

Monitoring IP anycast using traceroute

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IP Anycast routing for High-availability

How?

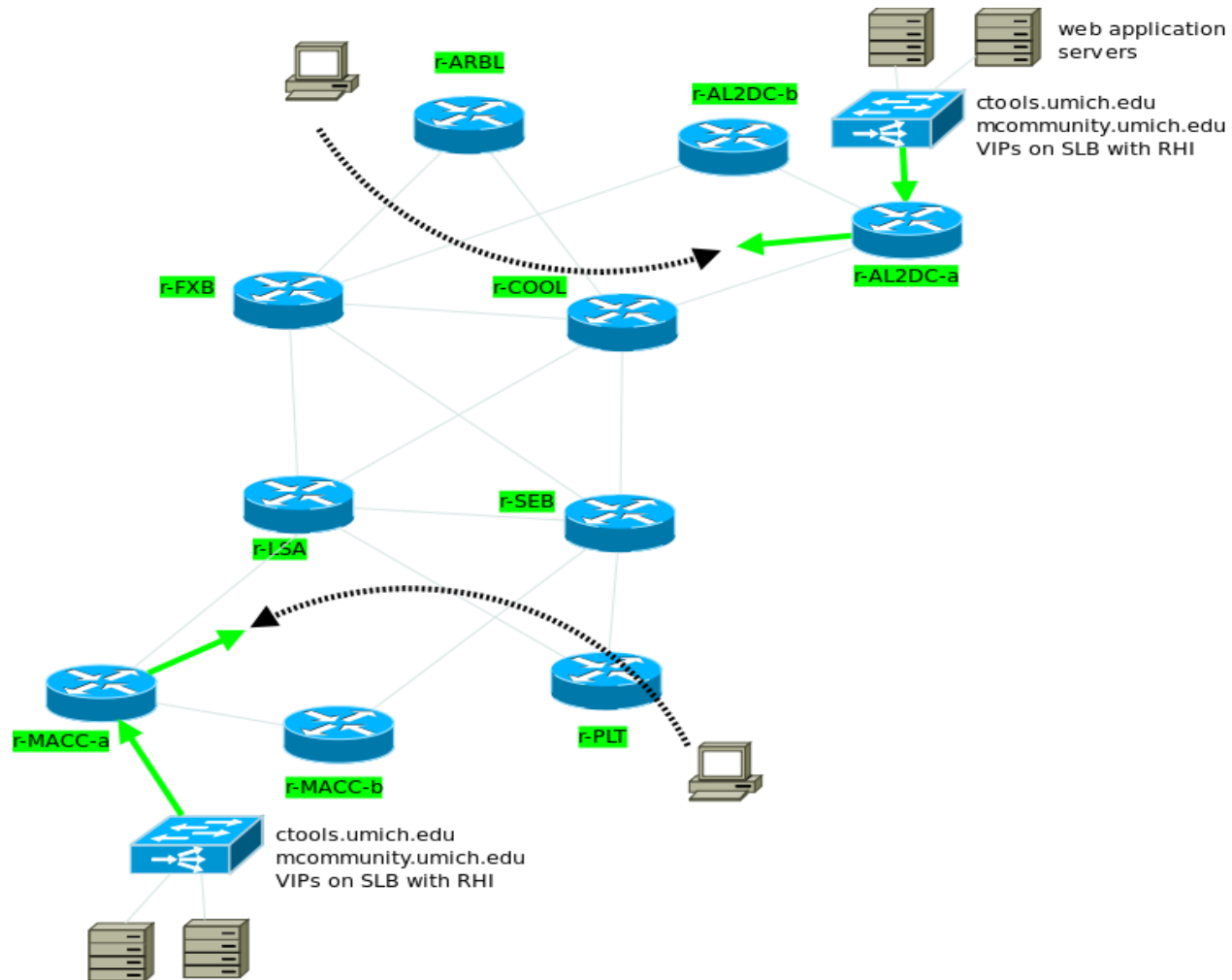
- Use routing protocol to advertise same IP address in multiple locations simultaneously.

Why IP Anycast routing for HA services?

