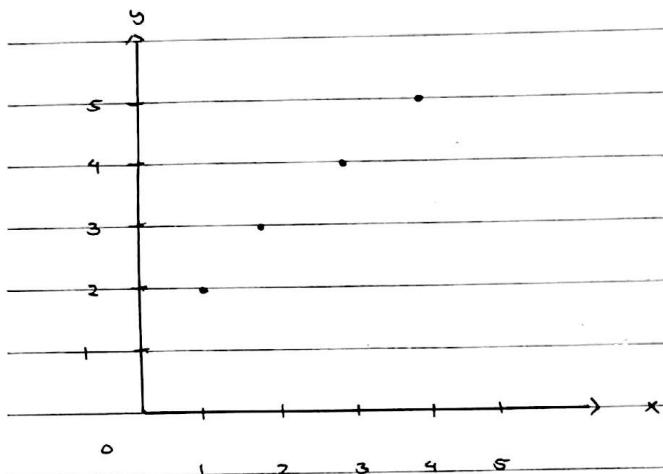


NO.:
DATE:

CUSTOMER	COM232	EXERCISE 4		(y) VISIT PER MONTH
		(x) AVG BET	1	
A			2	
B		2		3
C		3		4
D		4		5

I. PLOT THE DATASET



II. COMPUTE THE MEAN

$$\bar{x}_n = (1 + 2 + 3 + 4) / 4 \\ = 2.5$$

$$\bar{y}_n = (2 + 3 + 4 + 5) / 4 \\ = 3.5$$

III. CENTER THE DATASET

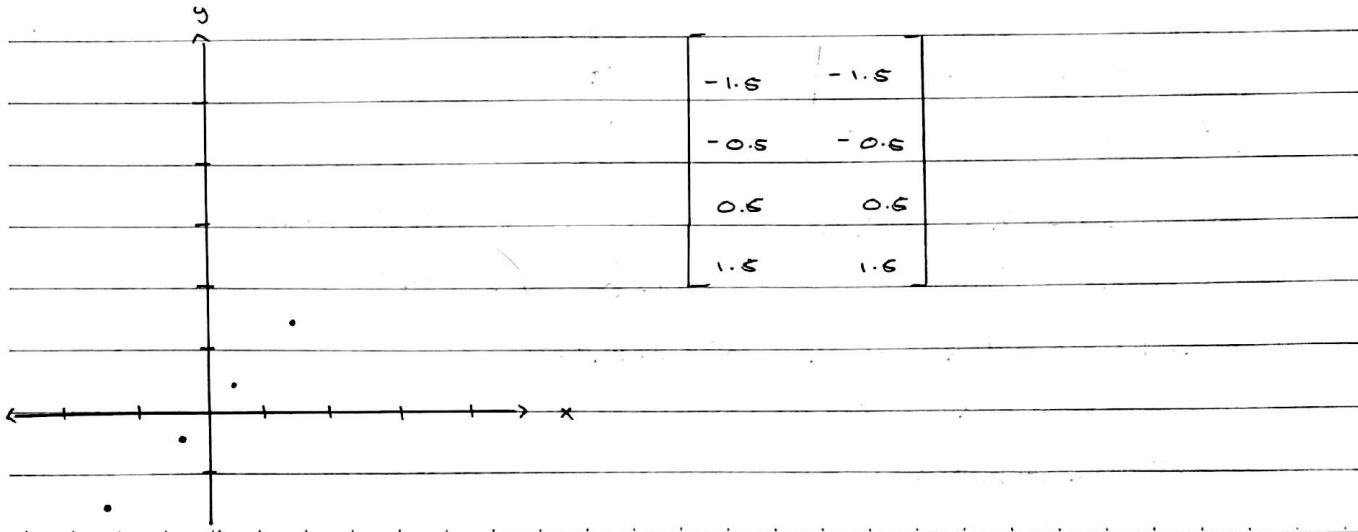
$$x_1 = 1 - 2.5 = -1.5 \quad y_1 = 2 - 3.5 = -1.5$$

