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SECD 2523

SECTION 10

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PROJECT TITLE: SQL LAB4 (DML3) PART1

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Part 1: Creating Natural Joins.

1. Display all of the information about sales representatives and their addresses using a natural join.

```
SELECT* FROM sales_representatives NATURAL JOIN sales_rep_addresses;
```

ID	EMAIL	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	PHONE_NUMBER	COMMISSION_RATE	SUPERVISOR
sr01	chray@obl.com	Charles	Raymond	0134598761	10	sr01
sr02	vwright@obl.com	Victoria	Wright	0134598762	5	sr01
sr03	bspeed@obl.com	Barry	Speed	0134598763	5	sr01

2. Adapt the query from the previous question to only show the id, first name, last name, address line 1, address line 2, city, email and phone_number for the sales representatives.

```
SELECT id, first_name, last_name, address_line_1, address_line_2, city,email,  
phone_number FROM sales_representatives NATURAL JOIN sales_rep_addresses;
```

ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	ADDRESS_LINE_1	ADDRESS_LINE_2	CITY	EMAIL
sr01	Charles	Raymond	12 Cherry Lane	Denton	Detroit	chray@obl.com
sr02	Victoria	Wright	87 Blossom Hill	Uptown	Detroit	vwright@obl.com
sr03	Barry	Speed	12 Junction Row	Skinflats	Detroit	bspeed@obl.com

Part 2: Creating Joins with the USING Clause

1. Adapt the previous query answer to use the USING clause instead of a natural join.

```
SELECT id, first_name, last_name, address_line_1, address_line_2, city,email,  
phone_number FROM sales_representatives JOIN sales_rep_addresses USING (id);
```

ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	ADDRESS_LINE_1	ADDRESS_LINE_2	CITY	EMAIL
sr01	Charles	Raymond	12 Cherry Lane	Denton	Detroit	chray@obl.com
sr02	Victoria	Wright	87 Blossom Hill	Uptown	Detroit	vwright@obl.com
sr03	Barry	Speed	12 Junction Row	Skinflats	Detroit	bspeed@obl.com

2. Display all of the information about items and their price history by joining the items and price_history tables.

SELECT* FROM items JOIN price_history USING (itm_number);

ITM_NUMBER	NAME	DESCRIPTION	CATEGORY	COLOR	Size	ILT_ID	START_DATE	START_TIME	PRICE	END_DATE	END_TIME
im01101044	gloves	catcher mitt	clothing	brown	m	il010230124	17-JUN-17	17-JUN-16 09.00.00.000000 AM	4.99	-	-
im01101045	under shirt	top worn under the game top	clothing	white	s	il010230125	25-NOV-16	25-NOV-16 09.00.00.000000 AM	14.99	25-JAN-17	25-JAN-17 05.00.00.000000 PM
im01101045	under shirt	top worn under the game top	clothing	white	s	il010230125	25-JAN-17	25-JAN-17 05.01.00.000000 PM	8.99	25-JAN-17	25-JAN-17 07.00.00.000000 PM
im01101045	under shirt	top worn under the game top	clothing	white	s	il010230125	26-JAN-17	26-JAN-17 09.00.00.000000 AM	15.99	-	-
im01101046	socks	team socks with emblem	clothing	range	l	il010230126	12-FEB-17	12-FEB-17 12.30.00.000000 PM	7.99	-	-
im01101047	game top	team shirt with emblem	clothing	range	m	il010230127	25-APR-17	25-APR-17 10.10.10.000000 AM	24.99	-	-
im01101048	premium bat	high quality baseball bat	equipment	-	-	il010230128	31-MAY-17	31-MAY-17 04.35.30.000000 PM	149	-	-

Part 3: Creating Joins with the ON Clause

1. Use an ON clause to join the customer and sales representative table so that you display the customer number, customer first name, customer last name, customer phone number, customer email, sales representative id, sales representative first name, sales representative last name and sales representative email. You will need to use a table alias in your answer as both tables have columns with the same name.

SELECT c.ctr_number AS "Customer Number", c.first_name AS "Customer First Name", c.last_name AS "Customer Last Name", c.phone_number AS "Customer Phone Number", c.email AS "Customer Email", s.id AS "Sales Rep Number", s.first_name AS "Sales Rep First Name", s.last_name AS "Sales Rep Last Name", s.email AS "Sales Rep Email" FROM customers c JOIN sales_representatives s ON c.sre_id = s.id;

Customer Number	Customer First Name	Customer Last Name	Customer Phone Number	Customer Email	Sales Rep Number	Sales Rep First Name	Sales Rep Last Name	Sales Rep Email
c00001	Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01	Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
c00101	John	Doe	03216547808	unknown@here.com	sr01	Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
c01986	Maria	Galant	01442736589	margal87@delphiview.com	sr03	Barry	Speed	bspeed@obl.com

Part 4- Creating Three-Way Joins with the ON Clause

1. Using the answer to Task 3 add a join that will allow the team name that the customer represents to be included in the results.

SELECT c.ctr_number AS "Customer Number", c.first_name AS "Customer First Name", c.last_name AS "Customer Last Name", c.phone_number AS "Customer Phone Number", c.email AS "Customer Email", s.id AS "Sales Rep Number", s.first_name AS "Sales Rep First Name", s.last_name AS "Sales Rep Last Name", s.email AS "Sales Rep Email" FROM customers c JOIN sales_representatives s ON c.sre_id = s.id JOIN teams t ON c.tem_id = t.id;

Customer Number	Customer First Name	Customer Last Name	Customer Phone Number	Customer Email	Sales Rep Number	Sales Rep First Name	Sales Rep Last Name	Sales Rep Email
c00001	Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01	Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
c00101	John	Doe	03216547808	unknown@here.com	sr01	Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com
c01986	Maria	Galant	01442736589	margal87@delphiview.com	sr03	Barry	Speed	bspeed@obl.com

Part 5: Applying Additional Conditions to a Join

1. Using the answer to Task 4 add an additional condition to only show the results for the customer that has the number - c00001.

```
SELECT c.ctr_number AS "Customer Number", c.first_name AS "Customer First Name", c.last_name AS "Customer Last Name", c.phone_number AS "Customer Phone Number", c.email AS "Customer Email", s.id AS "Sales Rep Number", s.first_name AS "Sales Rep First Name", s.last_name AS "Sales Rep Last Name", s.email AS "Sales Rep Email" FROM customers c JOIN sales_representatives s ON c.sre_id = s.id JOIN teams t ON c.tem_id = t.id WHERE ctr_number = 'c00001';
```

Customer Number	Customer First Name	Customer Last Name	Customer Phone Number	Customer Email	Sales Rep Number	Sales Rep First Name	Sales Rep Last Name	Sales Rep Email
c00001	Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	sr01	Charles	Raymond	chray@obl.com

Part 6: Retrieving Records with Nonequijoins

1. Write a query that will display name and cost of the item with the number im01101045 on the 12th of December 2016. The output of the query should look like this: The cost of the under shirt on this day was 14.9

```
SELECT 'The cost of the ' || i.name || ' on this day was ' || y.price AS "Output" FROM items i JOIN price_history y ON i.itm_number = y.itm_number WHERE i.itm_number = 'im01101045' AND TO_DATE('12-DEC-2016', 'DD-MON-YYYY') BETWEEN y.start_date AND y.end_date;
```

Output
The cost of the under shirt on this day was 14.99