

SECD2523 - DATABASE SEMESTER 1 2023/2024

P3 – Database Logical Design & SQL

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1.0 Introduction

EdenShop's success in online retail is about excelling in several fundamental aspects, redefining the seller experience. Our platform provides an intuitive and efficient inventory management system that provides real-time updates and predictive analytics to simplify tracking and optimization of product inventory. Sellers can easily navigate to a more user-friendly interface, allowing them to focus on core business activities.

In addition, EdenShop provides sellers with valuable data analysis and opinions to help them fully understand market trends and customer behaviour. This knowledge becomes a strategic advantage, helping to make informed decisions and identify opportunities for growth within the platform. Security is also at the core of EdenShop, using strong measures such as secure payment gateways and encryption protocols to protect sensitive information and foster trust between sellers and customers.

Finally, our commitment to order accuracy and processing is evident through instant notifications, automated tracking, and status updates, ensuring a smooth, error-free fulfilment process. EdenShop is more than just a platform, it is a user-friendly ecosystem designed to support sellers in every aspect, promising increased efficiency, security, and unparalleled success in the competitive landscape of e-commerce.

2.0 Overview of project

In phase 3, we advance from conceptual design to the implementation of the EdenShop database. The project overview highlights our focus on refining business rules and converting them into simplified and enhanced versions of conceptual entity-relationship diagrams (ERDs). Turning to the logical design, we build the logical ERD by describing the functional dependencies of the update rules.

At the same time, the data dictionary is updated to provide detailed descriptions reflecting logical ERD changes. Normalisation is then applied to improve data storage efficiency. The final stage of this phase is to create a relational database schema that is consistent with the normalised structure. Crucially, SQL statements (DDL and DML) are used to implement the logical design in Oracle Apex, underscoring our commitment to delivering a well-structured and efficient database system suitable for EdenShop's ever-changing needs.

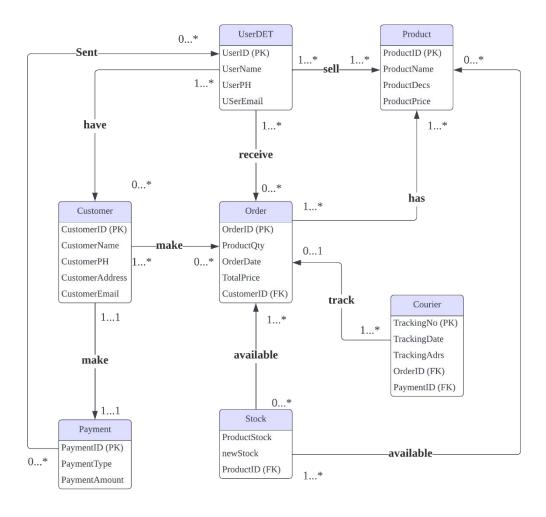
3.0 Database conceptual design

3.1 Updated business rule

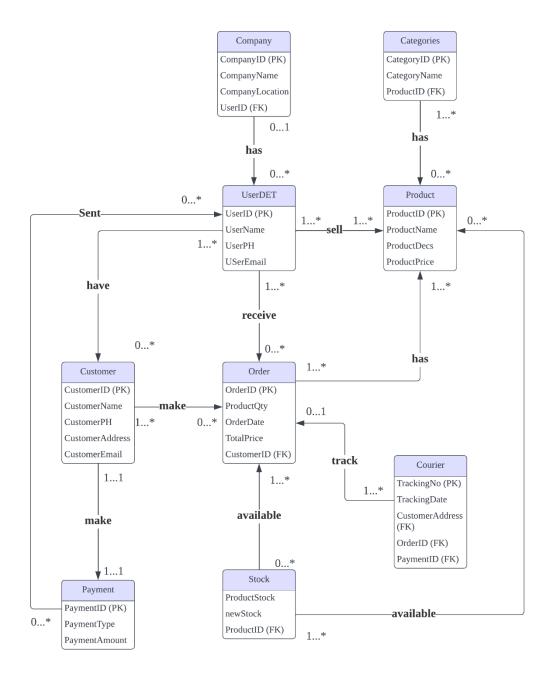
- 1. Each customer can place multiple order
- 2. Each order contains one or more quantity of products
- 3. Each customer can place multiple order from several users (sellers)
- 4. Each user (seller) has their own identifier
- 5. Each customer has their own identifier
- 6. Each user (seller) can sell multiple product
- 7. Each customer can only make one payment
- 8. Each tracking has its tracking number
- 9. Each user (seller) is allowed to check order history
- 10. Each user (seller) will be known the current available stock for products
- 11. User need to check the stock of products to ensure the order placement is processing well
- 12. User need to open notification to notice them when the stock is nearly empty or too much to prevent overstock and understock
- 13. Couriers need to provide tracking numbers once the parcel is delivered.
- 14. Couriers need to update the status and provide the live location of parcels.
- 15. Customers need to enter the order id or tracking number to track their purchases.
- 16. Once an order is placed, the bank needs to provide online payment details as a proof for the continuous delivery process.
- 17. The online payment details will be sent to users and the status of payment is updated.
- 18. Users need to identify the type of products for better sorting in categories.

