KOROUTINEN MIT KOTLIN

Jax, 24.04.2018, Mainz

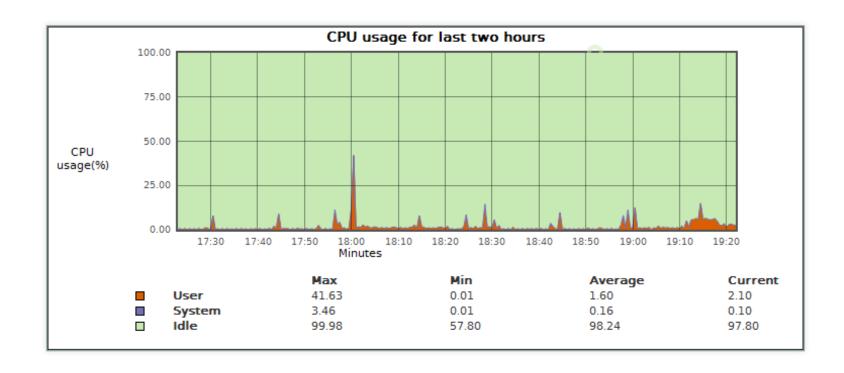
@RenePreissel

https://github.com/rpreissel/kotlin-coroutine.git

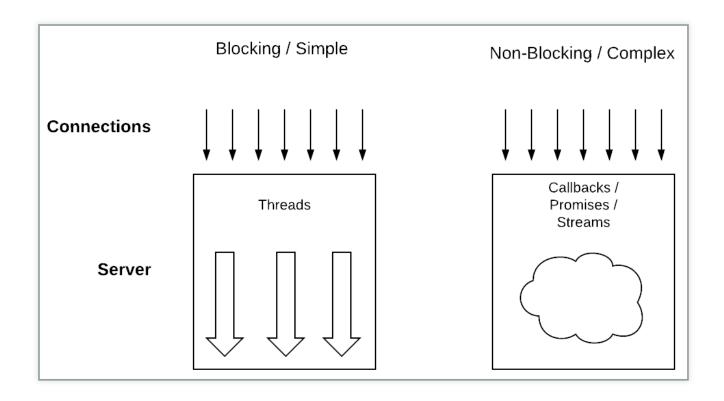
INHALT

- Warum Koroutinen?
- Umsetzung von Koroutinen in KotlinAsynchrone Kommunikationsmuster mit Koroutinen

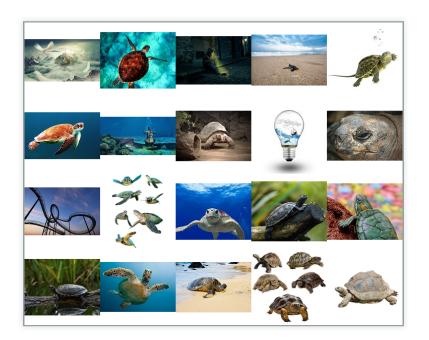
WARUM?



ENTSCHEIDUNG?



BEISPIEL



val collage = createCollage("turtle", 20)

ARBEITEN MIT THREADS

```
fun loadOneImage(query: String): BufferedImage {
    val url = requestImageUrl(query)
    val image = requestImageData(url)
    return image
}
```

CALLBACKS

FUTURES / PROMISES

```
fun loadOneImage(query: String): CompletableFuture<BufferedImage> {
    return requestImageUrl(query)
        .thenCompose{ requestImageData(it) }
}
```

KOMPLEXERES BEISPIEL - KOLLAGE

```
fun createCollage(query: String, count: Int): BufferedImage {
    val urls = requestImageUrls(query, count)
    val images = urls.map { requestImageData(it) }
    val newImage = combineImages(images)
    return newImage
}
```

