Influential Factors of the Number of Days an Animal Spends at the Shelter

Hanfan Chen, Zhaohao Li, Zhenhao Qiao, Chao Wang, Rachael Watson

1 Introduction

Data on animals admitted to the Dallas animal shelter were collected over the course of a year, from October 2016 to September 2017. For each animal admitted to the shelter, the following information was recorded - the type of animal being admitted, the month and year it was admitted, the reason for the animal being admitted, the final outcome for the animal, whether the animal was micro-chipped, and the number of days the animal spent at the shelter.

This report will investigate which of these factors are influential in determining the number of days an animal spends at the shelter before its final outcome is decided.

2 Exploratory Data Analysis

The first five lines of the raw data:

Table 1: Raw data

animal_type	month	year	intake_type	outcome_type	chip_status	time_at_shelter
CAT	9	2017	STRAY	ADOPTION	UNABLE TO SCAN	9
DOG	6	2017	STRAY	EUTHANIZED	SCAN NO CHIP	4
DOG	12	2016	STRAY	ADOPTION	SCAN NO CHIP	21
DOG	9	2017	STRAY	ADOPTION	SCAN NO CHIP	4
CAT	11	2016	OWNER SURRENDER	ADOPTION	SCAN CHIP	7

Levels of each explanatory variable:

```
animal_type :
[1] "BIRD"
                "CAT"
                           "DOG"
                                       "WILDLIFE"
month:
 [1] "1"
year :
[1] "2016" "2017"
intake_type :
[1] "CONFISCATED"
                       "OWNER SURRENDER" "STRAY"
outcome_type :
[1] "ADOPTION"
                         "DIED"
                                               "EUTHANIZED"
```

[4] "FOSTER" "RETURNED TO OWNER"

chip_status :

[1] "SCAN CHIP" "SCAN NO CHIP" "UNABLE TO SCAN"

All the explanatory variables are categorical variables and each explanatory variable has multiple levels.

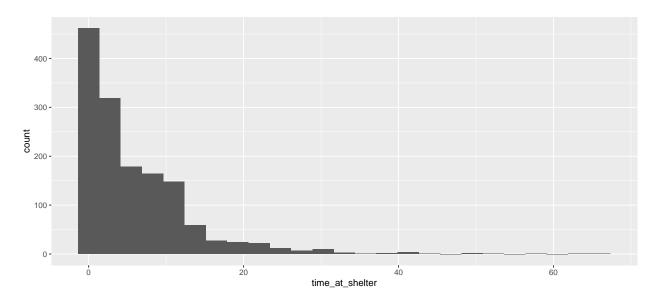


Figure 1: Histogram of number of days spent at the shelter

Figure 1 displays the histogram of the response variable, which is the number of days spent at the shelter. The histogram shows evidence of the response variable being right-skewed and following a Poisson distribution.

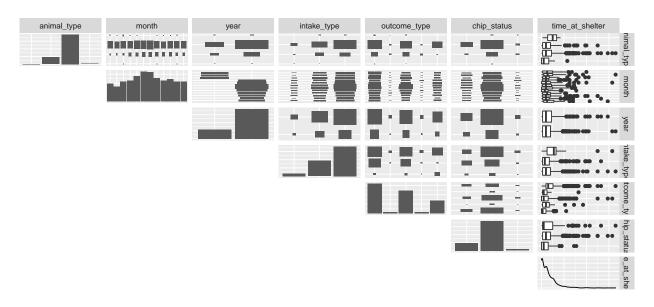


Figure 2: Pair plots of the variables

The explanatory variables are all categorical and their box plots are shown in Figure 2. The median time at

shelter appears to be low for all the explanatory variables, which is due to the median time at shelter being 4.

Since in Figure 1 the response variable is right-skewed, a median of the response variable is calculated. The figures below display the median of each category of the different explanatory variables.

