PRIME: Novel Processing-in-memory Architecture for Neural Network Computation in ReRAM-based Main Memory

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March 23, 2018

QII Presentation Spring 2018

Overview

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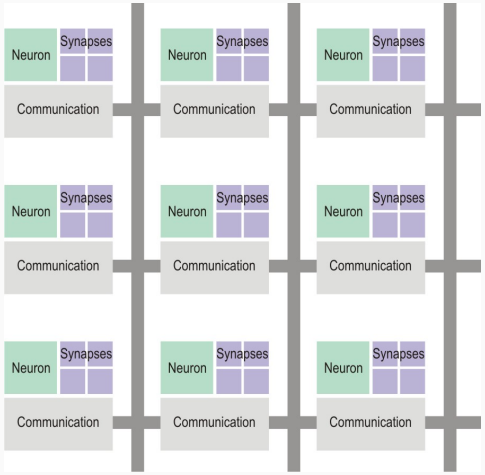
Problem Statement and Solution

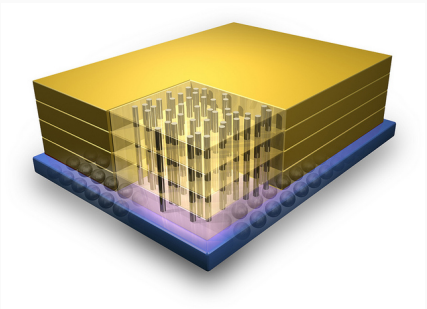
Problem Statement/Motivation

1. Neural Networks
    - Popular for image/speech recognition application
    - High Memory Bandwidth Requirement
2. Current Solutions
    - DaDianNao - large on-chip eDRAM for high bandwith and data locality
    - TrueNorth - SRAM crossbar memory for synapses
3. Both solutions suffer from latency of data movement

