

Representation / Interpretation

more AX, 2

• unsigned representation of numbers

{ we represent positive natural nr.
 base 2

unsigned int $a = 1;$

e.g. 17 on byte: 0001 0001

• signed representation of numbers

{ we represent positive / negative nr.

{ for positive nr.: base 2

{ for negative nr.: 2's complement

+
 -

MSB = sign bit | 1 -
 0 +

17 0001 0001
 1's complement 1110 1110 -17

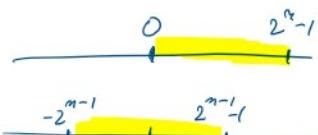
$17 + (-17)$ 0001 0001 +
 1110 1110
 1111 1111

-17 $|-17| = 17$ 0001 0001
 $(1110 1111)_2 = [-17]_{10}$

$n=3$ $[0, +]$ unsigned nr.
 $[-4, +]$ signed

	unsigned	signed
000	0	0
001	1	1
010	2	2
011	3	3
100	4	-4
101	5	-3
110	6	-2
111	7	-1

\nwarrow unsigned $\{0, 2^n - 1\}$



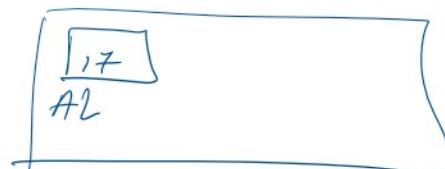
signed $\{-2^{n-1}, 2^{n-1}\}$



0001 0001

$$\begin{array}{r} 1110 1110 + \\ \hline 1110 1111 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{x} \text{x} \text{x} \text{x} \text{x} \text{x} \\ | \quad | \quad | \quad | \quad | \quad | \\ 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \\ \times \quad \times \quad \times \quad \times \quad \times \quad \times \\ 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \\ \hline 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \end{array}$$



Interpretation

$$AL = \textcircled{1110 1111} = (255)_{10} \quad [0, 2^8 - 1] \quad [0, 255]$$

$$AL = \textcircled{1110\ 1111} = (239)_{10} \quad [0, 2^8 - 1] \quad [0, 255]$$

mul bl ; $AX = AL \cdot BL$ unsigned interpretation

imul bl ; $AX = AL \cdot BL$ signed interpretation

$$\begin{array}{r} L \\ \boxed{1110\ 1111} \\ \hline (0001\ 0001)_2 = (17)_{10} \end{array}$$

$$AL = \boxed{0001\ 0011}_2 = (19)_{10}$$

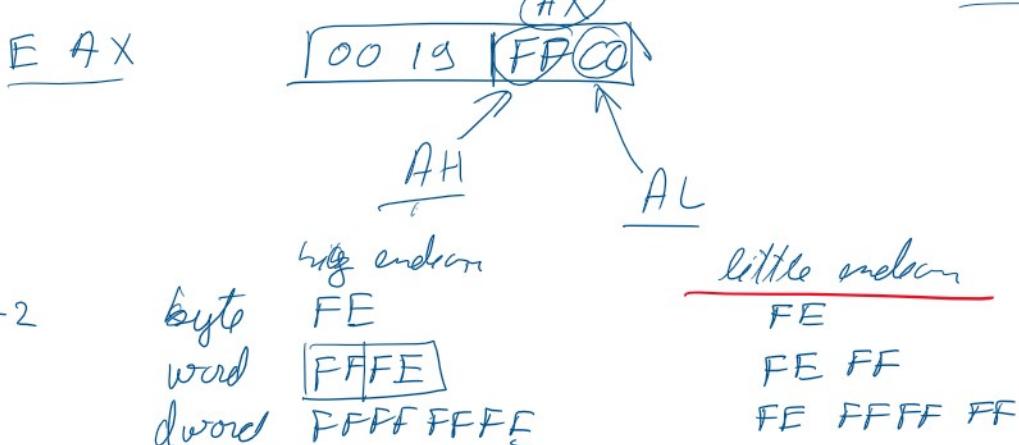
mov AL, -2

mov AL, 2

$$\begin{array}{ll} \begin{array}{l} \text{mul AL} \\ \text{imul AL} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} 17 \\ -17 \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} 0001\ 0001 + \\ 1110\ 1111 \\ \hline 0000\ 0000 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} CF \\ OF \end{array}$$

on IA 32 related to signed / unsigned representation of nr.