3.2 Conceptual ERD

3.2.1 Conceptual ERD

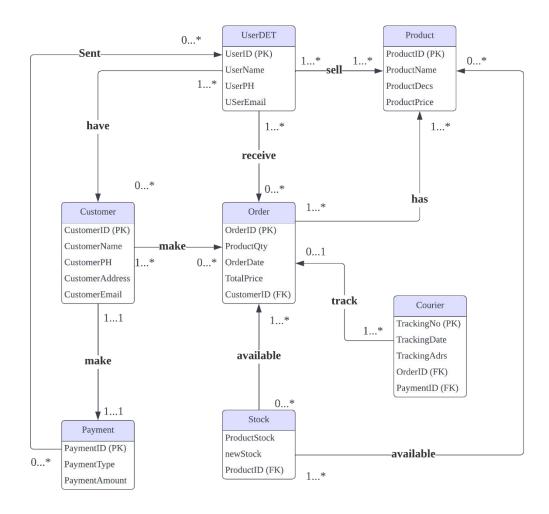


3.2.2 Enhanced ERD



4.0 DB logical design

4.1 Logical ERD



4.2 Updated Data Dictionary

Description of Entities

Entity	Description	Occurrence
Customer	Hold the data of customer	Customer's information is sent to users after the ordering process
User	Hold the data of user	Users proceed the orders made by customers and sent them to courier
Order	Holde the data of order made by customer	Once an order is placed by customers, a tracking number is generated to courier
Payment	Hold the data of payment made by customer	Payment is processed by customers after placing an order
Courier	Hold the data of courier	Courier provides the status of the parcel and its live location to the customers and users.
Stock	Hold the data of stock for each product	Stock is updated when the products are added or sold
Company	Hold the data of company from each user	The information of company is recorded to improve trustment
Categories	Hold the data of categories for each product	The products are displayed in respective category after filter the products

Relationship between entities

Entity	Multiplicity	Relationship	Multiplicity	Entity
UserDET	1*	Have	0*	Customer
	1*	Sell	1*	Product
	1*	Receive	0*	Order
Customer	1*	Make	0*	Order
	11	Make	11	Payment
Courier	1*	Track	01	Order
Stock	0*	Available	1*	Order
	1*	Available	1*	Product
Order	1*	Has	1*	Product
Company	01	Has	0*	Product
Categories	1*	has	0*	UserDET
Payment	01	sent	01	UserDET

