

SECD 2523 - 10 (DATABASE)

LAB 3: SQL 3 DML 2

PART 5

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Section 6 Lesson 8 Exercise 1: Sorting Data Using ORDER BY Use the ORDER BY Clause to Sort SQL Results (S6L8 Objective 1)

In this exercise you will sort the order of the data that is returned in your query by adding an ORDER BY clause to the end of your SELECT statement.

1. Display the team name and number of players alphabetically in order of team name. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings.

SELECT name AS "Team Name", number_of_players AS "Number of Players" FROM teams
ORDER BY name;

| Team Name | Number of Players |
|--|-------------------|
| Celtics | 42 |
| Jets | 10 |
| Rockets | 25 |
| Rovers | 8 |
| 4 rows returned in 0.00 seconds Download | |

2. Display the team name and number of players in descending order of number of players. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings.

SELECT name AS "Team Name", number_of_players AS "Number of Players" FROM teams
ORDER BY number_of_players DESC;

| Team Name | Number of Players |
|-----------|-------------------|
| Celtics | 42 |
| Rockets | 25 |
| Jets | 10 |
| Rovers | 8 |

3. Display the team name and number of players alphabetically in order of team name. Use Team Name for the name alias and Players for the number of players. Sort the output in descending order of name using the alias in the ORDER BY clause.

SELECT name AS "Team Name", number_of_players AS "Number of Players" FROM teams
ORDER BY name DESC;

| Team Name | Number of Players |
|--|-------------------|
| Rovers | 8 |
| Rockets | 25 |
| Jets | 10 |
| Celtics | 42 |
| 4 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download | |