

Contact Info: Toll-Free: 1-855-TORNADA Email: selectedcandidates@tornada.ca	Toronto Office 250 Yonge Street, Suite 2201 Toronto, ON, M5B 2L7	Vancouver Office 1153 Kingsway Vancouver, BC, V5V 3C9
---	---	--

Application name: Mars Rover

A squad of robotic rovers are to be landed by NASA on a plateau on Mars. This plateau, which is curiously rectangular, must be navigated by the rovers so that their on-board cameras can get a complete view of the surrounding terrain to send back to Earth.

A rover's position and location is represented by a combination of x and y co-ordinates and a letter representing one of the four cardinal compass points. The plateau is divided up into a grid to simplify navigation. An example position might be 0, 0, N, which means the rover is in the bottom left corner and facing North.

Imagine a grid that looks something like this:

```

  - - - - -
9|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|      N
8|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|      W   E
7|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|      S
6|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|
5|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|
4|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|
3|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|
2|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|
1|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|_|
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

```

In order to control a rover, NASA sends a simple string of letters. The possible letters are 'L', 'R' and 'M'.

Contact Info: Toll-Free: 1-855-TORNADA Email: selectedcandidates@tornada.ca	Toronto Office 250 Yonge Street, Suite 2201 Toronto, ON, M5B 2L7	Vancouver Office 1153 Kingsway Vancouver, BC, V5V 3C9
---	---	--

'L' and 'R' makes the rover spin 90 degrees left or right respectively, without moving from its current spot.

'M' means move forward one grid point, and maintain the same heading.

Assume that the square directly North from (x, y) is (x, y+1).

The Setup

Input

The first line of input is the upper-right coordinates of the plateau, the lower-left coordinates are assumed to be 0,0.

The rest of the input is information pertaining to the rovers that have been deployed. Each rover has two lines of input. The first line gives the rover's position, and the second line is a series of instructions telling the rover how to explore the plateau.

The position is made up of two integers and a letter separated by spaces, corresponding to the x and y co-ordinates and the rover's orientation.

Each rover will be finished sequentially, which means that the second rover won't start to move until the first one has finished moving.

Your program should accept 5 inputs.

Contact Info: Toll-Free: 1-855-TORNADA Email: selectedcandidates@tornada.ca	Toronto Office 250 Yonge Street, Suite 2201 Toronto, ON, M5B 2L7	Vancouver Office 1153 Kingsway Vancouver, BC, V5V 3C9
---	---	--

Output

The output for each rover should be its final co-ordinates and heading.

INPUT AND OUTPUT

Test Input:

```

5 5                > Our first line is our plateau size.
1 2 N              > Lines 2 and 3 are paired, with the first being our initial
start position and header,
LMLMLMLMM          > and the second line being a series of move and turn
instructions.
3 3 E              > Another 2-line pair, 1 pair per rover.
MMRMMRMRRM

```

Expected Output:

```

1 3 N              > When rover bot is done doing its instructions, output its
current position
5 1 E              > The first line is the first rover, the second line is the
next rover

```

