Helo

I am Rupali Roy

I a final year graduate student at UT pursuing masters in Information Science with a focus on Data Science and Machine Learning! I am here to give my final year's capstone project presentation.



Exploring Data Segmentation and Donation Giving Behaviors



As the old proverb goes:

"If you want happiness for an hour, take a nap.

"If you want happiness for a day, go fishing. "If you want happiness for a year, inherit a fortune.

"If you want happiness for lifetime, help somebody."

What motivates people to donate?

1. People donate to feel better

3. People give to belong

2. They believe they can make a difference

4. Tax Deductions

1.

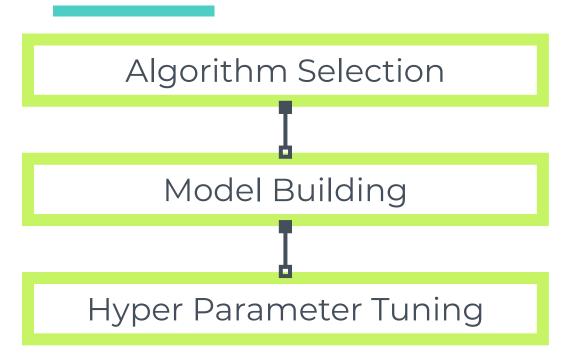
Problem Statement

- Understand
 Donation
 Giving
 Behaviors
- Build a predictive model for future donations

Data Exploration



Model Building



Data Collection

- Bio_Base_Data Demographics Data
- Gift_Total_by_CSU_Since_2015
- Dictionary

Exploratory Data Analysis

- 1. Check for meaning of the fields ced by the combination
- 2. Check for the data structure
- 3. Check for duplicates
- 4. Check for missing values
- 5. Check for field formats
- 6. Check for zero values that shouldn't be there e.g. age, text, year
- 7. Decide which fields are nominal (categorical), ordinal, dummy, interval or ratio
- 8. Check for levels of categorical variables
- 9. Check for outliers
- Check for inconsistencies
- 11. Check for hyphen , commas, or period in the wrong places

