RStudio on AWS

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RStudio in the Cloud

At the end of this tutorial, we will be able to install RStudio on an Amazon Web Services (AWS) EC2 Instance and use it via any web browser. This tutorial uses Amazon Web Services (AWS), but it could just as easily use Microsot, Google, or any other provider.

The only prerequisite is an AWS account, which you can sign up for if you haven't already. A credit card is required to sign up, but you will only be charged for computing time you use, and Amazon offers an excellent free tier that is suitable for small jobs.

We will be using Louis Aslett's pre-configured AMI's to speed up our configuration and installation of required software.

Introduction to AWS

Amazon Web Services (AWS) provides on-demand computing resources and services in the cloud, with pay-as-you-go pricing. Using AWS resources instead of your own is like purchasing electricity from a power company instead of running your own generator, and it provides many of the same benefits: capacity exactly matches your need, you pay only for what you use, economies of scale result in lower costs.

AWS Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) Service

While AWS is a platform which a plethora of cloud comupting services, this tutorials focus will be on one service called Elastic Compute Cloud or EC2. You can learn more about the service here. EC2 gives users the ability to quickly deploy virtual computers (called instances) in the cloud. The specifications (number of cores, RAM, and storage) of an instance can be tailored to the size and complexity of the task.

Why Use Cloud Computing for datascience?

- 1. Access from Anywhere: Having a computer in the cloud with RStudio configured, allows you to access your datascience platform with a customizable and predictable setup from anywhere in the world, on any computer in a platform independent fashion. All you need is a web browser with a working internet connection on the local computer to access your work.
- 2. Scalable Computing Power: It is not always practical to upgrade the computing power, memory, disk space on a personal computer frequently to suit the computing power required to solve the problem at hand. Cloud computers afforded by services like EC2 make tremendous computing power available to you at your finger tips, that you can turn up and turn down depending on your requirement in seconds. In most cases all you pay for is the computing power you use, for the time you use it.

AMI Release History

Check back for updates as I will be periodically removing old AMIs because I can't afford indefinite storage for them. For historical purposes, the AMI release history is recorded here (scroll right to see all):

Release		EU West (Ireland)	EU Central (Frankfurt)	US East (Virginia)	US West (N. Calif.)	US West (Oregon)	S. America (São Paulo)	Asia Pacific (Singapore)	Asia Pacific (Tokyo)	Asia Pacific (Seoul)	Asia Pacific (Sydney)
RStudio 0.99.903 R 3.3.1 Julia 0.4.6 Available	64-bit HVM	ami-b1b0c3c2	ami-ca46b6a5	ami-8fe18f98	ami-c0b8f5a0	ami-6a52840a	ami-55079639	ami-ce9c47ad	ami-1f79b17e	ami-41f4212f	ami-b9093fda
RStudio 0.99.896 R 3.3.0 Julia 0.4.5 Available	64-bit HVM	ami-ca149fb9	ami-6ec92401	ami-0acd2067	ami-ada2dbcd	ami-c78875a7	ami-af26afc3	<u>ami-3f9a4c5c</u>	<u>ami-90dd39f1</u>	<u>ami-6e68a000</u>	<u>ami-72def211</u>
RStudio 0.99.491 R 3.2.3 Available	64-bit HVM	ami-e95df59a	ami-52edf33e	ami-7f9dc615	ami-d1e792b1	ami-1d7f657c	ami-50f1703c	ami-b277bad1	ami-2549744b	N/A*	ami-a54a6fc6

Figure 1: AMI List

Getting Started

To get started you first need to sign up for an account on AWS. Your credit card details will be required to do so, but don't fret, we would be using a T2 Micro Instance which is free if you qualify for the free tier. Even if you don't the charges for this machine are minimal.

Configuring your machine

Once you sign up, we typically would need to select EC2 service and configure our instance via the AWS Console Dashboard. The detailed tutorial to do so for a generic EC2 instance is available here if you are interested.

However for our purpose, in order to keep it simple for beginners, we would be using pre-configured AMI (Amazon Machine Image) very generously made available by Louis Aslett. This method reduces the time required to get up and running to just a few minutes. As an added advantage, the configured machine also makes Python, Julia and R Jupyter notebook interfaces available in addition to RStudio and Shiny server. There is also a script to connect you DropBox account to this machine, so you have portability for your files across different machines.