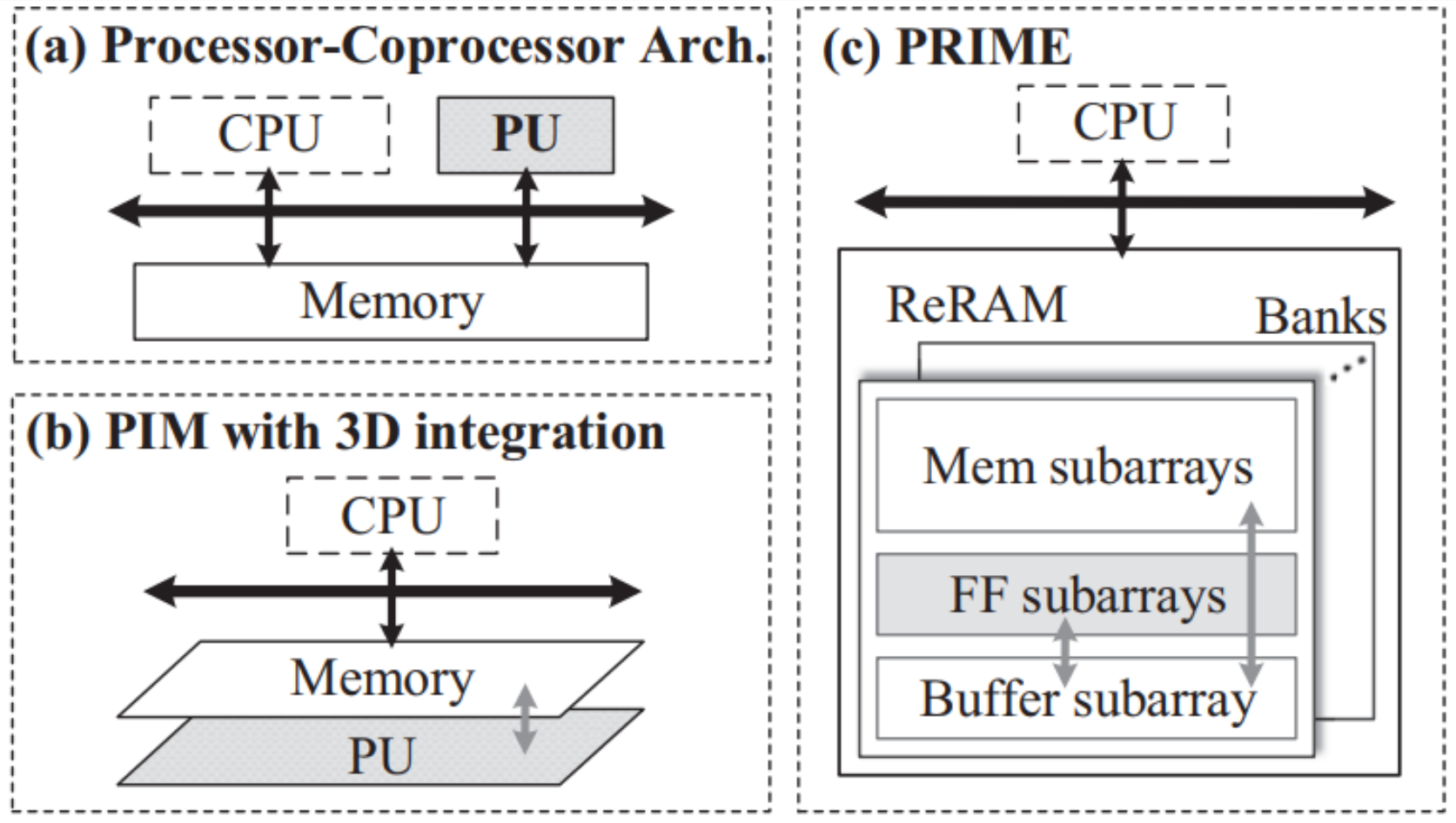


Proposed Solution: PRIME

1. Processing in Memory is a natural solution
    - Inspired by HMC
    - Place compute units in memory to do NN computation
    - Latency of In-memory data communication vs. DRAM memory access
2. PRIME
    - ReRAM crossbar array solution
    - Dynamically reconfigure between NN accerelation and memory
        2.1 Architectural/circuit level support
        2.2 Software interface
3. Targets large-scale MLP and CNN applications