- 1) \hookrightarrow instr. which do not care about unsigned / signed repr. of nr.
mov, add, sub
- 2) \hookrightarrow instr. which interpret the operands as unsigned nr.: div, mul
- 3) \hookrightarrow - //+ /)— / /— signed nr.: idiv, imul, cwd, cwde



big endian

1 2 3 4

little endian

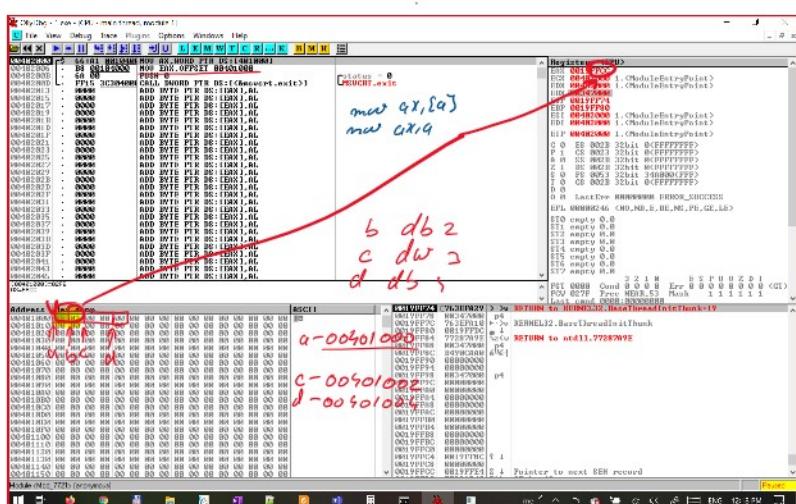
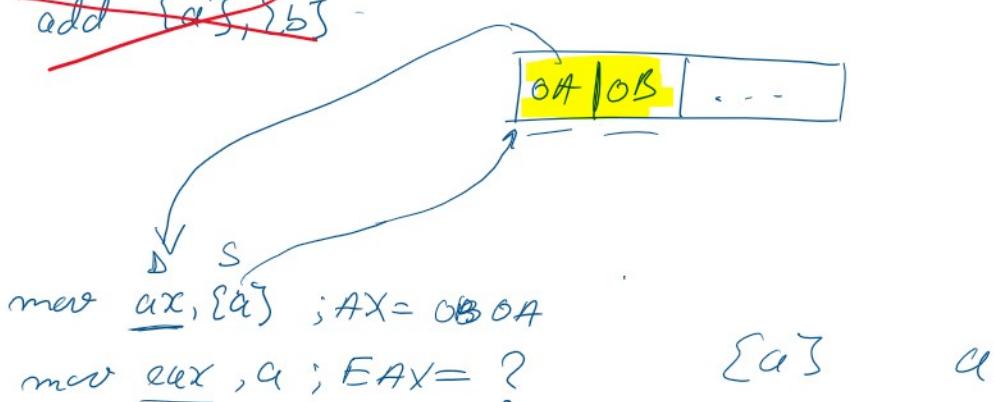
4 3 2 1

... all in

\rightarrow **all operands must have the same size/type**

$a \quad db \quad 10$
 $b \quad db \quad 11$
 \vdots
 $\text{add} \quad ax, 2[ax]$
 ~~$\text{add} \quad [ax], 2[bx]$~~