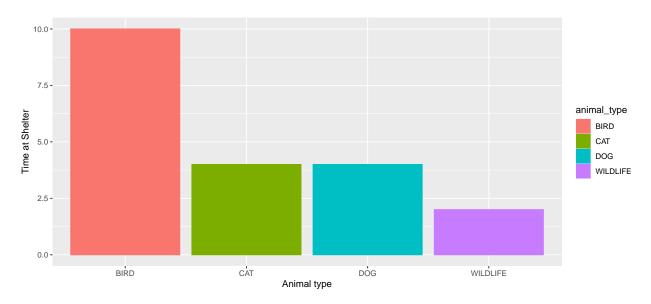


Figure 3: Bar plot of animal type vs median time at shelter

Table 2: Summary statistics on the time at shelter by animal type

animal_type	n	Mean	St.Dev	Min	Q1	Median	Q3	Max
BIRD	3	9.333333	8.020806	1	5.5	10	13.5	17
CAT	270	5.903704	7.366027	0	1.0	4	8.0	50
DOG	1163	6.110920	7.375513	0	1.0	4	9.0	66
WILDLIFE	14	4.500000	6.525099	0	0.0	2	6.5	23

From Figure 3, the median value of time at shelter seems different for each category except cat and dog. This could be because the sample sizes for bird and wildlife are much smaller than those of dog and cat, so this result could be skewed.

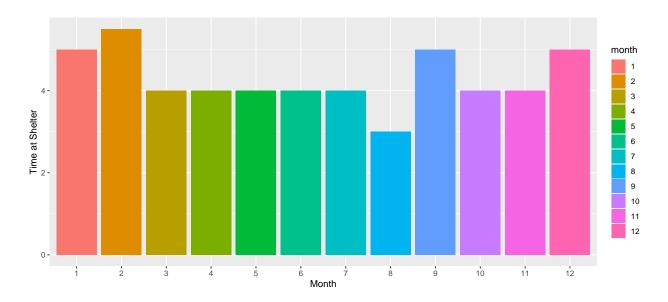


Figure 4: Bar plot of month vs median time at shelter

Table 3: Summary statistics on the time at shelter by month

month	n	Mean	St.Dev	Min	Q1	Median	Q3	Max
					-		_	
_1	99	6.888889	7.618303	0	1	5.0	10	40
2	82	7.707317	9.646195	0	2	5.5	10	66
3	108	5.287037	7.163055	0	1	4.0	7	42
4	115	5.069565	5.549967	0	1	4.0	6	31
5	139	6.000000	8.062258	0	0	4.0	8	63
6	163	6.184049	6.325765	0	1	4.0	9	29
7	162	5.845679	6.315289	0	0	4.0	10	30
8	127	4.078740	4.922585	0	0	3.0	6	31
9	114	5.456140	4.954912	0	1	5.0	8	22
10	123	6.967480	9.716418	0	1	4.0	8	50
11	110	6.236364	7.911120	0	1	4.0	7	53
12	108	7.888889	9.075317	0	2	5.0	11	59

From Figure 4, the median value of time at shelter is similar for each month. All the summary statistics are similar.

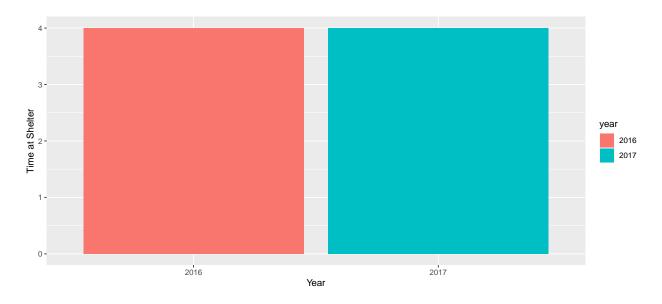


Figure 5: Bar plot of year vs median time at shelter

[1] FALSE

There is no overlap between the months and years, since the data was recorded over the period of a year. According to Figure 5, there is no obvious difference between the two years and the relationship between the response variable and month variable is similar to the relationship between the response variable and the year variable. In fact, both variables represent the same information, namely when the animal was admitted. Therefore, the variable year is removed.

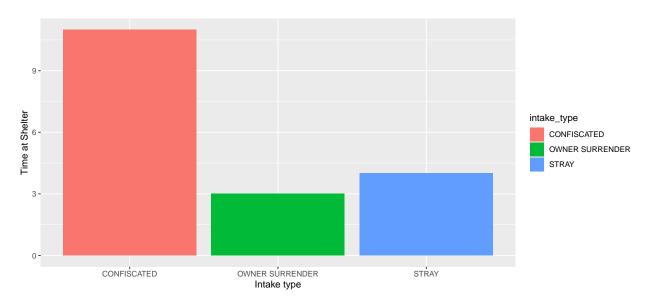


Figure 6: Bar plot of intake type vs median time at shelter

From Figure 6, an obvious difference is shown between each category.