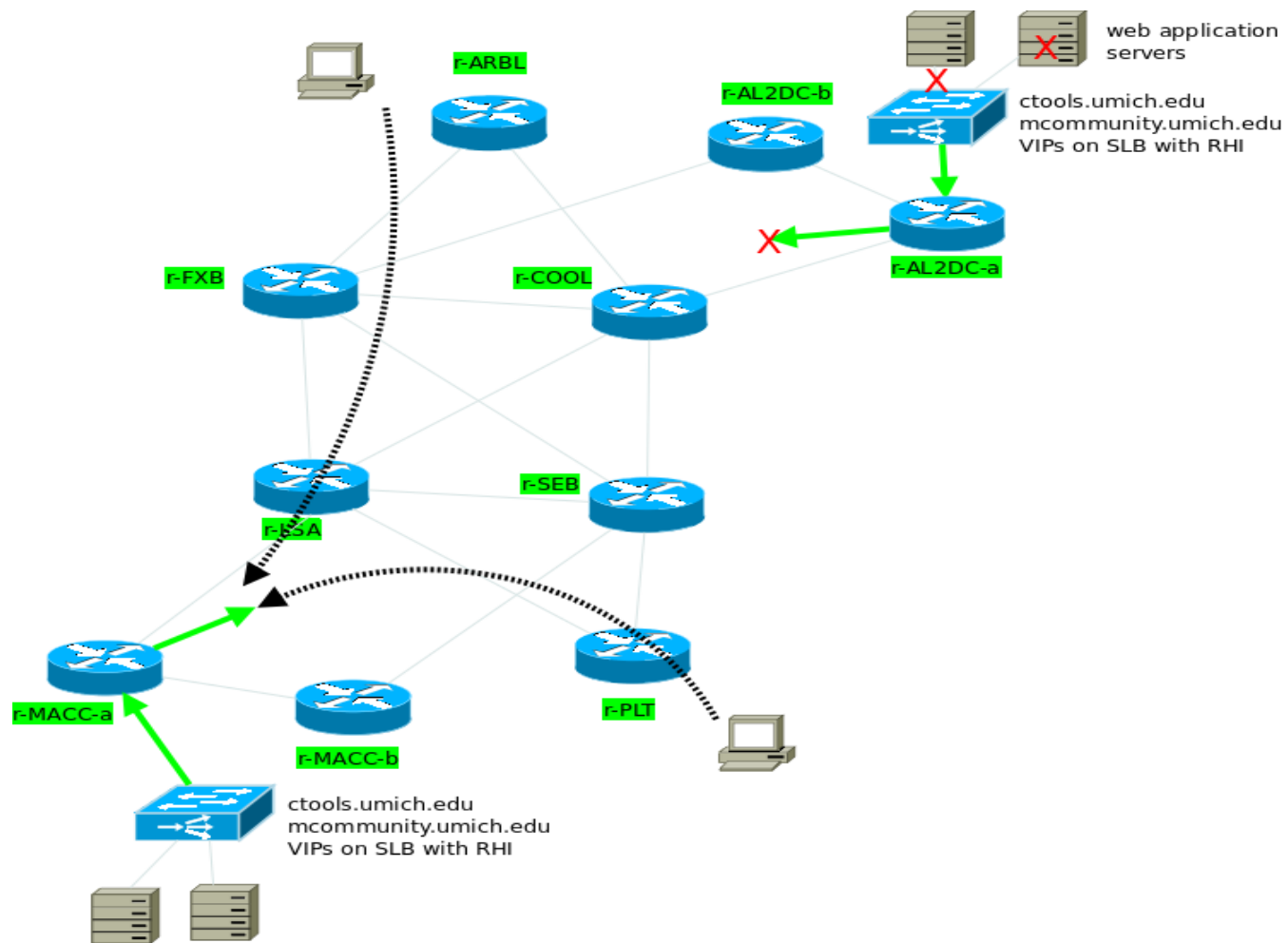
- Provides "shortest"-path routing (lowers latency)
- "transparent" failover in case of instance failure
- network partition resiliency (if app/service is also partition tolerant)
- load-distribution

if done right!