$$x_2 = 2 - 2.5 = -0.5 \quad y_2 = 3 - 3.5 = -0.5$$

$$x_3 = 3 - 2.5 = 0.5 \quad y_3 = 4 - 3.5 = 0.5$$

$$x_4 = 4 - 2.5 = 1.5 \quad y_4 = 5 - 3.5 = 1.5$$

IV. WRITE DOWN THE CENTERED MATRIX



I. COMPUTE THE SAMPLE COVARIANCE MATRIX

$$\Sigma = \frac{1}{n-1} A_C^T A_C$$

$$A_C = \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -1.5 \\ -0.5 & -0.5 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 1.5 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix} \quad A_C^T = \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -0.5 & 0.5 & 1.5 \\ -1.5 & -0.5 & 0.5 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = \frac{1}{4-1} \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -0.5 & 0.5 & 1.5 \\ -1.5 & -0.5 & 0.5 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1.5 & -1.5 \\ -0.5 & -0.5 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 1.5 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 1.67 & 1.67 \\ 1.67 & 1.67 \end{bmatrix}$$

II. COMPUTE THE EIGENVALUES

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1.67 & 1.67 \\ 1.67 & 1.67 \end{vmatrix} - \lambda \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1.67 - \lambda & 1.67 \\ 1.67 & 1.67 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$= (1.67 - \lambda)^2 - 2.79 = 0 \quad \lambda_1 = 3.34$$

$$= (1.67 - \lambda)(1.67 - \lambda) - 2.79 = 0 \quad \lambda_2 = 0$$

$$= 2.79 - 1.67\lambda - 1.67\lambda + \lambda^2 - 2.79 = 0$$

$$= -3.34\lambda + \lambda^2 = 0$$

$$= \lambda^2 - 3.34\lambda = 0$$

$$= (\lambda - 0)(\lambda - 3.34) = 0$$

III. COMPUTE THE EIGENVECTORS

$$(A - \lambda I) v = 0$$

$$\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1.67 & 1.67 \\ 1.67 & 1.67 \end{bmatrix} - \lambda \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1.67 & 1.67 \\ 1.67 & 1.67 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1.67 & 1.67 \\ 1.67 & 1.67 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3.34 & 0 \\ 0 & 3.34 \end{bmatrix} \right) \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1.67v_1 + 1.67v_2 = 0 \\ 1.67v_1 + (-1.67v_2) = 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1.67v_2 = 1.67v_1 \\ 1.67v_1 = 1.67v_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_2 = v_1 \\ v_1 = v_2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow v = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

IV. NORMALIZE THE EIGENVECTORS

$$v = \frac{v}{\|v\|} \quad \|v\| = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$v_{\text{NORMAL}} = \frac{v}{\|v\|} = \frac{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1/\sqrt{2}}{1/\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0.7 \end{bmatrix}$$

V. CHECK THE EIGENVECTORS AND EIGENVALUES

$$Av = \lambda v$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.67 & 1.67 \\ 1.67 & 1.67 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 3.34 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3.34 & 3.34 \\ 3.34 & 3.34 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.34 & 3.34 \\ 3.34 & 3.34 \end{bmatrix}$$

V. IDENTIFY AND EXPLAIN THE FIRST PRINCIPAL COMPONENT

- SINCE PCA DEFINES THE FIRST PRINCIPAL COMPONENT AS THE DIRECTION THAT EXPLAINS THE MOST VARIANCE, AND THE EIGENVALUES ARE 2.34 AND 0, THE LARGEST VARIANCE IS 2.34, SO IT IS CHOSEN AS THE FIRST PRINCIPAL COMPONENT.

VI. PROJECT THE CENTERED DATA

-1.5	-1.5	
-0.5	-0.5	0.71
0.5	0.5	0.71
1.5	1.5	

-1.07 + -1.07		-2.141
-0.36 + -0.36		-0.72
0.36 + 0.36		0.72
1.07 + 1.07		2.141

VII 1 DIMENSIONAL REPRESENTATION