Table 4: Summary statistics on the time at shelter by intake type

intake_type	n	Mean	St.Dev	Min	Q1	Median	Q3	Max
CONFISCATED	77	10.896104	9.564992	0	5	11	13	63
OWNER SURRENDER	467	5.141328	7.215962	0	1	3	7	53
STRAY	906	6.128035	7.063027	0	1	4	8	66

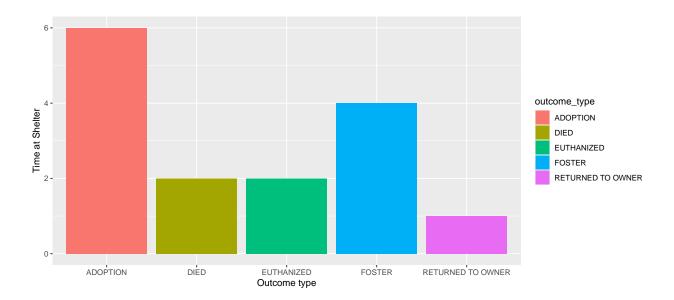


Figure 7: Bar plot of outcome type vs median time at shelter

Table 5: Summary statistics on the time at shelter by outcome type

outcome_type	n	Mean	St.Dev	Min	Q1	Median	Q3	Max
ADOPTION	636	8.523585	7.618321	0	4	6	10.25	66
DIED	25	4.360000	6.531207	0	1	2	5.00	33
EUTHANIZED	489	4.777096	7.380844	0	0	2	6.00	63
FOSTER	29	6.482759	8.708045	0	1	4	7.00	37
RETURNED TO OWNER	271	2.723247	3.952610	0	0	1	4.00	22

Figure 7 shows there is an obvious difference between each category. The sample size of DIED and FOSTER are small compared with the other categories.



Figure 8: Bar plot of chip status vs median time at shelter

Table 6: Summary statistics on the time at shelter by chips status

chip_status	n	Mean	St.Dev	Min	Q1	Median	Q3	Max
SCAN CHIP	285	6.000000	8.582655	0	1	2	10	66
SCAN NO CHIP	1110	6.141441	7.038910	0	1	4	8	63
UNABLE TO SCAN	55	4.818182	6.944465	0	0	2	6	31

From Figure 7, some differences exist. The sample size of UNABLE TO SCAN is small compared with others.

3 Formal Data Analysis——Fitting a Poisson model

3.1 Variable selection using AIC

```
Df Deviance
                             AIC
                    8079.3 12147
<none>
                    8092.7 12154
- animal_type
                3
- chip_status
                2
                    8116.0 12180
- month
                    8225.1 12271
               11
- intake_type
                2
                    9018.1 13082
- outcome_type 4
                    9957.4 14017
```

```
Call: glm(formula = time_at_shelter ~ animal_type + month + intake_type +
   outcome_type + chip_status, family = "poisson", data = data10)
```

Coefficients:

```
(Intercept)
                                                animal_typeCAT
                      2.997158
                                                      0.441668
               animal typeDOG
                                           animal_typeWILDLIFE
                      0.485824
                                                      0.225305
                        month2
                                                         month3
                      0.075718
                                                     -0.132108
                        month4
                                                        month5
                     -0.193819
                                                     -0.005919
                        month6
                                                        month7
                     -0.035721
                                                     -0.057427
                        month8
                                                        month9
                     -0.413755
                                                     -0.082308
                       month10
                                                       month11
                      0.101852
                                                     -0.055580
                       month12
                                   intake_typeOWNER SURRENDER
                      0.114138
                                                     -1.451530
             intake_typeSTRAY
                                              outcome_typeDIED
                     -1.031365
                                                     -0.649881
       outcome_typeEUTHANIZED
                                            outcome_typeFOSTER
                     -0.592552
                                                     -0.279520
outcome_typeRETURNED TO OWNER
                                       chip_statusSCAN NO CHIP
                                                     -0.171716
                     -1.531722
    chip_statusUNABLE TO SCAN
                     -0.247414
```

Degrees of Freedom: 1449 Total (i.e. Null); 1427 Residual

Null Deviance: 10550

month7

Residual Deviance: 8079 AIC: 12150

Using AIC as a selection criteria, the model with the minimum AIC is selected and hence the best fit for the data is the saturated model.

