

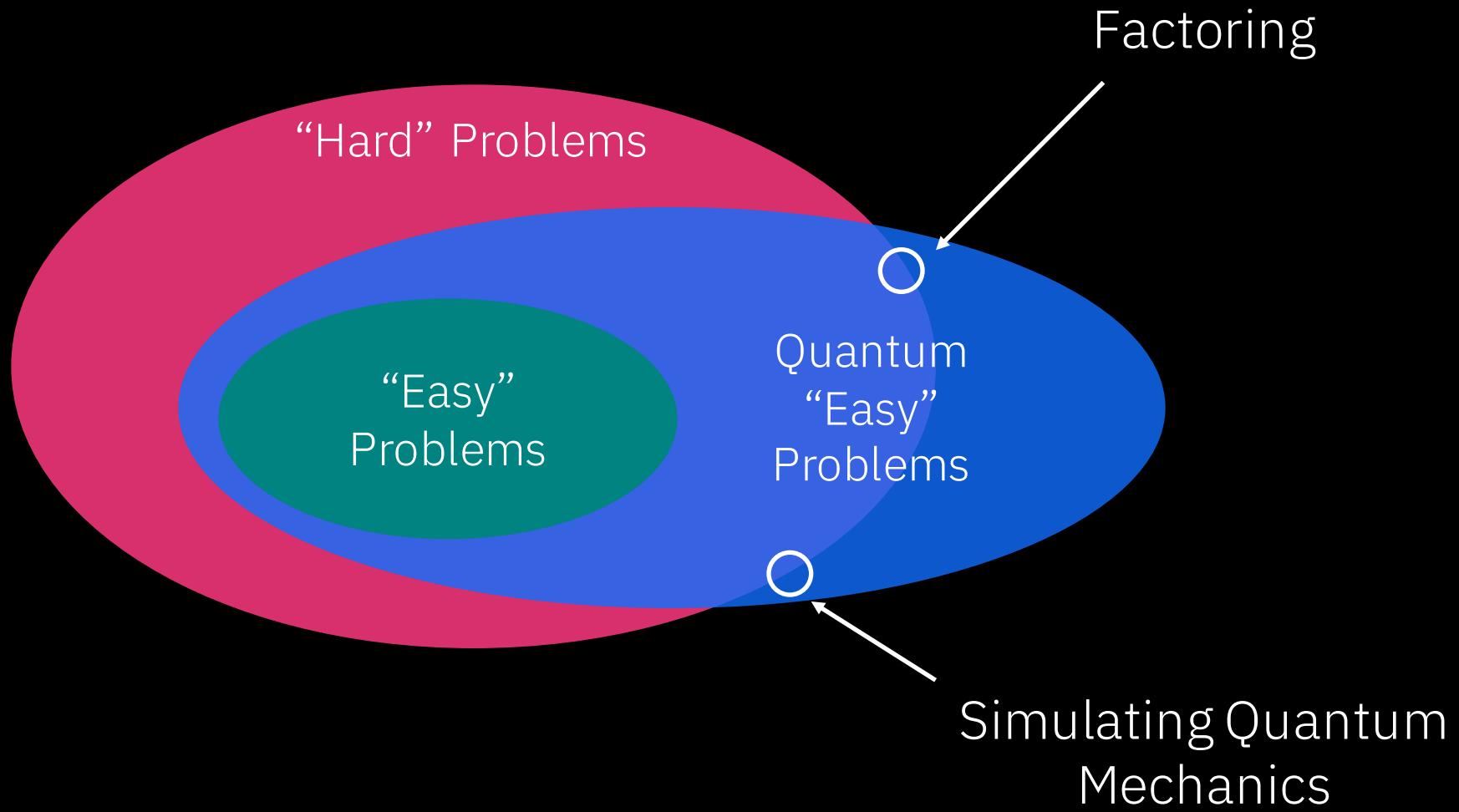
NTU – IBM Q Initial Workshop

@ Taiwan 2019



Rudy Raymond H.P. (IBM Research, Quantum Algorithms and Software)

Hard or memory intensive problems and quantum speedups



Quantum computing may provide a new path to solve some of the hardest or most memory intensive problems in business and science.