Anycast auto-routes to "nearest" instance of app



Anycast auto-reroutes on failure of an app instances



- network anycast routing is worth deploying for your service if your network and routing are more stable than the server infrastructure and application
- typically used for short-lived, session-less services
- used to great effect for DNS recursive and auth service, both intra- and inter- domain
- used occasionally for inter-domain CDNs for HTTP, over TCP
- use it intra-domain for HTTP/S web applications for all the advantages it provides

Anycast Problems

- harder to debug if there are routing oscillations
- Coordinate data on multiple nodes/instances -- client might hit multiple versions
- generally more complexity, needs better operator training
- Need better tools to monitor, catch and fix problems - one example follows...

Tool Requirements

1. Tools to alert when service is unavailable are well-known (Nagios etc.)
2. Tool to monitor route changes are complex and expensive (mostly) and usually provide more noise than signal
3. We need multiple tools to monitor anycast routing, one of which alerts us when there is a forwarding path change to a node
4. Need a decent way to visualize the change and see behaviour over time

One (simplistic) method to monitor forwarding path changes

This is a working tool, but with rough edges

- use periodic traceroute (well understood, platform and service independent)
- store results of periodic traceroutes in a stripped-down consistent format
- store the path (as in returned IP of each hop) in a text file
- store the text file in a VCS (I used RCS for simplicity)
- do a diff on each commit, and if there are changes, then the forward path changed! alert/record that

```

1|198.111.227.33|177
2|198.111.225.10|177
3|198.111.225.4|177
4|192.122.183.77|237
5|198.108.22.137|237
6|198.108.23.12|237
7|206.223.119.64|0
8|64.50.232.69|4181
9|*|-1
10|134.215.208.90|4181
11|69.21.64.135|4181
12|*|-1

```

Diffs between committed versions simply show which hops have changed, been added or removed -- this textual format for the diff is hard to understand unless the path change is minimal

The simplified traceroute output is stored in a text file whose columns are:

1. hop
 2. ip from which ttl exceeded msg sourced
 3. AS (from traceroute -a or -A)
- the per hop time is stored separately in a RRD

```

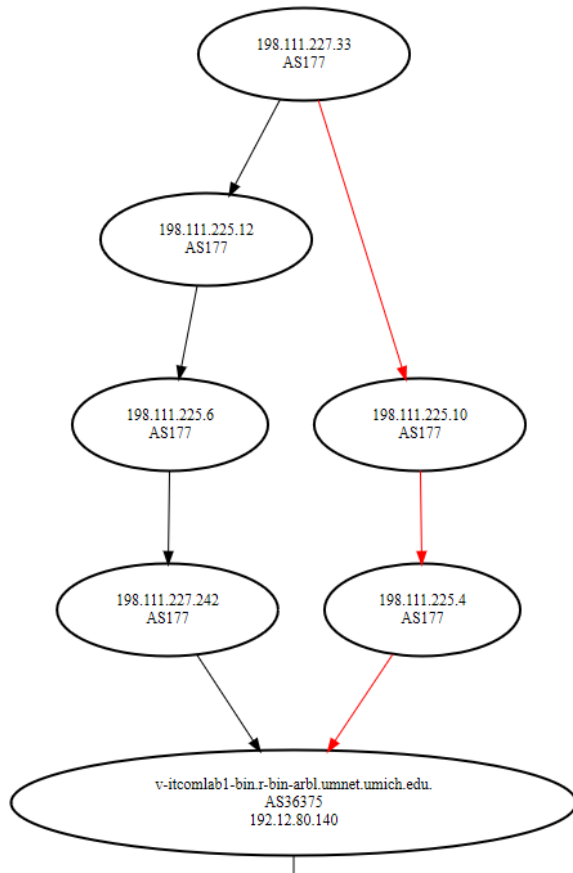
diff -r1.1928 -r1.1927
2,4c2,4
< 2|198.111.225.10|177
< 3|198.111.225.4|177
< 4|192.122.183.77|237
---
> 2|198.111.225.12|177
> 3|198.111.225.6|177
> 4|192.122.183.81|237
9c9
< 9|*|-1
---
> 9|64.50.232.102|4181