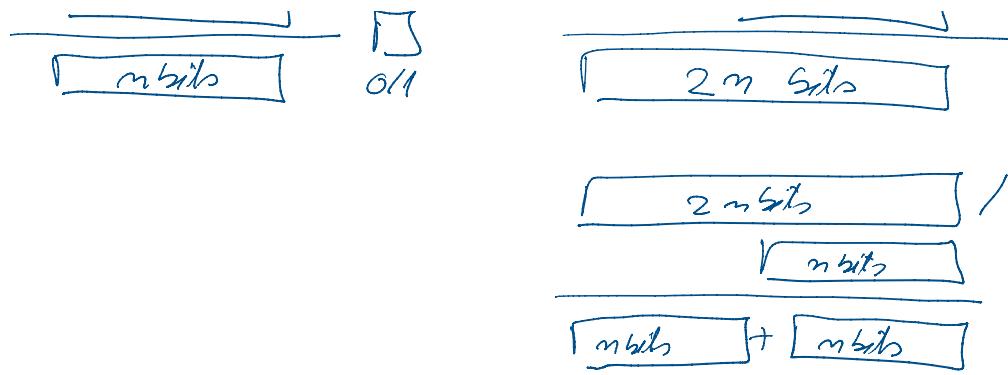
→ all operands must have the same size/type
 → at least one of the operands must be a general purpose reg. or a constant and if it is a constant, the constant can not appear as a destination operand



init.

NUL, DIV, INT, NUL, DIV





RUL source

if nouns - by
were
a word

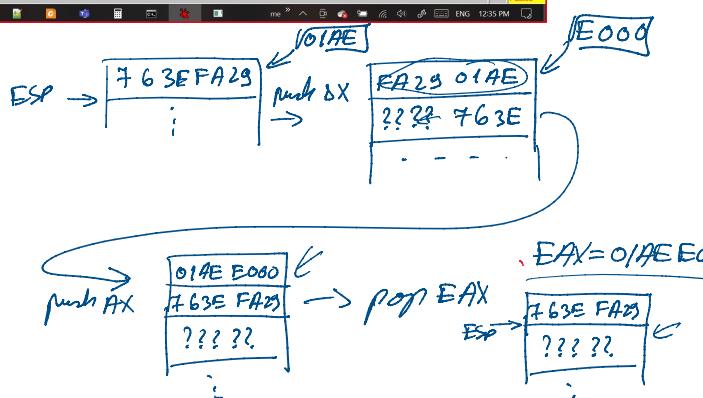
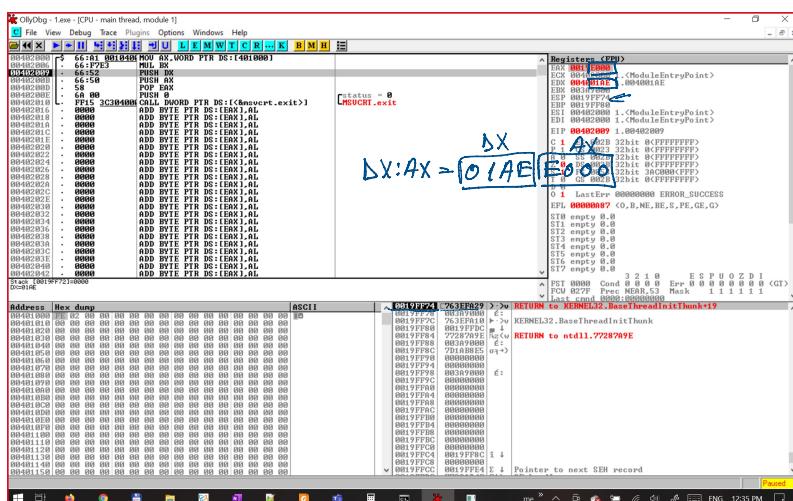
$$AX = AL \circ \text{source}$$