So to begin

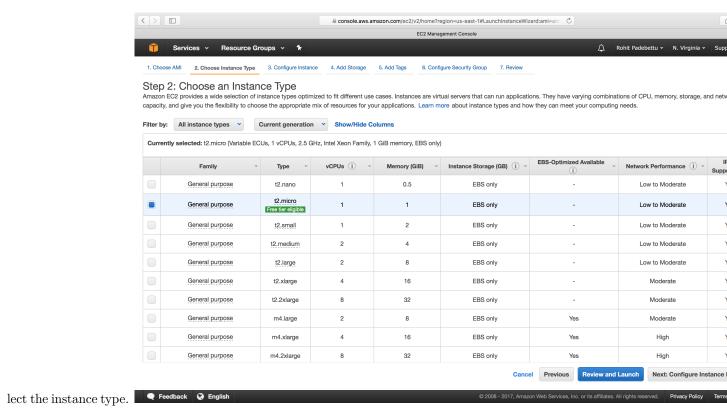
STEP1: Select AMI

Navigate to Louis Aslett's AMI page and click on RStudio 0.99.903 R 3.3.1 Julia 0.4.6 AMI for your region, which happens to be the latest AMI as of this writing.

Link for the US East (Virginia) region

STEP 2: Choose type of Machine

Once you click on a suitable AMI above, the browser should redirect you to an AWS page where you need to se-

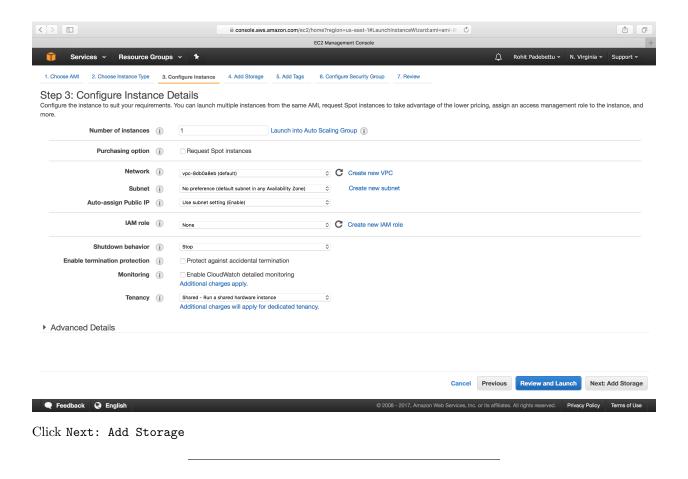


Select the General purpose t2.micro instance which is free tier eligible as shown.

Click Next: Configure Instance Details

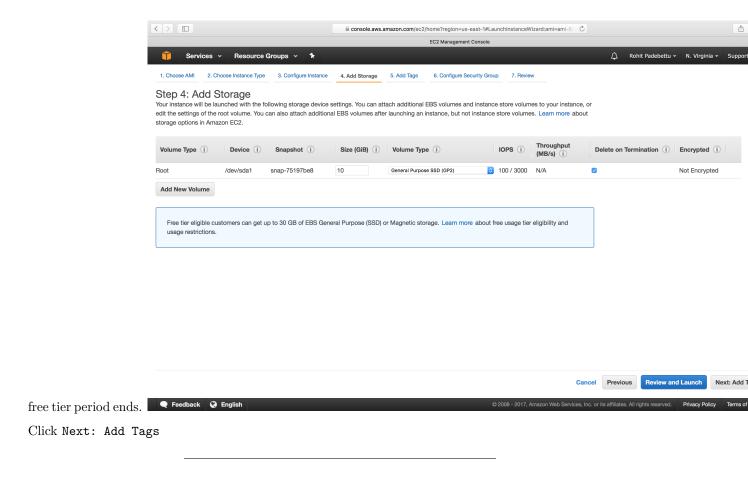
STEP 3: Configure Instance Details

On the Configure Instance Details page, review the default settings. The defaults are fine here.

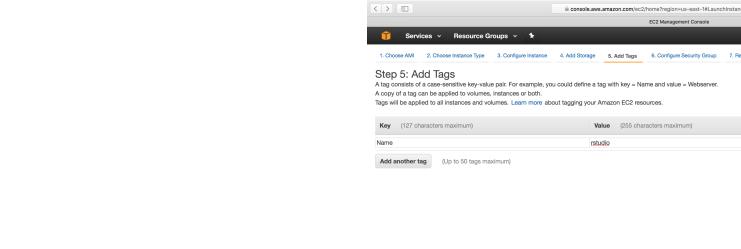


STEP 4: Add Disk Storage

On the Add Storage page, you'll be asked to specify the amount of storage you want. The defaults are fine here as well. The storage here has been optimized at $10\mathrm{GB}$ to reduce the running costs of this machine even after the