Handling Missing Data

AGE 20495 - 22%

PROFESSIONAL SUFFIX 83865 - 92%

GENDER 473 - 1%

GENERATION 20495 - 22%

HH_CAPACITY_RANGE 46782 - 51%

EX MEMBER 319 - 0%

ETHNICITY 41541 - 45%

MARITAL STATUS 2305 - 3%

PREF STATE 1434 - 2%

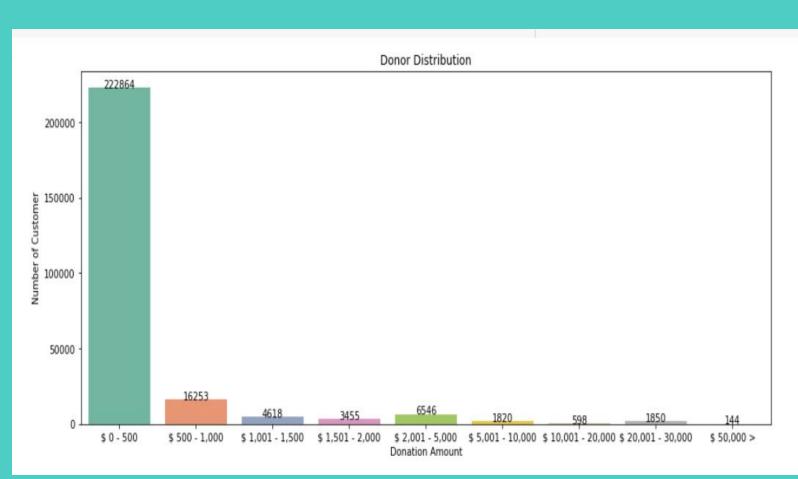
PREF ZIPCODE 507 - 1%

FIRST_DEGREE 33309 - 36%

SECOND_DEGREE 80592 - 88% FINAL_DEGREE 90551 - 99%

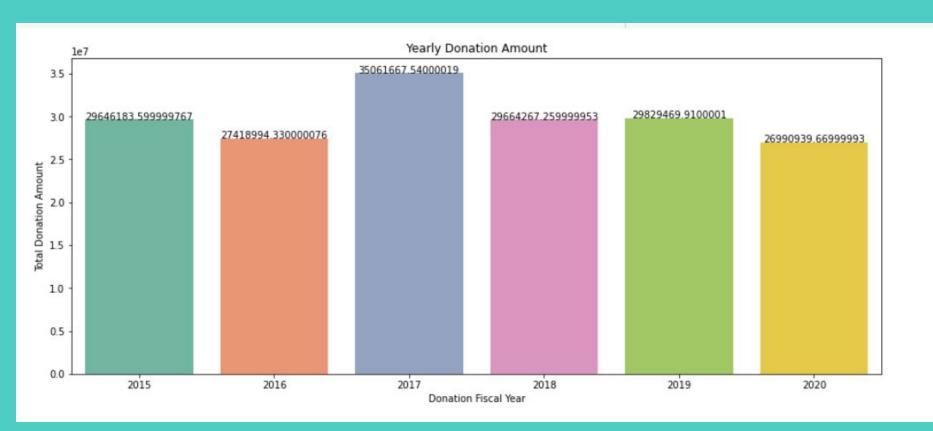
Imputation By:

- 1. Mean
- 2. Mode
- 3. K Nearest Neighbors
- 4. Drop Na values

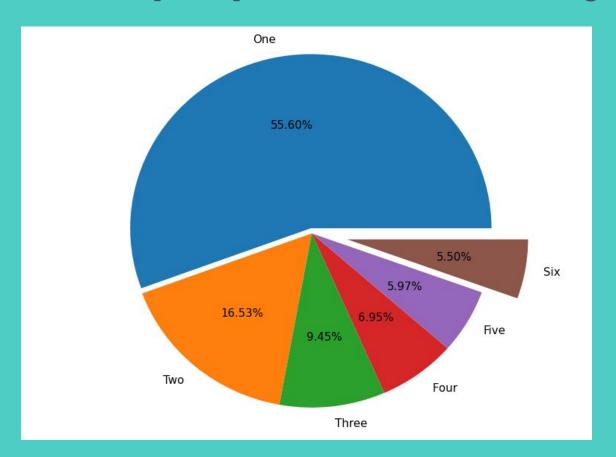




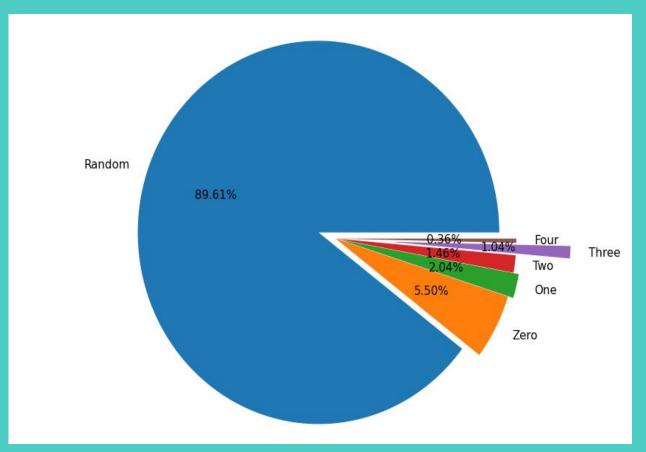
Total Donations declined in 2020



Only 5.5% of people donated every year

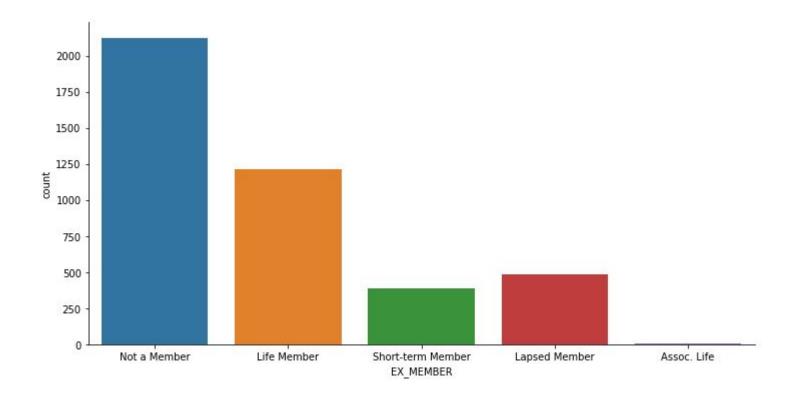


89.61% of people have random giving pattern

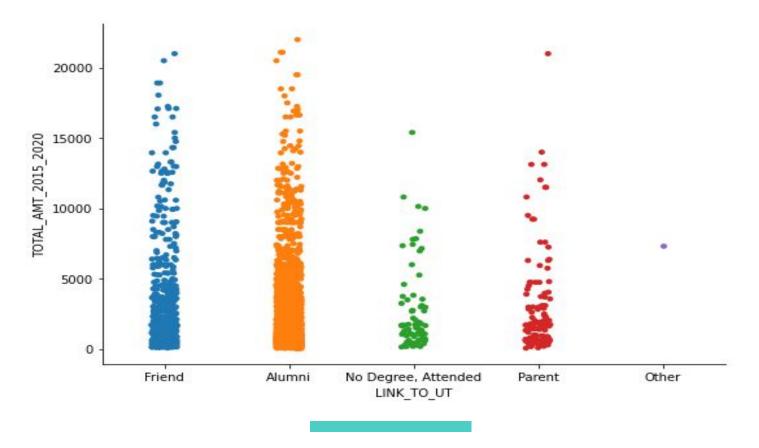




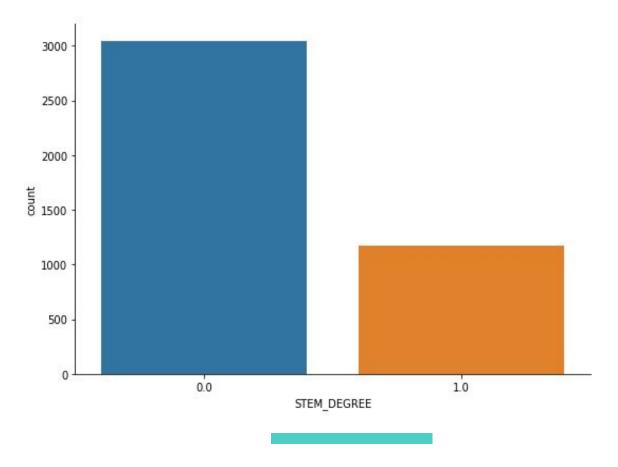
Giving Behavior with skip years=0



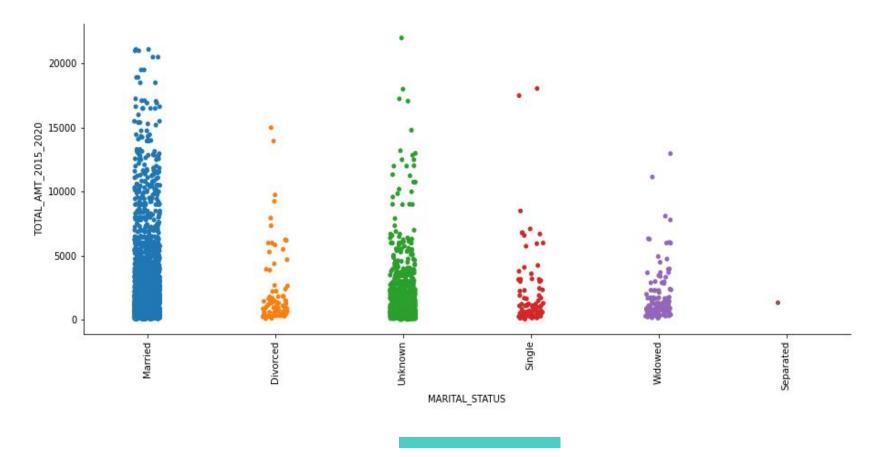
Most of the people who donated regularly are "Not a Member"