Attributes in Entities

		1		
Entity	Attribute	Description	Data Type	Constraint
UserDET	UserID	User ID	VARCHAR2(16)	PRIMARY KEY
	UserName	User's name	VARCHAR2(30)	NOT NULL
	UserPH	User's phone number	VARCHAR2(12)	NOT NULL
	UserEmail	User's email	VARCHAR2(30)	NOT NULL
Customer	CustomerID	Customer ID	VARCHAR2(16)	PRIMARY KEY
	CustomerName	Customer's name	VARCHAR2(30)	NOT NULL
	CustomerPH	Customer's phone number	VARCHAR2(12)	NOT NULL
	CustomerAddress	Customer's address	VARCHAR2(50)	NOT NULL
	CustomerEmail	Customer's email	VARCHAR2(30)	NOT NULL
Product	ProductID	Product's ID	VARCHAR2(10)	PRIMARY KEY
	ProductName	Product's Name	VARCHAR2(20)	NOT NULL
	ProductDesc	Product's description	VARCHAR2(200)	NOT NULL
	ProductPrice	Product's price	DECIMAL (10,2)	NOT NULL
Orders	OrderID	Order ID	VARCHAR2(10)	PRIMARY KEY
	ProductQty	Order quantity	NUMBER(2)	NOT NULL
	OrderDate	Order date	DATE	NOT NULL
	TotalPrice	Total price of Order	DECIMAL (8,2)	NOT NULL
	CustomerID	Customer ID	VARCHAR2(16)	FOREIGN KEY reference Customer

Stock	ProductStock	Product Stock	NUMBER(2)	NOT NULL
	newStock	Number of new stocks added	NUMBER (3)	NOT NULL
	ProductID	Product ID	VARCHAR2(10)	FOREIGN KEY reference Product
Payment	PaymentID	Payment ID	VARCHAR2(12)	PRIMARY KEY
	PaymentType	Type of payment	CHAR (1)	NOT NULL
	PaymentAmount	Amount of payment	DECIMAL (8,2)	NOT NULL
Courier	TrackingNo	Tracking number	VARCHAR2(12)	PRIMARY KEY
	TrackingDate	Tracking date	DATE	NOT NULL
	TrackingAdrs	Tracking Address	VARCHAR2(50)	NOT NULL
	OrderID	Order ID	VARCHAR2(10)	FOREIGN KEY reference Order
	PaymentID	Payment ID	VARCHAR2(12)	FOREIGN KEY reference Payment
Company	CompanyID	Company ID	VARCHAR2(12)	PRIMARY KEY
	CompanyName	Company Name	VARCHAR2(20)	NOT NULL
	CompanyLocation	The location of company	VARCHAR2(50)	NOT NULL
	UserID	User ID	VARCHAR2(16)	FOREIGN KEY reference User
Categories	CategoryID	Category ID	VARCHAR2(12)	PRIMARY KEY

CategoryName	The category of products	VARCHAR2(20)	NOT NULL
ProductID	Product ID	VARCHAR2(10)	FOREIGN KEY reference Product

4.3 Normalization

1. UserDET (UserID, UserName, UserPH, UserEmail)

fd1: UserID → UserName, UserPH, UserEmail

1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

UserDET (UserID, UserName, UserPH, UserEmail)

2. Customer (CustomerID, CustomerName, CustomerPH, CustomerAddress, CustomerEmail)

 $\mbox{fd1: CustomerID} \rightarrow \mbox{CustomerName, CustomerPH, CustomerAddress, CustomerEmail}$

1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

Customer (<u>CustomerID</u>, CustomerName, CustomerPH, CustomerAddress, CustomerEmail)

3. Product (ProductID, ProductName, ProductDecs, ProductPrice)

fd1: ProductID → ProductName, ProductDecs, ProductPrice

1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

Product (ProductID, ProductName, ProductDecs, ProductPrice)

4. Order (OrderID, ProductQty, OrderDate, TotalPrice, CustomerID)

fd1: OrderID → ProductQty, OrderDate, TotalPrice, CustomerID

1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

Order (OrderID, ProductQty, OrderDate, TotalPrice, CustomerID)

5. Stock (ProductStock, newStock, ProductID)

fd1: ProductStock → newStock, ProductID

1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

Stock (ProductStock, newStock, ProductID)

6. Payment (PaymentID, PaymentType, PaymentAmount)

fd1: PaymentID → PaymentType, PaymentAmount

1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

Payment (PaymentID, PaymentType, PaymentAmount)