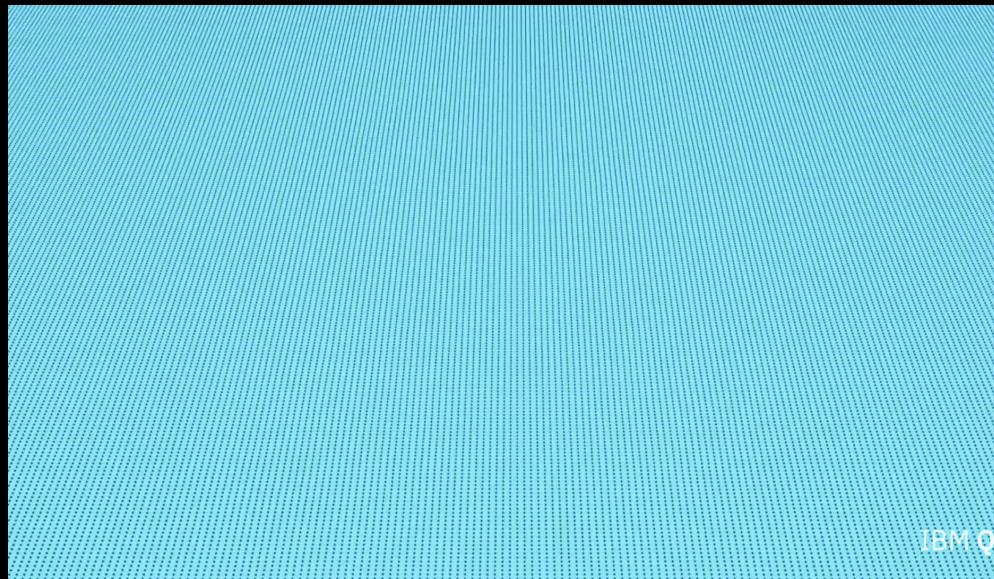
Quantum Superposition



Quantum Entanglement



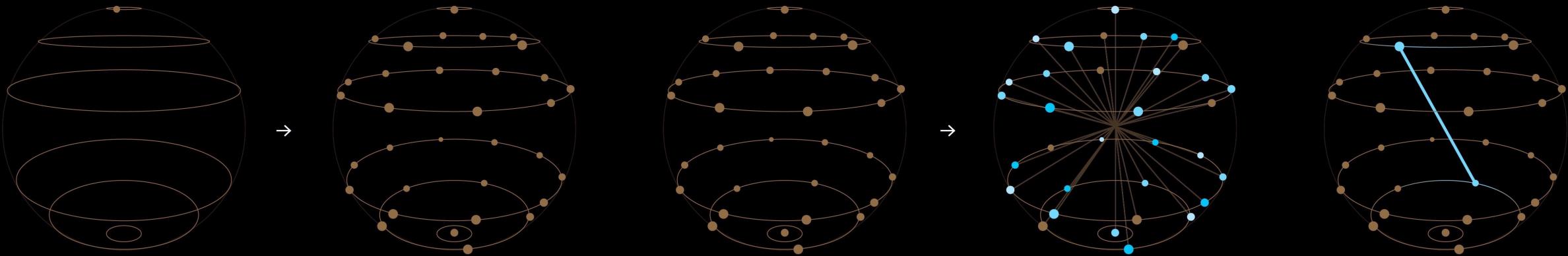
Quantum Interference



IBM Q

Using a Quantum Algorithm to Tackle Big Problems

A step-by-step
guide for how qubits
harness nature
to find solutions



The Spread

Create an equal superposition of all 2^n states

The Problem

