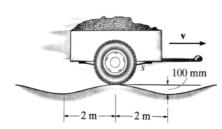
## MECH ZZI Test 5 2017 W Dynamics Solutions

SA 1. [5 marks]



A 250-kg trailer is pulled with constant speed over the surface of a bumpy road, which may be approximated as a cosine curve with an amplitude of 50 mm and wavelength of 4 m. Two springs, s, with stiffness 800 N/m each, support the trailer. Neglect the mass of the wheels. Assume  $v=10\,$  km/h.

a) Find  $\omega_n$ 

Parallel springs:  

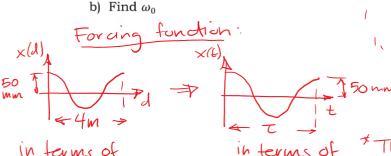
$$keg = k + k$$

$$= 1600 \text{ N/m}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k_q}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{1600 \text{ N/m}}{250 \text{ kg}}}$$

$$= 2.53 \text{ rad/s}$$

analogous to:  $x \neq 1$  M = 250 kg  $k \neq 3$  k = 800 N/m ead  $F(t) = 0.05 \text{ cos}(\text{wot } + \phi)$ DERIVATION



 $F_{s} \uparrow \uparrow F_{s}$   $EF_{x}: 2F_{s} = max$   $-2kx = m\ddot{x}$   $m\ddot{x} + 2kx = 0$  keq

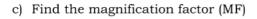
in terms of distance along road

in terms of time \*The relationship both distance version + time version is velocity. V=10 km/hr = 2.78 m/s

$$T = \frac{\lambda}{V} = \frac{4m}{2.78 \,\text{m/s}} = 1.44 \,\text{s}$$

(> = wave length)

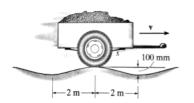
$$w_0 = 2\pi = 2\pi = 4.36 \text{ rad/s}$$



$$MF = \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{4.36 \text{ rod/s}}{\text{un}}\right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{4.36 \text{ rod/s}}{2.53 \text{ rod/s}}\right)^2}$$
This means  $X_c$  and  $X_p$ 

$$MF = -0.51 \quad \text{(unitless)} \quad \text{(free and forced components)}$$



more in opposition, and there fore you see an amplitude of about 1/2 Fo/k. ( whalf static displacement)

d) At what velocity will the trailer experience resonance?

resonance occurs at wo = wh

$$w_0 = w_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$
 and  $T = \frac{\lambda}{V}$ 

$$= V = \frac{\omega_n \lambda}{2\pi} = \frac{2.53 \text{ rad/s} (4m)}{2\pi}$$

Page 3 of 10 pages (this relocity to get to loxm/hr - why doesn't the traller shake apart?)