

Regression models:Project-Cars dataset analysis

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Executive summary

In this project, we analyse mtcars dataset to find if 1.“Automatic or manual transmission is better for mpg” 2.“Quantify MPG difference between automatic and manual transmissions”. First of all,We load dataset and do exploratory analysis.Then we use hypothesis testing and linear regression to analyse the data.We do both single and multivariate linear regression modelling but find multivariable regression analysis to fit the model better.

Exploratory Data analysis

```
data(mtcars)
dim(mtcars) ##dimensions of dataset
```

```
## [1] 32 11
```

Structure ,head and Summary of dataset is available in Table 1 ,2 & 3 respectively.

Data Processing

1.Is an automatic or manual transmission better for mpg

We plot mpg vs transmission for the dataset as shown in Plot 2 in Appendix.It is clear from the plot that for transmission type “manual” mpg is more than auto type. We find means for auto and manual transmission type groups (Table 3-Appendix) and see mean for manual transmission type(24.4) is more than auto type(17.1) We conduct t-test for above two groups (Table 4 & 5-Appendix) and see that there is a significant difference in two groups as p-value is .06.

Checking correlations of different variables in mtcars dataset

```
p <- cor(mtcars)
p [1,]
```

```
##      mpg      cyl      disp      hp      drat      wt
## 1.0000000 -0.8521620 -0.8475514 -0.7761684  0.6811719 -0.8676594
##      qsec      vs      am      gear      carb
## 0.4186840  0.6640389  0.5998324  0.4802848 -0.5509251
```

```
fit0<-lm(mpg~.,data=mtcars)
#print(paste(("VIF values"),sqrt(vif(fit))))
fit1<-lm(mpg~am,data=mtcars)
```

In the above linear regression model(Table5-Appendix), manual transmission cars get 7.245 mpg more than automatic transmission cars.R-squared value shows 36% of predicted variables are explained using “am” variable.So, we will explore multivariable regression also.In addition to am variable(default), we see that variables wt, cyl,disp,hp are highly correlated with mpg.We look at corelation among variables(as shown in appendix-Table 6), we see cyl and disp are highly correlated with each other, so we leave disp and we include wt and hp and cyl variables in our model also.

Multivariable linear regression analysis

```
fit2<-lm(mpg~am+wt+hp,data=mtcars)##multivariable regression
fit3<-lm(mpg~am+wt+hp+cyl,data=mtcars)
anova(fit1,fit2,fit3)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: mpg ~ am
## Model 2: mpg ~ am + wt + hp
## Model 3: mpg ~ am + wt + hp + cyl
##   Res.Df    RSS Df Sum of Sq      F    Pr(>F)
## 1      30 720.90
## 2      28 180.29  2    540.61 42.9310 4.112e-09 ***
## 3      27 170.00  1     10.29  1.6348  0.2119
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Results with p-value of 4.1e-09 show the model is significantly different than linear fit1 model.Also, it r-squared value (as shown in Table 7 in appendix) is 0.84,which explains 84% of variance.We will cross check with residuals for any signs of non-normality and examine residuals vs fitted values plot to check hetroskedasicity.

On checking the plots(Plot 4-Appendix), we find plots are normally distributed and not hetroskedastic.We report estimates of this model.

Conclusion

```
summary(fit2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ am + wt + hp, data = mtcars)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.4221 -1.7924 -0.3788  1.2249  5.5317
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 34.002875   2.642659  12.867 2.82e-13 ***
## am           2.083710   1.376420   1.514 0.141268
## wt          -2.878575   0.904971  -3.181 0.003574 **
```

```
## hp          -0.037479   0.009605  -3.902 0.000546 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 2.538 on 28 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.8399, Adjusted R-squared:  0.8227
## F-statistic: 48.96 on 3 and 28 DF,  p-value: 2.908e-11
```

The above model explains 84% of variance .Thus difference between automatic and manual transmissions is 2.08mpg

Appendix

Table 1-Dataset structure

