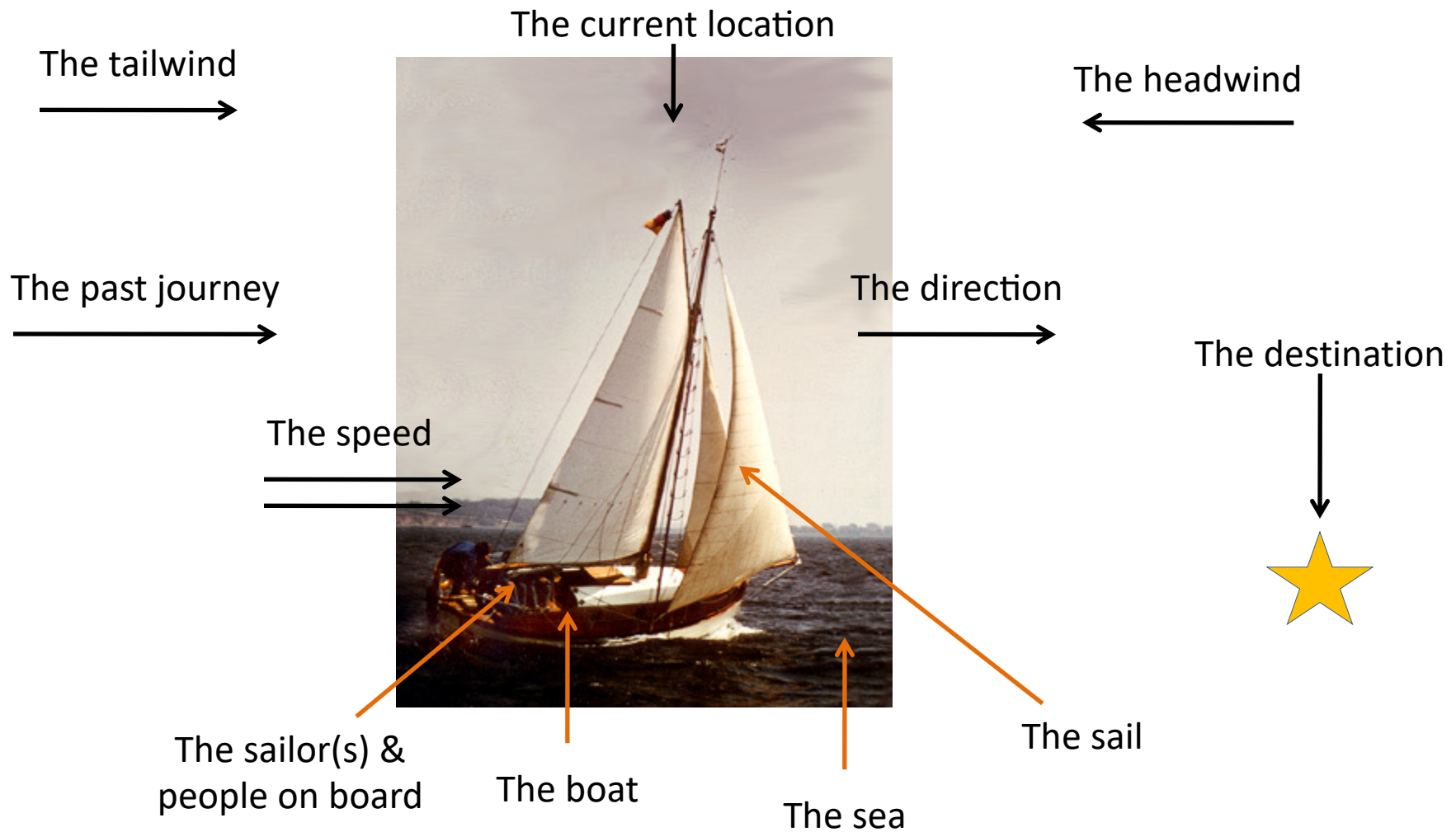


IT Governance & Management in Healthcare Organizations

Nawanan Theera-Ampornpunt

November 2, 2022

Context



Management Point:
**Know Your Context &
Align IT with Context**

Destination & Direction

- Vision
- Mission
- Strategic goals & business strategies

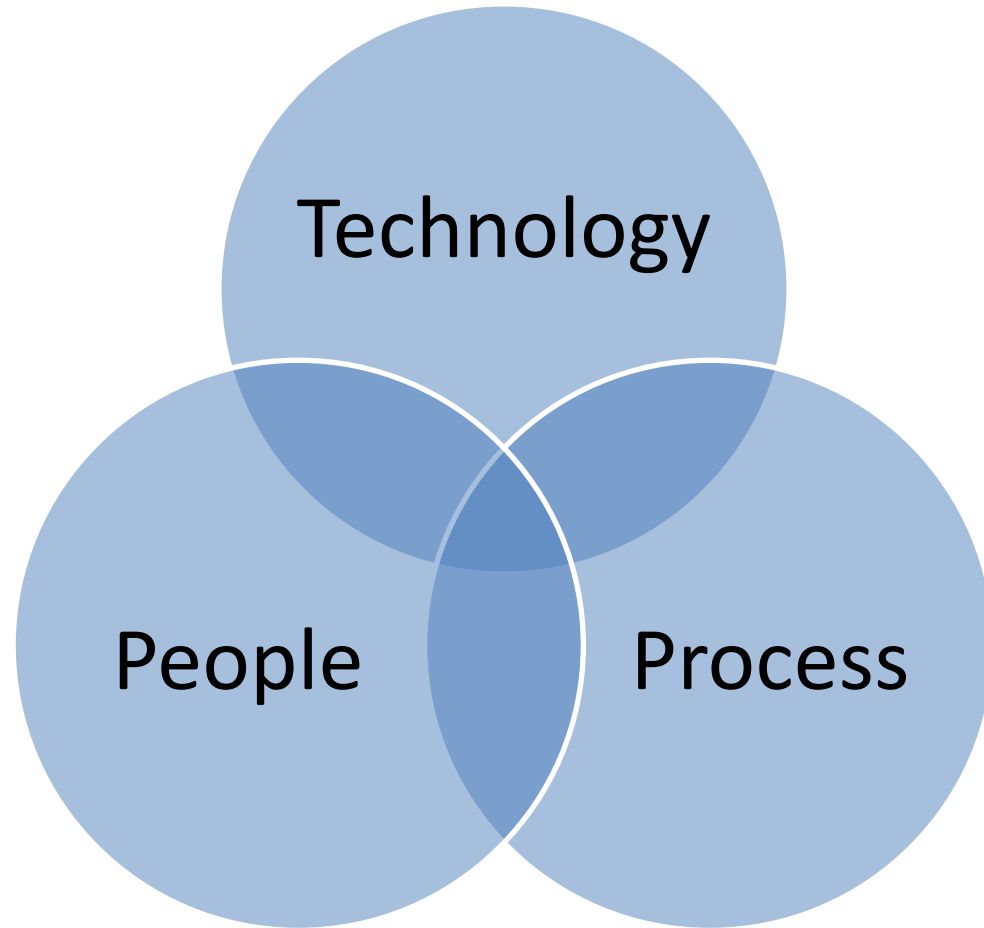
SMART Criteria

- Specific?
- Measurable?
- Achievable/Attainable?
- Relevant/Realistic/Resourced?
- Time-bound?

A Good “Vision”

“Our goal is to land a man on the moon and return him safely to the earth by the end of the decade.”

John F. Kennedy (1961)