STEP 5: Name your Machine

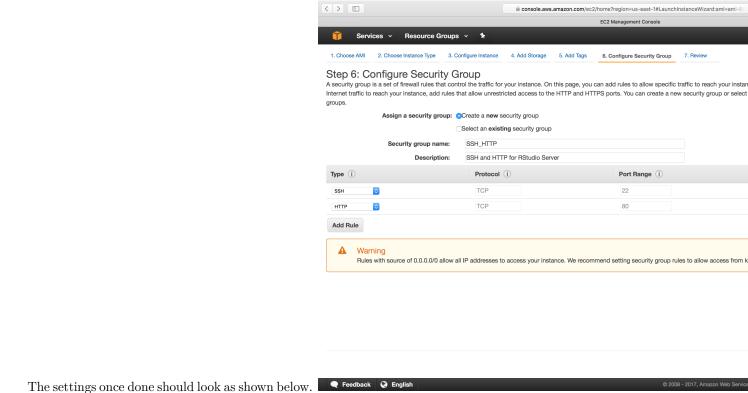


On this page you can give your instance a name (e.g. rstudio).

Click Next: Configure Security Group

STEP6: Make your Machine accessible

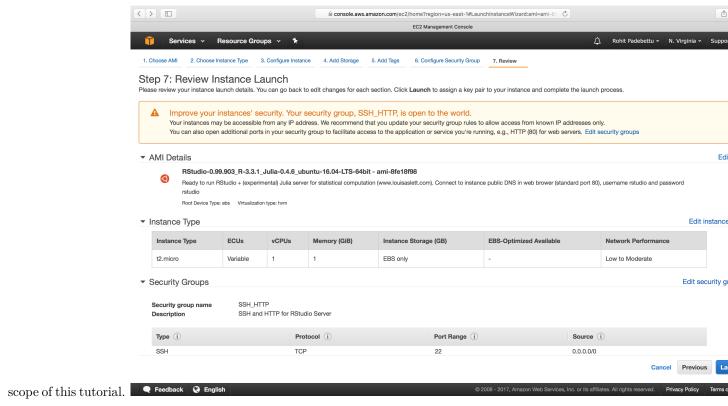
On this page you tell the AWS how you want your instance to interact with the outside world. - Select Create a new security group as shown below. - Give your Security Group a name and description. This can be reused later across machine if you like - SSH on port number 22 should already be enabled by default on this page. Just change the Source drop down from Custom to Anywhere. SSH allows us to securely log into this cloud machine via a terminal if needed (we won't be doing so in this tutorial) - You can use the Add Rule button to add a new rule - Select HTTP from the Type dropdown list this time - Change the Source from Custom to Anywhere to allow access to this machine via the browser from any machine



STEP 7: Launch your Machine

Click Review and Launch

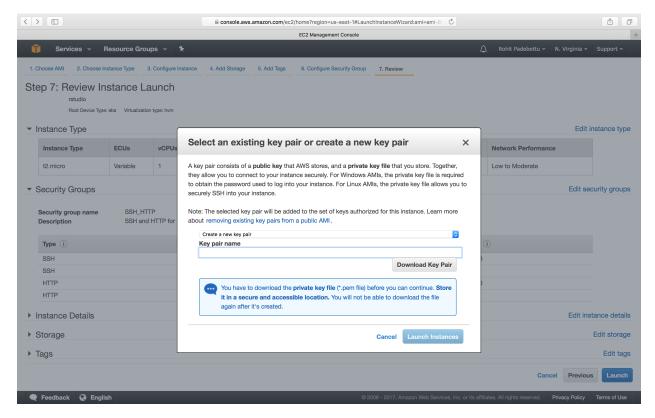
If a warning is presented as shown below. Ignore it for now as the discussion of Network Security is beyond the



Click Launch

Download Key Pair

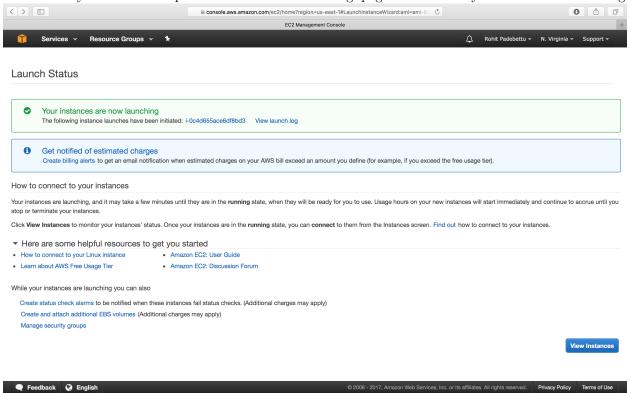
You will now be presented with a pop-up window asking you to create a Key Pair. A Key Pair is a secure way of accessing the cloud machine. It is like an encrypted username/password combination which only you and AWS know about. Give your Key Pair a name you like and click the Download Key Pair button. You should store this file safely on your personal local machine in a safe place. You will not be able to download this file again (Although you can create a new Key Pair if required). This file is required to access the cloud machine through SSH and other means if required.