```
str(mtcars) ##structure of mtcars dataset
```

```
## 'data.frame':   32 obs. of  11 variables:
## $ mpg : num  21 21 22.8 21.4 18.7 18.1 14.3 24.4 22.8 19.2 ...
## $ cyl : num   6  6  4  6  8  6  8  4  4  6 ...
## $ disp: num  160 160 108 258 360 ...
## $ hp  : num  110 110 93 110 175 105 245 62 95 123 ...
## $ drat: num   3.9 3.9 3.85 3.08 3.15 2.76 3.21 3.69 3.92 3.92 ...
## $ wt  : num   2.62 2.88 2.32 3.21 3.44 ...
## $ qsec: num  16.5 17 18.6 19.4 17 ...
## $ vs  : num   0  0  1  1  0  1  0  1  1  1 ...
## $ am  : num   1  1  1  0  0  0  0  0  0  0 ...
## $ gear: num   4  4  4  3  3  3  3  4  4  4 ...
## $ carb: num   4  4  1  1  2  1  4  2  2  4 ...
```

Table 2 -Dataset glimpse

```
head(mtcars) ## a glimpse of the mtcars dataset
```

```
##           mpg  cyl  disp  hp drat    wt  qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4      21.0    6  160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46 0  1    4    4
## Mazda RX4 Wag  21.0    6  160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02 0  1    4    4
## Datsun 710     22.8    4  108  93 3.85 2.320 18.61 1  1    4    1
## Hornet 4 Drive  21.4    6  258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44 1  0    3    1
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7    8  360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02 0  0    3    2
## Valiant        18.1    6  225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22 1  0    3    1
```

```
##Histogram of miles per gallon of dataset
```

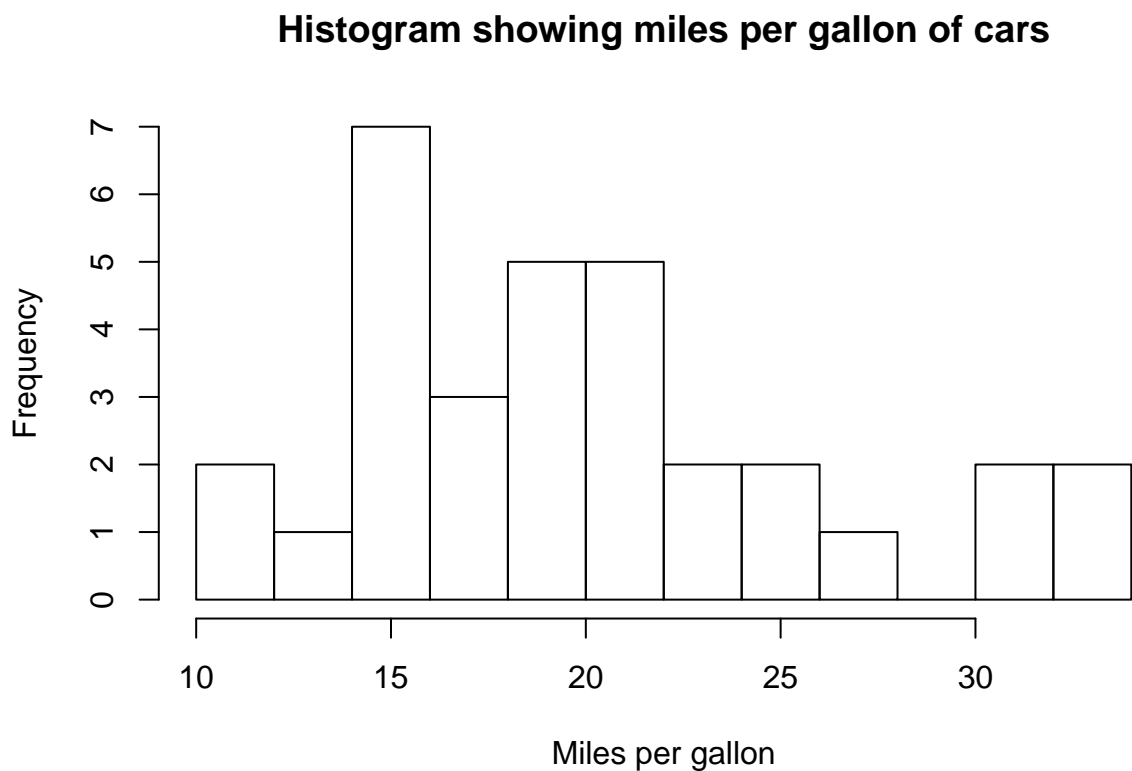
Table 3 -Dataset summary