KOLLAGE MIT CALLBACKS

```
fun createCollage(query: String, count: Int, onSuccess: OnSuccess<BufferedImage>)
    requestImageUrls(query, count) { urls ->
        fun loadImages(
            urlIter: Iterator<String>,
            retrievedImages: List<BufferedImage>
            if (urlIter.hasNext()) {
                requestImageData(urlIter.next()) { image ->
                    loadImages(urlIter, retrievedImages + image)
            } else {
                onSuccess(combineImages(retrievedImages))
        loadImage(urls.iterator(), listOf())
```

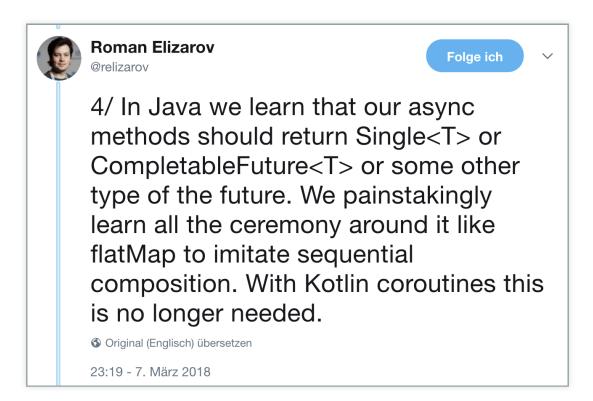
KOLLAGE MIT FUTURES

KOLLAGE MIT KOROUTINEN

```
suspend fun createCollage(query: String, count: Int): BufferedImage {
   val urls = requestImageUrls(query, count)
   val images = urls.map { requestImageData(it) }
   val newImage = combineImages(images)
   return newImage
}
```

```
suspend fun requestImageUrls(query: String, count: Int = 20): List
suspend fun requestImageData(imageUrl: String): BufferedImage
```

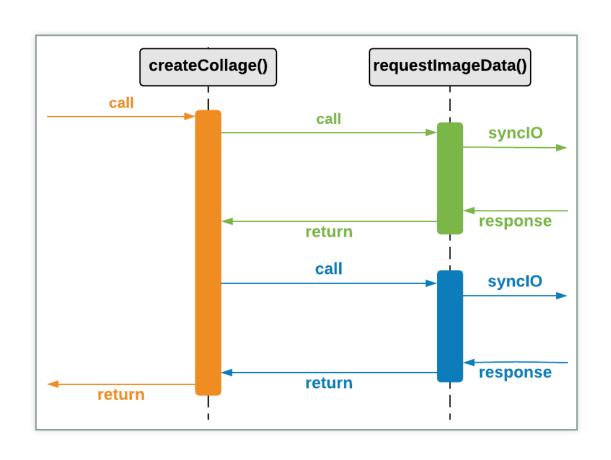
EINFACHE ASYNCHRONE SEQUENZEN



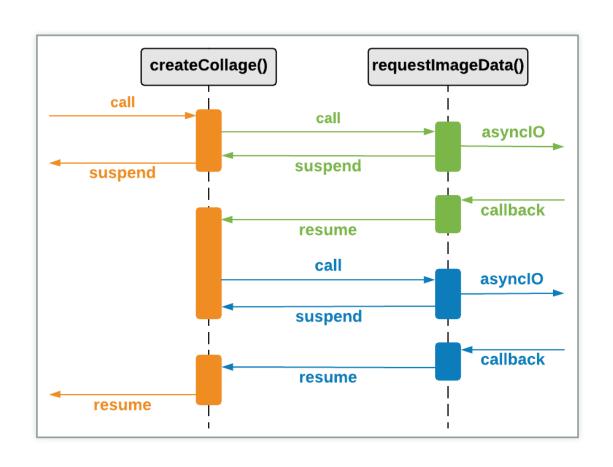
KOROUTINEN

- Melvin Conway 1963
- Kooperative Übergabe des Kontrollflusses
- Koroutinen sind sequentiell per Default