Encode the problem onto the system by applying a phase on all 2^n of the states

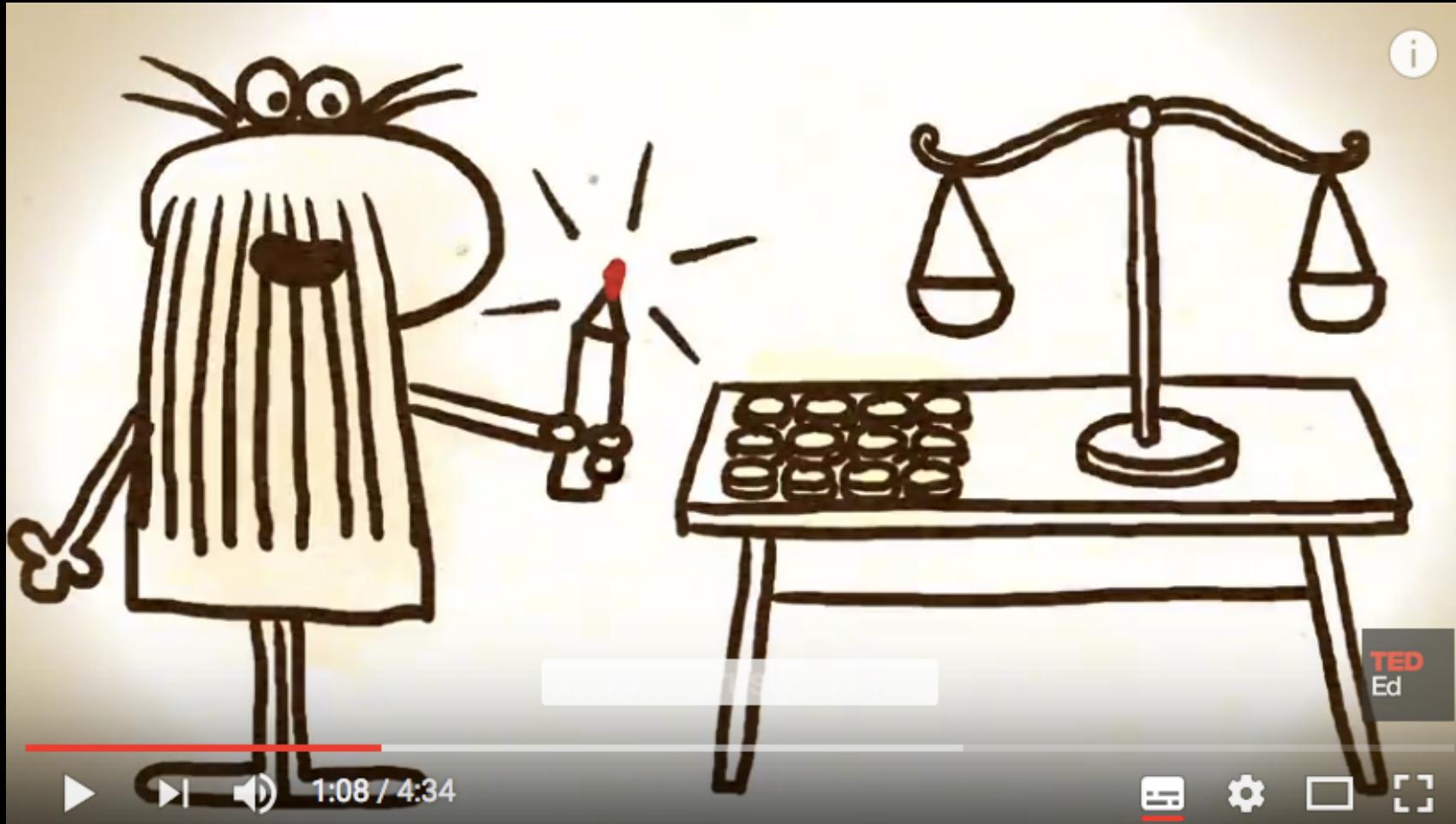
The Magic

Interfere all of these states back to a few outcomes containing the solution

IBM Q

Counterfeit Coin Problems

See <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tE2dZLDJSjA>



Counterfeit Coin Problem

The counterfeit coin problem is a well-known puzzle.

