

# **Implementation - Rypto**

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# Preface

"Tietorakenteet ja algoritmit" – exercise.

Rypto is a software, which can encrypt and decrypt.

## General structure

Software is comprised of the following main components:

- Library aes – all of the AES-related functionality
- Executable rypto – user interface
- Tests – see "Testing" document

## Tool chain

To build the project, the following are needed:

- gradle tool
- C compiler with standard libraries

Development environment was MacBook Pro, running macOS Sierra Version 10.12.3. The gradle tool and gcc C compiler were installed from Homebrew.

## Library aes

In the library, the helper functions are also visible to facilitate unit testing. All exported symbols begin with AES\_.

The source code of the library is in two files: aes.c and aes.h.

If the library is used in a source file, then file aes.h must be included.

The constants (like AES\_S\_Box array) were extracted from[FIPS197], unless otherwise mentioned.

The Galois multiplication table AES\_g\_m was extracted from[WIKI001].

The following implementations were viewed before starting implementation: [GITHUB01], [GITHUB02], [CONTE01].

## Types

Two types are defined:

- AES\_byte (8-bit unsigned integer)
- AES\_word (32-bit unsigned integer)

## Functions

### AES\_KeyExpansion

```
void AES_KeyExpansion(AES_byte *key,  
                     AES_word *w)
```

Expands a given key (128 bits, 16 bytes) to an AES Key Schedule (11 x 4 words). Must be done before encryption or decryption.

### AES\_encrypt

```
void AES_encrypt(AES_byte *plaintext,  
                AES_byte *ciphertext,  
                AES_word *w)
```

Encrypts one block (16 bytes) with an AES Key Schedule.

### AES\_decrypt

```
void AES_decrypt(AES_byte *plaintext,  
                AES_byte *ciphertext,  
                AES_word *w)
```

Decrypts one block (16 bytes) with an AES Key Schedule.

## Main program – rypto

The main program uses the above mentioned functions to encrypt and decrypt a file.

In addition, it implements PKCS#7 padding[WIKI003]. This is also what the used reference implementation[OPENSSL] does.

## Performance

Space efficiency: Used space is constant.

Time efficiency:  $O(N)$

## Missing features, possible new features

Other key sizes than 128. Other operation modes besides ECB.

## References

- FIPS197: U.S. Department of Commerce/National Institute of Standards and Technology, Federal Information Processing Standard, FIPS PUB 197 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), 2001
- WIKI001: Wikipedia, Rijndael mix columns, 2017, [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rijndael\\_mix\\_columns](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rijndael_mix_columns)
- GITHUB01: kokke, Small portable AES128 in C , 2017, <https://github.com/kokke/tiny-AES128-C>
- GITHUB02: Huertas, Dani, AES algorithm implementation in C, 2016, <https://github.com/dhuertas/AES>
- CONTE01: Conte, Brad, Implementation of AES in C, 2006, [http://bradconte.com/aes\\_c](http://bradconte.com/aes_c)
- WIKI003: Wikipedia, Padding (cryptography), 2017, [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Padding\\_%28cryptography%29#PKCS7](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Padding_%28cryptography%29#PKCS7)
- OPENSSL: OpenSSL Software Foundation, OpenSSL Cryptography and SSL/TLS Toolkit, 2016, <https://www.openssl.org/>