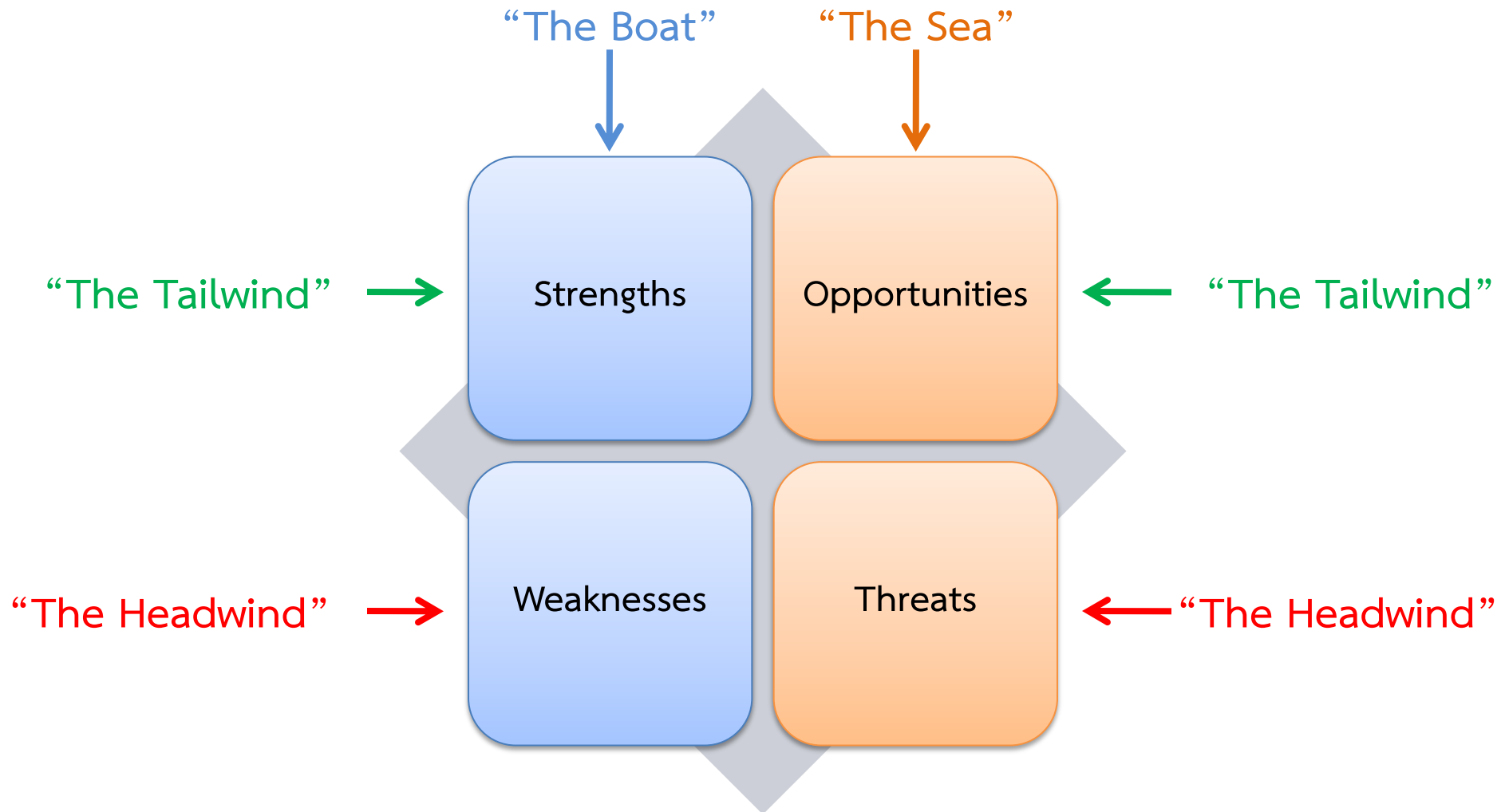
“The Boat”

- Size
- Resources
- Structures
- Work Processes
- Facilities/Geography
- Etc.

“The Sea”

- Target customers
- Local competitiveness
- Relationship of hospital to local players
- Inter-organizational collaboration
- IT market environment
- National/international trend
- Regulations
- Standard of care
- Etc.

SWOT Analysis

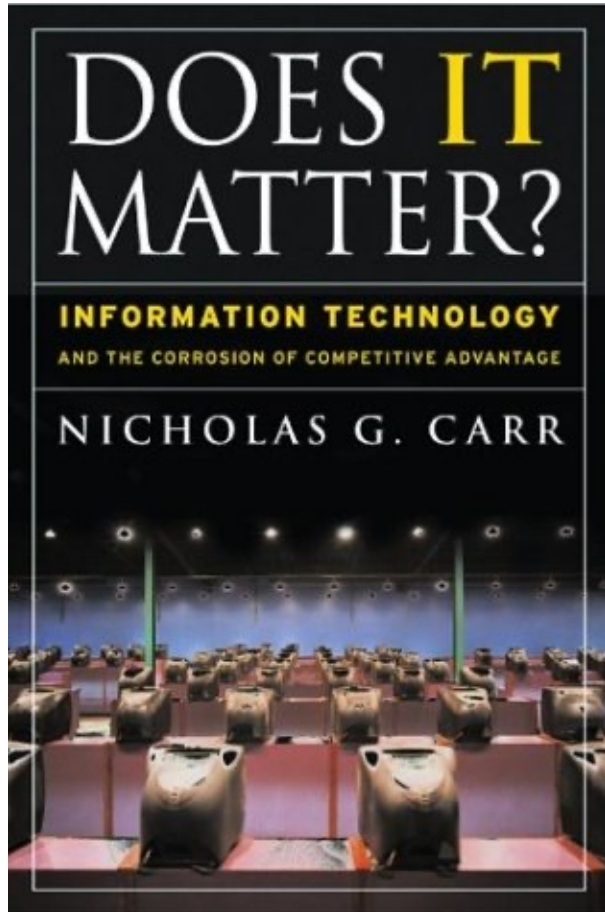


Part 2

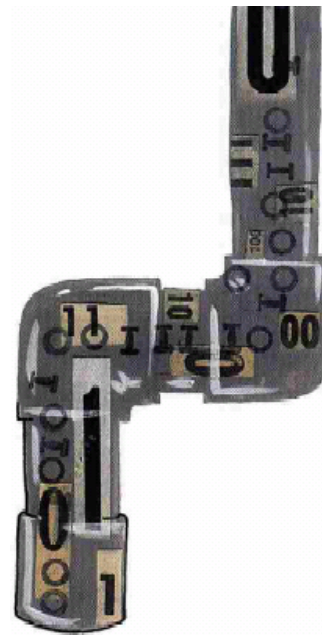
Moving organizations with IT

- Strategic IT Management
- Project Management
- Change Management

IT as “The Sail”



Carr (2004)