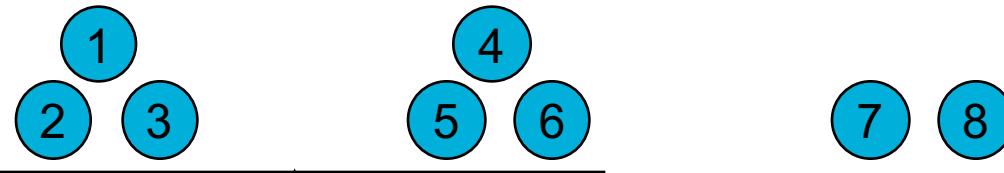
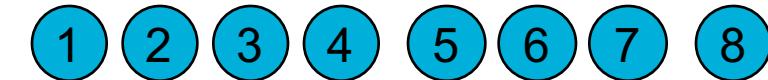
You have eight similar coins and a beam balance. At most one coin is counterfeit and hence underweight. How can you detect whether there is an underweight coin, and if so, which one, using the balance only twice?



[E.Schell, American Mathematical Monthly 52, p.46, 1945]



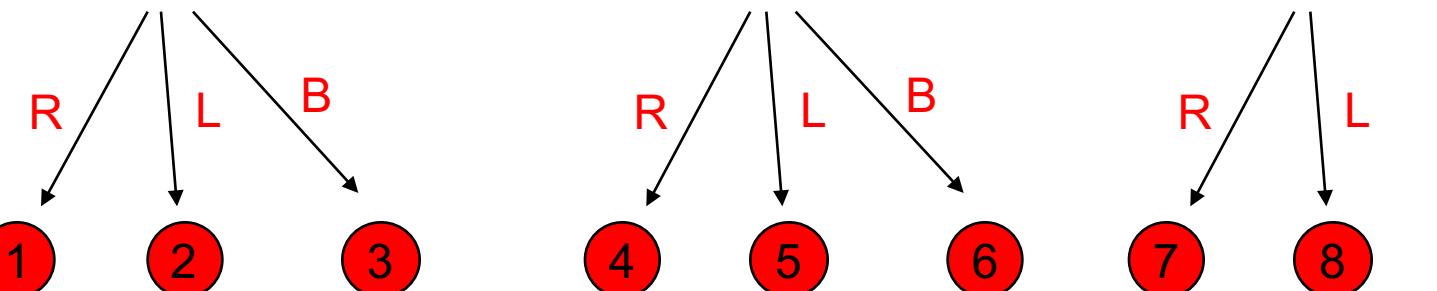
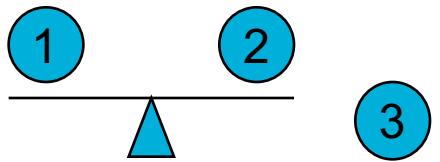
Counterfeit Coin Problem