FUNKTIONEN / ROUTINEN



KOROUTINEN

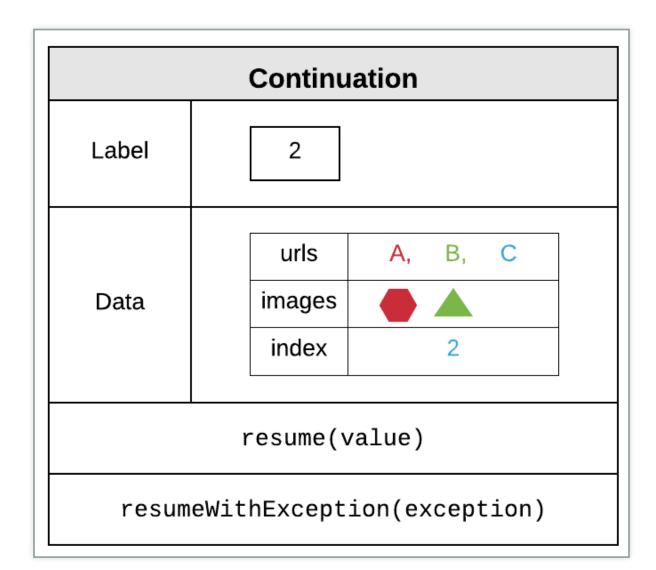


STACKLESS VS STACKFULL

- Stackless: Suspendierungen sind nur direkt in Koroutinen möglich
- Stackfull: Suspendierungen sind überall möglich
- Kotlin implementiert stackless Koroutinen

CONTINUATIONS

```
suspend fun createCollage(query: String, count: Int): BufferedImage {
   val urls = requestImageUrls(query, count) //Label 0
   val images = mutableListOf<BufferedImage>() //Label 1
   for (index in 0 until urls.size) {
      val image = requestImageData(urls[index])
      images += image //Label 2
   }
   val newImage = combineImages(images)
   return newImage
}
```



KOTLIN COMPILER

Aus:

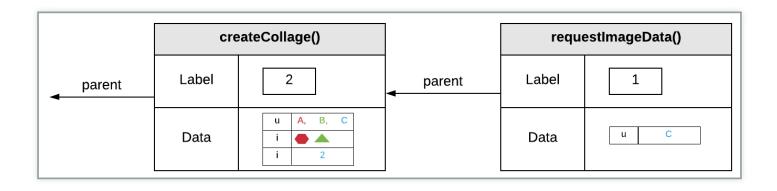
```
suspend fun createCollage(
   query: String, count: Int
): BufferedImage
```

wird:

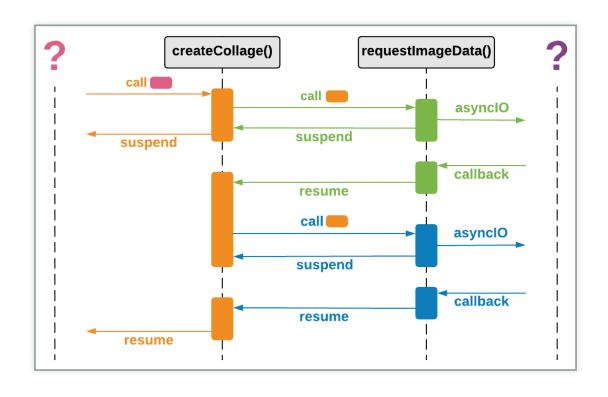
```
fun createCollage(
    query: String, count: Int,
    parentContinuation: Continuation<BufferedImage>
): Any // BufferedImage | COROUTINE_SUSPENDED {
    val cont = CoroutineImpl(parentContinuation) //Implements Continuation
```

CoroutineImpl: Continuation	
Label	2
Data	urls A, B, C images
Parent	Parent-Continuation
resume(value)	
resumeWithException(exception)	

CONTINUATIONS-STACK



EINSTIEG UND ABSPRUNG?