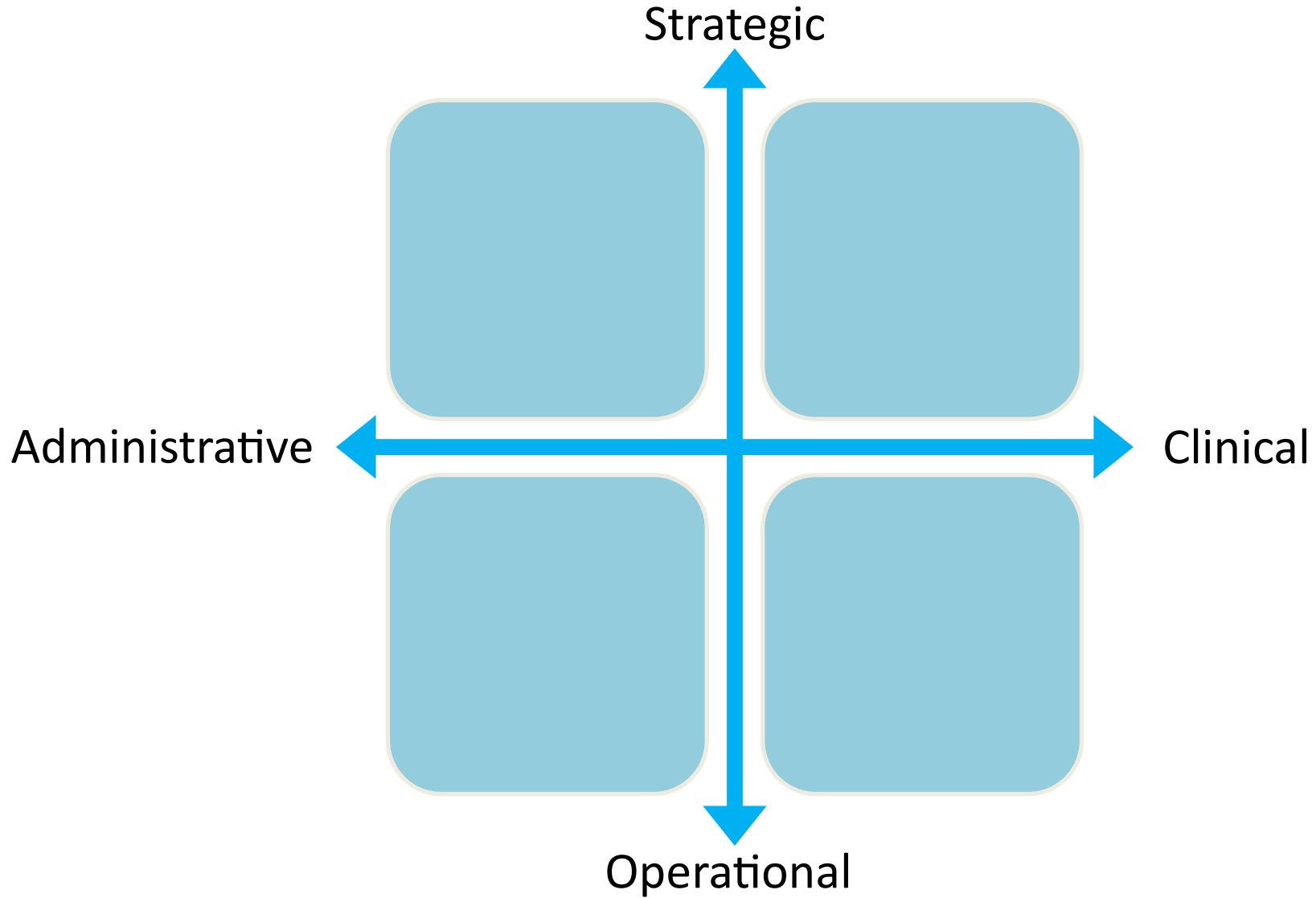
IT Doesn't Matter

by Nicholas G. Carr

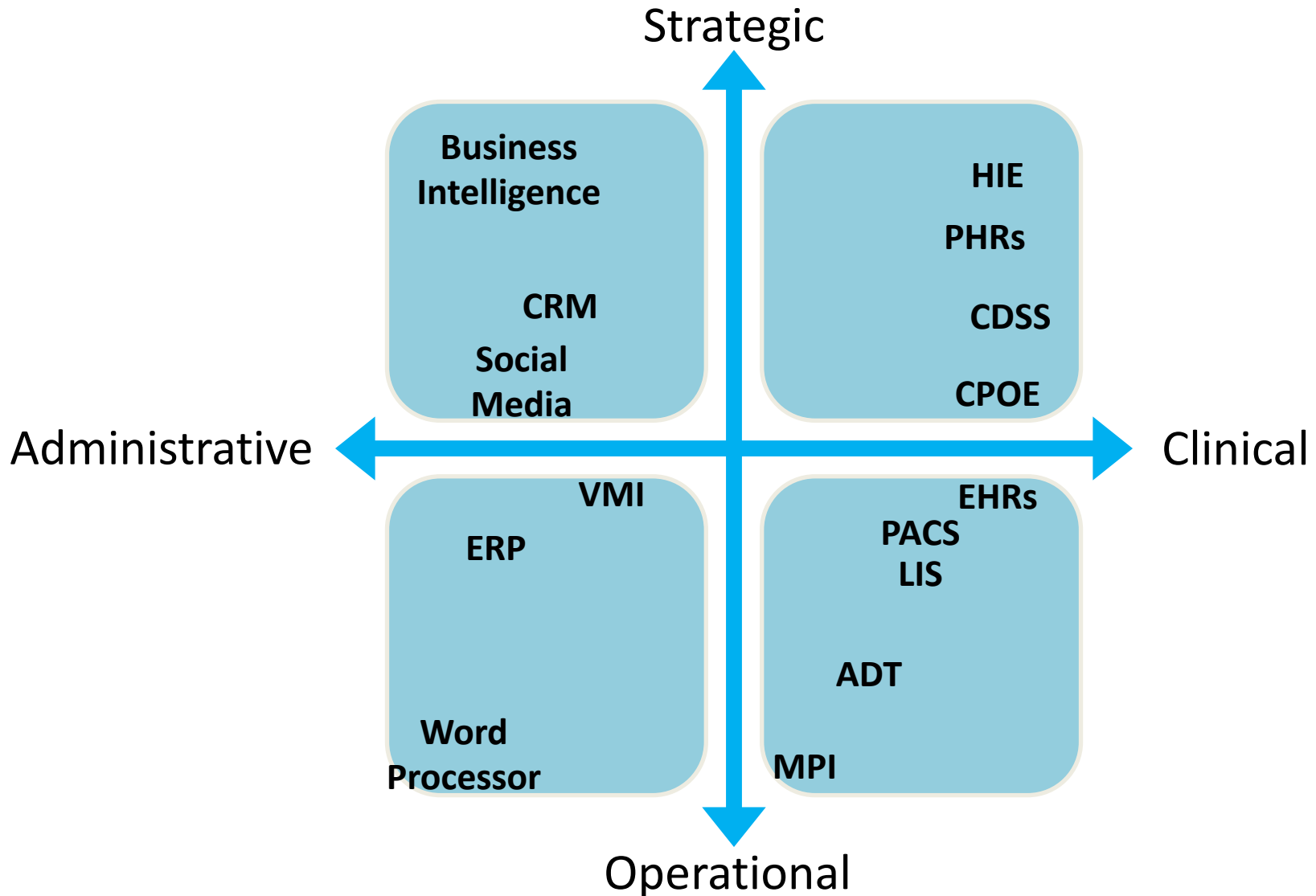
As information technology's power and ubiquity have grown, its strategic importance has diminished. The way you approach IT investment and management will need to change dramatically.

Carr (2003)

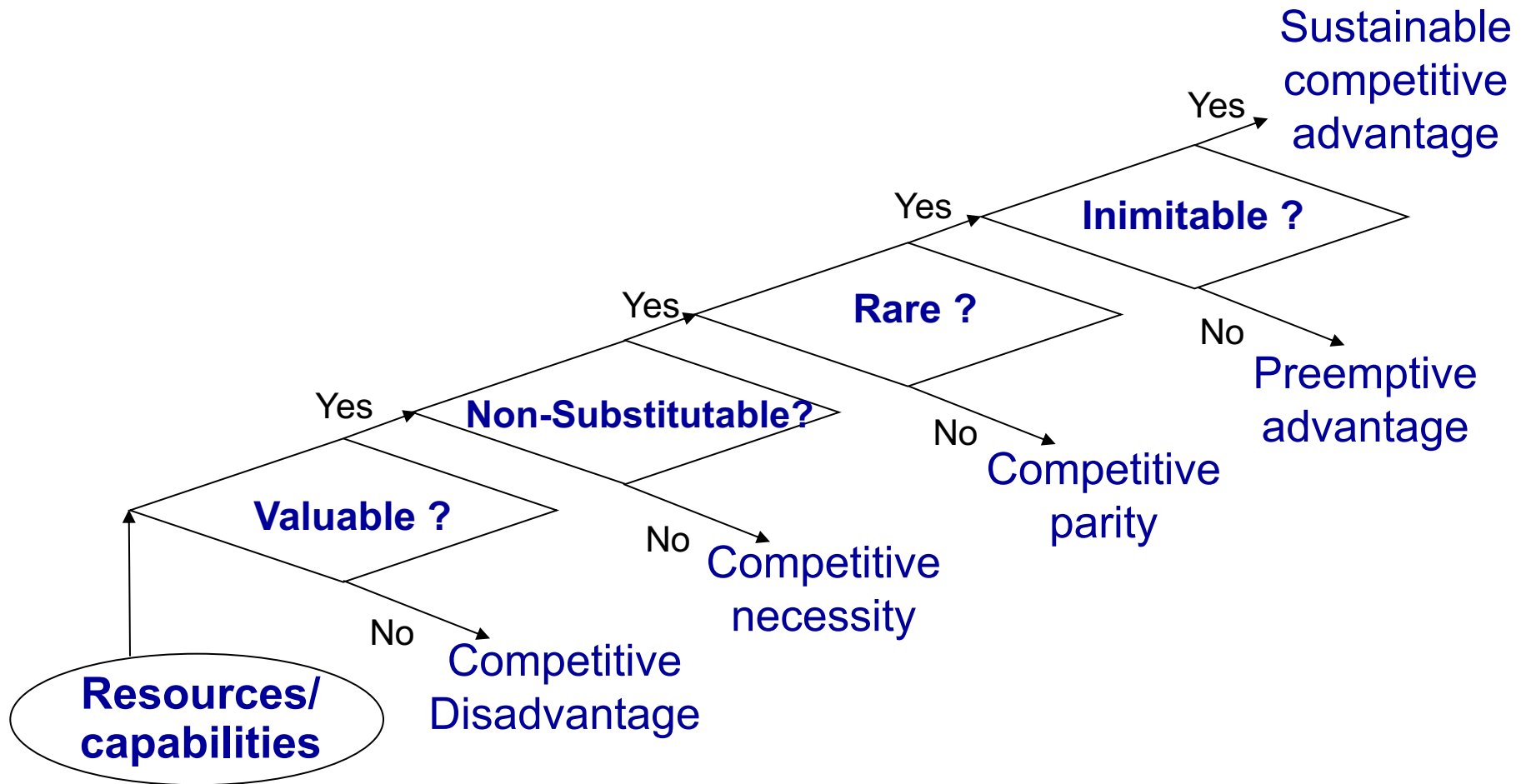
4 Quadrants of Hospital IT



4 Quadrants of Hospital IT



IT As A Strategic Advantage



Management Point:

**Identify Your
Strategic IT Assets**

IT-Business Alignment

Vision

Mission

Business Strategies

IT Strategies

IT & Business

Vision

Business Strategies

IT Strategies

Business Operations

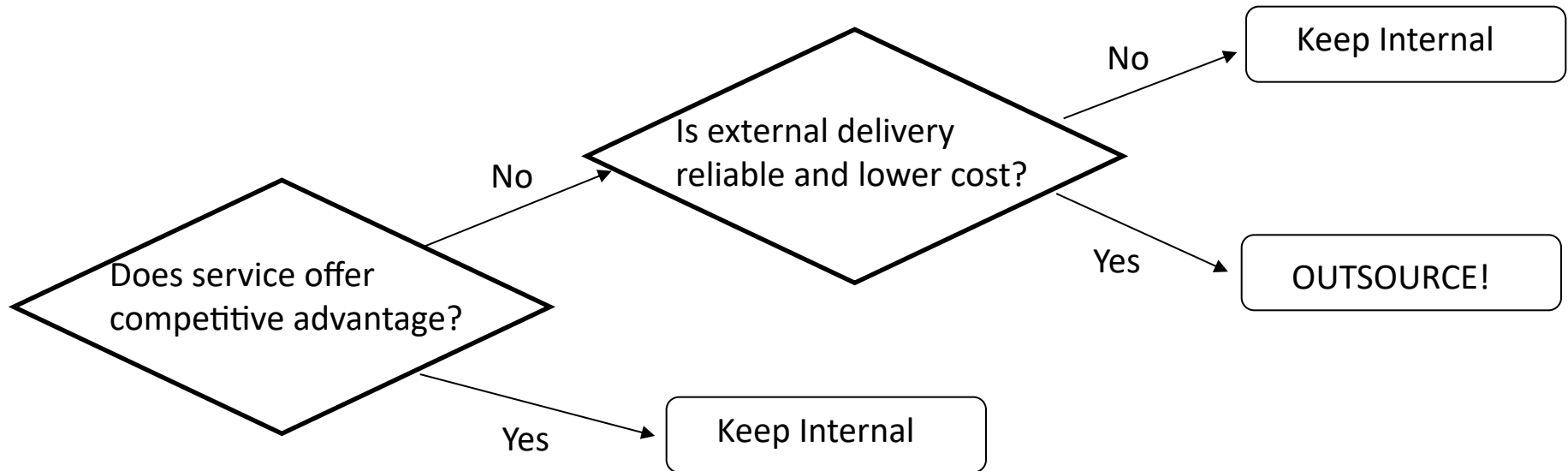
IT Projects

IT
Operations

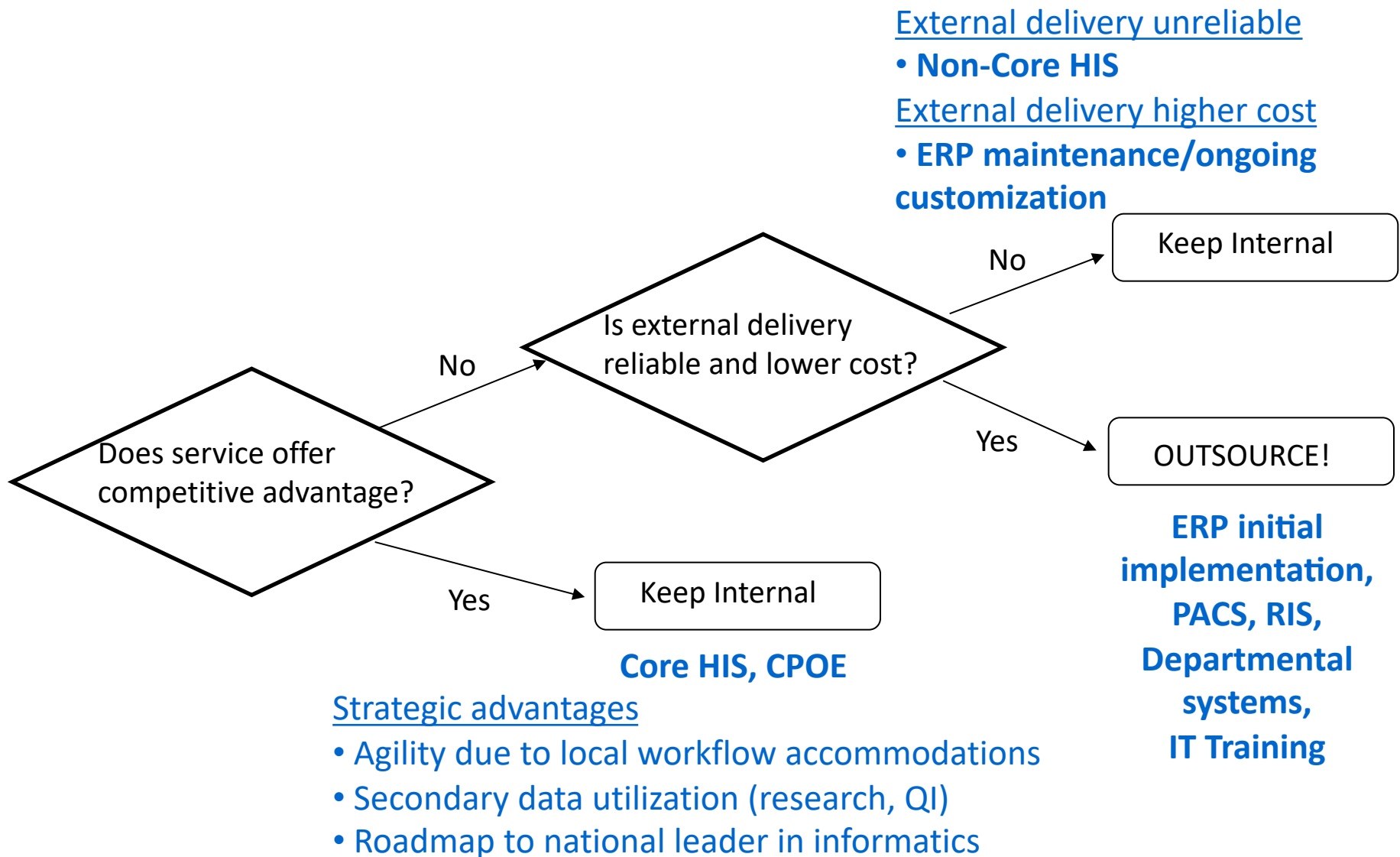
IT
Operations

Other
Operations

IT Outsourcing Decision Tree

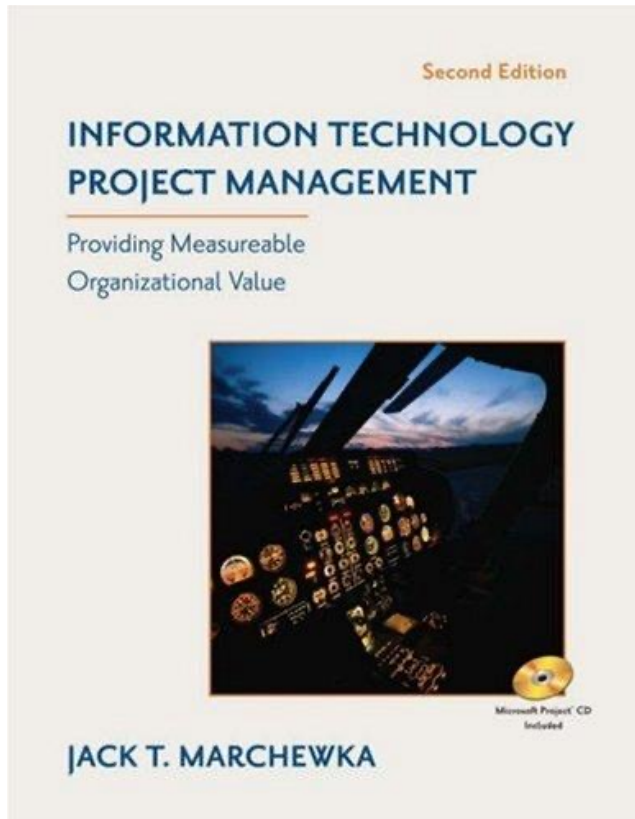


IT Outsourcing: Ramathibodi's Case

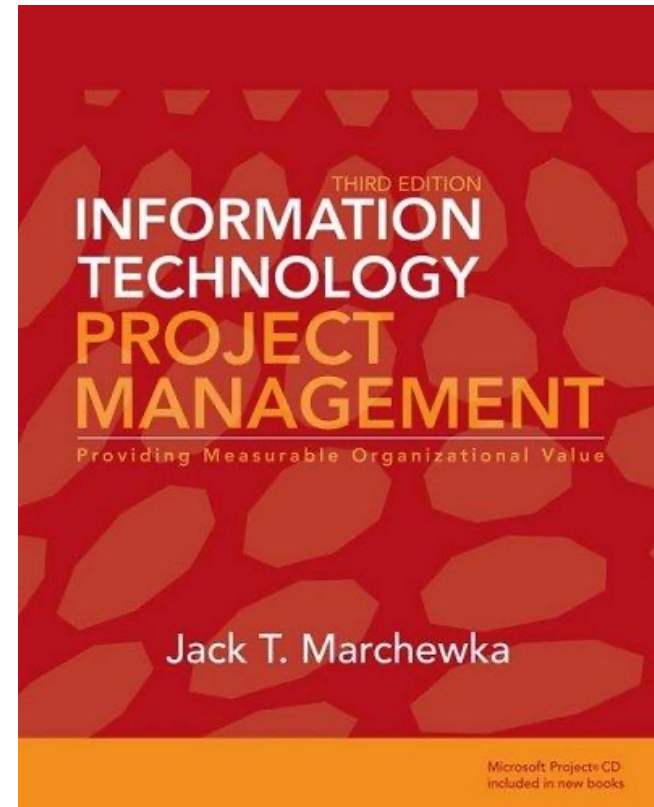


Management Point:
**Know When To and
When Not To Outsource**

IT Project Management



Marchewka (2006)