```
summary(mtcars) ##summary of dataset
```

```
##      mpg      cyl      disp      hp
## Min.   :10.40  Min.   :4.000  Min.    : 71.1  Min.    : 52.0
## 1st Qu.:15.43  1st Qu.:4.000  1st Qu.:120.8  1st Qu.: 96.5
## Median :19.20  Median :6.000  Median :196.3  Median :123.0
## Mean   :20.09  Mean   :6.188  Mean   :230.7  Mean   :146.7
## 3rd Qu.:22.80  3rd Qu.:8.000  3rd Qu.:326.0  3rd Qu.:180.0
## Max.   :33.90  Max.   :8.000  Max.   :472.0  Max.   :335.0
##      drat      wt      qsec      vs
## Min.    :2.760  Min.    :1.513  Min.    :14.50  Min.    :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:3.080  1st Qu.:2.581  1st Qu.:16.89  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :3.695  Median :3.325  Median :17.71  Median :0.0000
## Mean    :3.597  Mean    :3.217  Mean    :17.85  Mean    :0.4375
## 3rd Qu.:3.920  3rd Qu.:3.610  3rd Qu.:18.90  3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.    :4.930  Max.    :5.424  Max.    :22.90  Max.    :1.0000
##      am      gear      carb
## Min.    :0.0000  Min.    :3.000  Min.    :1.000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:3.000  1st Qu.:2.000
## Median :0.0000  Median :4.000  Median :2.000
## Mean    :0.4062  Mean    :3.688  Mean    :2.812
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:4.000  3rd Qu.:4.000
## Max.    :1.0000  Max.    :5.000  Max.    :8.000
```

Plot 1 -histogram -mpg

```
hist(mtcars$mpg,breaks=10,xlab="Miles per gallon",main="Histogram showing miles per gallon of cars")
```

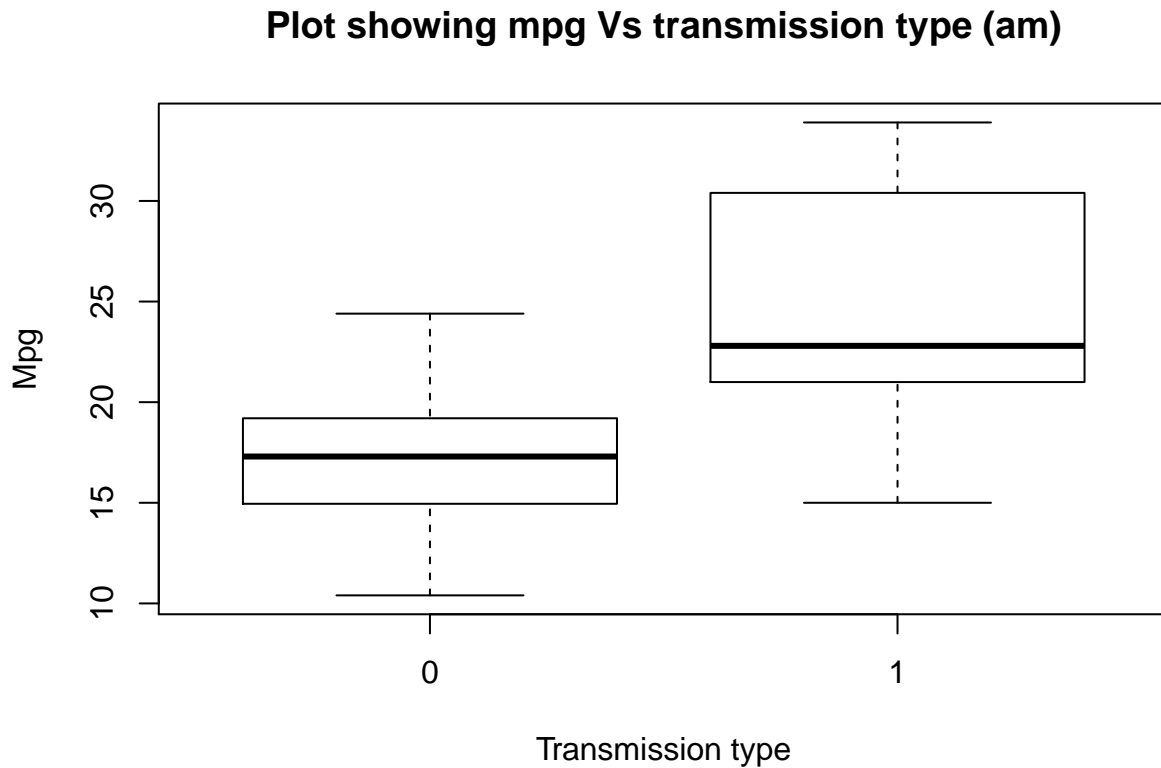


tion seems to be normal.

Distribu-

Plot 2 -Plotting mpg Vs transmission type (am)

