



**UTM**  
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA  
SEMESTER 1, SESSION 2023/2024

# LAB EXERCISE 2

**SECD2523 : DATABASE**

**SECTION 10**

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## Exercise 1: Data Manipulation Language

### Part 1: Running a script to populate the tables

You have to consider the order of the tables when populating them. A table that has a foreign key field cannot be populated before the related table with the primary key

1. Use the table mapping document and list the order that you would use to populate the tables.
2. Open the “sports data.sql” and look at the order the data is being added there, does your list match?
3. Run the “sports data.sql” script in APEX to populate your tables
4. Check that no errors occurred when you ran the script

```
142 v INSERT INTO ordered_items (quantity_ordered, quantity_shipped, odr_id, itm_number)
143 VALUES(10, 10, 'or0101681', 'im01101047');
144
145 v INSERT INTO ordered_items (quantity_ordered, quantity_shipped, odr_id, itm_number)
146 VALUES(1, 1, 'or0101750', 'im01101048');

1 row(s) inserted.

1 row(s) inserted.

1 row(s) inserted.

1 row(s) inserted.

1 row(s) inserted.
```

No errors occurred

### Part 2- Inserting rows to the system

1. Add a new team to the system

```
1 v INSERT INTO teams (id, name, number_of_players, discount)
2 VALUES('t004', 'Jets', 10, 5);
```

```
1 row(s) inserted.
```

2. Add a new Customer with the following details to the system

```
1 v INSERT INTO customers (ctr_number, email, first_name, last_name, phone_number, current_balance, loyalty_card_number)
2 VALUES('c02001', 'brianrog@hootech.com', 'Brian', 'Rogers', '01654564898', -5, 'lc4587');
3
```

1 row(s) inserted.

3. This information violates the check constraint that the current balance must not be less than zero. Change the current balance to 50 and rerun the query

```
1 v UPDATE customers
2 SET current_balance = 50
3 WHERE ctr_number = 'c02001';
```

1 row(s) updated.

## Exercise 2: Data Manipulation Language

### Part 1 - Updating rows to the system

1. Run the following query to view the content of the price\_history table :

```
SELECT start_date, TO_CHAR (start_time, 'HH24:MI:SS'), price, end_date, TO_CHAR  
(end_time, 'HH24:MI:SS')  
FROM price_history;
```

START_DATE	TO_CHAR(START_TIME, 'HH24:MI:SS')	PRICE	END_DATE	TO_CHAR(END_TIME, 'HH24:MI:SS')
17-JUN-17	09:00:00	4.99	-	-
25-NOV-16	09:00:00	14.99	25-JAN-17	17:00
25-JAN-17	17:01:00	8.99	25-JAN-17	19:00
26-JAN-17	09:00:00	15.99	-	-
12-FEB-17	12:30:00	7.99	-	-
25-APR-17	10:10:10	24.99	-	-
31-MAY-17	16:35:30	149	-	-

2. Obl is going to update the price of the premium bat so you will need to write a query that will close off the current price by adding the system date values to the end\_date and end\_time fields. To run this query you will need to both match the item number and identify that the end date is null. This ensures that you are updating the latest price

```
1 v UPDATE price_history  
2 SET end_date = SYSDATE,  
3     end_time = SYSDATE  
4 WHERE itm_number = 'im01101048' AND end_time IS NULL;
```

1 row(s) updated.

3. Rerun the select statement on the price\_history table to ensure that the statement has been execute

START_DATE	TO_CHAR(START_TIME, 'HH24:MI:SS')	PRICE	END_DATE	TO_CHAR(END_TIME, 'HH24:MI')
17-JUN-17	09:00:00	4.99	-	-
25-NOV-16	09:00:00	14.99	25-JAN-17	17:00
25-JAN-17	17:01:00	8.99	25-JAN-17	19:00
26-JAN-17	09:00:00	15.99	-	-
12-FEB-17	12:30:00	7.99	-	-
25-APR-17	10:10:10	24.99	-	-
31-MAY-17	16:35:30	149	27-DEC-23	17:13

4. Insert a new row that will use the current date and time to set the new price of the premium bat to be 99.9

```
1 v INSERT INTO price_history (start_date, start_time, price, itm_number)
2 VALUES (SYSDATE, SYSDATE, 99.99, 'im01101048');
```

1 row(s) inserted.

5. Rerun the select statement on the price\_history table to ensure that the statement has been executed

START_DATE	TO_CHAR(START_TIME, 'HH24:MI:SS')	PRICE	END_DATE	TO_CHAR(END_TIME, 'HH24:MI')
17-JUN-17	09:00:00	4.99	-	-
25-NOV-16	09:00:00	14.99	25-JAN-17	17:00
25-JAN-17	17:01:00	8.99	25-JAN-17	19:00
26-JAN-17	09:00:00	15.99	-	-
12-FEB-17	12:30:00	7.99	-	-
25-APR-17	10:10:10	24.99	-	-
31-MAY-17	16:35:30	149	27-DEC-23	17:13
27-DEC-23	17:18:09	99.99	-	-

## Part 2: Deleting rows from the system

1. Bob Thornberry has contacted Obl to ask that the 83 Barrhill Drive address be removed from the system as he can no longer receive parcels at this address. Write a SQL statement that will remove this address from the system

```
1 v DELETE FROM customers_addresses
2 WHERE address_line_1 = '83 Barrhill Drive';
```

```
1 row(s) deleted.
```

2. Run a select statement on the customers\_addresses table to ensure that the statement has been executed

ID	ADDRESS_LINE_1	ADDRESS_LINE_2	CITY	ZIP_CODE	CTR_NUMBER
ca0102	17 Gartsquare Road	Starford	Liverpool	LP89JHK	c00001
ca0103	54 Ropehill Crescent	Georgetown	Star	ST45AGV	c00101
ca0104	36 Watercress Lane	-	Jump	JP23YTH	c01986
ca0105	63 Acacia Drive	Skins	Liverpool	LP83JHR	c00001