

CSI 3120

Lab 7 Report

Group #6

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Task A: Generating Patterns with User Input

Question 1

`right_angle_triangle_console/0`

- **Purpose:** This predicate starts the process of generating the triangle.
Prompts the user to enter the height of the triangle.
Reads the height input and calls `print_triangle/2` with the starting row (`Current = 1`) and the specified height (`Height`).

`print_triangle/2`

- **Purpose:** This predicate recursively prints each row of the triangle.
 - **Base Case:** Stops recursion when the current row number exceeds the height.
 - **Recursive Case:** Calls `print_row/1` to print `Current` number of `#` symbols for the current row, then increments `Current` and calls itself for the next row.
- The predicate checks if `Current <= Height` and continues printing rows. If `Current > Height`, the recursion ends.

`print_row/1`

- **Purpose:** This predicate prints `N` number of `#` symbols for a single row.
 - **Base Case:** Stops printing when `N = 0`.
 - **Recursive Case:** Prints one `#` symbol, decrements `N`, and calls itself to print the remaining symbols in the row.

Testing:

```
2 ?- right_angle_triangle_console.  
Enter the height of the right-angled triangle: 4  
.   
#  
##  
###  
####  
true .
```

Question 2

isosceles_triangle_pattern_file/2

- **Purpose:** Generates an isosceles triangle pattern of * symbols and writes it to a file.
 - Opens the specified file for writing.
 - Calls write_triangle/3 to generate and write each row to the file.
 - Closes the file and prints a success message using format/2.

write_triangle/3

- **Purpose:** Recursively writes rows of the isosceles triangle to the file.
 - **Base Case:** Stops recursion when Current exceeds Height.
 - **Recursive Case:**
 - Calculates the number of spaces (Spaces) to center-align the triangle.
 - Calculates the number of * symbols (Stars) for the current row.
 - Calls print_spaces/2 and print_stars/2 to write the spaces and stars for the row.
 - Moves to the next row (Next) and calls itself recursively.

print_spaces/2

- **Purpose:** Writes a specified number of spaces to the file stream.
 - **Base Case:** Stops when there are no spaces to write.
 - **Recursive Case:** Writes one space, decrements the count, and calls itself.

print_stars/2

- **Purpose:** Writes a specified number of * symbols to the file stream.
 - **Base Case:** Stops when there are no stars to write.
 - **Recursive Case:** Writes one *, decrements the count, and calls itself.

Testing:

```
4 ?- isosceles_triangle_pattern_file(5, 'triangle.txt').  
Isosceles triangle pattern written to file: triangle.txt  
true .
```

```
1      *  
2     ***  
3    *****  
4   *****  
5  *****  
6 *****
```

Task B: Parsing Game Character Descriptions with Definite Clause Grammars (DCGs)

1. DCG Rule: character_description

- **Purpose:** Parses a character description and validates each component. If all validations pass, it asserts the character into the knowledge base using the `assert_character/7` predicate.
- **Components:**
 - **Input format:** [Type, Subtype, Sequence, HealthLevel, Weapon, MovementStyle]
 - **Validation:** Calls validation predicates (`validate_*`) to ensure that:
 - The type and subtype are appropriate for the character.
 - Health level, weapon type, and movement style are valid.
 - Movement direction is determined logically for the character type and weapon possession.
 - **Asserting:** Stores the validated character in the knowledge base using `assert/1`.

2. Movement Direction: determine_movement_direction/3

- **Purpose:** Determines the movement direction of the character based on its type and weapon possession.
- **Rules:**
 - Enemies always move towards.
 - Heroes with weapons move towards, while those without weapons move away.

3. Validation Predicates

1. validate_type/1

- **Purpose:** Ensures that the character type is either enemy or hero.
- **Logic:** Uses `member/2` to check membership in the valid types list.

2. validate_subtype/2

- **Purpose:** Ensures the subtype matches the character type.
- **Logic:** Checks that:
 - Enemies have subtypes: `darkwizard`, `demon`, or `basilisk`.
 - Heroes have subtypes: `wizard`, `mage`, or `elf`.

3. validate_health/1

- **Purpose:** Ensures the health level is valid.
- **Logic:** Checks membership in the predefined health levels list.