This is it for configuration of your machine.

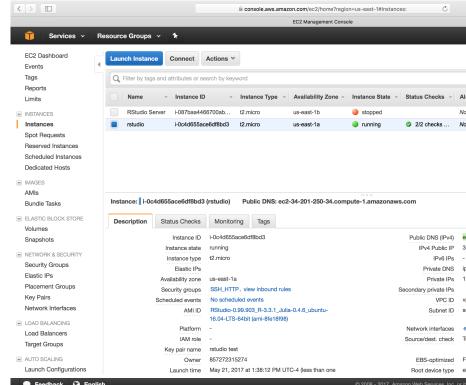
Click Launch Instance button once you have saved the key pair file

Once done you should be presented with the following page to indicate your instance is running.



Verify Instance State on Dashboard: The last step is to review the instance whether if it is running on your EC2 dashboard. If you named your instance rstudio as suggested in STEP 5, then you should see a row named rstudio running. Click on it to view your instance details and to get the public address of the machine to enable you to access RStudio Server remotely.

Copy the Public DNS(IPv4) in the bottom pane on the left side. This will vary for each one of you and each time you restart your cloud machine. For my account and instance, the address assigned this time is ec2-34-

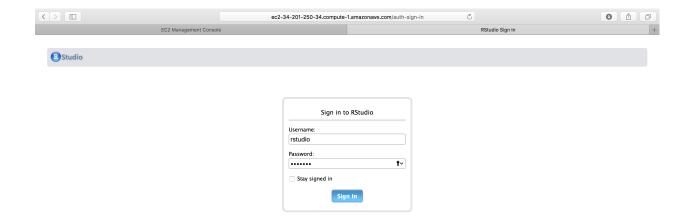


201-250-34.compute-1.amazonaws.com.

Launch RStudio via web browser

Now you have configured a cloud computer for yourself and started it. If everything worked as expected, your cloud computer is now running and available for access via a web browser.

Launch a web browser of your choice on your local computer. Paste in the Public DNS you copied in the last step into the address bar and hit enter. If you have followed the steps until here, you should see a screen which looks

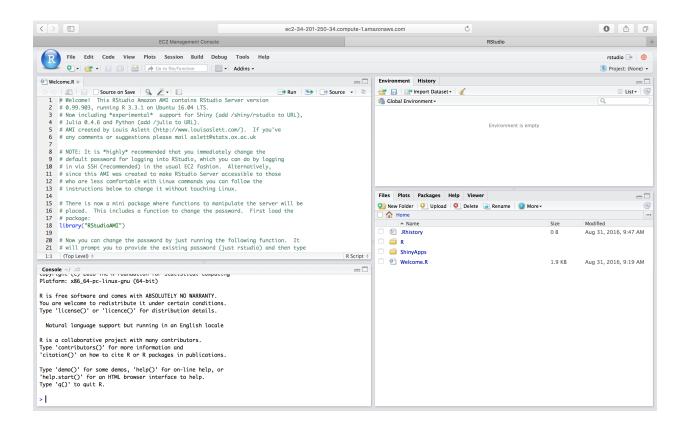


like below.

Sign in to RStudio

```
`Username`: `rstudio` and `Password`: `rstudio`
```

Presto! You should see RStudio running in your browser. It works exactly like RStudio installed on your local machine. You can go ahead and customize the look and feel, install your favorite package, create projects and work on solving your next Data Science problem, right from any browser.



Additional Configuration

The RStudio version running in your browser was configured to open a very helpful and important Welcome.R script.

Read through it and follow the instructions there to reset you password to something only you would remember. The following command should allow you to do so

RStudioAMI::passwd()

Note: If you don't do this, your machine is now accessible to anyone on the internet with a browser

If interested, you could also use the instructions to link this machine to your Dropbox account, so that you have access to all the same files you have synced up to your Dropbox account. Dropbox is free for a limited storage space, so it is recommended you sign up for an account there and link it to this machine. You can use that folder to store the scripts and data files you produce while working in R. This allows you to retain your copy of the files even if you terminate or delete this cloud computer at some point later.