3.2 P-value and confidence intervals for the Poisson model

```
Call:
glm(formula = time_at_shelter ~ ., family = "poisson", data = data10)
Deviance Residuals:
   Min
              1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-6.9146
        -1.9976 -0.8903
                            0.6306 12.7550
Coefficients:
                               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                                          0.197263 15.194 < 2e-16 ***
                               2.997158
animal_typeCAT
                               0.441668
                                          0.195885
                                                    2.255 0.024150 *
animal_typeDOG
                               0.485824
                                          0.194425
                                                      2.499 0.012462 *
animal_typeWILDLIFE
                                          0.231453
                                                      0.973 0.330336
                               0.225305
month2
                               0.075718
                                          0.055370
                                                     1.367 0.171470
month3
                                                    -2.313 0.020721 *
                              -0.132108
                                          0.057115
month4
                              -0.193819
                                          0.056691
                                                    -3.419 0.000629 ***
month5
                              -0.005919
                                          0.052007
                                                    -0.114 0.909386
month6
                              -0.035721
                                          0.050097 -0.713 0.475818
```

-0.057427

0.050613 -1.135 0.256526

```
0.058842 -7.032 2.04e-12 ***
month8
                              -0.413755
month9
                              -0.082308
                                          0.056140 -1.466 0.142617
month10
                               0.101852
                                          0.051801
                                                     1.966 0.049273 *
month11
                                          0.054389
                              -0.055580
                                                    -1.022 0.306833
month12
                               0.114138
                                          0.051633
                                                     2.211 0.027065 *
                                          0.043649 -33.254 < 2e-16 ***
intake_typeOWNER SURRENDER
                              -1.451530
intake_typeSTRAY
                                          0.039395 -26.180 < 2e-16 ***
                              -1.031365
outcome_typeDIED
                              -0.649881
                                          0.097578 -6.660 2.74e-11 ***
outcome_typeEUTHANIZED
                              -0.592552
                                          0.025262 -23.456 < 2e-16 ***
outcome_typeFOSTER
                              -0.279520
                                          0.076201
                                                    -3.668 0.000244 ***
                                          0.042358 -36.161 < 2e-16 ***
outcome_typeRETURNED TO OWNER -1.531722
chip_statusSCAN NO CHIP
                              -0.171716
                                          0.028935
                                                    -5.934 2.95e-09 ***
                                                   -3.600 0.000318 ***
chip_statusUNABLE TO SCAN
                              -0.247414
                                          0.068726
```

Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1

(Dispersion parameter for poisson family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 10551.2 on 1449 degrees of freedom Residual deviance: 8079.3 on 1427 degrees of freedom

AIC: 12147

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6

time at shelter 0.44*animal type [CAT] 0.49*animal type [DOG] -0.23 animal type [WILDLIFE] -0.08 month [2] month [3] month [4] month [5] month [6] month [7] month [8] month [9] month [10] month [11] month [12] intake type [OWNER SURRENDER] intake type [STRAY] outcome type [DIED] outcome type [EUTHANIZED] outcome type [FOSTER] outcome type [RETURNED TO OWNER] chip status [SCAN NO CHIP] chip status [UNABLE TO SCAN] --1.5 -0.5 0.5 Log-Mean

Figure 9: Confidence Intervals of the Poisson Model

Figure 9 displays the confidence intervals for each level of each categorical variable in comparison to the respective baseline category. All the levels of the categorical variables intake type, outcome type and chip status are significant. Two levels are significant in the factor animal type and one is insignificant. Five out of eleven categories of month are significant and the others are not.

3.3 Goodness of fit and overdispersion for the Poisson model

\$results

[1] "Goodness-of-fit test for Poisson assumption"

\$chisq

[1] 8079.325

\$df

[1] 1427

\$p.value

[1] 0

Since the p-value is smaller than 0.05, the null hypothesis is rejected and the over-dispersion is significant.

A rootogram can be used to check the over-dispersion. It is easy to visualize whether the model is over-fitting or under-fitting the values using the zero line. If the bar is below the zero line then that value has been under-fitted. And if there is a space between the zero line and the bar then it has been over-fitted. For the model to be fitted correctly, the bar should sit as close to the zero line as possible.