```


host traceroute path time

diff ctools.umich.edu---mu.ilab.umnet.umich.edu-141.211.48.10.txt

new	old	rev	date	
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	1.468	04/29/2014 17:17:34	1398806254
<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	1.467	04/28/2014 19:17:36	1398727056
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	1.466	03/23/2014 07:17:36	1395573456
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	1.465	03/23/2014 06:17:33	1395560853



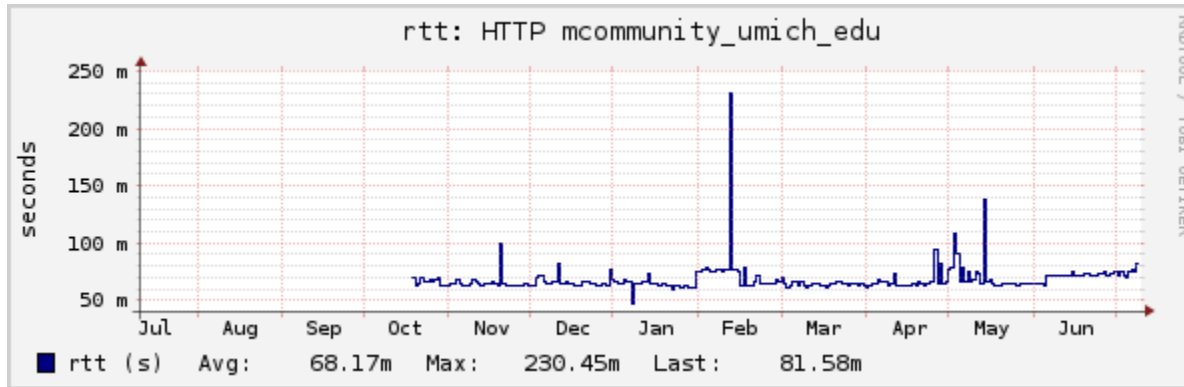
Display the VCS “commit log” of traceroute changes visually

- Much easier to see the route change “visually” when comparing traceroutes at two different times
- use a simple perl CGI to display commit dates/revisions
- use Graphviz to show route changes (red is old path)
- works for both IPv4 and IPv6
- gets confused if no ttl exceeded msg is returned resulting in “*” in traceroute
- also ECMP (depending on hashing algo) will confuse and yield false positives

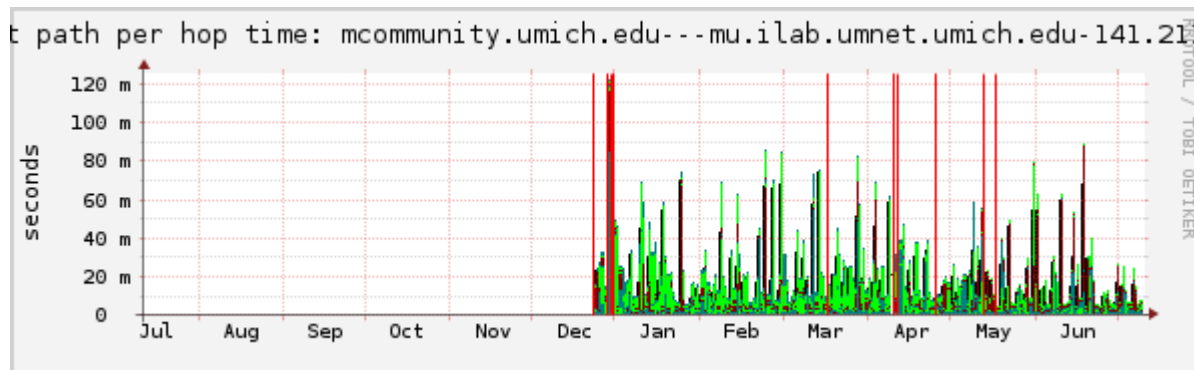
Use common tools to visualize changes over time

- depends on drraw -- <http://web.taranis.org/drraw/>
- drraw allows display of RRDs in flexible ways
- we store route changes in “event files” to record when a diff was seen
- we also store timing for each hop in RRDs
- show it all together for visual reference

