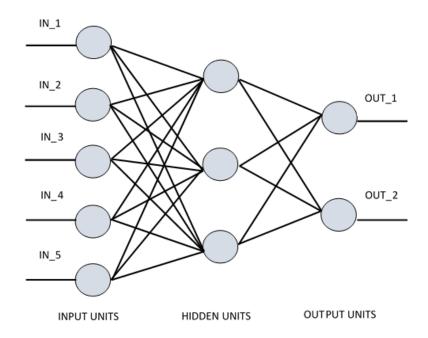


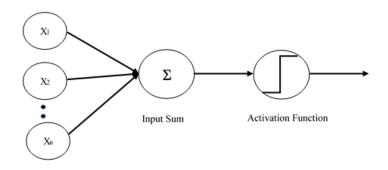
$$d = \sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^{n} (x_{j} - y_{j})^{2}}$$

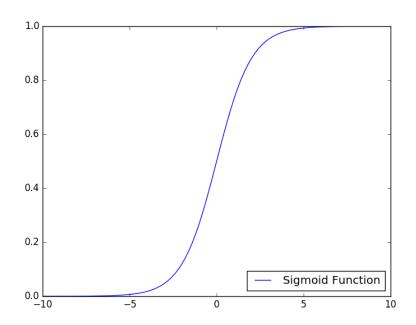


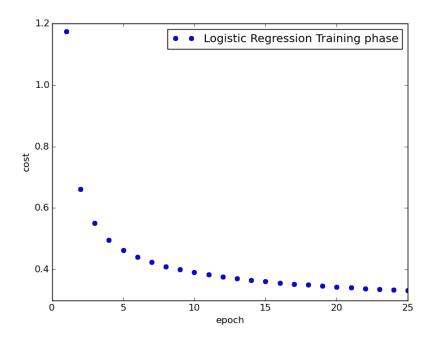


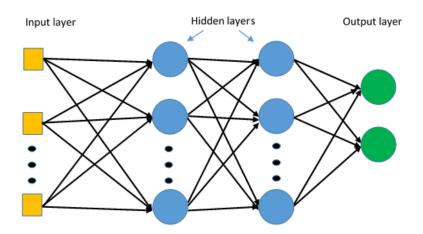
Chapter 4: Introducing Neural Networks

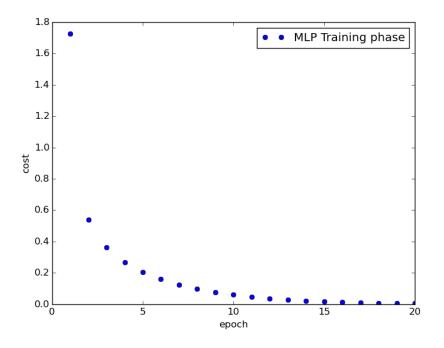


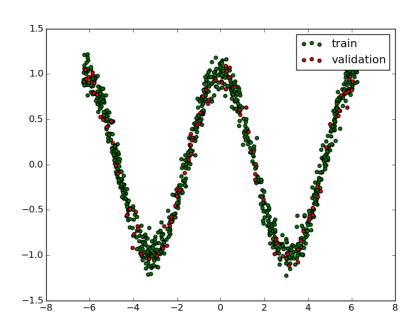


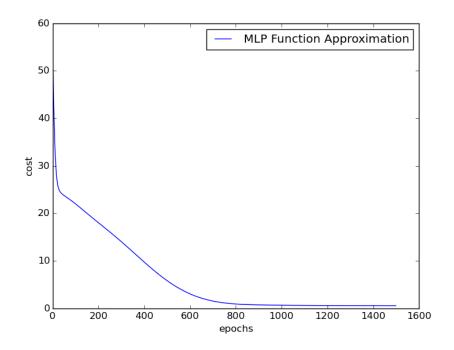




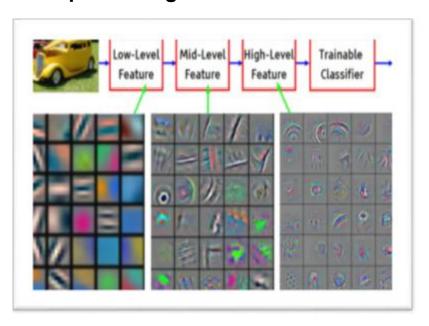


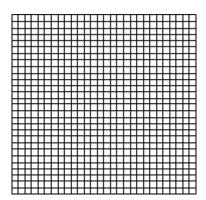


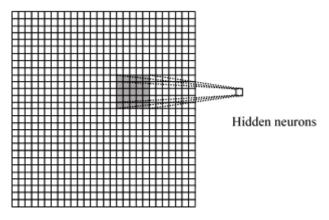




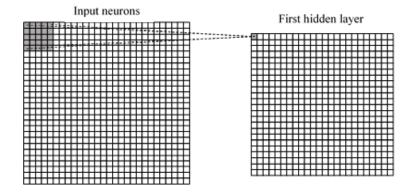
Chapter 5: Deep Learning