Marchewka (2009)

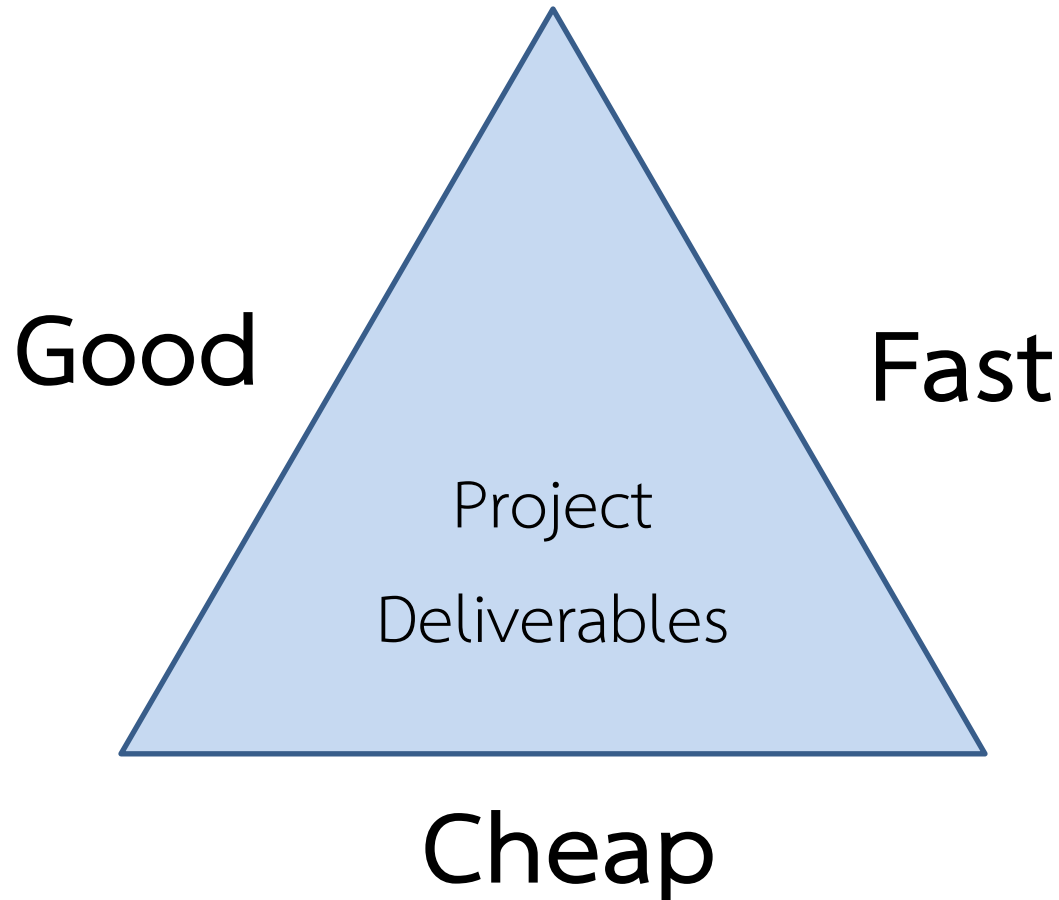
IT Project Management

- **A project:** “a temporary endeavor undertaken to accomplish a unique purpose”
- **Project management:** “the application of knowledge, skills, tools, and techniques to project activities in order to meet or exceed project requirements”

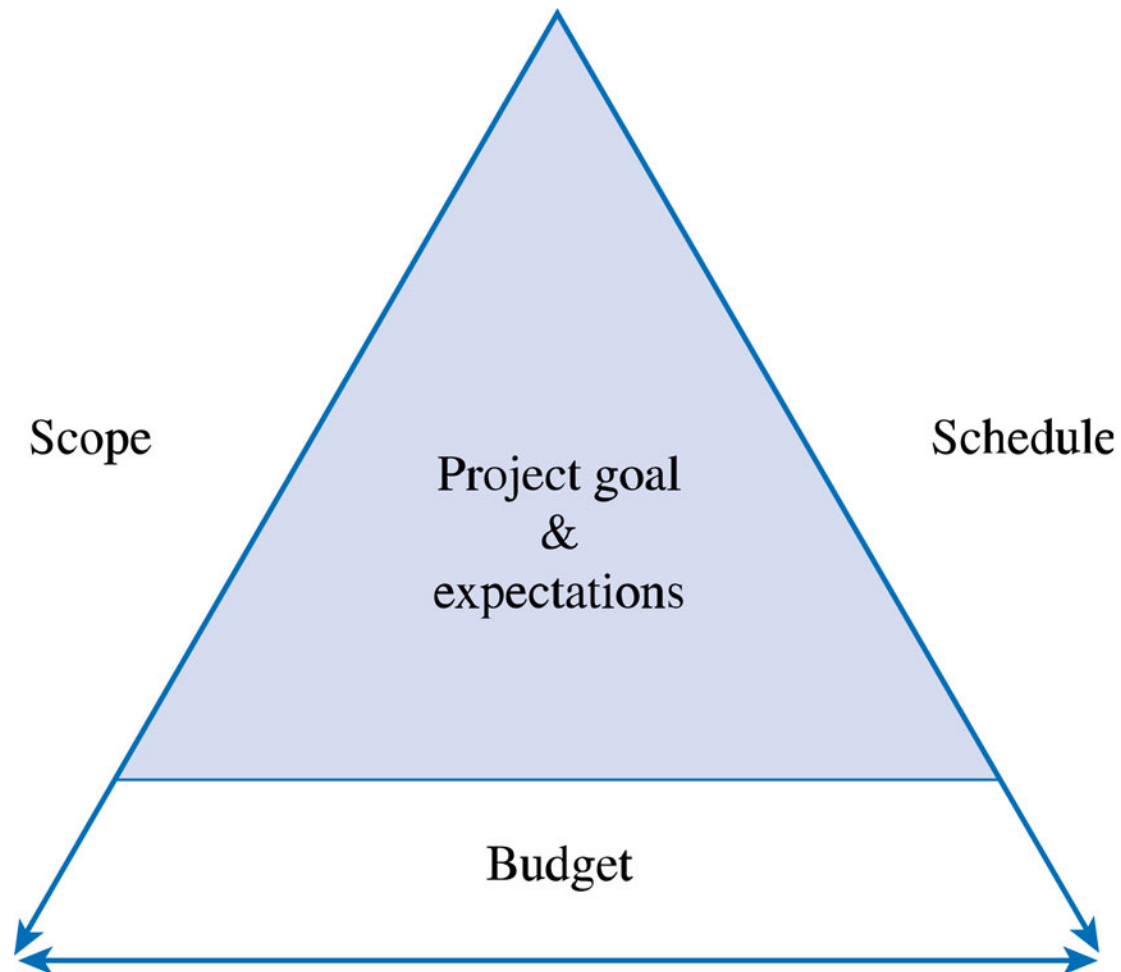
The Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK®)

1. Project Integration Management
2. Project Scope Management
3. Project Time Management
4. Project Cost Management
5. Project Quality Management
6. Project Human Resources Management
7. Project Communications Management
8. Project Risk Management
9. Project Procurement Management

The Project Management Dilemma



The Triple Constraint



The CHAOS Report

Among the IT projects studied:

- 31% were cancelled before completion
- 53% were completed but over budget, over schedule, and did not meet original specifications.

The CHAOS Report

Table 1.2 Summary of Factor Rankings for Successful, Challenged, and Impaired Projects

<i>Rank</i>	<i>Factors for Successful Projects</i>	<i>Factors for Challenged Projects</i>	<i>Factors for Impaired Projects</i>
1	User involvement	Lack of user input	Incomplete requirements
2	Executive management support	Incomplete requirements	Lack of user involvement
3	Clear statement of requirements	Changing requirements & specifications	Lack of resources
4	Proper planning	Lack of executive support	Unrealistic expectations
5	Realistic expectations	Technology incompetence	Lack of executive support
6	Smaller project milestones	Lack of resources	Changing requirements specifications
7	Competent staff	Unrealistic expectations	Lack of planning
8	Ownership	Unclear objectives	Didn't need it any longer
9	Clear vision & objectives	Unrealistic time frames	Lack of IT management
10	Hard-working, focused team	New technology	Technology illiteracy

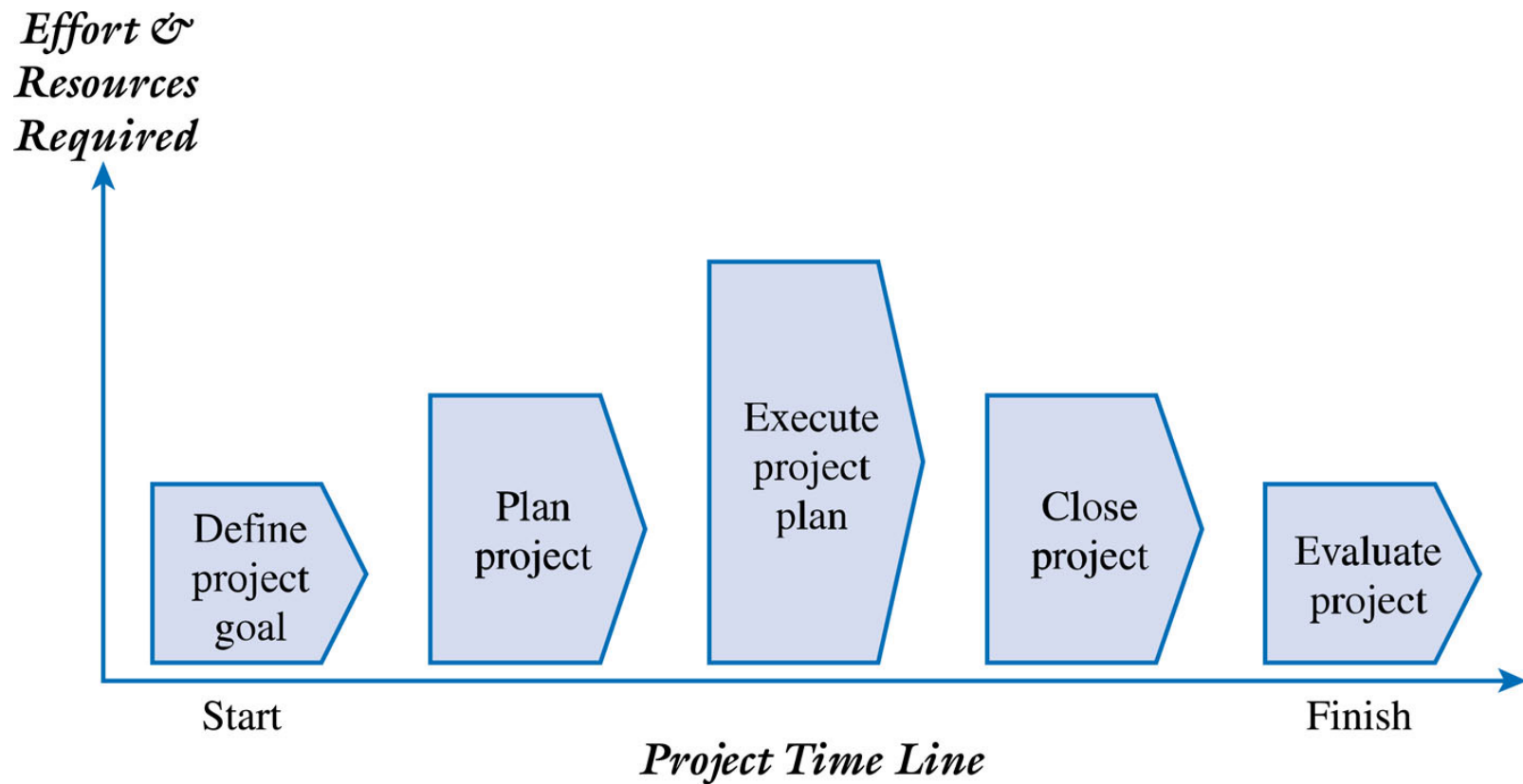
SOURCE: Adapted from The Standish Group, *CHAOS* (West Yarmouth, MA: 1995), <http://www.standishgroup.com/visitor/chaos.htm>.

New Top Ten Factors for IT Project Success

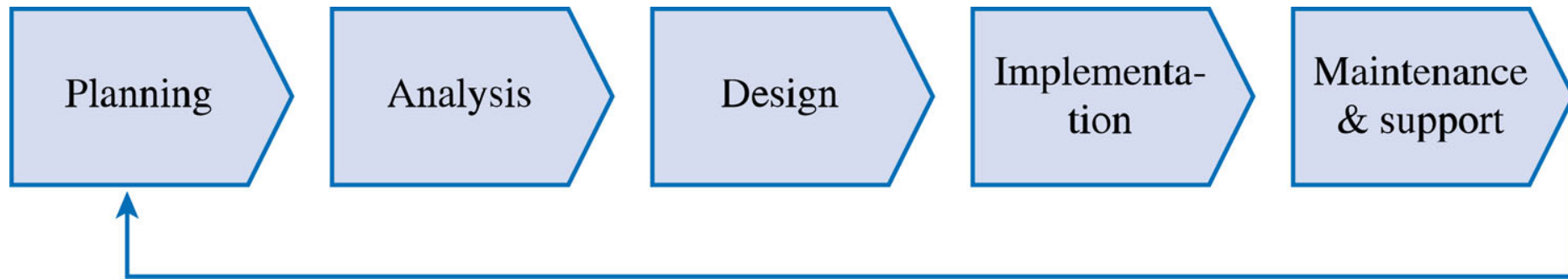
Rank	Success Factor
1	Executive Support
2	User Involvement
3	Experienced Project Manager
4	Clear Business Objectives
5	Minimized Scope
6	Standard Software Infrastructure
7	Firm Basic Requirements
8	Formal Methodology
9	Reliable Estimates
10	Other

Table 1.3 Source: *Extreme Chaos*. The Standish Group International, Inc. 2001.
http://www.standishgroup.com/sample_research/index.php

Project Life Cycle

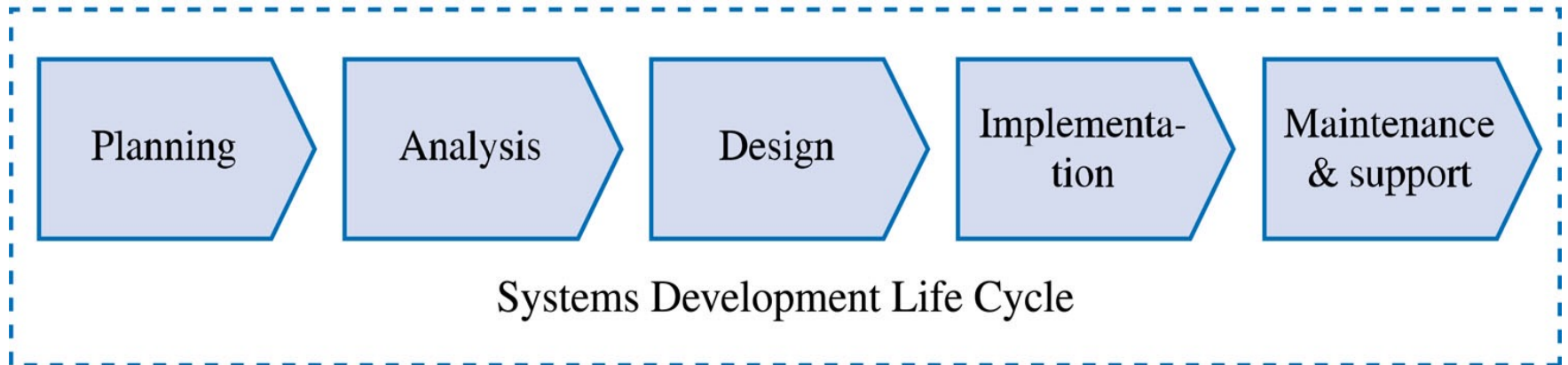
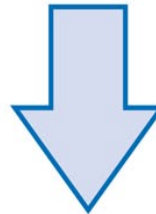
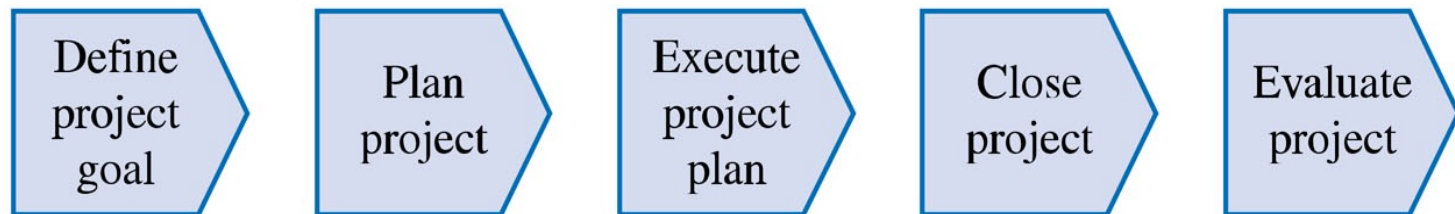