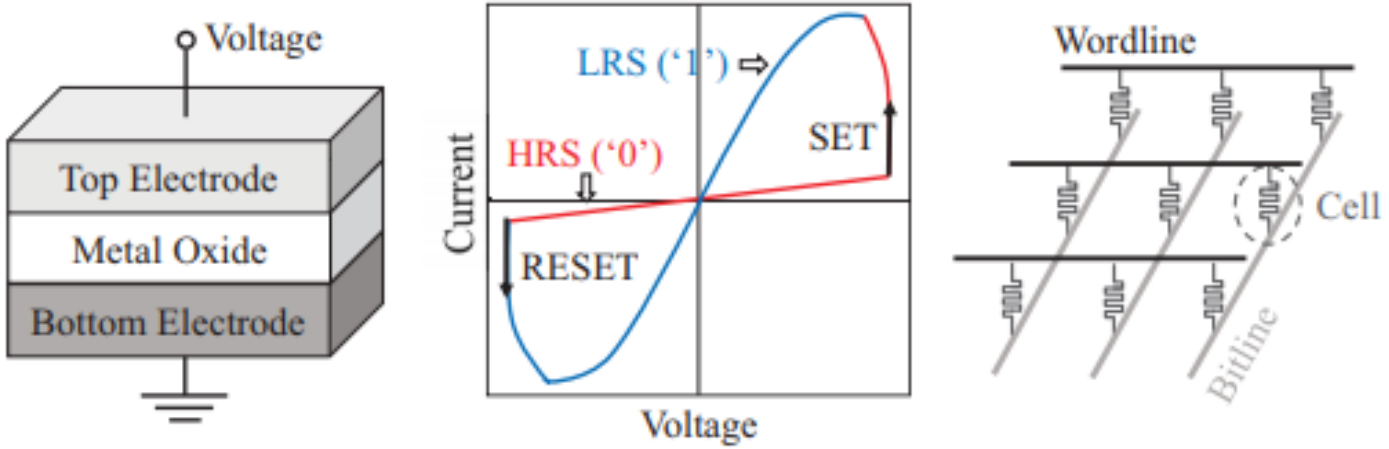


Key Idea: PRIME



Background

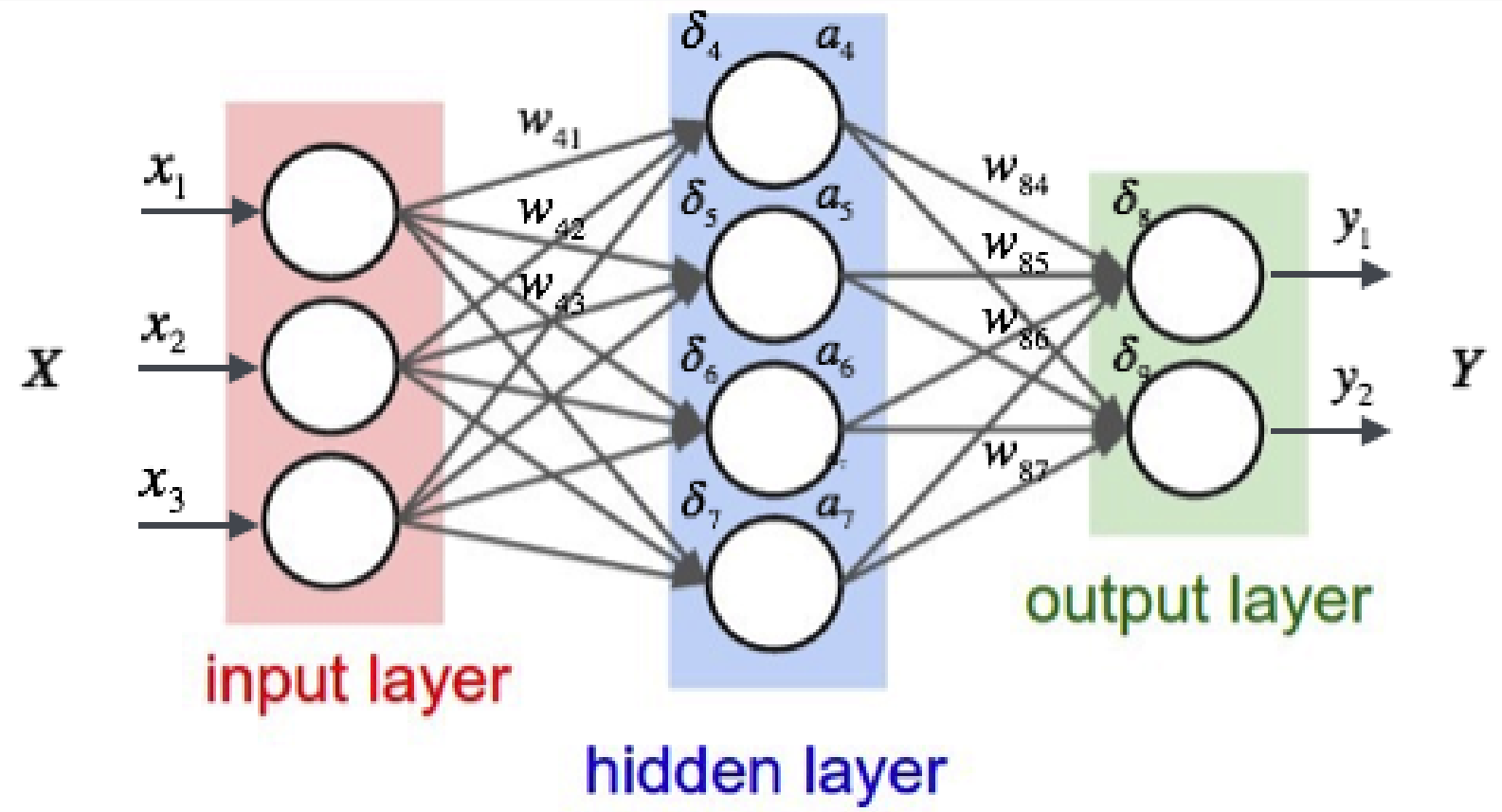
What is ReRAM



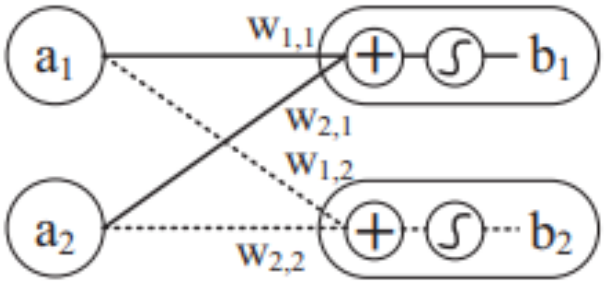
(a) (b) (c)

Figure 1. (a) Conceptual view of a ReRAM cell; (b) I-V curve of bipolar switching; (c) schematic view of a crossbar architecture.