$$\cancel{DX} : AX = AX - \text{rowvec}$$

EDX: EAX = EAX · source

~~MUL~~ word 2

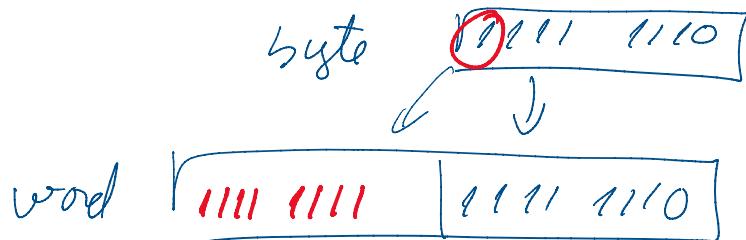
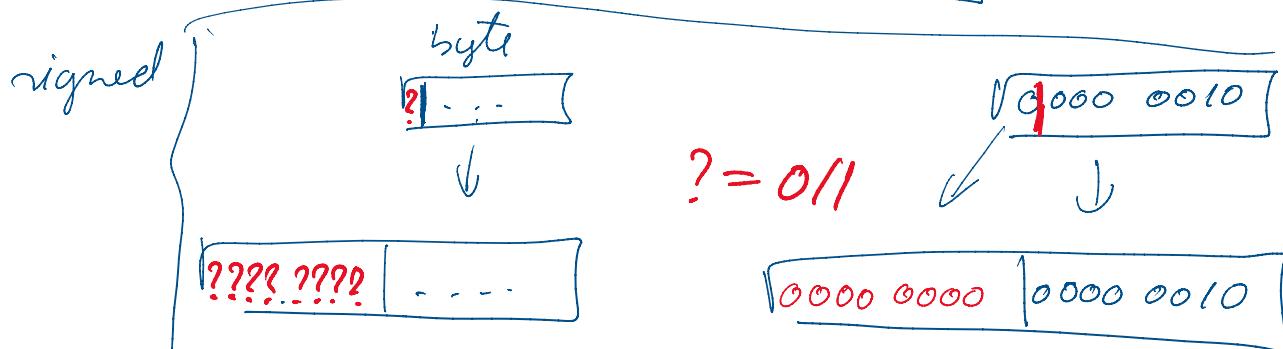
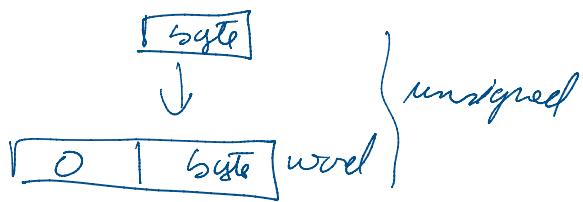
$$\text{nul } Bx \text{ ; } Bx : Ax = Ax \cdot Bx$$



CBW, CWA, CWAE

more al., 2
abw

unsigned repr/intern.



mov al, -2
cbw ; AX = -2

CBW syntax
AX < AL effect

CWD syntax
DX:AX < AX effect

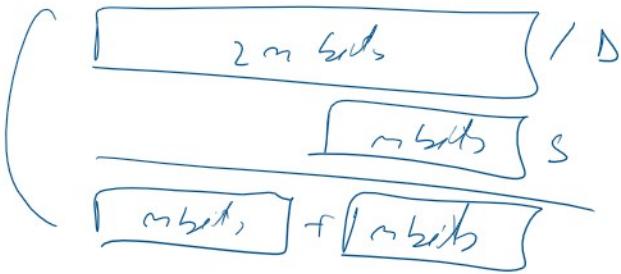
DIV BL ; BL = 0

mov ax = -2 ; AX = $(FFFF)_{16} \rightarrow (65534)_{10}$

mov bl = 1 BL = 1

→ div bl ; AL =
AH =

Geniusar 3



int D, S

~~more word, byte~~

D IV (S) byte, word, (duord)

↳ ↳ {word, dword, qword}

-data

$$\begin{array}{rcl} a & \overset{d}{\overbrace{d}} & 4 \\ \swarrow & \overbrace{d}^d & 2 \end{array}$$

.code

now ebx, {b} }
dir ebx }

✓

$$; \text{div} \quad \text{dword} \Rightarrow \text{EAX} = \frac{\text{EDX:EAX}}{S}; \quad \text{EDX} = (\text{EDX:EAX}) \% S$$

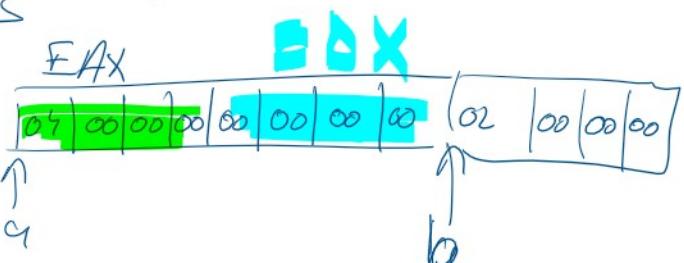
~~more EBX:EAX, {a}~~

MOV ZX, [A]

more edX , [etc+5]

dis dword [6]

dis dword [6]



$$\frac{65000}{1} \quad \frac{\text{word}}{\text{byte}} \quad = \quad 5 \text{ byte} + 5 \text{ byte}$$