leans to
Right

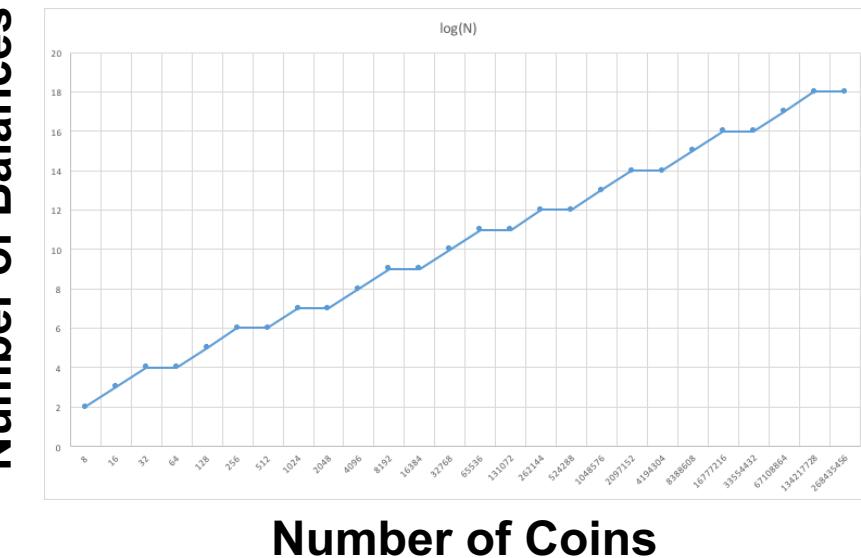
Balanced

leans to
Left



←Answer

Must use more balances as N grows



Quantum Counterfeit Coin Problem

Our goal is to answer the following question:

Q. What is the quantum query complexity of finding all the k false coins, that is, identifying the input x , from N total coins?

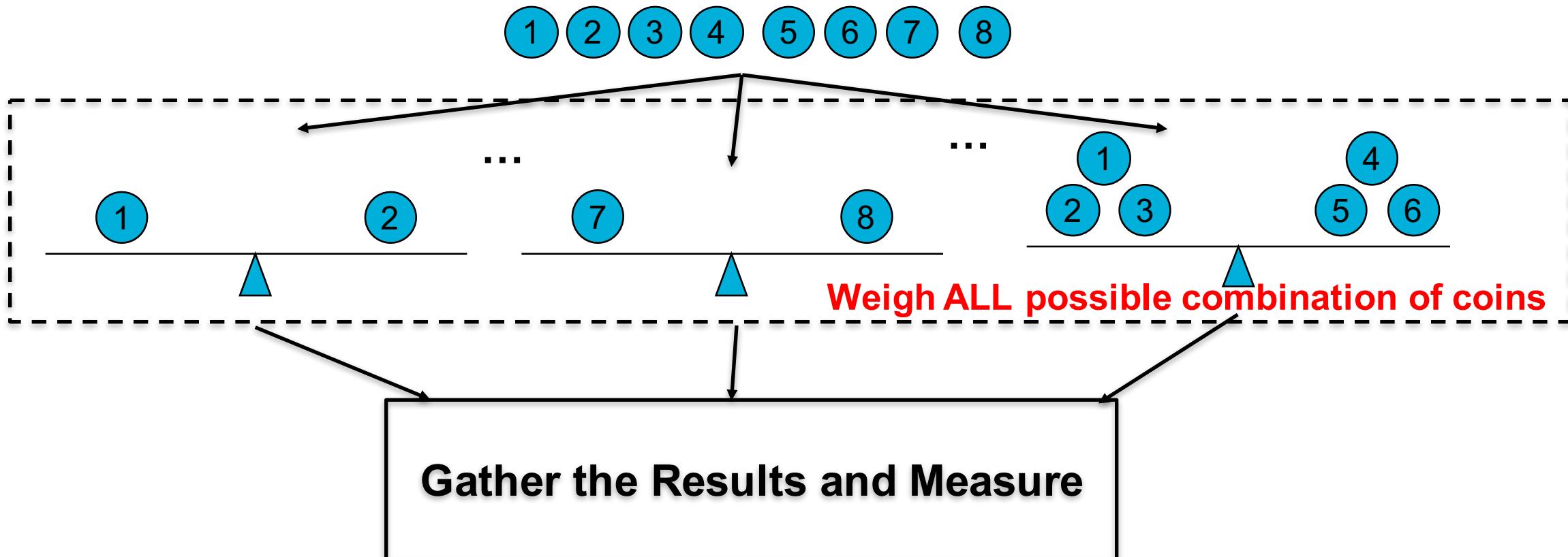
Results	$k=1$	$k=2$	$k=3$	general
Quantum	1	1	$2 \leq k \leq 3$	$O(k^{1/4})$
Classical	$\log N$	$\geq 2\log(N/2)$	$\geq 3\log(N/3)$	$\Omega(k \log(N/k))$

quartic speed-up

(Note) So far, there are few natural problems whose quantum speed-up are between quadratic and exponential (ex. cubic [van Dam-Shparlinski 08]).