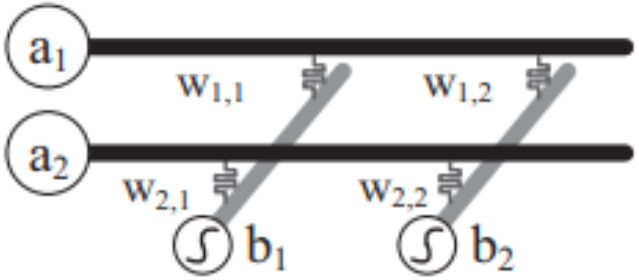
What is a Neural Network



ReRAM in relation to Neural Nets



(a)

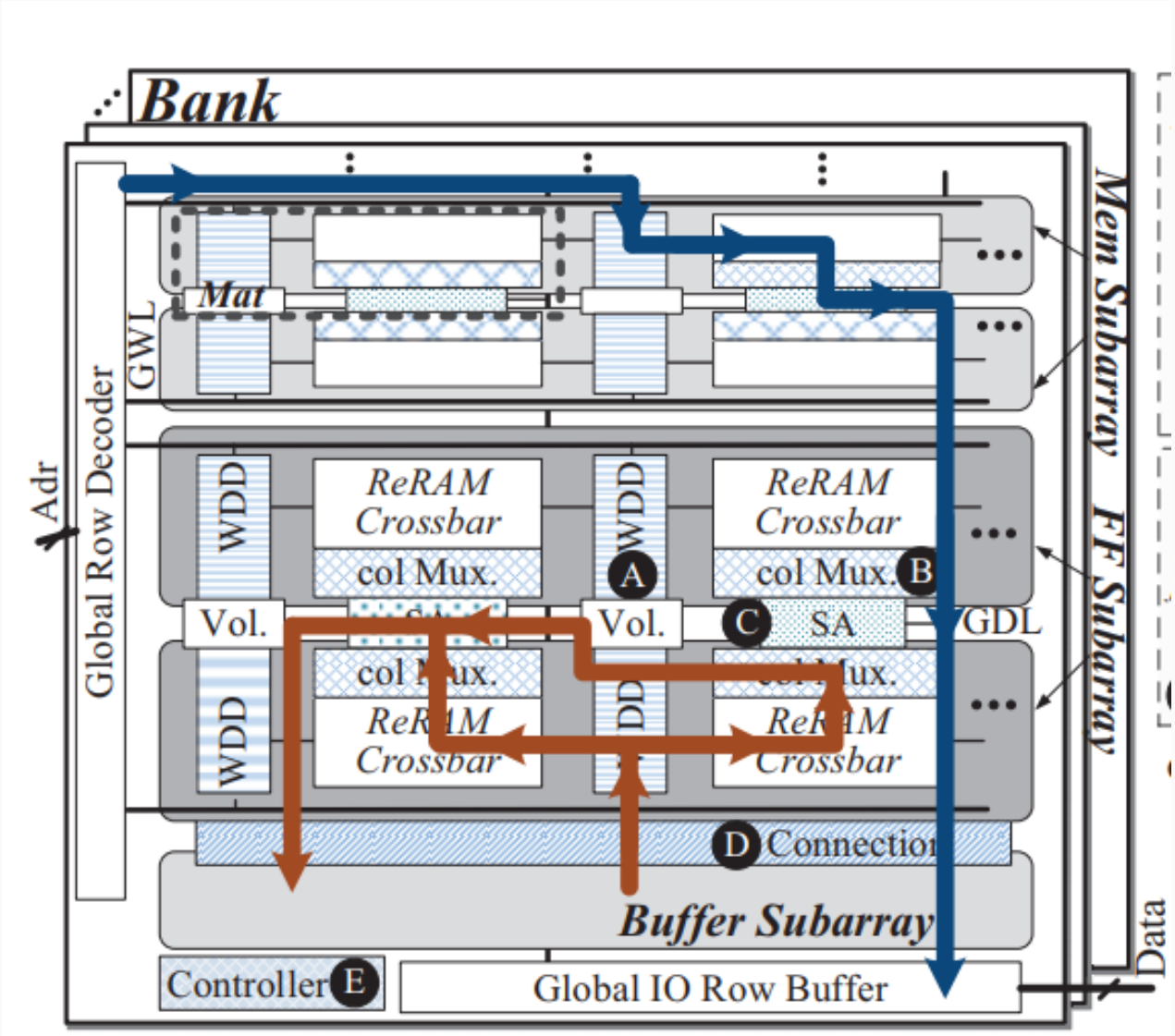


(b)

Figure 2. (a) An ANN with one input/output layer; (b) using a ReRAM crossbar array for neural computation.