○

2 word - 5 syll

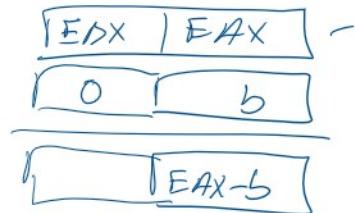
unsigned interpretation/representation

www.acr.org



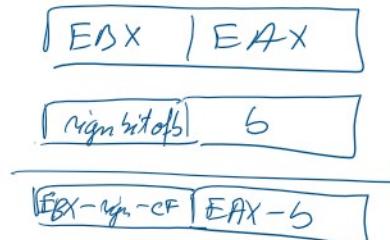
unsigned interpretation / representation

movw eax, [a]
 movw ebx, [a+b] ; ebx; eax = a
 sub eax, dw [b]
 sub ebx, 0 ; ebx = ebx - 0 - CF

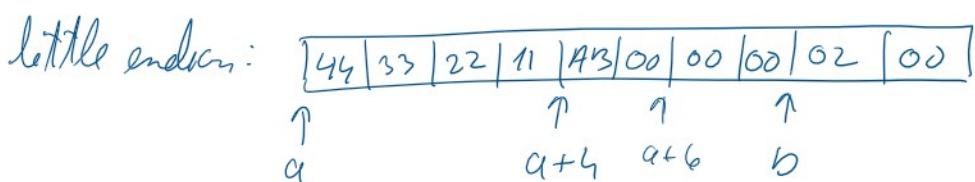
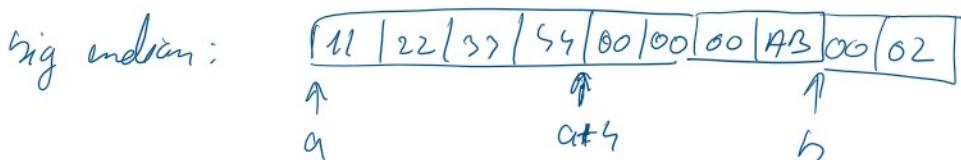
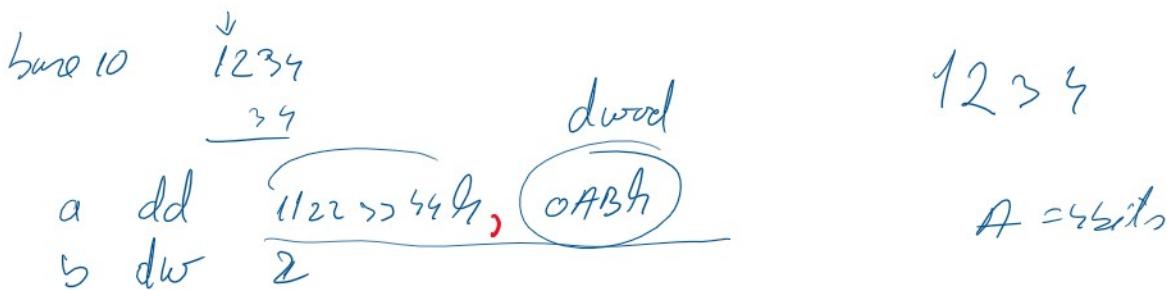


signed interpretation / representation

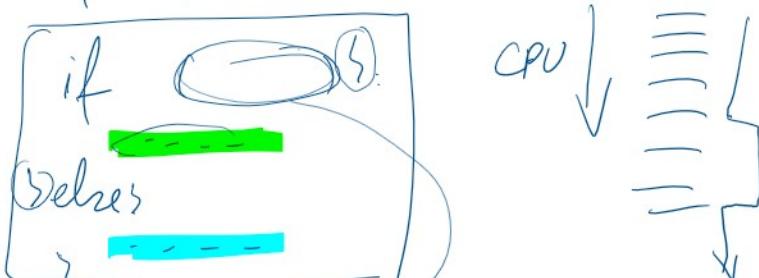
movw ecx, [a]
 movw ebx, [a+b]
 movw eax, [b]
 cdq ; extend sign bit of eax → EBX
 sub ecx, eax
 sub ebx, edx