7. Courier (TrackingNo, TrackingDate, TrackingAdrs, OrderID, PaymentID)

fd1: TrackingNo → TrackingDate, TrackingAdrs, OrderID, PaymentID

1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

Courier (<u>TrackingNo</u>, TrackingDate, TrackingAdrs, OrderID, PaymentID)

8. Company (CompanyID, CompanyName, CompanyLocation, UserID)

fd1: CompanyID → CompanyName, CompanyLocation, UserID 1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

Company (CompanyID, CompanyName, CompanyLocation, UserID)

9. Categories (CategoryID, CategoryName, ProductID)

fd1: CategoryID \rightarrow CategoryName, ProductID

1NF&2NF&3NF&BCNF:

Categories (CategoryID, CategoryName, ProductID)

5.0 Relational DB Schemas (after normalization)

- 1. UserDET (<u>UserID</u>, UserName, UserPH, UserEmail)
- 2. Customer (<u>CustomerID</u>, CustomerName, CustomerPH, CustomerAddress, CustomerEmail)
- 3. Product (<u>ProductID</u>, ProductName, ProductDecs, ProductPrice)
- 4. Order (OrderID, ProductQty, OrderDate, TotalPrice, CustomerID)
- 5. Stock (<u>ProductStock</u>, newStock, ProductID)
- 6. Payment (<u>PaymentID</u>, PaymentType, PaymentAmount)
- 7. Courier (<u>TrackingNo</u>, TrackingDate, TrackingAdrs, OrderID, PaymentID)
- 8. Company (<u>CompanyID</u>, CompanyName, CompanyLocation, UserID)
- 9. Categories (<u>CategoryID</u>, CategoryName, ProductID)

UserDET

UserID	UserName	UserPH	UserEmail

Customer

	CustomerID	CustomerName	CustomerPH	CustomerAddress	CustomerEmail
- 1					

Product

ProductID	ProductName	ProductDecs	ProductPrice

Order

OrderID ProductQty OrderDate TotalPrice CustomerID		OrderID	ProductQty	OrderDate	TotalPrice	CustomerID
----------------------------------------------------	--	---------	------------	-----------	------------	------------

Stock

Payment

PaymentID	PaymentType	PaymentAmount
-----------	-------------	---------------

Courier

Company

CompanyID	CompanyName	CompanyLocation	userID

Categories

6.0 SQL Statements

6.1 Create Table

```
CREATE TABLE UserDet(
        userID varchar2(16),
          userName varchar(30) NOT NULL, userPH varchar2(12) NOT NULL,
          userEmail varchar2(30) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT userID_PK PRIMARY KEY (userID)
10
     CREATE TABLE Customer(
          CustomerID varchar2(16),
          CustomerName varchar(30) NOT NULL,
          CustomerPH varchar2(12) NOT NULL,
CustomerAddress varchar2(50) NOT NULL,
          CustomerEmail varchar2(30) NOT NULL,
          CONSTRAINT CustomerID_PK PRIMARY KEY (CustomerID)
     CREATE TABLE Product(
          ProductID varchar2(10),
          ProductName varchar2(20) NOT NULL,
          ProductDecs varchar2(200) NOT NULL,
          ProductPrice DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
          CONSTRAINT ProductID_PK PRIMARY KEY (ProductID)
```

```
CREATE TABLE Orders
         OrderID varchar2(10),
         ProductQty NUMBER(2) NOT NULL,
         OrderDate DATE NOT NULL,
         TotalPrice DECIMAL(8,2) NOT NULL,
36
         CustomerID varchar2(16) NOT NULL,
         CONSTRAINT OrderID_PK PRIMARY KEY (OrderID)
     );
     CREATE TABLE Stock(
         ProductStock NUMBER(2) NOT NULL,
         newStock NUMBER(3) NOT NULL,
         ProductID varchar2(10) NOT NULL
     );
     CREATE TABLE Payment(
         PaymentID varchar2(12),
         PaymentType CHAR(1) NOT NULL,
         PaymentAmount DECIMAL(8,2) NOT NULL,
         CONSTRAINT PaymentID_PK PRIMARY KEY (PaymentID)
     );
```

```
CREATE TABLE Courier(
    TrackingNo varchar2(12),
     TrackingDate DATE NOT NULL,
     TrackingAdrs varchar2(50) NOT NULL,
    OrderID varchar2(10) NOT NULL,
    PaymentID varchar2(12) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT TrackingNo_PK PRIMARY KEY (TrackingNo)
CREATE TABLE Company(
    CompanyID varchar2(12),
     CompanyName varchar2(20) NOT NULL,
     CompanyLocation varchar2(50) NOT NULL,
    userID varchar2(16) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT CompanyID_PK PRIMARY KEY (CompanyID)
----Categories----
CREATE TABLE Categories(
    CategoryID varchar2(12),
    CategoryName varchar2(20) NOT NULL,
    ProductID varchar2(10) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT CategoryID_PK PRIMARY KEY (CategoryID)
```