BUILDER - EINSTIEG IN KOROUTINEN

```
//Startet die Koroutine und "blockiert" den aktuellen Thread
val collage = runBlocking {
    createCollage("dogs", 20)
}

//Startet die Koroutine und setzt den aktuellen Thread fort
val job = launch {
    val collage = createCollage("dogs", 20)
    ImageIO.write(collage, "png", FileOutputStream("dogs.png"))
}

//Stoppt die Koroutine
job.cancel()
```

COROUTINECONTEXT

```
//Den Fork-Join-Pool für die Koroutine nutzen
val collage = runBlocking(CommonPool) {
    createCollage("dogs", 20)
}

//Einen eigenen Thread-Pool für die Koroutine nutzen
val fixedThreadPoolContext = newFixedThreadPoolContext(1, "collage")
val job = launch(fixedThreadPoolContext) {
    val collage = createCollage("dogs", 20)

    // Wechsel in den UI-Thread und zurück
    withContext(UI) {
        ImageIO.write(collage, "png", FileOutputStream("dogs.png"))
    }
}
```

INTEGRATION MIT ASYNCHRONEN LIBRARIES

ABSPRUNG ZU ASYNCHRONEN LIBRARIES

ASYNCHRONE MUSTER / KONZEPTE IN KOTLIN

- Sequential by default
- Asynchronous explicitly
- Libraries not language

SEQUENTIAL BY DEFAULT

```
suspend fun createCollage(query: String, count: Int): BufferedImage {
   val urls = requestImageUrls(query, count)
   val images = urls.map { requestImageData(it) }
   val newImage = combineImages(images)
   return newImage
}
```

ASYNC / AWAIT EXPLIZIT

```
suspend fun createCollageAsyncAwait(
    query: String, count: Int
): BufferedImage {
    val urls = requestImageUrls(query, count)
    val deferredImages: List<Deferred<BufferedImage>> = urls.map {
        async {
            requestImageData(it)
        }
    }

    val images: List<BufferedImage> = deferredImages.map { it.await() }

    val newImage = combineImages(images)
    return newImage
}
```

AUF DAS ERSTE EREIGNIS WARTEN - SELECT

TIMEOUTS UND SELECTS

```
suspend fun loadFastestImage(query: String, count: Int, timeoutMs: Long): BufferedI
    val urls = requestImageUrls(query, count)
    val deferredImages = urls.map {
        async { requestImageData(it) }
    val image: BufferedImage = select {
        for (deferredImage in deferredImages) {
            deferredImage.onAwait { image ->
                image
        onTimeout(timeoutMs) {
            DEFAULT IMAGE
    return image
```

COMMUNICATING SEQUENTIAL PROCESSES / CSP

- Concurrency Theory
- Pragmatisch: Kommunikation per Nachrichten über Kanäle
- In Kotlin: Channel
- Ein Channel entspricht einer BlockingQueue nur ohne blockieren

NACHRICHTEN SENDEN

```
suspend fun retrieveImages(query: String, channel: SendChannel<BufferedImage>) {
    while (true) {
        val url = requestImageUrl(query)
        val image = requestImageData(url)
        channel.send(image)
        delay(2, TimeUnit.SECONDS)
    }
}
```

NACHRICHTEN EMPFANGEN

```
suspend fun createCollage(channel: ReceiveChannel<BufferedImage>, count: Int) {
   var imageId = 0
   while (true) {
      val images = (1..count).map {
            channel.receive()
      }
      val collage = combineImages(images)
      ImageIO.write(collage, "png", FileOutputStream("image-${imageId++}.png"));
   }
}
```

CHANNEL

```
val channel = Channel<BufferedImage>()
launch(Unconfined) {
    retrieveImages("dogs", channel)
}
launch(Unconfined) {
    retrieveImages("cats", channel)
}
launch(Unconfined) {
    createCollage(channel, 4)
}
```

