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By 1900, the United States had become the world's largest economy, and the Spanish–American War and World War I established the country as a world power. After Japan's surprise attack on Pearl Harbor in 1941, the U.S. declared war on the Axis powers during World War II.

The aftermath of the war left the United States and the Soviet Union as the world's two superpowers. During the Cold War, both countries engaged in a struggle for ideological dominance, but avoided direct military conflict. They also competed in the Space Race, which culminated in the 1969 American spaceflight that first landed humans on the Moon. Simultaneously, the civil rights movement led to legislation outlawing racial discrimination against African Americans. The Soviet Union's dissolution in 1991 ended the Cold War, leaving the United States as the world's sole superpower. The September 11 attacks in 2001 resulted in the United States-US launching the war on terror, which included the War in Afghanistan (2001–2021) and the Iraq War (2003–2011).

The United States-US is a <u>federal republic</u> with <u>three separate branches of government</u>, including a <u>bicameral legislature</u>. It is a <u>liberal democracy</u> and <u>market economy</u>; it <u>ranks high</u> in international measures of <u>human rights</u>, <u>quality of life</u>, <u>income</u> and <u>wealth</u>, <u>economic competitiveness</u>, and <u>education</u>; and it has low levels of <u>perceived corruption</u>. It has high levels of <u>incarceration</u> and <u>inequality</u>, retains <u>capital punishment</u>, and lacks <u>universal health care</u>.