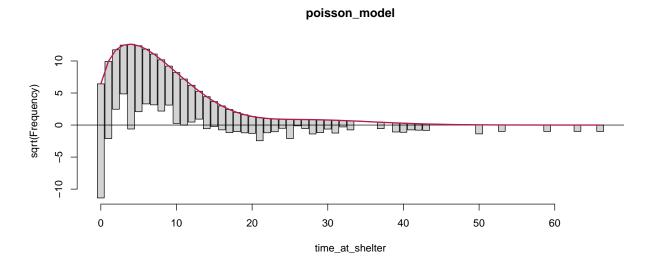


Figure 10: Rootogram of the Poisson Model

In Figure 10, the Poisson model is severely under-fitting zero counts. There were 317 zero counts observed in the data set but the model only fitted 41. It is also over-fitting the lower positive counts and under-fitting the higher counts, suggesting there is over-dispersion due to excess zeroes in the model. Hence a hurdle model will be fitted to provide a better fit.

4 Formal Data Analysis——Fitting a Hurdle model

4.1 Fitting a Binomial-Poisson hurdle model

```
Call:
hurdle(formula = time_at_shelter ~ ., data = data10, dist = "poisson",
   zero.dist = "binomial")
Pearson residuals:
   Min
           1Q Median
                          3Q
                                Max
-4.3608 -1.0287 -0.5823 0.4795 14.9926
Count model coefficients (truncated poisson with log link):
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                            2.9579923  0.1983275  14.915  < 2e-16 ***
animal_typeCAT
                            0.3743137
                                     0.1965591
                                                1.904 0.056867 .
animal_typeDOG
                            0.3213099 0.1951832
                                                 1.646 0.099723
animal_typeWILDLIFE
                            0.4412799 0.2325810
                                                1.897 0.057786 .
month2
                           -0.0007866 0.0555725 -0.014 0.988706
month3
                           -0.1913094 0.0574189 -3.332 0.000863 ***
month4
                           -0.2968745 0.0570389 -5.205 1.94e-07 ***
                           -0.0358694 0.0522504 -0.686 0.492405
month5
month6
                           -0.1290100 0.0505296 -2.553 0.010675 *
month7
                           -0.0908291 0.0508464 -1.786 0.074043 .
month8
                           month9
                           -0.1700644 0.0563869 -3.016 0.002561 **
month10
                            0.0425144 0.0518410
                                                0.820 0.412164
month11
                           -0.0777278
                                      0.0545280 -1.425 0.154023
month12
                            0.0460268 0.0517740
                                                 0.889 0.374006
intake_typeOWNER SURRENDER
                           intake_typeSTRAY
                           -0.7609702  0.0407405  -18.678  < 2e-16 ***
outcome_typeDIED
                           outcome_typeEUTHANIZED
                           -0.2197569 0.0254704 -8.628 < 2e-16 ***
outcome_typeFOSTER
                           -0.1110361 0.0769153 -1.444 0.148847
outcome_typeRETURNED TO OWNER -0.9857031 0.0450846 -21.863 < 2e-16 ***
chip statusSCAN NO CHIP
                           -0.2152199   0.0686741   -3.134   0.001725 **
chip statusUNABLE TO SCAN
Zero hurdle model coefficients (binomial with logit link):
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                            1.905e+01 6.099e+02 0.031
                                                         0.975
animal_typeCAT
                           -1.328e+01 6.099e+02 -0.022
                                                         0.983
animal_typeDOG
                           -1.266e+01 6.099e+02 -0.021
                                                         0.983
animal_typeWILDLIFE
                           -1.454e+01 6.099e+02 -0.024
                                                         0.981
month2
                            7.990e-01 4.898e-01 1.631
                                                         0.103
month3
                            3.817e-01 4.040e-01
                                                 0.945
                                                         0.345
                            3.724e-01 4.020e-01
month4
                                                 0.926
                                                         0.354
month5
                           -9.406e-04 3.735e-01 -0.003
                                                         0.998
                            4.541e-01 3.702e-01
                                                         0.220
month6
                                               1.227
                            1.809e-01 3.643e-01
                                                 0.497
month7
                                                         0.620
month8
                           -2.548e-01 3.782e-01 -0.674
                                                         0.500
                            3.331e-01 3.984e-01
                                                 0.836
                                                         0.403
month9
month10
                            3.409e-01 3.981e-01 0.856
                                                         0.392
                                                         0.900
month11
                            5.129e-02 4.062e-01 0.126
                            4.482e-01 4.345e-01 1.032
month12
                                                         0.302
```

```
intake_typeOWNER SURRENDER
                              -3.171e+00
                                          5.161e-01 -6.143 8.07e-10 ***
intake_typeSTRAY
                              -2.406e+00
                                          4.857e-01 -4.955 7.25e-07 ***
outcome_typeDIED
                                                     -1.086
                              -8.929e-01
                                          8.223e-01
                                                               0.278
outcome_typeEUTHANIZED
                              -2.999e+00
                                          2.661e-01 -11.273
                                                             < 2e-16 ***
outcome_typeFOSTER
                              -2.137e+00
                                          5.383e-01
                                                     -3.969 7.21e-05 ***
outcome_typeRETURNED TO OWNER -4.203e+00
                                          3.115e-01 -13.491
                                                             < 2e-16 ***
chip statusSCAN NO CHIP
                              -1.024e-01
                                          1.978e-01
                                                    -0.518
                                                               0.605
chip_statusUNABLE TO SCAN
                              -6.084e-01
                                         3.793e-01 -1.604
                                                               0.109
```

Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Number of iterations in BFGS optimization: 30

Log-likelihood: -5193 on 46 Df

hurdle_model

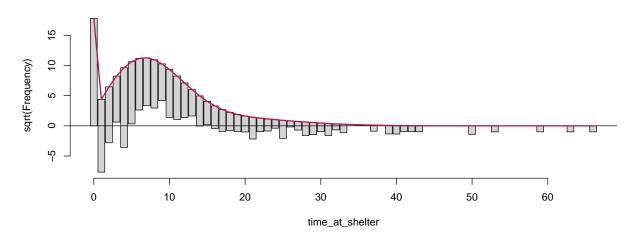


Figure 11: Rootogram of the Binomial Hurdle Model

In Figure 11 counts 1,2 and 4 are being severely under-fitted, while 6-9 are being over-fitted. There is also under-fitting at the higher counts which suggests over-dispersion. Therefore, a negative binomial hurdle model shall be fitted to address this.

4.2 Fitting a Binomial-Negative binomial hurdle model

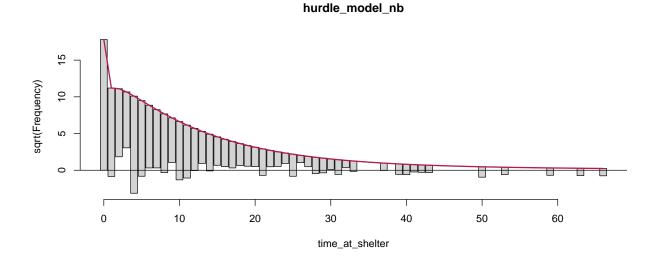


Figure 12: Rootogram of the Negative Binomial Hurdle Model

The AIC of the binomial hurdle model is 10478 and the AIC of the negative binomial hurdle model is 7781. From this, the negative binomial model shows a much better fit to the data. However, in Figure 12 some values are still being under-fitted.