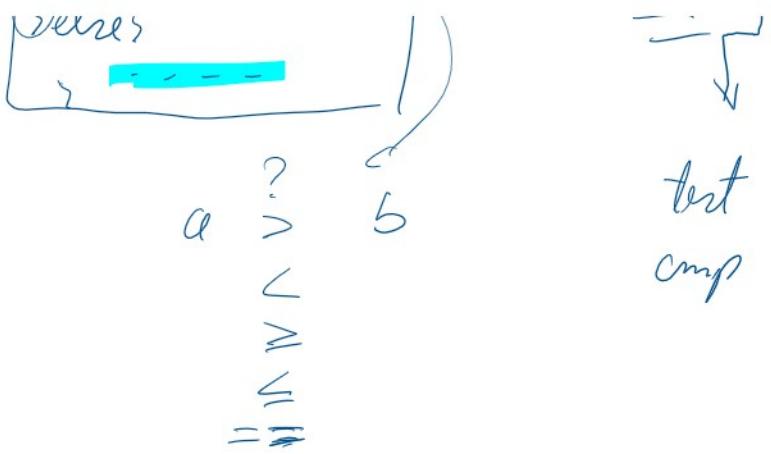


little endian



if, for, while





Comp D, S ; D-S and set flags

a db 2
b db 3

cmp a,b ; $a - b = 2 \rightarrow$ set flags

- $a < b$ CF jb ZF, SF, OF, SF

- $a > b$ CF

- $a == b$ ZF

- $a \geq b$ CF, ZF

- $a \leq b$ CF, ZF

if arm

cmp D, S
jcc label

label:

unsigned int: cmp a, b

jb label ; jb = jump if below ($a < b$)

jbe label ; $a \leq b$

jnb label ; $a \geq b$

jg label ; $a > b$

jge label ; $a \geq b$

... n, n

jeq label ; $a \leq b$
jne label ; $a \neq b$
jge label ; $a \geq b$

signed interpretation

jfl label ; (jump if less) jump to label if $a < b$ (interpretands as signed int)

jfg label ; (jump if greater) jump to label if $a > b$ (signed int)

jle , jfl - -

jgg , jgne . - .

$a = b \Rightarrow \text{je label}$

unconditional jump instruction

jmp label

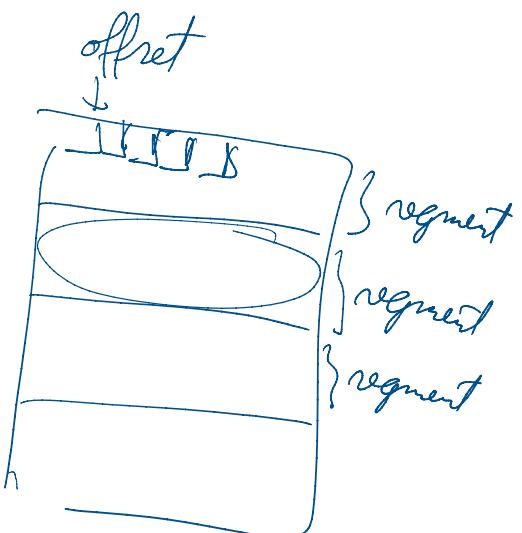
• working with strings of bytes

memory addresses and offsets

mov ax,[Σ a]

segment-selector : offset
| 16bit | 32bit

CS, SS, (DS), ES,



offset = base + (index * scale) + displacement

$$\text{offset} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{EAX} \\ \vdots \\ \text{ESI} \end{bmatrix} + \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{EAX} \\ \text{EDX} \\ \text{ECX} \\ \text{EDX} \\ \text{ESP} \\ \text{EDI} \\ \text{ESI} \end{array} \right] * \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \text{None} \\ 8\text{bit} \\ 16\text{bit} \\ >2\text{bit} \end{bmatrix}$$