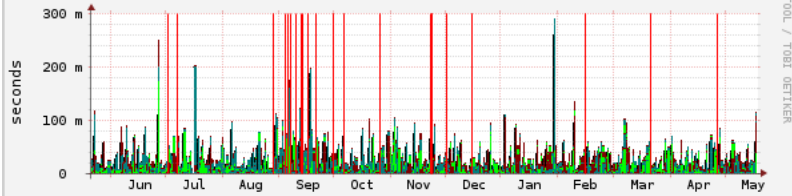
An Enterprise web directory HTTP rtt on average from service monitoring tool (checks HTTP response time and content correctness)



and compare to traceroute per-hop RRDs + event files: red vertical lines are forwarding path switches, almost all due to planned maintenance



host path per hop time: ctools.umich.edu--mu.ilab.umnet.umich.edu-141.211.1.1



total hops	Min:	8.00	Avg:	9.00	Max:	10.00	Last:	9.00
total	Min:	4.50m	Avg:	25.96m	Max:	258.97m	Last:	60.22m
hop1	Avg:	2.11m	Max:	105.18m	Last:	3.16m		
hop2	Avg:	3.86m	Max:	38.54m	Last:	5.81m		
hop3	Avg:	5.07m	Max:	105.44m	Last:	445.73u		
hop4	Avg:	3.38m	Max:	70.99m	Last:	802.38u		
hop5	Avg:	3.52m	Max:	56.44m	Last:	52.67m		
hop6	Avg:	2.66m	Max:	53.77m	Last:	1.42m		
hop7	Avg:	4.61m	Max:	65.85m	Last:	573.98u		
hop8	Avg:	9.06m	Max:	245.58m	Last:	1.97m		
hop9	Avg:	3.29m	Max:	54.10m	Last:	698.87u		
hop10	Avg:	946.00u	Max:	946.00u	Last:	946.00u		
hop11	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop12	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop13	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop14	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop15	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop16	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop17	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop18	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop19	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		
hop20	Avg:	nan	Max:	nan	Last:	nan		

[2013-07-01 20:17] 1.435
 [2013-07-07 00:17] 1.436
 [2013-08-28 14:17] 1.437
 [2013-08-28 15:17] 1.438
 [2013-09-04 14:17] 1.439
 [2013-09-05 16:17] 1.440
 [2013-09-07 13:17] 1.441
 [2013-09-10 10:17] 1.442
 [2013-09-13 05:22] 1.443
 [2013-09-13 14:17] 1.444
 [2013-09-16 13:17] 1.445
 [2013-09-16 14:17] 1.446
 [2013-09-21 07:18] 1.447
 [2013-09-21 10:17] 1.448
 [2013-09-30 12:17] 1.449
 [2013-09-30 13:17] 1.450
 [2013-10-06 06:17] 1.451
 [2013-10-06 07:17] 1.452
 [2013-10-26 06:17] 1.453
 [2013-10-26 09:17] 1.454
 [2013-11-23 06:17] 1.455
 [2013-11-23 10:17] 1.456
 [2013-11-23 16:17] 1.457
 [2013-11-23 20:17] 1.458
 [2013-12-01 09:17] 1.459
 [2013-12-01 10:17] 1.460
 [2013-12-15 06:17] 1.461
 [2013-12-15 07:17] 1.462
 [2014-02-15 06:17] 1.463
 [2014-02-15 09:17] 1.464
 [2014-03-23 06:17] 1.465
 [2014-03-23 07:17] 1.466
 [2014-04-28 19:17] 1.467

- this graph is for a year's worth of path switches -- pretty useful to see when the tool noticed (based on hourly samples), especially if you correlate to known maint and/or outages
- if you record your routing tables over the same period, you can see the effect of of routing changes on forwarding path
- and most useful if you can correlate it to service (DNS, HTTP probes etc.) monitoring time series

Next steps?

- distributed monitoring
- use RIPE Atlas probes?
- more granular sampling periods (1 hour now)
- trigger traceroute based on service check
- Example installation <http://test-http.ilab.umnet.umich.edu/drraw/tr/>
- Example code repository at <https://github.com/rpadiya/trmon>

Acknowledgements

- Thanks to the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor for providing the network on which this was tested and the server on which the demo is hosted