Architecture and System Design

High Level Overview of Architecture



Precision Issues

- Input precision
- Weight precision
- Output precision

- Multiple low-precision input signals
- Multiple cells to make one high precision weight
- Multiple phases for one computation

System Level Design

- Small-Scale NN: Replication
- Medium-Scale NN: Split-Merge
- Large-Scale NN: Inter-Bank Communication

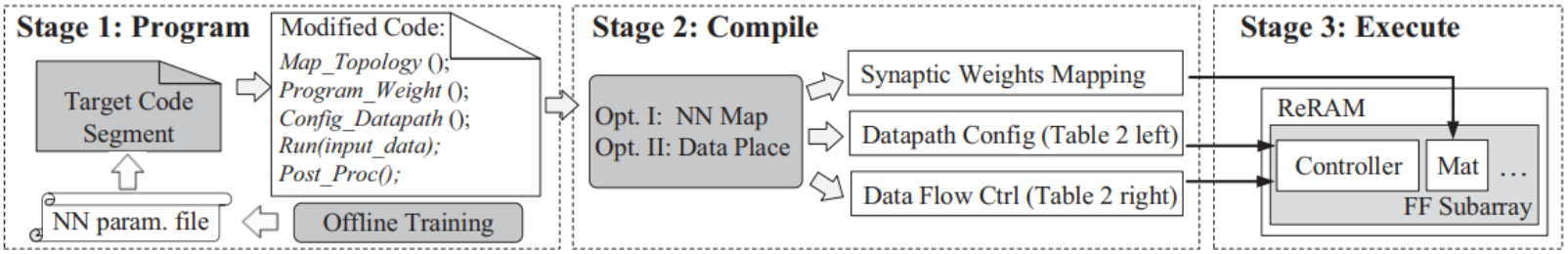


Figure 7. The software perspective of PRIME: from source code to execution.

Evaluations and Results

Experimental Setup

Table III
THE BENCHMARKS AND TOPOLOGIES.

MlBench		*MLP-S*	784-500-250-10
CNN-1	conv5x5-pool-720-70-10	*MLP-M*	784-1000-500-250-10
CNN-2	conv7x10-pool-1210-120-10	*MLP-L*	784-1500-1000-500-10
VGG-D	conv3x64-conv3x64-pool-conv3x128-conv3x128-pool conv3x256-conv3x256-conv3x256-pool-conv3x512 conv3x512-conv3x512-pool-conv3x512-conv3x512 conv3x512-pool-25088-4096-4096-1000		

Table IV
CONFIGURATIONS OF CPU AND MEMORY.

Processor	4 cores; 3GHz; Out-of-order
L1 I&D cache	Private; 32KB; 4-way; 2 cycles access;
L2 cache	Private; 2MB; 8-way; 10 cycles access;
ReRAM-based Main Memory	16GB ReRAM; 533MHz IO bus; 8 chips/rank; 8 banks/chip; tRCD-tCL-tRP-tWR 22.5-9.8-0.5-41.4 (ns)

Table V
THE CONFIGURATIONS OF COMPARATIVES.

Description		Data path	Buffer
pNPU-co	Parallel NPU [17] as co-processor	16×16 multiplier 256-1 adder tree	2KB in/out 32KB weight
pNPU-pim	PIM version of parallel NPU, 3D stacked to each bank		