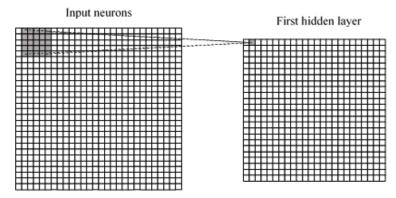


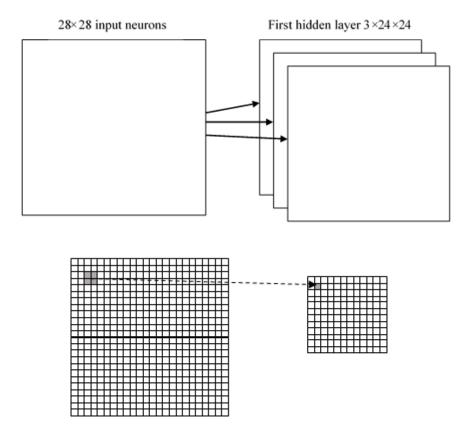


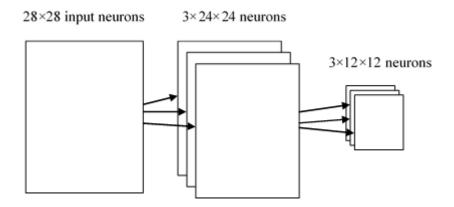


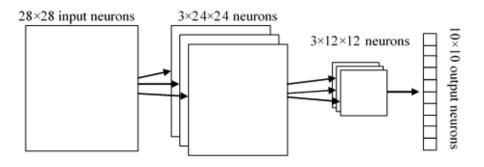
Input neurons

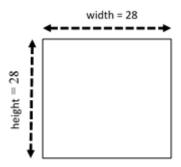


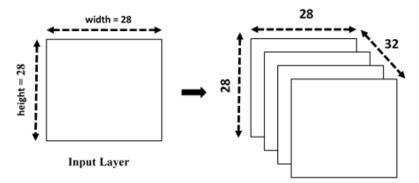




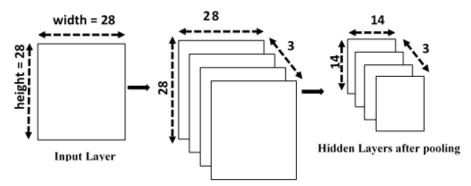




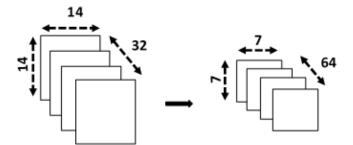




Hidden Layers after convolution

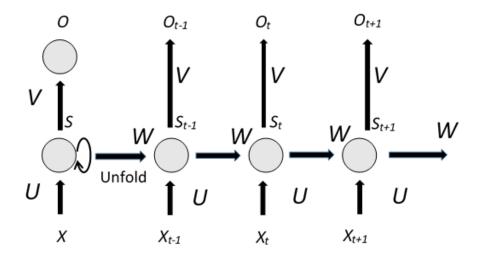


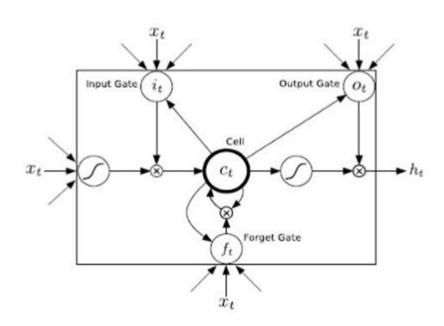
Hidden Lavers after convolution



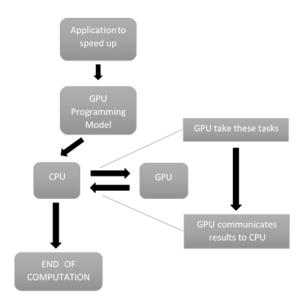
First Convolutional Layer

Second Convolutional Layer





Chapter 6: GPU Programming and Serving with TensorFlow



TRAINING PIPELINE