4.3 Variable selection using AIC for negative binomial hurdle model

```
Start: AIC=7780.7
time_at_shelter ~ animal_type + month + intake_type + outcome_type +
    chip_status
               Df
                     AIC
- month
               22 7767.3
                  7780.7
<none>
- chip_status
                4 7782.2
- animal_type
                6 7787.7
- intake_type
                4 7942.5
- outcome_type 8 8245.8
Step: AIC=7767.26
time_at_shelter ~ animal_type + intake_type + outcome_type +
    chip_status
               Df
                     AIC
<none>
                  7767.3
                4 7767.7
- chip_status
- animal_type
                6 7776.1
+ month
               22 7780.7
 intake_type
                4 7931.5
- outcome_type 8 8248.1
```

```
Call:
hurdle(formula = time at shelter ~ animal type + intake type + outcome type +
    chip status, data = data10, dist = "negbin", zero.dist = "binomial")
Count model coefficients (truncated negbin with log link):
                   (Intercept)
                                               animal typeCAT
                        2.4956
                                                        0.9004
               animal_typeDOG
                                          animal_typeWILDLIFE
                        0.8454
                                                        0.9344
   intake_typeOWNER SURRENDER
                                             intake_typeSTRAY
                       -1.3568
                                                       -0.9797
                                       outcome_typeEUTHANIZED
             outcome_typeDIED
                       -0.7449
                                                       -0.2824
                                outcome_typeRETURNED TO OWNER
           outcome_typeFOSTER
                       -0.1796
                                                       -1.2008
      chip_statusSCAN NO CHIP
                                    chip_statusUNABLE TO SCAN
                      -0.1833
                                                       -0.1427
Theta = 1.5067
Zero hurdle model coefficients (binomial with logit link):
                   (Intercept)
                                               animal_typeCAT
                      19.1526
                                                      -13.1510
               animal_typeDOG
                                         animal_typeWILDLIFE
                      -12.4842
                                                      -14.4181
   intake_typeOWNER SURRENDER
                                             intake_typeSTRAY
                       -3.2086
                                                       -2.4313
             outcome_typeDIED
                                       outcome_typeEUTHANIZED
                       -0.9783
                                                       -2.9986
           outcome_typeFOSTER
                                outcome_typeRETURNED TO OWNER
                       -2.0942
                                                       -4.2473
      chip_statusSCAN NO CHIP
                                    chip_statusUNABLE TO SCAN
                      -0.1077
                                                       -0.5265
```

Using AIC as a selection criteria, the model with the minimum AIC is selected and hence the best fit for the data is the model with animal type, chip status, intake type and outcome type as the explanatory variables.

4.4 P-value and confidence intervals for negative binomial hurdle model

```
Call:
hurdle(formula = time_at_shelter ~ animal_type + intake_type + outcome_type +
    chip_status, data = data10, dist = "negbin", zero.dist = "binomial")
Pearson residuals:
             10 Median
                             30
-1.1815 -0.6457 -0.3219 0.2380 8.9096
Count model coefficients (truncated negbin with log link):
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                               2.49559
                                         0.53328 4.680 2.87e-06 ***
animal_typeCAT
                               0.90035
                                          0.54405 1.655 0.097943 .
                                                  1.564 0.117726
animal_typeDOG
                              0.84537
                                         0.54038
animal_typeWILDLIFE
                              0.93442
                                         0.63104
                                                  1.481 0.138667
```