6.2 Alter Table

```
82 -----ADD CONSTRAINT FOREIGN KEY-----
83 ---ORDERS---
84 ALTER TABLE Orders
85 ADD CONSTRAINT CustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID)
86 REFERENCES Customer (CustomerID)
87
```

```
91 ---STOCK---
92 ALTER TABLE Stock
93 ADD CONSTRAINT ProductID_FK FOREIGN KEY (ProductID)
94 REFERENCES Product (ProductID);
95
96 ---COURIER---
97 ALTER TABLE Courier
98 ADD CONSTRAINT OrderID_2_FK FOREIGN KEY (OrderID)
99 REFERENCES Orders (OrderID)
100 ADD CONSTRAINT PaymentID_FK FOREIGN KEY (PaymentID)
101 REFERENCES Payment (PaymentID);
102
103 ---Company---
104 ALTER TABLE Company
105 ADD CONSTRAINT userID_2_FK FOREIGN KEY (userID)
106 REFERENCES UserDET (userID);
```

```
107
108
109 -----Categories----
110 ALTER TABLE Categories
111 ADD CONSTRAINT ProductID_3_FK FOREIGN KEY (ProductID)
112 REFERENCES Product (ProductID);
113
```

ALTER TABLE Categories ADD CONSTRAINT ProductID_3_FK FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Product (Pro	WKSP_DBPJT
ALTER TABLE Company ADD CONSTRAINT userID_2_FK FOREIGN KEY (userID) REFERENCES UserDET (userID);	WKSP_DBPJT
ALTER TABLE Courier ADD CONSTRAINT OrderID_2_FK FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES Orders (OrderID) AD	WKSP_DBPJT
ALTER TABLE Stock ADD CONSTRAINT ProductID_FK FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Product (ProductID)	WKSP_DBPJT
	ALTER TABLE Company ADD CONSTRAINT userID_2_FK FOREIGN KEY (userID) REFERENCES UserDET (userID); ALTER TABLE Courier ADD CONSTRAINT OrderID_2_FK FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES Orders (OrderID) AD

22 minutes ago	ALTER TABLE Stock ADD CONSTRAINT ProductID_FK FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Product (ProductID)
25 minutes ago	ALTER TABLE Stock ADD CONSTRAINT ProductID_FK FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Product (ProductID)
27 minutes ago	ALTER TABLE Orders ADD CONSTRAINT CustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCEs Customer (Custom
29 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Categories(CategoryID varchar2(12), CategoryName varchar2(20) NOT NULL, Pr
32 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Company(CompanyID varchar2(12), CompanyName varchar2(20) NOT NULL, Company
32 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Company(CompanyID varchar2(12), CompanyName varchar2(20) NOT NULL, Company
35 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Courier(TrackingNo varchar2(12), TrackingDate DATE NOT NULL, TrackingAdrs
38 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Payment(PaymentID varchar2(12), PaymentType CHAR(1) NOT NULL, PaymentAmoun
40 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Stock(ProductQty NUMBER(2) NOT NULL, newStock NUMBER(3) NOT NULL, ProductI
43 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Orders(OrderID varchar2(10), ProductQty NUMBER(2) NOT NULL, OrderDate DATE
48 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Product(ProductID varchar2(10), ProductName varchar2(20) NOT NULL, Product
51 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE Customer(CustomerID varchar2(16), CustomerName varchar(30) NOT NULL, Custo
52 minutes ago	CREATE TABLE UserDet(userID varchar2(16), userName varchar(30) NOT NULL, userPH varchar