Stop or Terminate the Instance

Right clicking on the instance in the AWS Console EC2 Dashboard, will give you options to Stop the Instance or Terminate the Instance.

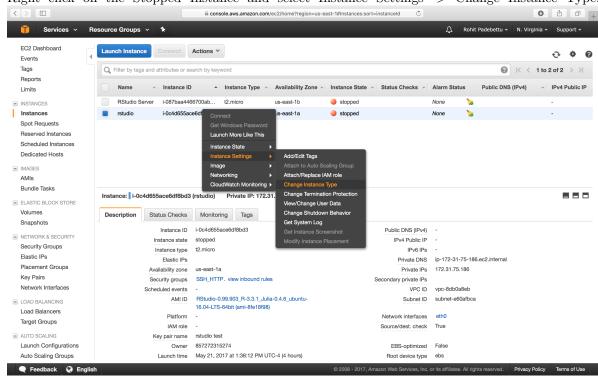
Stopping the instance is like shutting down the computer, while terminating the instance is like returning the computer back to Amazon.

Note: To keep the data and latest configuration on this cloud computer, remember you only need to STOP the computer after use and there is no need to TERMINATE it, unless you decide to TERMINATE for cost or reasons. Under free tier currently, running only this continuously for a year, shouldn't cost you anything

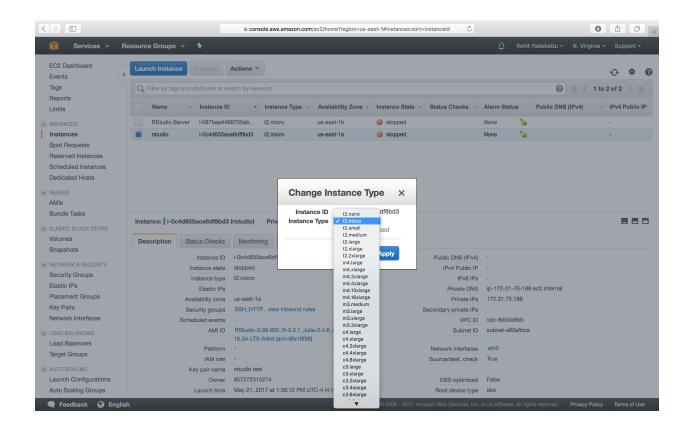
Increased Computing Power

To increase the computing power available to you, all you need to do is go back to the AWS Console. Navigate to the EC2 dashboard.

• Right click on the Stopped Instance and select Instance Settings -> Change Instance Type.



This should bring a pop-up window with a drop down menu that allows you to select the new instance type.



AWS Instance Pricing

As of this writing, the pricing for various instance types on Amazon are as follows. For example you can rent a m4.4x large cloud computer with 4 CPU cores and 16GB of memory (similar to my Mac Pro Laptop) for only

Region:	US East (Ohio)	+
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	vCPU	ECU	Memory (GiB)	Instance Storage (GB)	Linux/UNIX U
General Purpose	- Current Ge	eneration			
t2.nano	1	Variable	0.5	EBS Only	\$0.0059 per
t2.micro	1	Variable	1	EBS Only	\$0.012 per H
t2.small	1	Variable	2	EBS Only	\$0.023 per H
t2.medium	2	Variable	4	EBS Only	\$0.047 per H
t2.large	2	Variable	8	EBS Only	\$0.094 per H
t2.xlarge	4	Variable	16	EBS Only	\$0.188 per H
t2.2xlarge	8	Variable	32	EBS Only	\$0.376 per H
m4.large	2	6.5	8	EBS Only	\$0.1 per Ho
m4.xlarge	4	13	16	EBS Only	\$0.2 per Ho
m4.2xlarge	8	26	32	EBS Only	\$0.4 per Ho
m4.4xlarge	16	53.5	64	EBS Only	\$0.8 per Ho
m4.10xlarge	40	124.5	160	EBS Only	\$2 per Ho
m4.16xlarge	64	188	256	EBS Only	\$3.2 per Ho

about \$0.20 cents an hour.

Summary

This tutorial was intended to get you started quickly on Amazon AWS. Demonstrate how tremendous cloud computing power is available to us virtually On Demand these days at our finger tips. The tutorial was also intended to help you get started with RStudio and other Data Science software in the cloud.