-1.35684

intake_typeOWNER SURRENDER

0.13723 -9.887 < 2e-16 ***

```
intake_typeSTRAY
                             -0.97973
                                        0.12565 -7.797 6.33e-15 ***
                             -0.74487
outcome_typeDIED
                                        0.20889 -3.566 0.000363 ***
outcome typeEUTHANIZED
                             -0.28239
                                        0.06371 -4.432 9.32e-06 ***
outcome_typeFOSTER
                                        0.19697 -0.912 0.361973
                             -0.17956
outcome_typeRETURNED TO OWNER -1.20077
                                        0.10457 -11.483 < 2e-16 ***
chip statusSCAN NO CHIP
                             -0.18330
                                        0.07284 -2.517 0.011851 *
chip_statusUNABLE TO SCAN
                             -0.14273
                                         0.17540 -0.814 0.415789
Log(theta)
                                        0.07215 5.682 1.33e-08 ***
                              0.40994
Zero hurdle model coefficients (binomial with logit link):
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
(Intercept)
                              19.1526
                                        612.0501
                                                  0.031
                                        612.0498 -0.021
animal_typeCAT
                             -13.1510
                                                           0.983
animal_typeDOG
                             -12.4842
                                       612.0498 -0.020
                                                           0.984
animal_typeWILDLIFE
                             -14.4181
                                        612.0502 -0.024
                                                           0.981
intake_typeOWNER SURRENDER
                              -3.2086
                                         0.5150 -6.231 4.64e-10 ***
intake_typeSTRAY
                              -2.4313
                                          0.4848 -5.016 5.29e-07 ***
outcome_typeDIED
                                      0.8054 -1.215
                                                           0.225
                              -0.9783
outcome_typeEUTHANIZED
                              -2.9986
                                         0.2648 -11.322 < 2e-16 ***
outcome_typeFOSTER
                              -2.0942
                                         0.5372 -3.898 9.69e-05 ***
                                          0.3101 -13.697 < 2e-16 ***
outcome_typeRETURNED TO OWNER -4.2473
                                         0.1944 -0.554
chip_statusSCAN NO CHIP
                              -0.1077
                                                           0.579
chip_statusUNABLE TO SCAN
                              -0.5265
                                          0.3724 -1.414
                                                           0.157
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Theta: count = 1.5067

Number of iterations in BFGS optimization: 20

Log-likelihood: -3859 on 25 Df

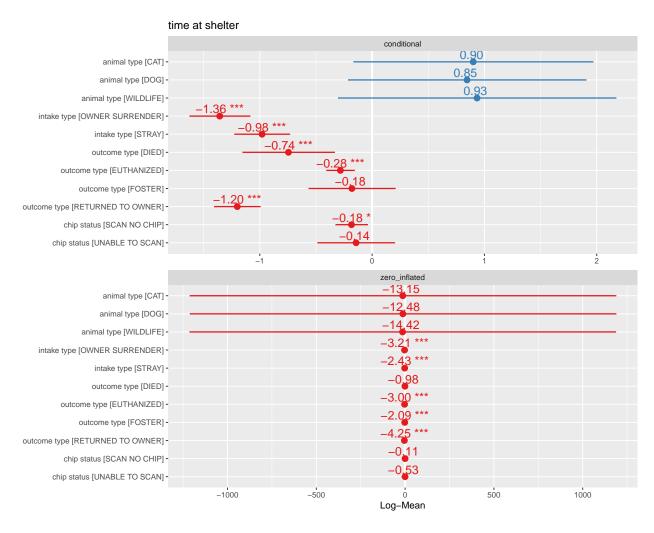


Figure 13: Confidence Intervals of the Negative Binomial Hurdle Model

Figure 13 displays the confidence intervals for each level of each categorical variable in comparison to the respective baseline category. In the Binomial model, all the levels of the categorical variables intake type and outcome type are significant, while all the levels of the categorical variables animal type and chip status are insignificant. In the Truncated Poisson model, all the levels of the categorical variable intake type are significant and all the levels of animal type are insignificant.

Since the variable animal type is not significant for the model, animal type is removed to fit a new model.

The AIC of the new model only increases by 8.83, so the factor animal type is removed to make the model simpler.

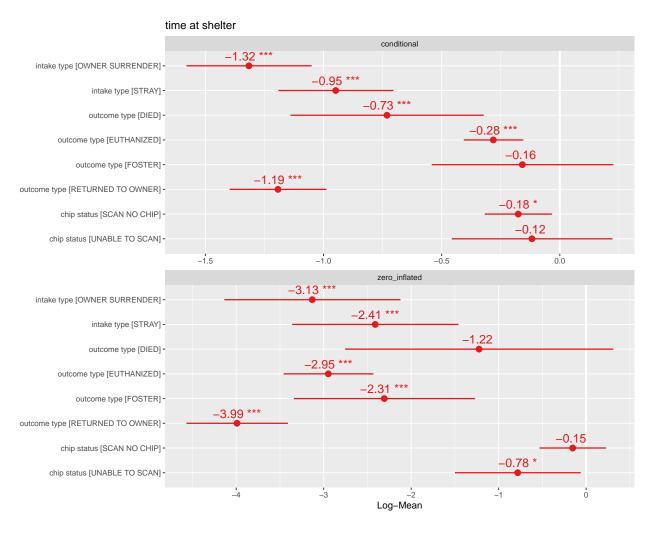


Figure 14: Confidence Intervals of the Negative Binomial Hurdle Model

From Figure 14, according to the p-value of each categorical variable, all the factors are influential.

4.5 Goodness of fit for the negative binomial hurdle model

Sdr(Freducing) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60

final_hurdle_model_nb

Figure 15: Rootogram of Negative Binomial Hurdle Model with reduced variables

time_at_shelter

The final model provides an adequate fit to the data. It has the lowest AIC of 7776.09 and as seen from Figure 15, the model, represented by the red line, fits most of the values of the count data well.

5 Conclusions

Due to the excess zeroes present in the data, the Poisson model is not a suitable fit to the data. The model which provides the best fit to the data is the negative binomial Hurdle model which includes intake type, outcome type and chip status as explanatory variables. Hence these factors are the most influential in determining the number of days an animal spends at the shelter before its final outcome is decided.