Performance

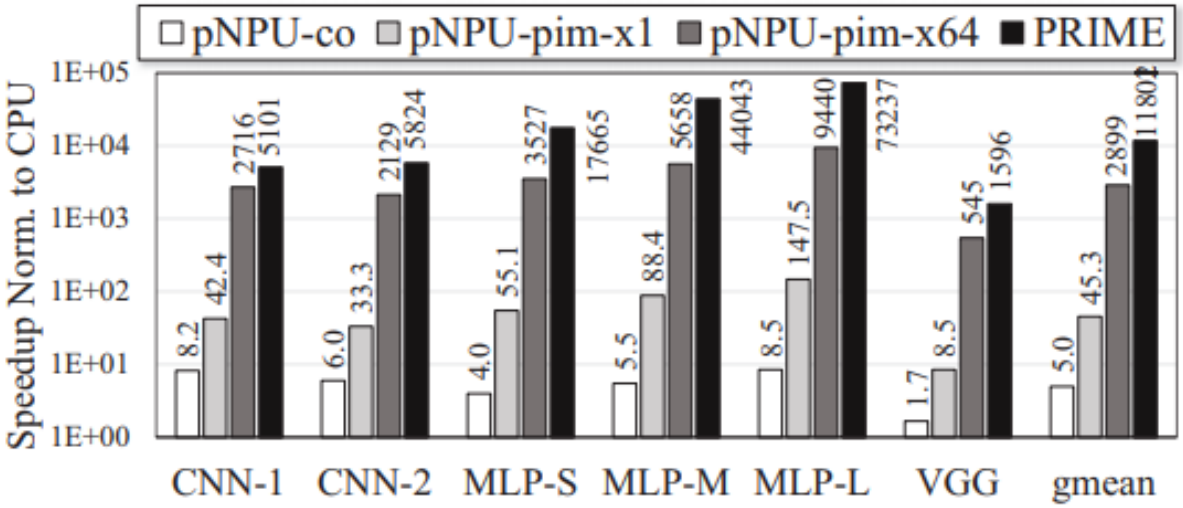


Figure 8. The performance speedups (*vs.* CPU).

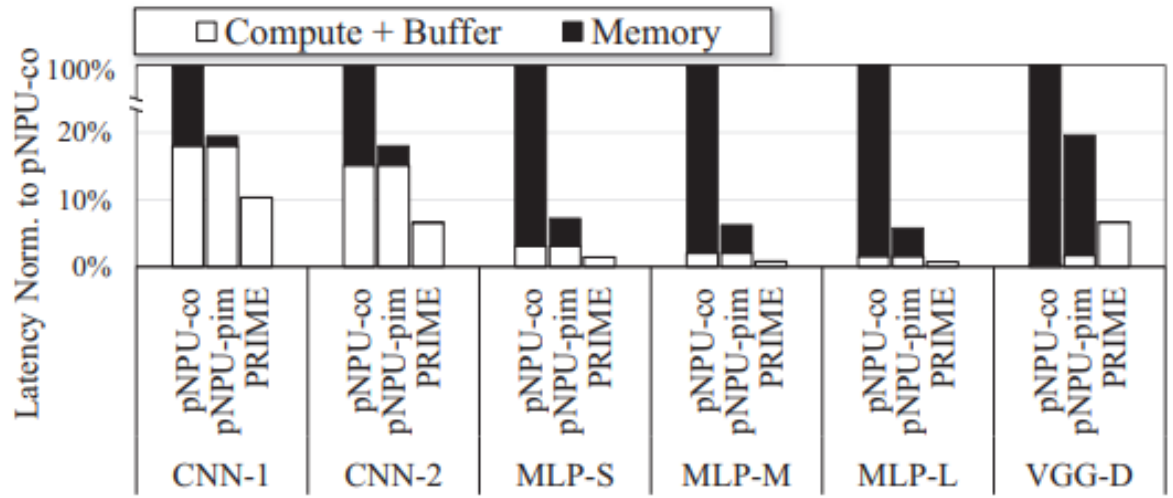


Figure 9. The execution time breakdown (*vs.* pNPU-co).