```
plot(mpg~as.factor(am),data=mtcars,xlab="Transmission type",ylab="Mpg",main="Plot showing mpg Vs transm
```



It

appears transmission type “1”(Manual) gives better mpg

Table 3 -Mean of manual vs auto

```
aggregate(mpg~am,data=mtcars,mean)
```

```
##   am   mpg
## 1  0 17.14737
## 2  1 24.39231
```

Table 4-t-test for manual vs auto

```
#modelling with single variable (am)
data_auto<-mtcars[mtcars$am==0,]
data_manual<-mtcars[mtcars$am==1,]
t.test(data_auto,data_manual)
```

```
##
##  Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  data_auto and data_manual
## t = 1.8772, df = 348.4, p-value = 0.06132
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.7538182 32.3497623
```

```
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 46.02645 30.22848
```

Table 5- T-test coefficients summary

```
f1<-lm(mpg~as.factor(am),data=mtcars)
##summary of t-test coefficients
print("Table 5")
```

```
## [1] "Table 5"
```

```
summary(f1) ## a look at the coefficients
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ as.factor(am), data = mtcars)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -9.3923 -3.0923 -0.2974  3.2439  9.5077
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    17.147      1.125   15.247 1.13e-15 ***
## as.factor(am)1     7.245      1.764    4.106 0.000285 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 4.902 on 30 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3598, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3385
## F-statistic: 16.86 on 1 and 30 DF,  p-value: 0.000285
```

Table 6-Correlation among variables

```
print("Corelation of variables with each other")
```

```
## [1] "Corelation of variables with each other"
```

```
p[2,]
```

```
##      mpg      cyl      disp      hp      drat      wt
## -0.8521620 1.0000000 0.9020329 0.8324475 -0.6999381 0.7824958
##      qsec      vs      am      gear      carb
## -0.5912421 -0.8108118 -0.5226070 -0.4926866 0.5269883
```

```
p[4,]
```

```
##      mpg      cyl      disp      hp      drat      wt
## -0.7761684  0.8324475  0.7909486  1.0000000 -0.4487591  0.6587479
##      qsec      vs      am      gear      carb
## -0.7082234 -0.7230967 -0.2432043 -0.1257043  0.7498125
```