Software Development Life Cycle

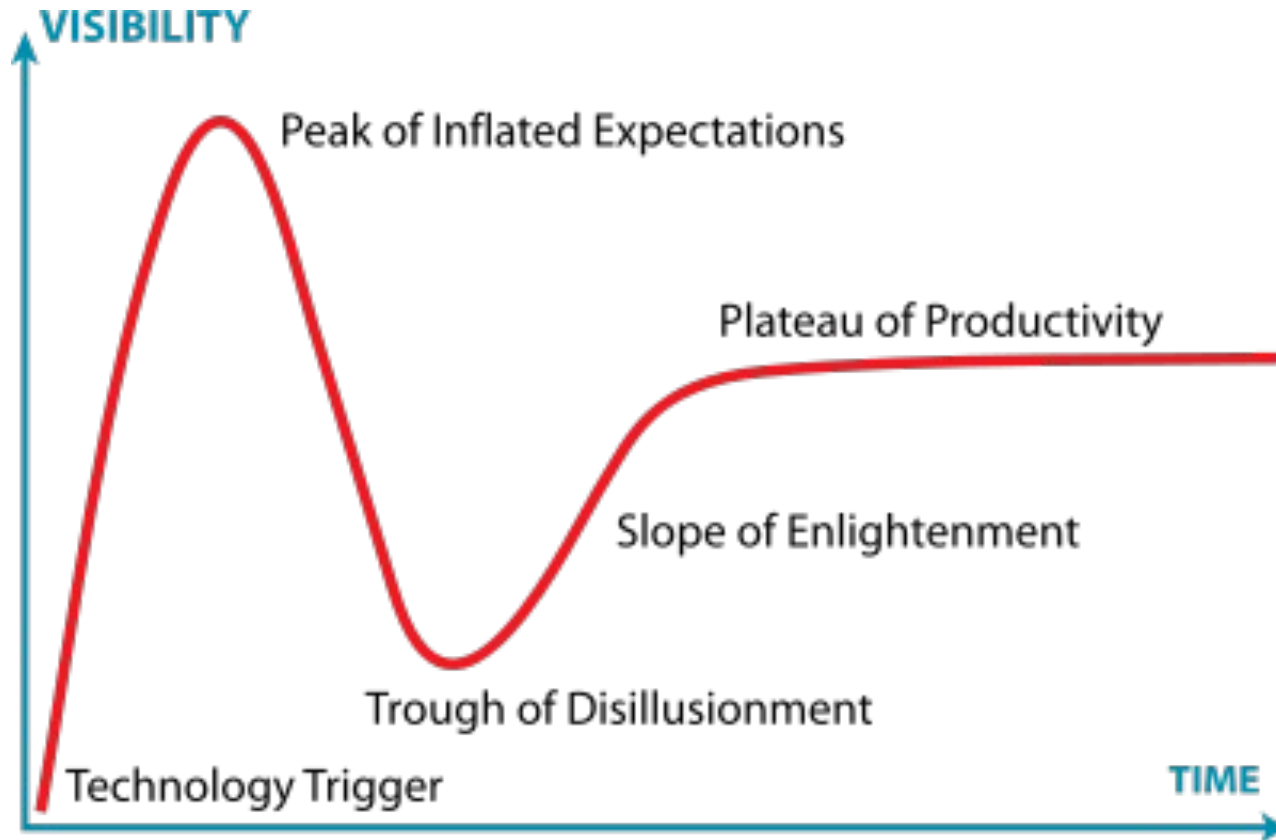


PLC & SDLC

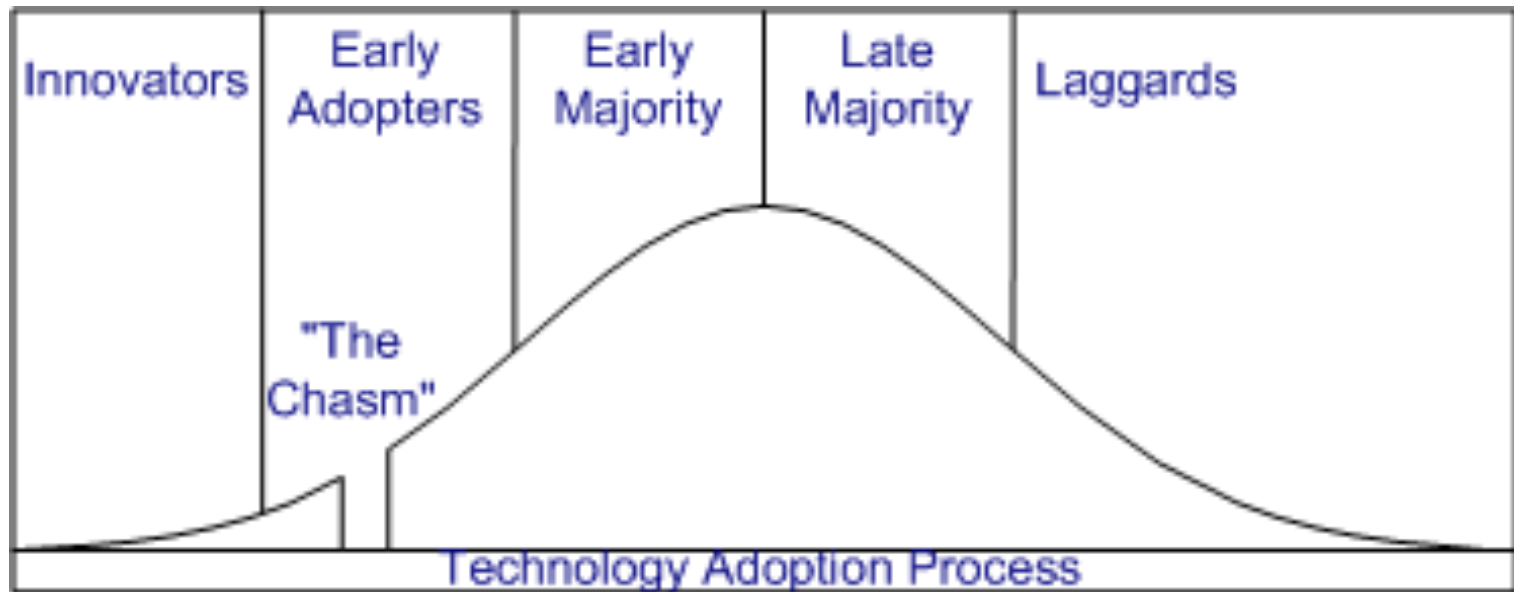
Project Life Cycle



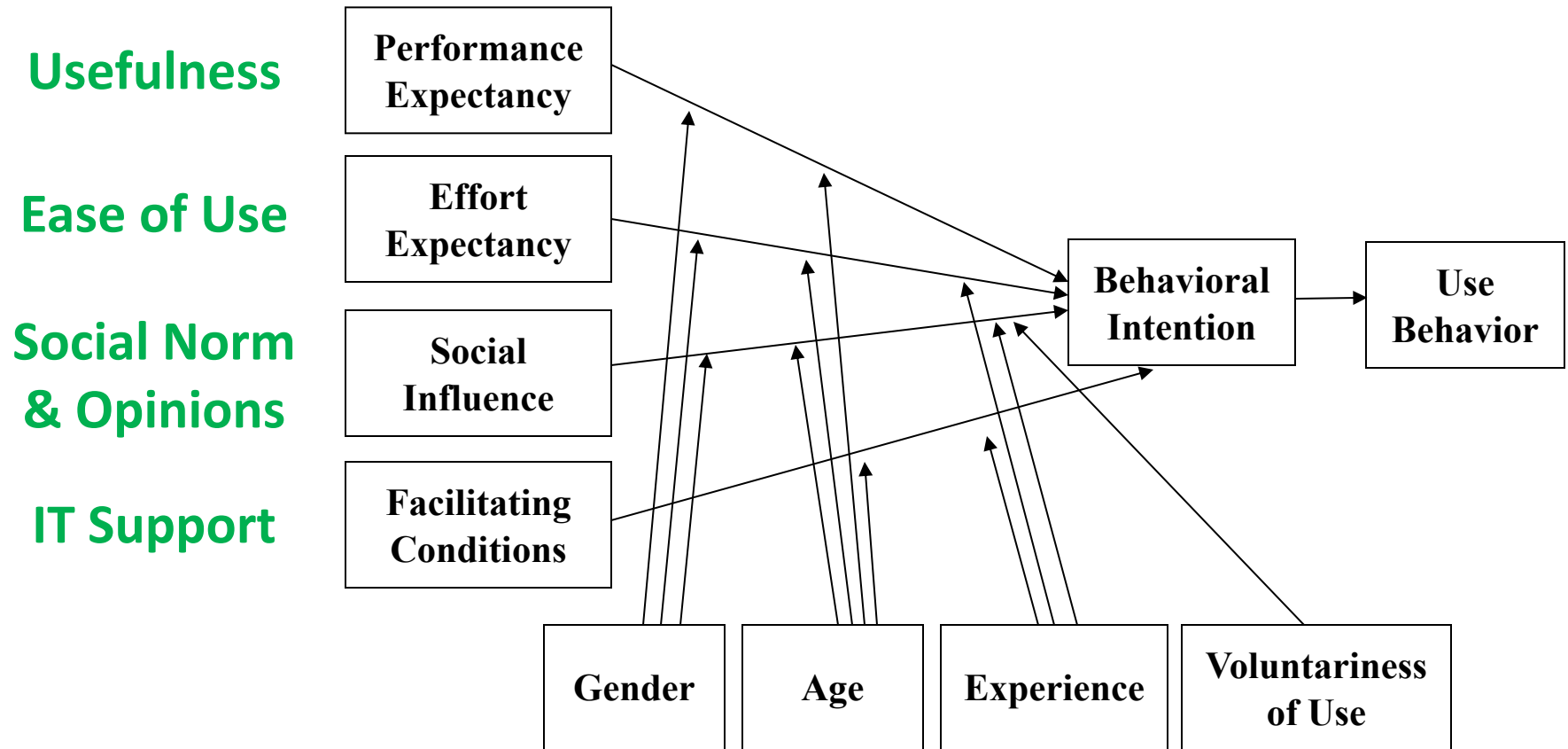
Gartner Hype Cycle



Rogers' Diffusion of Innovations: Adoption Curve



Unified Theory of Acceptance and Use of Technology (UTAUT)



Adoption Strategies:

“The Tipping Point” Version

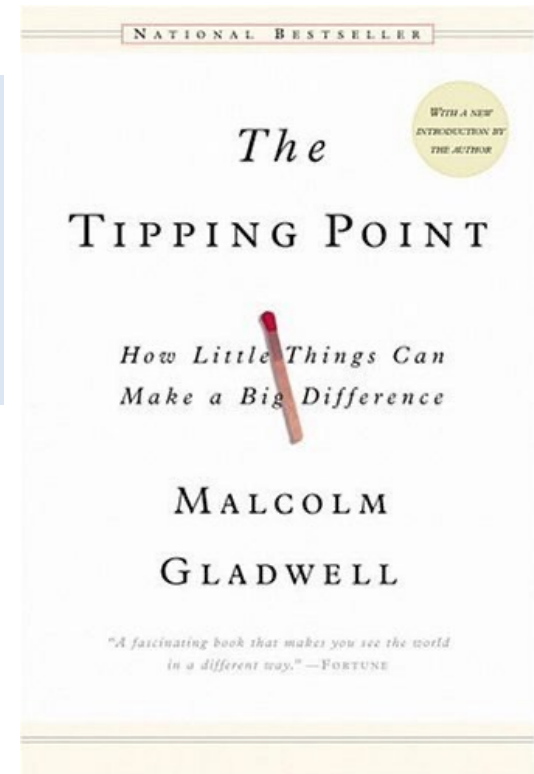
The Three Rules of Epidemics

- The Law of the Few
 - Connectors
 - Mavens
 - Salesmen
- The Stickiness Factor
- The Power of Context

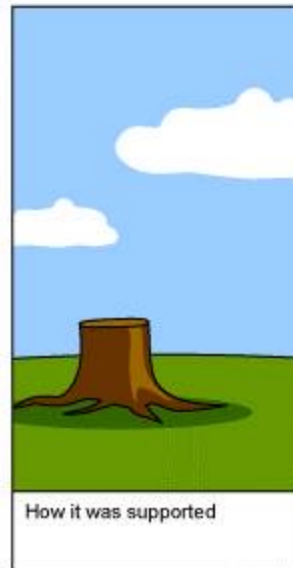
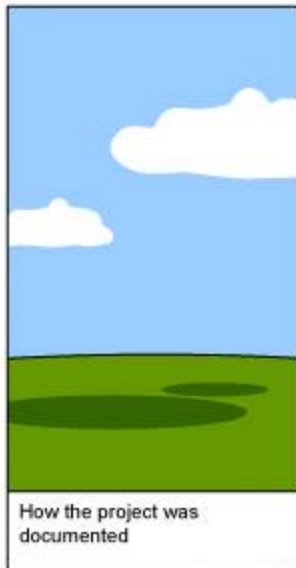
Change Agents
Opinion Leaders
Super-Users
Champions

Ease of Use

Social Norm
& Opinions
IT Support



