

F-TEST ASSIGNMENT

① BANKER

Data on no. of transactions.
Hyd: 156, 278, 134, 202, 236, 198, 187, 199, 143, 165, 223

Mumbai: 345, 332, 309, 367, 338, 312, 187, 199, 143, 165, 223

Apply F-distribution to find out variance?

Solⁿ Hyd $n = 11$

Mum $n = 9$

$$F_{\text{test}} = \frac{S_1^2}{S_2^2} \text{ where } S_1^2 > S_2^2$$

$$\text{Variance } S^2 = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{2121}{11} = 192.81$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum y_i}{n} = \frac{3102}{9} = 344.66$$

Hyd	Mumbai	$(x - \bar{x})$	$(x - \bar{x})^2$	$(y - \bar{y})$	$(y - \bar{y})^2$
156	345	-36.818	1355.57	0.33	0.11
278	332	-85.181	7255.94	-12.66	160.44
134	309	-58.818	3457.57	-35.66	1272.11
202	367	9.181	84.305	22.33	498.77
236	338	-43.181	1865.669	-6.66	44.44
198	312	-5.181	26.85123	-72.66	1067.11
187	355	-5.818	33.8512	10.33	106.77
199	363	6.181	38.21	18.33	336.11
143	381	-49.818	2481.8	36.33	1320.11
165		-27.818	773.85		
223		30.181	910.94		

$$\sum (x - \bar{x})^2 = 17374.69$$

$$\sum (y - \bar{y})^2 = 3485.888$$

$$S_x^2 = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n-1} = \frac{17374.69}{10} = 1737.46$$

$$S_y^2 = \frac{\sum (y - \bar{y})^2}{n-1} = \frac{3485.888}{8} = 435.736$$

$$F_{\text{test}} = \frac{S_x^2}{S_y^2} = \frac{1737.46}{435.736} = 3.9874$$

$$df(s_1^2) = 11 - 1 = 10$$

$$df(s_2^2) = 9 - 1 = 8$$

$$F_{test}(df=10, df=8) = 3.35$$

As $F_{test} = 3.35 < F_{calc} = 3.98$, hence we reject H_0 .

So, the no. of customers in her new branch is more variable than the no. of customers she used to work.

PRODUCTION LINES.

② Let $\mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3$ be the mean of the 3 production lines. Please test the hypothesis $\alpha = 0.05$.

Step-1 $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3$

H_1 : Not all μ_s are equal.

Step-2 $\alpha = 0.05$

Step-3 $df \quad m = 6 \quad N = 18$

$df_{between} = a - 1 = 3 - 1 = 2$

$df_{within} = N - a = 18 - 3 = 15$

$df_{total} = N - 1 = 18 - 1 = 17$

Step-4 $F_{critical}(df_1 = 2, df_2 = 15) = 3.68$

Step-5

	Line 1	Line 2	Line 3
	210	180	145
	215	160	170
	205	195	165
	180	190	160
	175	170	155
	190	155	175
Total	1175	1050	970
Mean	195.83	175	161.66

$$SS_{between} = \frac{\sum (\sum a_i)^2}{n} - \frac{T^2}{N}$$

$$= \frac{1175^2 + 1050^2 + 970^2}{6} - \frac{(1175 + 1050 + 970)^2}{18}$$

$$= \frac{570670.83}{6} - 567112.5$$

$$= 3558.33$$

$$SS_{within} = \sum y^2 - \frac{\sum (\sum a_i)^2}{n}$$

$$= \text{Sum of sq of all nos} - 570670.83$$

$$= 573925 - 570670.83$$

$$= 3254.16667$$

$$F = \frac{MS_{bet}}{MS_{with}} = \frac{SS_{bet}/df_{bet}}{SS_{with}/df_{with}} = \frac{3558.33/2}{3254.166/15} = \frac{1779.16}{216.94} = 8.2010$$

$F_{critical} (df=2, df=15) = 3.68$
 $\therefore F_{calc} > F_{crit}$, hence we reject H_0 .

③ POPULATION - MEN & WOMEN

Randomly select 7 women & 12 men from a population of women & men. Table shows the SD of in each sample and in each population.

Pop	Men	Women
μ	50	30
Sample SD (S_x)	45	35

Compute f-statistic.

S_x = sample SD ; σ = pop SD.

$$f_{statistic} = \frac{S_1^2/\sigma_1^2}{S_2^2/\sigma_2^2}$$

Considering women's data in numerator

$$f_{stat} = \frac{35^2/50^2}{45^2/50^2} = \frac{1225/900}{2025/2500} = 1.68$$

$$df \text{ for } v_1 = 7-1 = 6$$

$$v_2 = 12-1 = 11$$

Considering men's data in numerator,

$$f_{stat} = \frac{45^2/50^2}{35^2/30^2} = \frac{2025/2500}{1225/900} = \frac{0.81}{1.361} = 0.59$$

$$df \text{ } v_1 = 12-1 = 11$$

$$v_2 = 7-1 = 6$$

$$\frac{3.09}{1.68} = 1.84$$

④ Cumulative probability

From the F-distribution calculator, the cumulative probability for $f_{stat} = 1.68$, $v_1 = 6$, $v_2 = 11$ is 0.78.

Also, $CP = 0.22$ if $f_{stat} = 0.59$, $v_1 = 11$, $v_2 = 6$

⑤ HIGHWAY GAS MILEAGE

Summary of highway gas mileage for several observations, to decide if the average highway gas mileage is same for midsize cars, SUVs & pickup trucks.

Test the appropriate hypothesis at $\alpha = 0.01$.

	N	Mean	Std Dev.
Midsize	31	25.8	2.56
SUVs	31	22.68	3.67
Pickups	14	21.29	2.76
	<u>76</u>		

Solⁿ Step-1 $H_0 : \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3$

$H_1 : \text{Not all means are equal.}$

Step-2 $\alpha = 0.01$

Step-3 $df_{\text{between}} = a - 1 = 3 - 1 = 2$

$df_{\text{within}} = N - a = 76 - 3 = 73$

Step-4 For $\alpha = 0.01$, $df_1 = 2$ & $df_2 = 73$,

$F_{\text{critical}} =$

	Count	Sum	Avg.	SD	Var
Midsize	31	$25.8 \times 31 = 799.8$	25.8	2.56	6.55
SUV	31	703.08	22.68	3.67	13.46
Pickup	14	298.06	21.29	2.76	7.61

$$SS_{\text{between}} = \frac{\sum (\sum a_i)^2}{n} - \frac{T^2}{N}$$

$$= \frac{799.8^2 + 703.08^2 + 298.06^2}{76} - \frac{44429.92}{76}$$

$$= 1222841.29$$