6.3 Insert Value

```
INSERT INTO UserDET
VALUES('U0001', 'Kong', 0123456, 'kong@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO UserDET
VALUES('U0002', 'Soo', 0234567, 'soo@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO UserDET
VALUES('U0003', 'Eng', 0345678, 'eng@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO UserDET
VALUES('U0004', 'Liow', 0456789, 'liow@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO UserDET
VALUES('U0005', 'Ee', 0567890, 'ee@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO Customer
VALUES('C0001','Winki','1234567','Lot 1111','winki@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO Customer
VALUES('C0002', 'Keying', '2345678', 'Lot 2222', 'keying@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO Customer
VALUES('C0003','Xiaoxuan','3456789','Lot 3333','xiaoxuan@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO Customer
VALUES('C0004','Yunyi','4567890','Lot 4444','yunyi@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO Customer
VALUES('C0005','ZhiXuan','5678901','Lot 5555','zhixuan@gmail.com');
```

```
INSERT INTO Product

140 INSERT INTO Product

141 VALUES('P0001','pen','This is a pen made from US',35.50);

142 INSERT INTO Product

143 VALUES('P0002','shirt','This is a shirt made from Thailand',68.99);

144 INSERT INTO Product

145 VALUES('P0003','shoes','This is a shoes made from UK',400.00);

146 INSERT INTO Product

147 VALUES('P0004','Travel bag','This is a beg made from US',60.00);

148 INSERT INTO Product

149 VALUES('P0005','socks','This is a socks made from China',15.00);

150
```

```
150
       ----Orders-
      INSERT INTO Orders
152
      VALUES('B0001',1,SYSDATE,15.00,'C0001');
      INSERT INTO Orders
154
      VALUES('B0002',1,SYSDATE,400.00,'C0004');
155
      INSERT INTO Orders
156
      VALUES('B0003',3,SYSDATE,180.00,'C0003');
157
      INSERT INTO Orders
158
      VALUES('B0004',1,SYSDATE,688.99,'C0002');
159
      INSERT INTO Orders
      VALUES('B0005',2,SYSDATE,70.00,'C0005');
```

```
INSERT INTO Stock
      VALUES(2,200, 'P0001');
      INSERT INTO Stock
      VALUES(5,20,'P0002');
      INSERT INTO Stock
170
      VALUES(10,400, 'P0003');
      INSERT INTO Stock
171
      VALUES(10,87,'P0004');
      INSERT INTO Stock
      VALUES(68,69,'P0005');
174
175
176
      INSERT INTO Payment
      VALUES('X0001',1,15.00);
      INSERT INTO Payment
179
      VALUES('X0002',2,400.00);
      INSERT INTO Payment
      VALUES('X0003',3,180.00);
      INSERT INTO Payment
      VALUES('X0004',1,688.99);
      INSERT INTO Payment
      VALUES('X0005',2,70.00);
```

```
INSERT INTO Company
VALUES('CP0001', 'EdenShop', 'Lot Perak', 'U0001');
INSERT INTO Company
VALUES('CP0002','Vrify','Lot Selangor','U0002');
INSERT INTO Company
VALUES('CP0003', 'Sakei', 'Lot Johor', 'U0003');
INSERT INTO Company
VALUES('CP0004', 'Beggy', 'Lot Kedah', 'U0004');
INSERT INTO Company
VALUES('CP0005', 'Shopy', 'Lot Pahang', 'U0005');
INSERT INTO Categories
VALUES('G0001','Stationery','P0001');
INSERT INTO Categories
VALUES('G0002','Shirt','P0002');
INSERT INTO Categories
VALUES('G0003','Sporting','P0003');
INSERT INTO Categories
VALUES('G0004', 'Sporting Accessories', 'P0005');
INSERT INTO Categories
VALUES('G0005','beg','P0004');
```

```
211
      ----Courier----
212
213
      INSERT INTO Courier
214
      VALUES('T0001',SYSDATE,'Lot 1111','B0001','X0001');
      INSERT INTO Courier
      VALUES('T0002', SYSDATE, 'Lot 4444', 'B0002', 'X0002');
216
217
      INSERT INTO Courier
      VALUES('T0003', SYSDATE, 'Lot 3333', 'B0003', 'X0003');
      INSERT INTO Courier
219
      VALUES('T0004', SYSDATE, 'Lot 2222', 'B0004', 'X0004');
220
      INSERT INTO Courier
      VALUES('T0005', SYSDATE, 'Lot 5555', 'B0005', 'X0005');
222
```

