

3.a

Write down a description of randomized quick selection in pseudocode. Show that the expected depth of the recursion of randomized quick selection is $O(\log n)$, and that the expected running time is $O(n)$.

Solution: We provide the following pseudocode for randomized quickselect on an array A of size n . It takes the arguments l, j as indices into A : $l \leq n$, $r \leq n$ and $r \geq l$. We are looking to find the k th largest element in A . We name the function RQS . We use the standard partition subroutine which, given an array

Algorithm 1 RandomizedQuickSelect(l, r, k)

```
if  $l == r$  then
    return
end if
 $pivot \leftarrow RandInt(l..r)$ 
partition( $l, r, pivot$ )
if  $pivot == k$  then
    return  $A[k]$ 
else
    return  $RQS(pivot + 1, r, k)$ 
end if
```

■

We first define the recurrence $\bar{T}(n)$ to be the expected value of the amount of work on a problem of size n . We know that the partition function requires $n - 1$ comparisons to solve a problem of size n .

$$\bar{T}(n) = n - 1 + \max[\bar{T}(k - 1), \bar{T}(n - k)]$$

We define a good pivot to be in the middle 50% of elements and a bad one to be in the lower 25 or upper 75. In the event of a good pivot,

$$\bar{T}(n) \leq n - 1 + \bar{T}(3/4 * n)$$

and in the event of a bad pivot

$$\bar{T}(n) \leq n - 1 + \bar{T}(n)$$

Because the pivot is selected uniformly randomly, there is equal probability of $1/2$ of both. So,

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{T}(n) &\leq 2n - 2 + .5 * \bar{T}(n) + .5 * \bar{T}(3/4 * n) \\ \bar{T}(n) &\leq 4n - 4 + \bar{T}(3/4 * n)\end{aligned}$$

By the master theorem, we know that the right side recurrence runs in $O(n)$ time, and this serves as an upper bound.

Next we define the recurrence $\bar{D}(n)$ to be the expected value of the depth of the recursion tree of a problem of size n . We know that each call to the function adds one to the recursion tree depth.

$$\bar{D}(n) = 1 + \max[\bar{D}(k-1), \bar{D}(n-k)]$$

We will use the same definition of a good and bad pivot as previously: define a good pivot to be in the middle 50% of elements and a bad one to be in the lower 25 or upper 75. In the event of a good pivot,

$$\bar{D}(n) \leq 1 + \bar{D}(3/4 * n)$$

and in the event of a bad pivot

$$\bar{D}(n) \leq 1 + \bar{D}(n)$$

Because the pivot is selected uniformly randomly, there is equal probability of 1/2 of both. So,

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{D}(n) &\leq 2 + .5 * \bar{D}(n) + .5 * \bar{D}(3/4 * n) \\ \bar{D}(n) &\leq 4 + \bar{D}(3/4 * n)\end{aligned}$$

By the master theorem, we know that the right side recurrence runs in $O(\log n)$ time, and this serves as an upper bound.

3.b

Solution:

