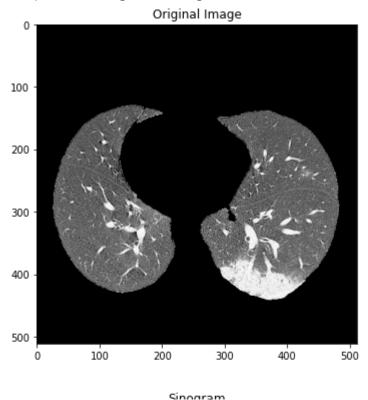
```
1 from google.colab import drive
 2 drive.mount('/content/drive')
 3 import numpy as np
 4 import scipy.io
 5 import pandas as pd
 6 from skimage import color
 7 from skimage import io
 8 from skimage.transform import radon, iradon_sart, rescale
 9 from skimage.metrics import structural_similarity
10 from skimage.metrics import peak signal noise ratio
11 import math
12 import cv2
13 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mour
 1 ctScans = scipy.io.loadmat('/content/drive/My Drive/CCE-AIMIA/ctscan hw1.mat')
 2 ctMasks = scipy.io.loadmat('/content/drive/My Drive/CCE-AIMIA/infmsk_hw1.mat')
 1 (ms,ns,cs)= (ctScans['ctscan']).shape
 2 (mm,nm,cm)= (ctMasks['infmsk']).shape
 3 print((ms,ns,cs))
 4 print((mm,nm,cm))
     (512, 512, 3554)
     (512, 512, 3554)
 1 ctscansarray = []
 2 ctmasksarray = []
 3 for i in range(cm):
      ctscansarray.append((ctScans['ctscan'][:,:,i]))
       ctmasksarray.append((ctMasks['infmsk'][:,:,i]))
 5
 1 image = ctscansarray[3514]
 2 image.shape
     (512, 512)
 1
 2
    class CT:
 3
      def __init__(self, image, max_angle, filter_name):
 4
 5
 6
         Parameter: input CT slice, max_angle=180 deg, filter_name for Filterback Projection
 7
         self.image = image
 8
```

1 # with max_angle = 120 deg.

```
2 fig, (ax1, ax2, ax3) = plt.subplots(3, 1,figsize=(20, 20))
3 #Plot original image
4 ax1.set_title("Original Image")
5 ax1.imshow(ctscansarray[600], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
6
7 #Plot sinogram
8 ax2.set_title("Sinogram")
9 ax2.imshow(sinogram120[600], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
10
11 #Plot reconstructed image
12 ax3.set_title("Filtered Back Projection")
13 ax3.imshow(reconstructedCT_FBP120[600], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
```

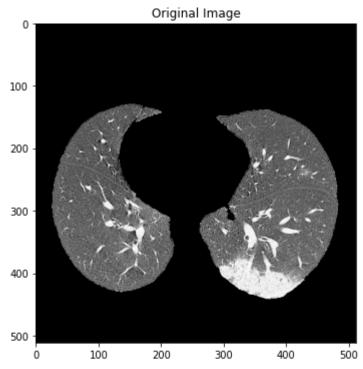
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fee1a1c9190>

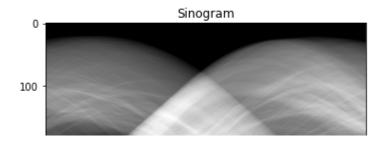


```
1 PSNR =[]
 2 SSIM = []
 3 for i in range(len(reconstructedCT_FBP120)):
    PSNR.append(peak signal noise ratio(ctscansarray[i], reconstructedCT FBP120[i]))
    SSIM.append(structural_similarity(ctscansarray[i], reconstructedCT_FBP120[i], multichar
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:4: UserWarning: Inputs have
       after removing the cwd from sys.path.
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:5: UserWarning: Inputs have
 1 print(PSNR[600])
 2 print(SSIM[600])
     12.42797968024357
    0.6532645623728417
 1 sinogram180 = []
 2 reconstructedCT FBP180 = []
 3 reconstructedCT_SART180 = []
 4 ClassData180 = []
 5 \text{ max angle} = 180
 6 # filters = ['ramp', 'shepp-logan', 'cosine', 'hamming', 'hann']
 7 filter used = "hann"
 8 for i in range(len(ctscansarray)):
    ClassData180.append(CT(ctscansarray[i],max_angle,filter_used))
10 for i in range(len(ctscansarray)):
```

```
sinogram180.append(ClassData180[i].radon transform())
11
12
    reconstructedCT FBP180.append(ClassData180[i].filtered back projection())
    #reconstructedCT_SART.append(ClassData[i].sart())
13
        1 # with max angle = 180 deg.
 2 fig, (ax1, ax2, ax3) = plt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(20, 20))
 3 #Plot original image
 4 ax1.set_title("Original Image")
 5 ax1.imshow(ctscansarray[600], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
7 #Plot sinogram
 8 ax2.set title("Sinogram")
 9 ax2.imshow(sinogram180[600], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
10
11 #Plot reconstructed image
12 ax3.set_title("Filtered Back Projection")
13 ax3.imshow(reconstructedCT FBP180[600], cmap=plt.cm.Greys r)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fee19195950>





```
1 PSNR =[]
2 SSIM = []
3 for i in range(len(reconstructedCT_FBP180)):
4    PSNR.append(peak_signal_noise_ratio(ctscansarray[i], reconstructedCT_FBP180[i]))
5    SSIM.append(structural_similarity(ctscansarray[i], reconstructedCT_FBP180[i], multichar
6 print(PSNR[600])
7 print(SSIM[600])
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:4: UserWarning: Inputs have after removing the cwd from sys.path.

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:5: UserWarning: Inputs have """

12.427041971001028 0.6544412051594269

```
sinogram4x = []
reconstructedCT_FBP4x = []
reconstructedCT_SART4x = []
ClassData4x = []
max_angle = 180
# filters = ['ramp', 'shepp-logan', 'cosine', 'hamming', 'hann']
filten used = "bann"
```

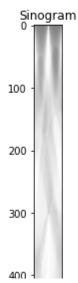
https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1_PW1P90Z-MLvs4K4IG8rGsQYStzY3txh#scrollTo=Z978TnkqOZft&printMode=true

```
IIICEL _ useu = IIalili
/
    #for i in range(len(ctscansarray)):
 8
    for i in range(3000, .3020, .1):
      ClassData4x.append(CT(ctscansarray[i],max angle,filter used))
10
    #for i in range(len(ctscansarray)):
11
    for i in range(0, 20, 1):
12
13
       sinogram4x.append(ClassData4x[i].radon_transform())
       reconstructedCT FBP4x.append(ClassData4x[i].filtered back projection())
14
    /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/skimage/transform/radon transform.py:83: UserWarr
       warn('Radon transform: image must be zero outside the '
```

```
1 # with max_angle = 180 deg./4x
2 fig, (ax1, ax2, ax3) = plt.subplots(3, 1,figsize=(20, 20))
3 #Plot original image
4 ax1.set_title("Original Image")
5 ax1.imshow(ctscansarray[3514], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
6
7 #Plot sinogram
8 ax2.set_title("Sinogram")
9 ax2.imshow(sinogram4x[3514], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
10 #Plot reconstructed image
11 ax3.set_title("Filtered Back Projection")
12 ax3.imshow(reconstructedCT_FBP4x[3514], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f9fe6679250>





```
1 PSNR4x =[]
2 SSIM4x = []
3 for i in range(len(reconstructedCT_FBP4x)):
4   PSNR4x.append(peak_signal_noise_ratio(ctscansarray[i], reconstructedCT_FBP4x[i]))
5   SSIM4x.append(structural_similarity(ctscansarray[i], reconstructedCT_FBP4x[i], multicha
6
7 print(PSNR4x[18])
8 print(SSIM4x[18])
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:4: UserWarning: Inputs have after removing the cwd from sys.path.

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:5: UserWarning: Inputs have

- 1.1572833216310467
- 0.006905215881176878

```
1 \text{ avg\_PSNR4x} = [0]
 2 avg SSIM4x = [0]
 3 \text{ Sum PSNR4x} = [0]
 4 \text{ Sum SSIM4x} = [0]
 5 for i in range(len(reconstructedCT_FBP4x)):
     Sum PSNR4x += PSNR4x[i]
 7
     Sum SSIM4x += SSIM4x[i]
 9 avg PSNR4x = (Sum PSNR4x/(len(PSNR4x)))
10 avg SSIM4x = (Sum SSIM4x/len(SSIM4x))
11 print(avg_PSNR4x)
12 print(avg SSIM4x)
     [6.0560631]
     [0.16157094]
     sinogram8x = []
 1
    reconstructedCT_FBP8x = []
 2
     reconstructedCT SART8x = []
 3
 4
    ClassData8x = []
 5
     max angle = 180
     # filters = ['ramp', 'shepp-logan', 'cosine', 'hamming', 'hann']
 6
 7
    filter used = "hann"
 8
     #for i in range(len(ctscansarray)):
 9
     for i in range(3000, 3020, 1):
10
       ClassData8x.append(CT(ctscansarray[i],max angle,filter used))
11
     #for i in range(len(ctscansarray)):
12
     for i in range(0,20,1):
13
       sinogram8x.append(ClassData8x[i].radon transform())
14
       reconstructedCT_FBP8x.append(ClassData8x[i].filtered_back_projection())
1 len(reconstructedCT_FBP8x)
     3554
 1 # with max angle = 180 \text{ deg./8x}
 2 fig, (ax1, ax2, ax3) = plt.subplots(3, 1, figsize=(20, 20))
 3 #Plot original image
 4 ax1.set title("Original Image")
 5 ax1.imshow(ctscansarray[3514], cmap=plt.cm.Greys_r)
 6
 7 #Plot sinogram
 8 ax2.set_title("Sinogram")
 9 ax2.imshow(sinogram8x[3514], cmap=plt.cm.Greys r)
10
11 #Plot reconstructed image
```

12 ax3 set title("Filtered Rack Projection")

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7fd80c077310>

```
Original Image

100 -

200 -
```

```
1 PSNR8x =[]
 2 SSIM8x = []
 3 for i in range(len(reconstructedCT_FBP8x)):
     PSNR8x.append(peak signal noise ratio(ctscansarray[i], reconstructedCT FBP8x[i]))
     SSIM8x.append(structural similarity(ctscansarray[i], reconstructedCT FBP8x[i], multicha
 5
 6
 7 print(PSNR8x[18])
 8 print(SSIM8x[18])
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:4: UserWarning: Inputs have
       after removing the cwd from sys.path.
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel launcher.py:5: UserWarning: Inputs have
     1.157388302874974
     0.006905382744454827
                              1 avg PSNR8x = [0]
 2 \text{ avg\_SSIM8x} = [0]
 3 \text{ Sum PSNR8x} = [0]
 4 \text{ Sum SSIM8x} = [0]
 5 for i in range(len(reconstructedCT FBP8x)):
     Sum PSNR8x += PSNR8x[i]
 7
     Sum SSIM8x += SSIM8x[i]
 9 avg PSNR8x = (Sum PSNR8x/(len(PSNR8x)))
10 avg SSIM8x = (Sum SSIM8x/len(SSIM8x))
11 print(avg PSNR8x)
12 print(avg_SSIM8x)
     [6.05618027]
     [0.16150934]
 1 kmeansSeg image4x = []
 2 \text{ labels reshaped4x} = []
 3 k = 3 \# number of clusters (K)
 4 # define stopping criteria
```

6 #for i in range(len(reconstructedCT FBP4x)):

5 criteria = (cv2.TERM_CRITERIA_EPS + cv2.TERM_CRITERIA_MAX_ITER, 100, 0.2)

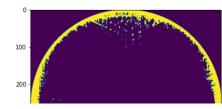
```
7 for i in range(len(reconstructedCT FBP8x)):
    # reshape the image to a 2D array of pixels
    #image = reconstructedCT FBP4x[i]
    image = reconstructedCT FBP8x[i]
10
    ct_pixel_values = image.reshape(-1,1)
11
12
    # convert to float
13
    ct pixel values = np.float32(ct pixel values)
14
    #print(ct pixel values.shape)
15
     , labels, (centers) = cv2.kmeans(ct pixel values, k, None, criteria, 10, cv2.KMEANS R/
    # convert back to 8 bit values
16
17
    centers = np.uint8(centers)
18
    # flatten the labels array
19
    labels = labels.flatten()
20
    # convert all pixels to the color of the centroids
     segmented_image = centers[labels.flatten()]
21
22
     # reshape back to the original image dimension
23
     segmented = segmented_image.reshape(image.shape)
24
     kmeansSeg image4x.append(segmented)
25
     labels reshaped4x.append(labels.reshape(512,512))
 1 len(kmeansSeg_image4x)
     20
 1 \text{ tp} = 0
 2 tn = 0
 3 fn = 0
 4 \, \text{fp} = 0
 5 ctmasksarrayBatch = []
 6 ctmasksarrayBatch = ctmasksarray[3000:3020]
 7 Sensitivity4x = []
8 Specificity4x = []
 9 Accuracy4x = []
10 Dice score4x = []
11 \text{ (rows, columns)} = (512, 512)
12 #for m in range(len(reconstructedCT FBP4x)):
13 for m in range(len(reconstructedCT_FBP8x)):
14
       ground truth = ctmasksarrayBatch[m]
       KsegLabels = labels reshaped4x[m]
15
16
       for i in range(rows):
17
           for j in range(columns):
               if ground_truth[i][j] == 1 and KsegLabels[i][j] == 0:
18
19
                   tp = tp + 1
20
               if ground truth[i][j] == 2 and KsegLabels[i][j] == 2:
21
                   tn = tn + 1
22
               if ground_truth[i][j] == 1 and KsegLabels[i][j] == 2:
23
                   fn = fn + 1
24
               if ground truth[i][j] == 2 and KsegLabels[i][j] == 0:
25
                   fp = fp + 1
26
```

```
27
      try:
           TPR = float(tp)/(tp+fn)
28
29
           Sensitivity4x.append(TPR)
           FPR = float(tn)/(tn+fp)
30
          Specificity4x.append(FPR)
31
          Acc = ((tp+tn)/(tp+tn+fn+fp))*100
32
          Accuracy4x.append(Acc)
33
34
           dice = float(2*tp)/((2*tp)+fp+fn)
35
           Dice score4x.append(dice)
36
      except ZeroDivisionError:
37
           TPR=0
 1
    Sum Sensitivity4x=0
    Sum Specificty4x=0
 2
 3
    Sum Accuracy4x=0
    Sum Dice_score4x=0
 4
 5
    print ('\n*******Average Accuracy, Sensitivity, Specificity, Avg Dice Socre******
 6
 7
    for i in range(len(Sensitivity4x)):
 8
       Sum Sensitivity4x+=Sensitivity4x[i]
 9
      Sum Specificty4x+=Specificity4x[i]
10
      Sum Accuracy4x+=Accuracy4x[i]
11
       Sum Dice score4x+=Dice score4x[i]
12
13
    Avg sensitivity = Sum Sensitivity4x/len(Sensitivity4x)
    print("\nAverage Sensitivity is:",Avg sensitivity)
14
    Avg Specificity = Sum Specificty4x/len(Specificity4x)
15
16
    print("\nAverage Specificity is:", Avg Specificity)
    Avg Accuracy = Sum Accuracy4x/len(Accuracy4x)
17
18
     print("\nAverage Accuracy(%):",Avg_Accuracy)
19
    Avg Dice score = Sum Dice score4x/len(Dice score4x)
20
     print("\nAverage Dice score:",Avg Dice score)
     *******Average Accuracy, Sensitivity, Specificity, Avg Dice Socre******
    Average Sensitivity is: 0.2679735396720146
    Average Specificity is: 0.6555515364059492
    Average Accuracy(%): 64.09300681599676
    Average Dice score: 0.06877999729029094
 1 ctscansarrayBatch = ctscansarray[3000:3020]
 2 print ('\n**********Ctslice, k-means segmentation, infection mask********')
 3 num1 = np.random.randint(0, len(reconstructedCT FBP4x))
 4 num2 = np.random.randint(0, len(reconstructedCT FBP4x))
 5 # show the image
 6 fig, (ax1,ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 3,figsize=(20, 20))
 7 ax1[0].imshow(ctscansarrayBatch[num1])
```

8 ax1[1].imshow(kmeansSeg_image4x[num1])
9 ax1[2].imshow((ctmasksarrayBatch[num1]))
10 ax2[0].imshow(ctscansarrayBatch[num2])
11 ax2[1].imshow(kmeansSeg_image4x[num2])
12 ax2[2].imshow((ctmasksarrayBatch[num2]))



13 ax2[2].imshow((ctmasksarrayBatch[num2]))





```
1 #8x plots
2 ctscansarrayBatch = ctscansarray[3000:3020]
3 print ('\n************Ctslice, k-means segmentation, infection mask********')
4 num1 = np.random.randint(0, len(reconstructedCT_FBP8x))
5 num2 = np.random.randint(0, len(reconstructedCT_FBP8x))
6 # show the image
7 fig, (ax1,ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 3,figsize=(20, 20))
8 ax1[0].imshow(ctscansarrayBatch[num1])
9 ax1[1].imshow(kmeansSeg_image4x[num1])
10 ax2[0].imshow(ctscansarrayBatch[num1]))
11 ax2[0].imshow(ctscansarrayBatch[num2])
12 ax2[1].imshow(kmeansSeg_image4x[num2])
```