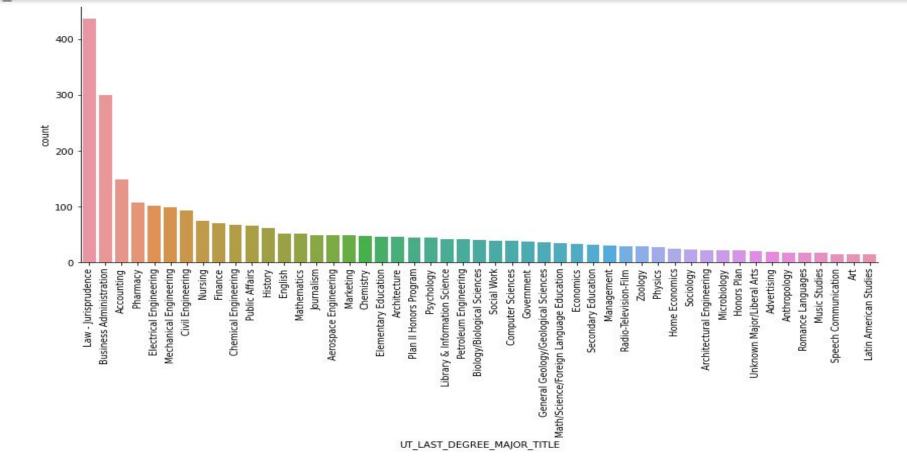
"Friend" and "Alumni" are most likely to donate



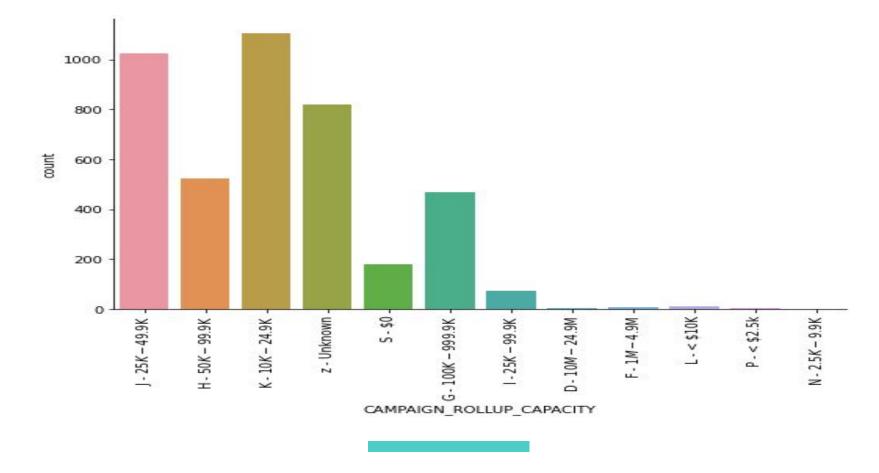
Most of the Donors don't have a "STEM" Degree



People who are "Married" are more likely to donate!



"Law Jurisprudence" and "MBA" have major contributions every year!