6.4 Testing

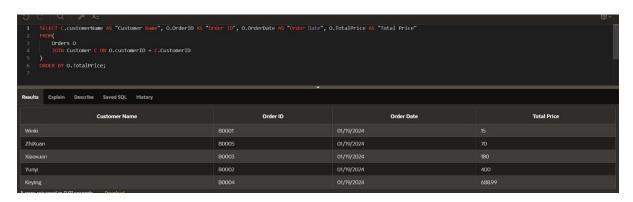
#Test 1 Display User



#Test 2 Display customer's name and id



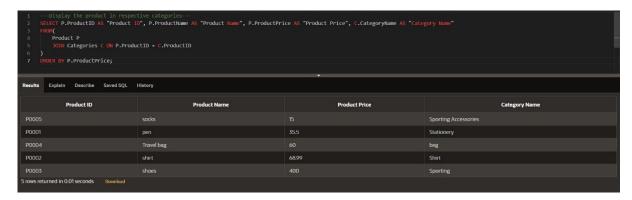
#Test 3 Customer Name and the details of order made



#Test 4 Filter and display the product with the price between 50.00 and 300.00



#Test 5 Display the product in respective categories



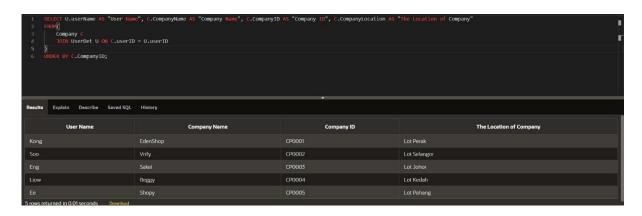
#Test 6 Update Stock

SELECT ProductID AS "Product ID", ProductStock AS "Current Stock", newStock AS "New Stock Added", ProductStock + newStock AS "Stock Updated" HOW Stock ORDER BY ProductID; Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History							
	Product ID	Current Stock	New Stock Added	Stock Updated			
P0001			200	202			
P0002				25			
P0003				410			
P0004			87	97			
P0005				137			
5 rows retu	5 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download						

#Test 7 Filter and display the total price of orders which is between 10.00 and 200.00



#Test 8 Display the company name and location of each users



7.0 Summary

During phase 3, our focus was on the comprehensive design and implementation of the EdenShop database, ensuring a solid foundation for seamless operations. This phase begins with an introduction and then provides an overview of the project, laying the foundation for an in-depth exploration of the database conceptual design. This includes refining business rules to adapt to changing needs, developing conceptual entity relationship diagrams (ERDs), and enhanced ERDs that provide a visual representation of entity relationships.

Moving into the realm of logical design, phase 3 involves creating a logical ERD by establishing functional dependencies based on updated business rules. This process is complemented by an updated Data Dictionary, an important resource that provides detailed insights into entities, relationships, and attributes. Additionally, we delve into normalisation to ensure data integrity and efficiency from First Normal Form (1NF) to Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF). The resulting relational database schema reflects our commitment to minimising data redundancy.

At the end of this phase, SQL statements (DDL and DML) are implemented to materialise the logical design into a tangible database using Oracle Apex. Our efforts at this stage are aligned with the overall goal of creating a fully functional, user-friendly system for EdenShop. By addressing the complexity of database design, we aim to optimise efficiency, enhance data accessibility, and ultimately contribute to the success of our stakeholders' online retail careers.