Energy

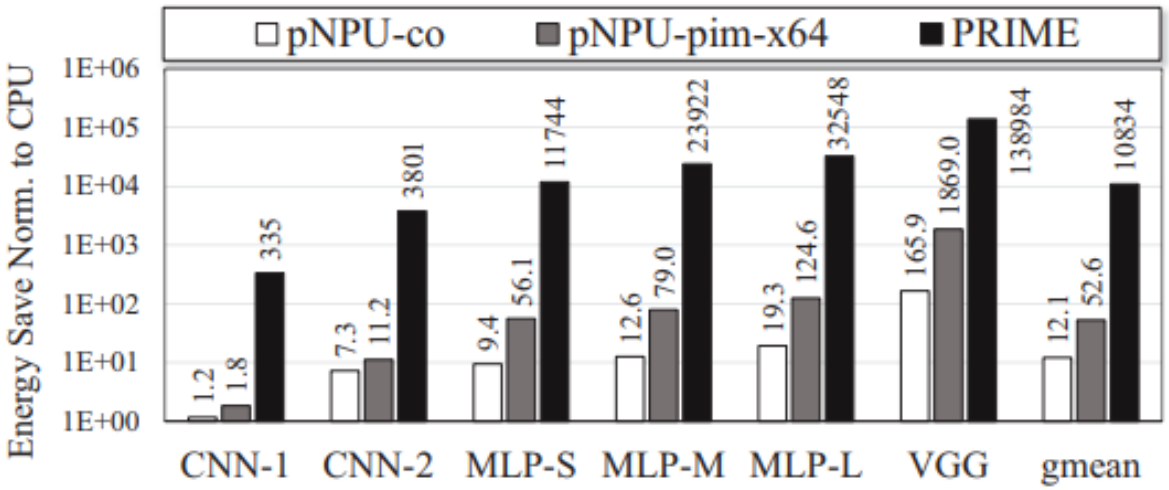


Figure 10. The energy saving results (*vs.* CPU).

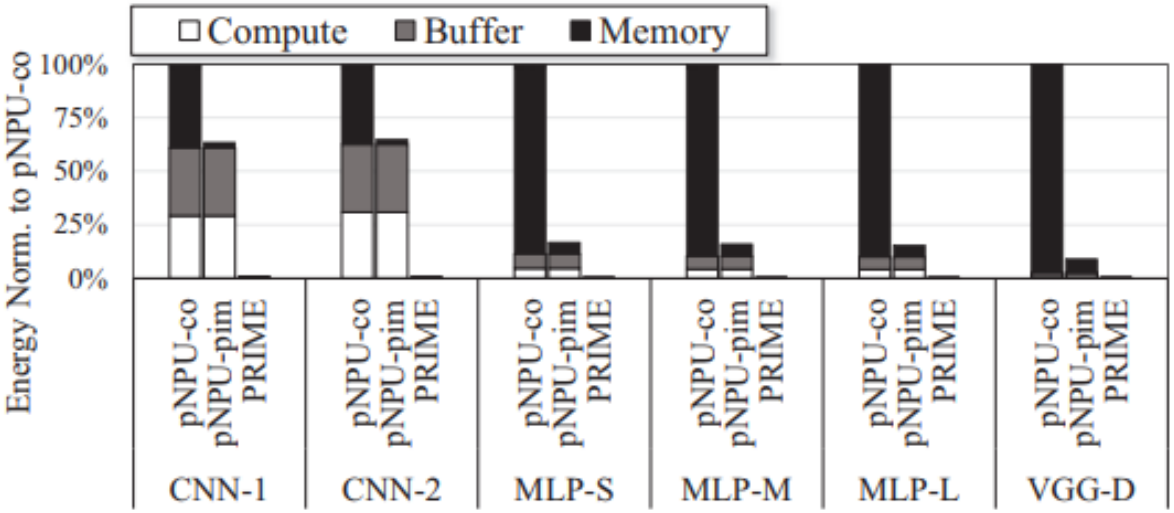


Figure 11. The energy breakdown (*vs.* pNPU-co).