Majority donors belong to K - 10K to 24.9K Campaign Rollup Capacity

Model Building

Approach

Binary Classification
Problem to detect if a
person will donate next year
using the demographics
data and the previous years
donation giving behavior



Machine Learning Algorithm



Feature Variables

Total Input Features: 57

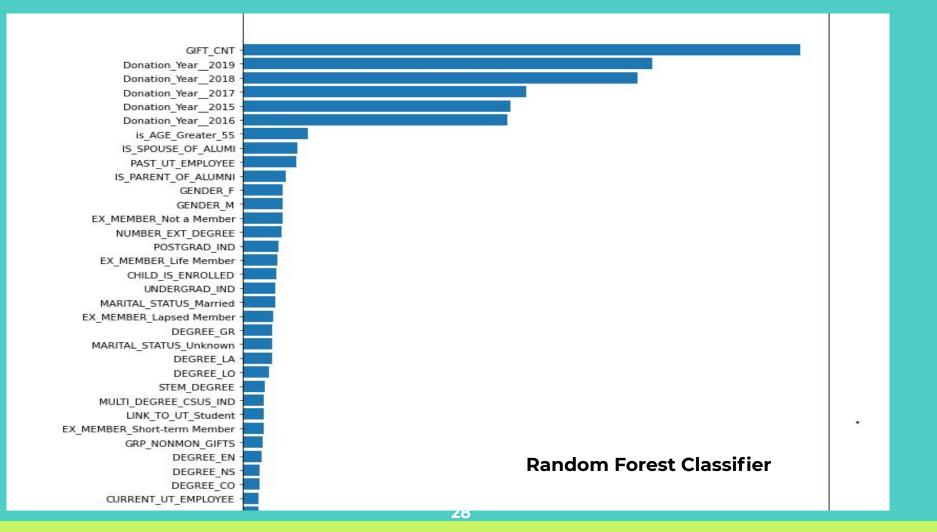
Output Variable: Donate - 0 or 1

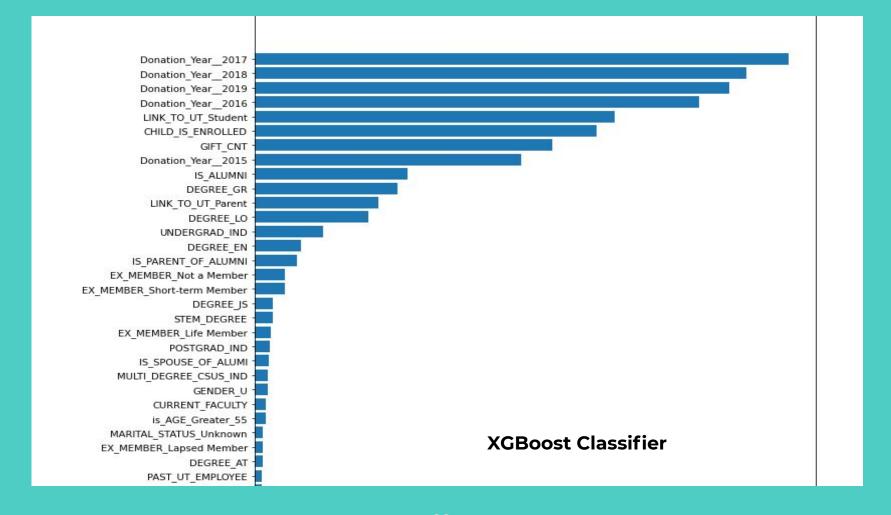
Evaluation Metric used is ROC_AUC score

Evaluation Metric is Precision and Recall & ROC_AUC score

Model	Precision	Recall	F1 Score
Logistic	0.72	0.75	0.75
Decision Tree	0.83	0.83	0.83
Classifier	2000000-00000	0.000	(5) \$455-4.07-3.14
Random Forest	0.85	0.86	0.86
Classifier			
XGB Classifier	0.87	0.87	0.87

XGB Classifier performed the best with ROC-AUC score of 0.92





Important Features!

- 1. Previous Years Donation Giving Behavior
- 2. Link_to_UT_Student
- 3. Child_isEnrolled
- 4. Gift_Cnt
- 5. Degree_EN
- 6. Is_Alumni
- 7. Link_to_UT_Parent

Ideas!
Campaign focused on the important features!

Thanksl

Any questions?

You can find me at rupali.roy@utexas.edu

Special thanks to Ang Siew for helping and guiding me throughout the project!