UNCONFINED UND RENDEZVOUS

```
"jersey-client-async-executor-2@3321" prio=5 tid=0x13 nid=NA runnable
  java.lang.Thread.State: RUNNABLE
  at ...CSPChannelKt.createCollage(CSPChannel.kt:47)
  at ...CSPChannelKt$createCollage$1.doResume(CSPChannel.kt:-1)
  at ...CoroutineImpl.resume(CoroutineImpl.kt:54)
  at ...ResumeModeKt.resumeMode(Dispatched.kt:87)
  at ...DispatchedKt.dispatch(Dispatched.kt:193)
  at ...AbstractContinuation.afterCompletion(AbstractContinuation.kt:86)
  at ...JobSupport.completeUpdateState$kotlinx_coroutines_core(Job.kt:719)
  at ...CancellableContinuationImpl.completeResume(CancellableContinuation.kt:2
  at ...AbstractChannel$ReceiveElement.completeResumeReceive(AbstractChannel.kt
  at ...AbstractSendChannel.offer(AbstractChannel.kt:186)
  at ...AbstractSendChannel.send(AbstractChannel.kt:180)
  at ...CSPChannelKt.retrieveImages(CSPChannel.kt:59)
```

ACTOR

- Aktoren sind nebenläufige Einheiten
- Kommunizieren nur über Nachrichten
- Arbeiten alle Nachrichten sequentiell ab
- Verwalten eigenen Zustand

ACTOR - NACHRICHTEN

```
sealed class PixabayMsg
data class RequestImageUrlMsg(
   val query: String,
   val resultChannel: SendChannel<String>
) : PixabayMsg()
```

ACTOR - VERHALTEN

```
val PixabayActor: SendChannel<PixabayMsg> = actor<PixabayMsg> {
    for (msg in channel) {
        when (msg) {
            is RequestImageUrlMsg -> msg.apply {
                resultChannel.send(requestImageUrl(query))
            }
        }
        delay(100)
    }
}
```

ACTOR - BENUTZEN

```
suspend fun retrieveImages(query: String, channel: SendChannel<BufferedImage>) {
   val resultChannel = Channel<String>(1)
   val requestImageUrlMsg = RequestImageUrlMsg(query, resultChannel)
   while (true) {
        PixabayActor.send(requestImageUrlMsg)
        val url = resultChannel.receive()
        val image = requestImageData(url)
        channel.send(image)
        delay(2, TimeUnit.SECONDS)
   }
}
```

ACTOR - EINSCHRÄNKUNGEN

- Kein Supervisor bzw. keine Child-Hierarchie
- Keine implizite Fehlerbehandlung
- Keine Verteilung
- Vollständigere Actor Implementierung: http://proto.actor

REACTIVE STREAMS

- Nachrichtenbasierend
- Asynchron / Nicht-Blockierend
- Unterstützung von Back-Pressure
- API/SPI seit Java 9 enthalten
- Verschiedene Implementierungen: Reactor, RxJava, Akka Streams

REACTIVE STREAMS UND KOROUTINEN



VON SUSPEND ZUM REAKTIVEM STREAM (PUBLISH)

VOM REAKTIVEM STREAM ZU SUSPEND (SUBSCRIBE)

GENERATOR

- Funktion die eine Sequenz von Objekten zurückliefert
- Die Funktion liefert mittels yield() das nächste Objekt.
- Funktion wird nach dem yield() unterbrochen.
- Funktion wird für das nächste Objekt wieder fortgesetzt.

