

Intoduction

The purpose of this project is to design a data management system for booking and flight schedule information for airlines. The system allows the user to view different flights available at different times on a given date and allows bookings, modifications or cancellations but does not provide a cost of booking. It will manage customer information, booking enquiries and reservations. The user can view the status of a flight and be provided with time to time current information related to airline schedules.

Table structure for airline.

```
1 CREATE TABLE 'airlines' (  
2   'airline_id' int(11) NOT NULL,  
3   'airline_at_id' int(11) NOT NULL,  
4   'airline_name' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
5   'airline_no' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
6   'airline_from' int(11) NOT NULL,  
7   'airline_departure' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
8   'airline_to' int(11) NOT NULL,  
9   'airline_arrival' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
10  'airline_travel_time' varchar(255) NOT NULL  
11 );
```

Table structure for airline type

```
1 CREATE TABLE 'airlines' (  
2   'at_id' int(11) NOT NULL,  
3   'at_name' int(11) NOT NULL)  
4 |
```

Table Structure for booking

```
1 CREATE TABLE 'booking'(  
2 'booking_id' int(11) NOT NULL,  
3 'booking_user_id' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
4 'booking_route_id' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
5 'booking_date' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
6 'booking_total_fare' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
7 'booking_journey_date' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
8 'booking_route_id' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
9 'booking_seat_type' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
10 'booking_status' varchar(255) NOT NULL DEFAULT '0',)  
11
```

Table structure for city

```
1 CREATE TABLE 'city'(  
2 'city_id' int(11) NOT NULL,  
3 'city_name' varchar(45) NOT NULL  
4 )  
5
```

Table structure for passenger

```
1 CREATE TABLE 'passenger' (  
2 'passenger_id' int(11) NOT NULL,  
3 'passenger_booking_id' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
4 'passenger_type' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
5 'passenger_name' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
6 'passenger_gender' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
7 'passenger_age' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
8 'passenger_booking_id' varchar(255) NOT NULL);  
9
```

Table structure for route

```
1 CREATE TABLE 'route' (  
2   'route_id' int(11) NOT NULL,  
3   'route_airlines_id' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
4   'route_from_city' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
5   'route_from_arrival' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
6   'route_from_departure' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
7   'route_to_city' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
8   'route_economy_fare' varchar(255) NOT NULL,  
9   'route_business_fare' varchar(255) NOT NULL  
10 );  
11 |
```

Adding Primary Keys

- We add primary keys to all our tables , this process only works if we defined the Primary keys as NOT NULL.

```
1 ALTER TABLE 'airline_type' ADD PRIMARY KEY ('at_id');  
2 ALTER TABLE 'booking' ADD PRIMARY KEY ('booking_id');  
3 ALTER TABLE 'city' ADD PRIMARY KEY ('city_id');  
4 ALTER TABLE 'latest_booking' ADD PRIMARY KEY ('lb_id');  
5 ALTER TABLE 'passenger' ADD PRIMARY KEY ('passenger_id');  
6 ALTER TABLE 'route' ADD PRIMARY KEY ('route_id');
```

10 Functions of choice

--Select total number of records of Airline:

```
SELECT (*) AS 'Total Count' FROM 'airline'
```

--Select maximum travel distance airlines record:

```
1 SELECT MAX('airline_total_distance') AS 'Maximum Distance' , airline.* FROM 'airline'
```

--Select maximum travel distance airlines record:

```
1 SELECT MIN('airline_total_distance') AS 'Minimum Distance' , airline.* FROM 'airline'
```

--Select average travel distance airlines record:

```
1 SELECT AVG('airline_total_distance') AS 'Average Distance' , airline.* FROM 'airline'
```

--Convert all airline names to Upper Case

```
1 SELECT UPPER('airline_name') FROM 'airline' WHERE 1
```

--Convert all airline names to Lower Case

```
1 SELECT LOWER('airline_name') FROM 'airline' WHERE 1
```

--Select all airline name and number and concat with ','

```
1 SELECT CONCAT('airline_name' ,',' , 'airline_number') FROM 'airline' WHERE 1
```

--Remove leading trail and spaces from airline name

```
1 SELECT TRIM('airline_name') FROM 'airline' WHERE 1
```

--Fetch only starting 3 characters of airline name

```
1 SELECT SUBSTR('airline_name',1,3) FROM 'airline' WHERE 1
```

--Reverse the name of each airlines:

```
1 SELECT REVERSE ('airline') FROM airlines WHERE 1
```

Complicated Select Statements

```
1 SELECT COUNT(*) AS 'TotalCount' ,airline.* FROM airline
2 WHERE airline_from = 2
3 GROUP BY airline_at_id
4 HAVING TotalCount >=3
5 ORDER BY airline_name LIMIT,0,3
```

Join Operators

--Inner Join

```
1 SELECT *
2 FROM airline a
3 INNER JOIN route r on r.route_airline_id = a.airline_id;
4
```

--Perform a query and sub query

```
1 SELECT * FROM 'airline' WHERE airline_id IN (SELECT route_airline_id FROM route)|
```

--Create a users with privileges

Create User Admin with all permission:

```
CREATE USER 'admin'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'test';  
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON * . * TO 'admin'@'localhost';
```

--Drop All Users:

```
1 DROP USER 'admin'@'localhost';  
2
```

PERFORM a COMMIT and ROLLBACK operation:

```
1 START TRANSACTION;  
2 UPDATE 'airline' SET airline_total_distance=9000 WHERE 1;  
3 COMMIT;  
4  
5
```