Quantum Counterfeit Coin Problem

No matter how large N (total coins), we can always find the counterfeit coin with ONE balance



Reference: "Quantum Counterfeit Coin Problem", Iwama et al. ISAAC 2010
Also at "Quantum Algorithm Zoo", <https://math.nist.gov/quantum/zoo/>

A notebook on Quantum Counterfeit Coin Problem

- See: https://nbviewer.jupyter.org/github/Qiskit/qiskit-tutorial/blob/master/community/games/quantum_counterfeit_coin_problem.ipynb



Qiskit

Quantum Counterfeit Coin Problem

The latest version of this notebook is available on <https://github.com/qiskit/qiskit-tutorial>.

Contributors

Rudy Raymond, Takashi Imamichi

Introduction

The counterfeit coin problem is a classic puzzle first proposed by E. D. Schell in the January 1945 edition of the *American Mathematical Monthly*:

Creativity using Quantum Computing

<https://nbviewer.jupyter.org/github/Qiskit/qiskit-tutorial/blob/master/index.ipynb>

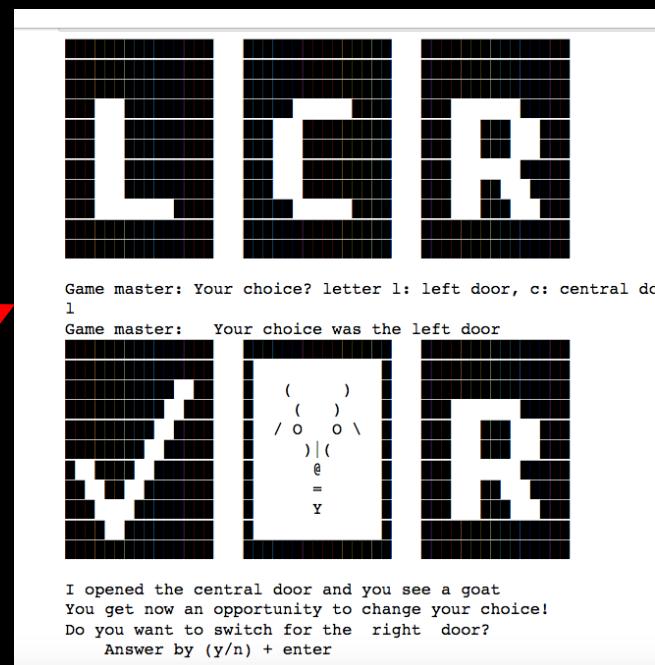
The screenshot shows a Jupyter notebook interface with the following content:

2. Community Notebooks

Teaching quantum and qiskit has so many different paths of learning. We love our community and changing so much we can't keep this updated (we will try our best) but there are some great notebooks:

- 2.1 Hello, Quantum World with Qiskit**
Learn from the community how to write your first quantum program.
- 2.2 Quantum Games with Qiskit**
Learn quantum computing by having fun. How is there a better way!
- 2.3 Quantum Information Science with Qiskit Terra**
Learn about and how to program quantum circuits using Qiskit Terra.
- 2.4 Textbook Quantum Algorithms with Qiskit**
Learn Qiskit from the textbook quantum algorithms, like Shor, Grover, and Deutsch-Jozsa.
- 2.5 Developing Quantum Applications with Qiskit Aqua**
Learn how to develop and the fundamentals of quantum applications using Qiskit Aqua
- 2.6 Teach Me Qiskit 2018**
Learn from the great contributions to the [Teach Me Qiskit Award](#).

Monty-Hall Games with QC



<http://helloquantum.mybluemix.net/>





QUAM

Thank Q!