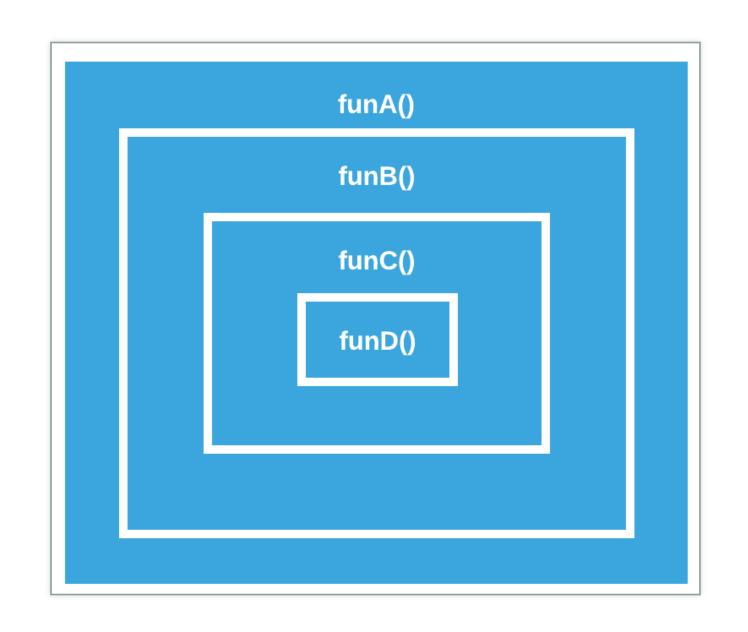
GENERATOREN IN KOTLIN - BUILDSEQUENCE

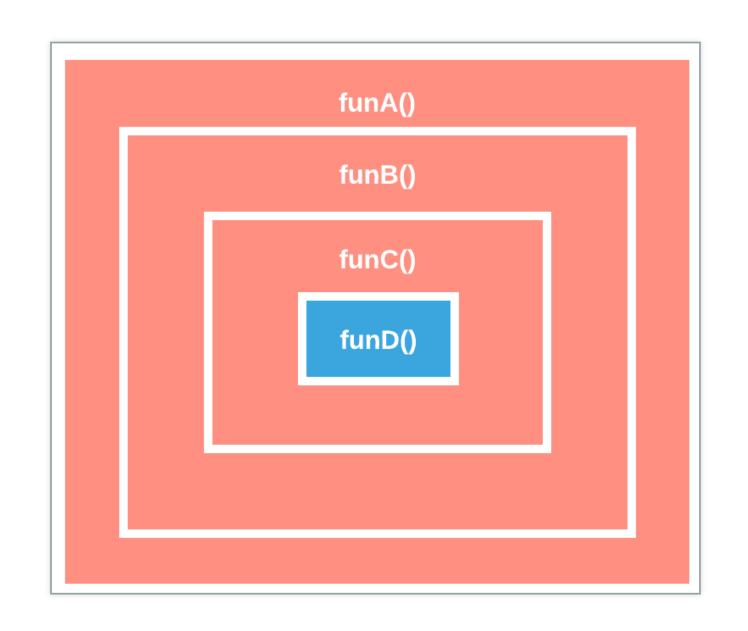
```
fun fibonacci(): Sequence<Int> = buildSequence {
    var terms = Pair(0, 1)

    while(true) {
        yield(terms.first)
        terms = Pair(terms.second, terms.first + terms.second)
    }
}
```

ZUSAMMENFASSUNG

- suspend konvertiert Funktionen zu Koroutinen
- Sequential by Default / Asynchronous explicitly
- Asynchronen Kommunikationsmustern als Library
- Einfache Integration in vorhandene asynchrone APIs
- Tooling / Debugging muss noch verbessert werden
- Stackless: Suspendierungen nur in Koroutinen möglich (Red/Blue Code Problem)





AUSBLICK

- Stackfull-Koroutinen durch Quasar: https://github.com/puniverse/quasar
- Oder durch Project Loom: http://cr.openjdk.java.net/~rpressler/loom/Loom-Proposal.html https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fpyub8fbrVE

FRAGEN?

@RenePreissel rene.preissel@etosquare.de www.etosquare.de

https://github.com/rpreissel/kotlin-coroutine.git