Gladwell (2000)



A True Story of Failure to Involve Users in Hospital IT Implementation

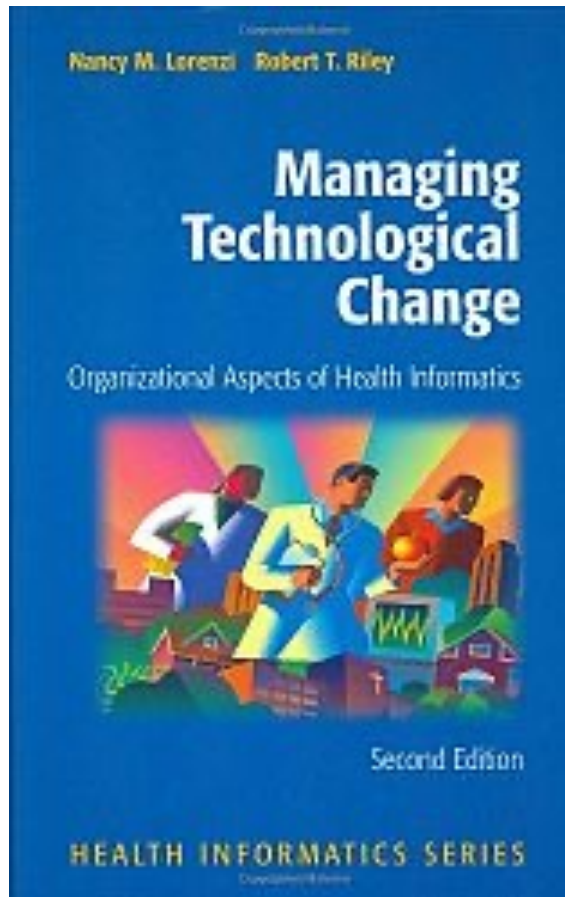
Management Point:
**Involve Users Early &
Intensively in Your Process**

Management Point:
Influence Your People's
Behaviors through
Managing their
Expectations & Attitudes

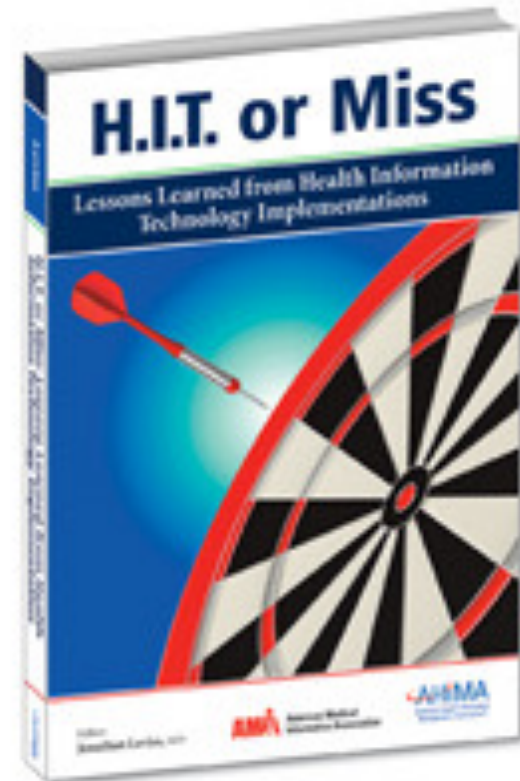
Success Factors of Hospital IT Adoption

- Communications of project plans & progresses
- Workflow considerations
- Management support of IT projects
- Common visions
- Shared commitment
- Multidisciplinary user involvement
- Project management
- Training
- Innovativeness
- Organizational learning

Resources on Change Management



Lorenzi & Riley (2004)



Leviss (Editor) (2010)

Q&A