



## **Department of Computer Science & Engineering**

**Course Title :** Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems Lab

**Course Code :** CSE 404

**Lab Report :** 02

**Submission Date :** 01.04.25

**Submitted To:**

Noor Mairukh Khan Arnob

Lecturer,

Department of CSE, UAP

**Submitted By:**

Susmita Roy

Reg: 21201199

Sec: B2

**Problem Title:**

Finding the Optimal Path from Azimpur Bus Stand to UAP Using A\* Search Algorithm.

**Problem Description:**

The objective of this problem is to determine the optimal path from Azimpur Bus Stand(home) to UAP(University of Asia Pacific) using the A\* search algorithm.

A\* search algorithm,

$$f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$$

Where,

$f(n)$  = Fitness number

$g(n)$  = Cost from start node to n-node

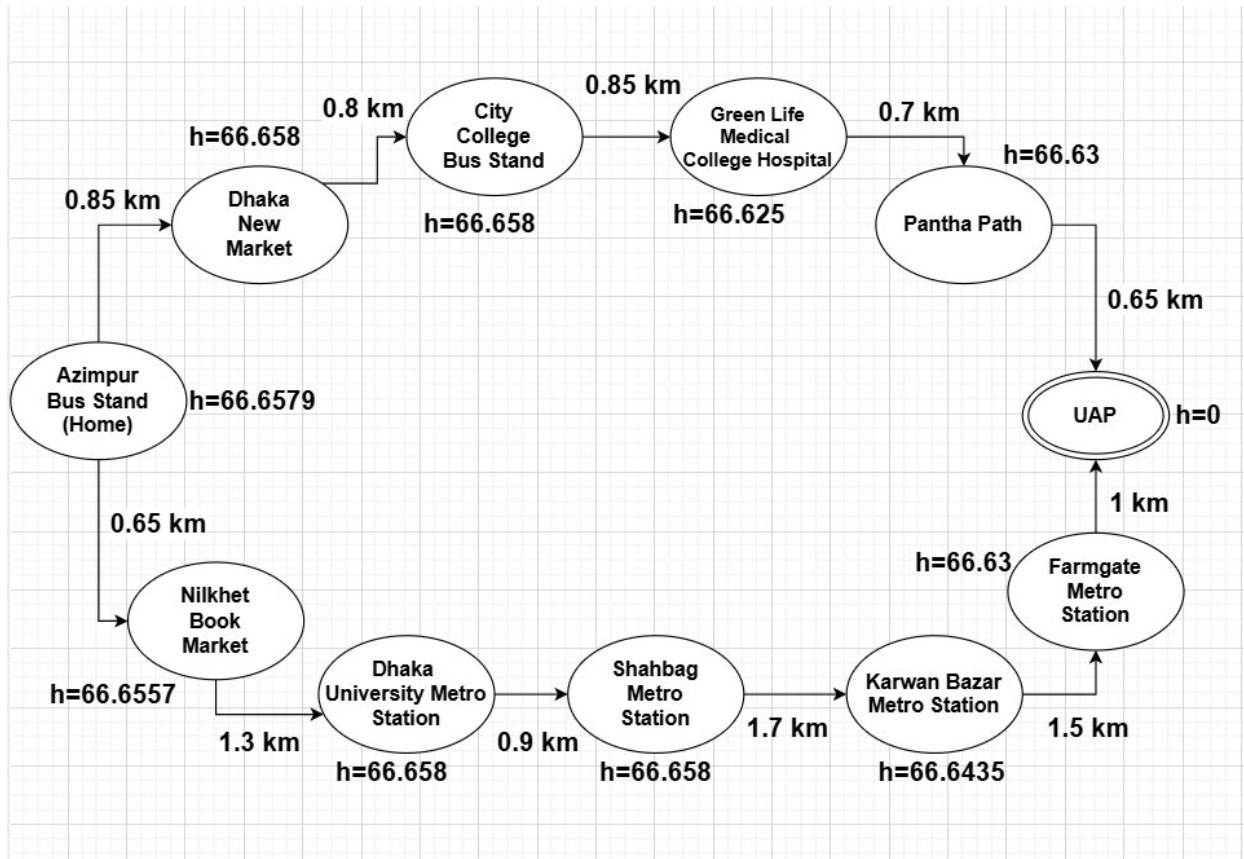
$h(n)$  = Cost from n-node to goal node

**Tools and Languages Used:**

- Programming Language: Python
- Tools: Colab Notebook

Diagram:

## Designed Graph



Here,

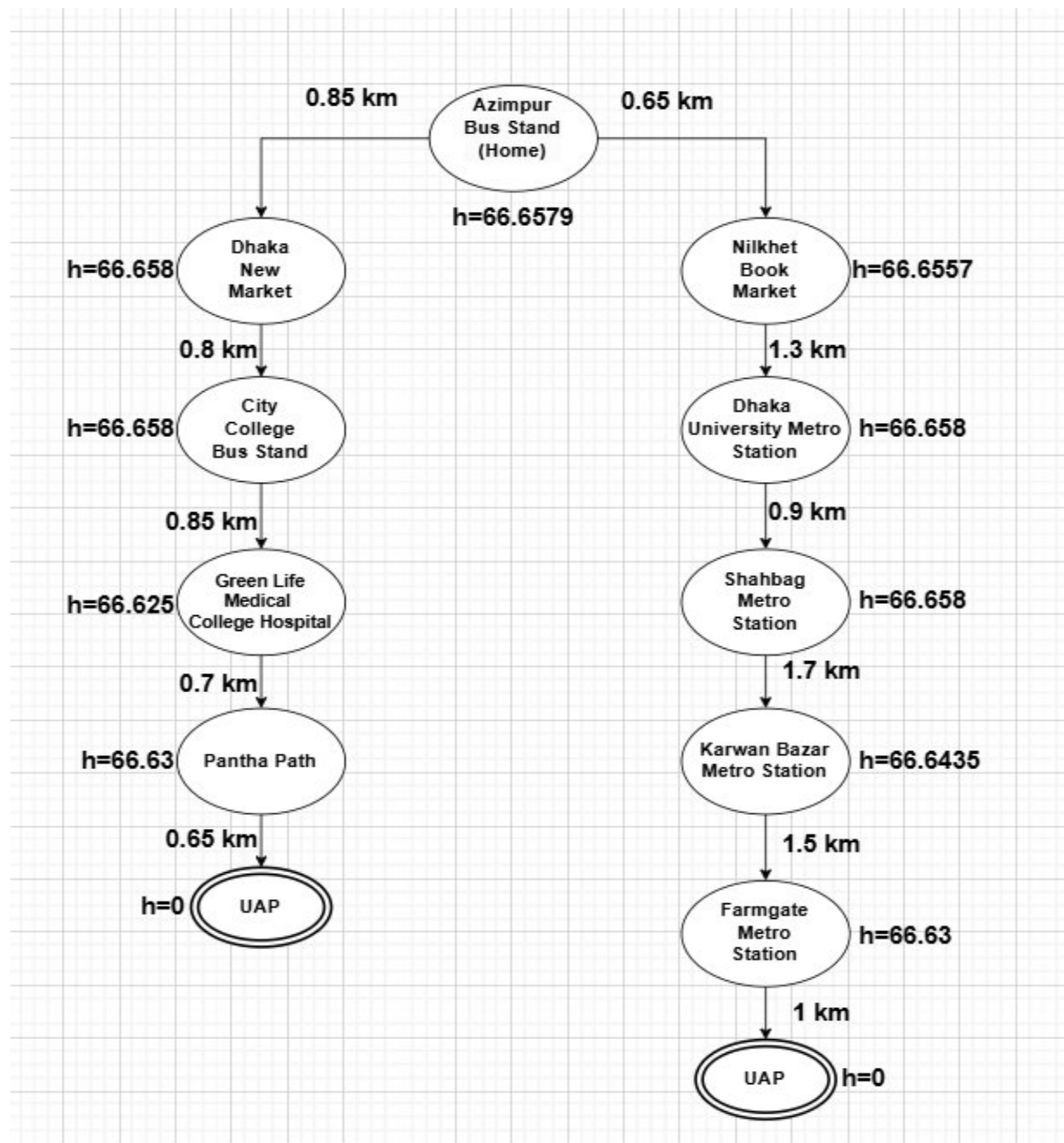
Start Node : Azimpur Bus Stand(Home)

