Nagios监控fastdfs监控项添加

1.增加主机

在/data/nagios/etc/service/下增加主机并增加主机名等信息，如B52-fdfs-1.cfg

define host{

use linux-server,host-pnp

host\_name B52-fdfs-1

alias 10.10.30.32

address 10.10.30.32

}

线上fdfs 都写在了Fast-g1-1.cfg 配置文件中，现在要把activity-redis-1主机添加进去

define hostgroup{

hostgroup\_name Fastdfs-servers

alias Fastdfs Servers

members Fast-g1-1,Fast-g1-2,Fast-g2-1,Fast-g2-2

}

2.在/data/nagios/etc/objects/client.cfg中添加主机名

3.在/data/nagios/etc/objects/escalations.cfg中添加主机名

4.测试配置文件是否错误

/data/nagios/bin/nagios -v /data/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg

5.重启服务

/etc/init.d/nagios restart

6.配置traffic\_bandwidth监控项

登录B52-fdfs-1主机,安装/配置 snmp 服务

yum install -y net-snmp

vim /et/snmp/snmpd.conf

修改41行 com2sec notConfigUser default jjjr.com

56行后增加 view all included .1 80

修改63行 access notConfigGroup "" any noauth exact all none none

保存，重启snmpd 服务

/etc/init.d/snmpd restart