4. validate_weapon/2

- **Purpose:** Validates weapon possession rules:
 - Heroes can have `has_weapon` or `no_weapon`.
 - Enemies always have `no_weapon`.

validate_movement_style/1

- **Purpose:** Ensures the movement style is one of jerky, stealthy, or smoothly.

4. Assertion: `assert_character/7`

- **Purpose:** Inserts a validated character into the dynamic knowledge base.
- **Logic:** Uses `assert/1` to store the character with all its attributes.

5. Retrieval: `get_character/7`

- **Purpose:** Retrieves a character from the knowledge base by matching its attributes.
- **Logic:** Uses the dynamic `character/7` predicate to retrieve stored characters.

Testing:

```
4 ?- phrase(character_description, [hero, wizard, 12, towards, normal, has_weapon, smoothly]).
5 ?- phrase(character_description, [enemy, demon, 7, towards, strong, no_weapon, stealthy]).
true .
6 ?- phrase(character_description, [hero, elf, 5, towards, very_strong, no_weapon, jerky]).
true .
```

Task C: Library Management System with Prolog

1. Dynamic Predicates

- **book/4**: Represents books in the library with attributes: Title, Author, Year, and Genre.
- **borrowed/4**: Tracks books that have been borrowed with the same attributes.

*Both predicates are declared dynamic to allow runtime modifications.

2. Core Operations

1. add_book/4

- **Purpose**: Adds a book to the library if it doesn't already exist.
- **Logic**: Ensures that the book is not already present before adding it.

2. remove_book/4

- **Purpose**: Removes a book from the library.
- **Logic**: Deletes the book's entry from the knowledge base.

3. is_available/4

- **Purpose**: Checks if a book is available for borrowing.
- **Logic**: Ensures the book exists and has not been marked as borrowed.

4. borrow_book/4

- **Purpose**: Marks a book as borrowed if it is available.
- **Logic**: Ensures the book can be borrowed and adds it to the borrowed list.

5. return_book/4

- **Purpose**: Marks a borrowed book as returned.
- **Logic**: Removes the book from the borrowed list.

3. Search Operations

1. find_by_author/2

- **Purpose**: Finds all books by a specific author.
- **Logic**: Collects all titles associated with the specified author.

2. find_by_genre/2

- **Purpose**: Finds all books of a specific genre.
- **Logic**: Collects all titles associated with the specified genre.

3. find_by_year/2

- **Purpose**: Finds all books published in a specific year.
- **Logic**: Collects all titles associated with the specified year.

4. Recommendations

1. recommend_by_genre/2

- **Purpose**: Recommends books of a specific genre.
- **Logic**: Suggests all titles in the specified genre.

2. recommend_by_author/2

- **Purpose**: Recommends books by a specific author.
- **Logic**: Suggests all titles by the specified author.

Testing:

```
6 ?- add_book('The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 1925, 'Novel').
true.

7 ?- add_book('1984', 'George Orwell', 1949, 'Dystopian').
true.

8 ?- add_book('To Kill a Mockingbird', 'Harper Lee', 1960, 'Novel').
true.

9 ?- add_book('Brave New World', 'Aldous Huxley', 1932, 'Dystopian').
true.

10 ?- add_book('Reminders of Him', 'Colleen Hoover', 2022, 'Novel').
true.

11 ?- remove_book('1984', 'George Orwell', 1949, 'Dystopian').
true.

12 ?- is_available('The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 1925, 'Novel').
true.

13 ?- is_available('1984', 'George Orwell', 1949, 'Dystopian').
false.

14 ?- borrow_book('The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 1925, 'Novel').
true.

15 ?- is_available('The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 1925, 'Novel').
false.

16 ?- return_book('The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 1925, 'Novel').
true.

17 ?- is_available('The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 1925, 'Novel').
true.

18 ?- find_by_genre('Novel', Books).
Books = ['The Great Gatsby', 'To Kill a Mockingbird', 'Reminders of Him'].

19 ?- find_by_year(1925, Books).
Books = ['The Great Gatsby'].

20 ?- find_by_author('Harper Lee', Books).
Books = ['To Kill a Mockingbird'].

21 ?- recommend_by_genre('Novel', Recommendations).
Recommendations = ['The Great Gatsby', 'To Kill a Mockingbird', 'Reminders of Him'].
```