Area

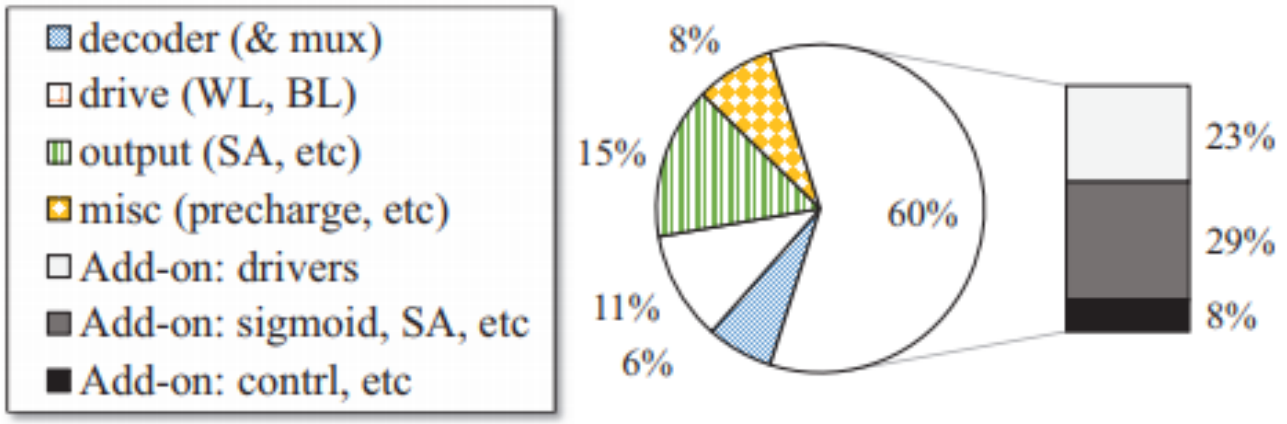


Figure 12. Area Overhead of PRIME.

Discussion

Critique

1. PRIME only supports unsigned input vectors
2. Dot-product computations in PRIME are lossy
    - Precision of ADC does not always match precision of dot-product
3. Opportunity to exploit sparsity of NN for energy savings
    - Introduce some logic into pipeline to check how many non-zero weights in crossbar
    - If below some defined threshold, skip the computation

Conclusion

- PRIME is the solution to the data movement and high memory bandwidth problem
- Using ReRAM crossbar accerlerates NN computation
- Circuit/microarchitectural changes as well as software interface enables wide spectrum of NN applications
- Very little area overhead and extra processing elements

References

- P. Chi, et al. (2016, Sept. 4). *PRIME: A Novel Processing-in-Memory Architecture for Neural Network Computation in ReRAM-Based Main Memory* [Online]. Available: http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/7551380/citations?tabFilter=papers
- A. Shafiee, et al. (2016, Aug. 25). *ISAAC: A Convolutional Neural Network Accelerator with In-Situ Analog Arithmetic in Crossbars* [Online]. Available: http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/7551379/

Thank you and Questions

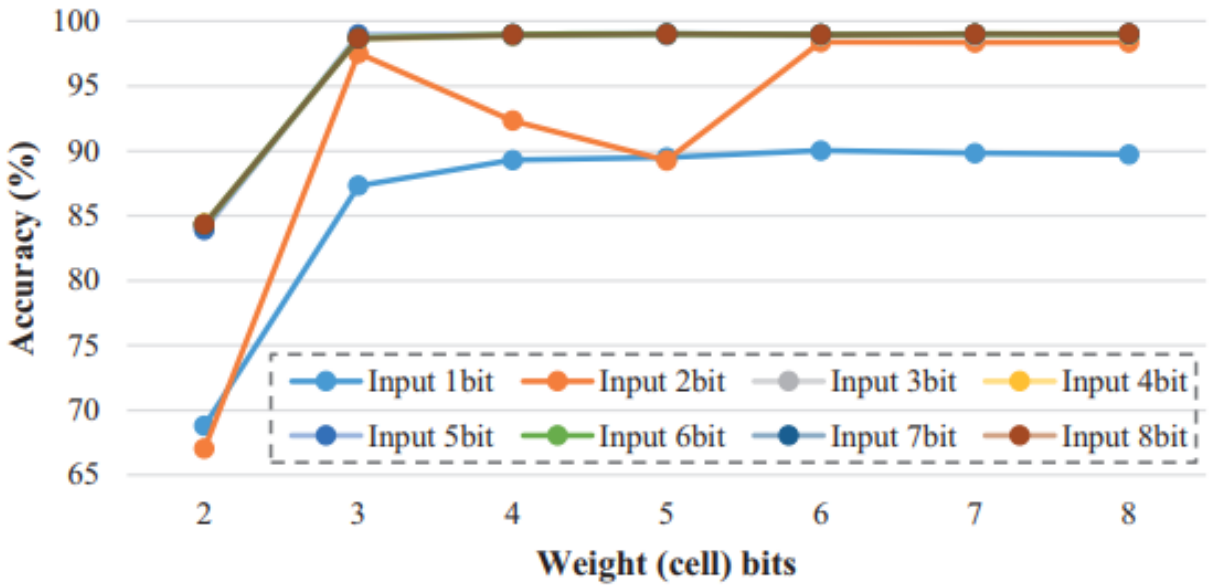


Figure 6. The precision result.