Goal Node : UAP(University of Asia Pacific)

$g(n)$  : Calculated in Kilo meter(km) from Google Maps

$h(n)$  : Calculated from Google Maps(Longitude,Latitude),using Manhattan Distance(Longitude - Latitude).

## Designed Search Tree



## Sample Input/Output:

```
import heapq

def astar(graph, heuristic, start, goal):
    open_list = [] # Priority queue
    heapq.heappush(open_list, (0, start)) # (cost, node)
    came_from = {} # Track path
    g_score = {node: float('inf') for node in graph}
    g_score[start] = 0
    f_score = {node: float('inf') for node in graph}
    f_score[start] = heuristic.get(start, float('inf'))

    while open_list:
        _, current = heapq.heappop(open_list)

        if current == goal:
            path = []
            while current in came_from:
                path.append(current)
                current = came_from[current]
            path.append(start)
            return path[::-1], g_score[goal] # Return path and cost

        for neighbor, cost in graph.get(current, {}).items():
            tentative_g_score = g_score[current] + cost
            if tentative_g_score < g_score.get(neighbor, float('inf')):
                came_from[neighbor] = current
                g_score[neighbor] = tentative_g_score
                f_score[neighbor] = tentative_g_score + heuristic.get(neighbor, float('inf'))
                heapq.heappush(open_list, (f_score[neighbor], neighbor))

    return None, float('inf') # No path found
```

```

# Graph representation with distances (g(n))
graph = {
    "Azimpur": {"Dhaka New Market": 0.85, "Nilkhet": 0.65},
    "Dhaka New Market": {"City College": 0.8},
    "City College": {"Green Life Hospital": 0.85},
    "Green Life Hospital": {"Pantha Path": 0.7},
    "Pantha Path": {"UAP": 0.65},
    "Nilkhet": {"Dhaka Univ. Metro": 1.3},
    "Dhaka Univ. Metro": {"Shahbag Metro": 0.9},
    "Shahbag Metro": {"Karwan Bazar Metro": 1.7},
    "Karwan Bazar Metro": {"Farmgate Metro": 1.5},
    "Farmgate Metro": {"UAP": 1.0},
    "UAP": {}
}

# Heuristic values (h(n)) estimated based on given h values
heuristic = {
    "Azimpur": 66.6579,
    "Dhaka New Market": 66.658,
    "City College": 66.658,
    "Green Life Hospital": 66.625,
    "Pantha Path": 66.63,
    "UAP": 0,
    "Nilkhet": 66.6557,
    "Dhaka Univ. Metro": 66.658,
    "Shahbag Metro": 66.658,
    "Karwan Bazar Metro": 66.6435,
    "Farmgate Metro": 66.63,
}

# Finding the optimal path
start_node = "Azimpur"
goal_node = "UAP"
path, cost = astar(graph, heuristic, start_node, goal_node)

```

```
# Output results
if path:
    print("Optimal Path:", " -> ".join(path))
    print("Total Cost (km):", cost)
else:
    print("No valid path found.")
```

### Output:

Optimal Path: Azimpur -> Dhaka New Market -> City College -> Green Life Hospital -> Pantha Path -> UAP  
Total Cost (km): 3.85

### Conclusion:

By implementing the A\* search algorithm, we successfully determined the most optimal path from Azimpur Bus Stand to UAP while minimizing travel distance. The algorithm efficiently balances actual travel cost ( $g(n)$ ) and estimated distance ( $h(n)$ ), ensuring the shortest possible route.