```
p[6,]
```

```
##      mpg      cyl      disp      hp      drat      wt
## -0.8676594  0.7824958  0.8879799  0.6587479 -0.7124406  1.0000000
##      qsec      vs      am      gear      carb
## -0.1747159 -0.5549157 -0.6924953 -0.5832870  0.4276059
```

Plot 3 -Residual plot

```
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(fit1)
```

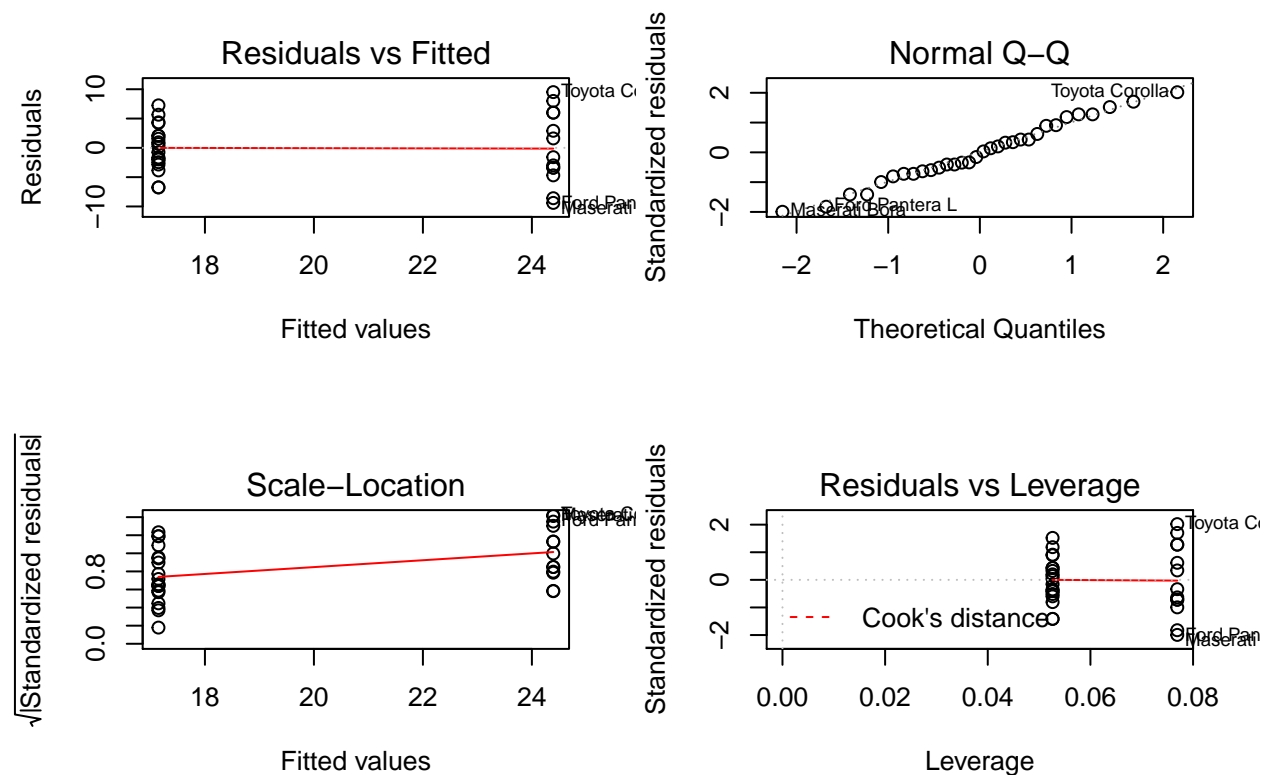


Table 7-Multivariable regression summary

```
summary(fit2)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ am + wt + hp, data = mtcars)
##
## Residuals:
```

```

##      Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
## -3.4221 -1.7924 -0.3788  1.2249  5.5317
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 34.002875   2.642659  12.867 2.82e-13 ***
## am          2.083710   1.376420   1.514 0.141268
## wt         -2.878575   0.904971  -3.181 0.003574 **
## hp         -0.037479   0.009605  -3.902 0.000546 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
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```