base index scale displacement

00400010

→ mov ax, [a]; only displacement

mov ax, [eax]; base, index

mov ax, [a+eax+ebx]; base, index and displacement

⋮

string of bytes containing lowercase letters, build a new string of bytes containing the corresponding uppercase letters

a, b, c → A, B, C

.data

db 'abc' for z ASCII → 8bits
 n-l equ \$-> (32bit value)

d times n-l db 0

'a' 'b' 'c' 'f' 'm' 'z' 00 00 00 00 00 00
 ↑ ↗
 ⌄ d

0 dw '@bc'
 d db -1
 └─────────
 |'a'|'b'|'c'|00|FF|
 ↓ ↓
 ⌄ d

← →
 ⌄ \$
 ↗ wr

string of word → string of bytes
data | | | | |

D dw 0AB12h, 12, 13, 1234h, 8000h

$$s-w \text{ egn } (\$ - n)/2$$

d times s-w db -1

✓ ✗ ✗ ✗ ✓

$$Ax = AB12 \text{ h}$$

ESI = 0.100501005 h

$$\Delta = 00401000\text{h}$$

$$d = 0040 \text{ to } 0041$$

$$FSI = 00901001$$

00401009

0040100B

String instructions

things

- (pointer) offset to the first elem. of the string (ESI, EDI)
- type of each elem. (-)
- nr. of elem. (ECX)
- pairing direction (→, ←) (AF) ↗ ↘ → ←

- instructions for data transfer

LOSS = $(-\beta, \mathbf{W}, \mathbf{b})$

LOSSB (load string of bytes)

AL \leftarrow \angle DS: ESI S

if DF=0 inc (ESI) else dec (ESI)

$$\boxed{\text{LOSSW}} \quad AX \leftarrow \text{LOSS:ESI} > \\ \text{if AF} = 0 \quad ESI = ESI + 2$$

LODSW

$AX \leftarrow \langle DS:ESI \rangle$
 if $DF \begin{cases} 0 & ES1 = ES1 + 2 \\ 1 & ES1 = ES1 - 2 \end{cases}$

LOSD

$EAX \leftarrow \langle DS:ESI \rangle$
 $DF \begin{cases} 0 & ES1 = ES1 + 4 \\ 1 & ES1 = ES1 - 4 \end{cases}$

STOS - (B, W, D)

STOSB (store string of bytes)

$\langle ES:ED1 \rangle \leftarrow AL$
 $DF \begin{cases} 0 & ED1++ \\ 1 & ED1-- \end{cases}$

STOSW

$\langle ES:ED1 \rangle \leftarrow AX$
 $DF = \begin{cases} 0 & ED1 = ED1 + 2 \\ 1 & ED1 = ED1 - 2 \end{cases}$

MOVS - (D, W, D)

MOVSB (move string of bytes)

$\langle ES:ED1 \rangle \leftarrow \langle DS:ESI \rangle$
 if $DF \begin{cases} 0 & ES1++, ED1++ \\ 1 & ES1--, ED1-- \end{cases}$

MOVSW

MOVSD

• string instr. for data comparisons

SCAS - (B, W, D)

SCASB (searching of bytes)

cmp $AL, \langle ES:ED1 \rangle$
 if $DF \begin{cases} 0 & ES1++ \\ 1 & ED1-- \end{cases}$

CMPS - (B, W, D)

CMP SW (compare strings of words)

$C\cap P \subset DS:ESI >, \langle ES:EO \rangle$

$$DF \nearrow 0 \quad ESI = ESI + 2, \quad EDI = EDI + 2$$

$$ESI = ESI - 2, EDI = EDI - 2$$

string of bytes \rightarrow mirror the string of bytes

▷ db 17, 20, 52h, 1,10, 207h

13

d db 2Ah, 10, 1, 42h, 20, 17

two string of words , concatenate the string of low bytes of the words from the first string to the string of high bytes of the words from the second string . Sort the resulting string in ascending order / signed interpretation).

▷ dw 23 45h, 045h, 368h, 3990h

t due 3,2655h, 10

- - 145(23)45(00)68(02)30)29(09|00|05)28(04)00

45, ¹⁰~~45~~, 68, ¹⁰~~90~~, 00, 26, 00

1

1
1

1

90,45,00,00,26 45,68