

#### Analisi e Visualizzazione di Reti Complesse

DV05 - (Statistical) Plotting in Python

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#### Matplotlib

- Tutorial on MatplotLib
  - https://github.com/rschifan/avrc-2425/tree/main/dataviz/tutorials/01-matplotlib
- Other resources:
  - The Python Graph Gallery
    - <a href="https://github.com/holtzy/The-Python-Graph-Gallery">https://github.com/holtzy/The-Python-Graph-Gallery</a>
    - 400 Jupyter notebooks
  - Scientific Visualization Book
    - [github] [PDF]
    - [code examples]

#### Seaborn

Tutorial on Seaborn

# Exercises (basic)

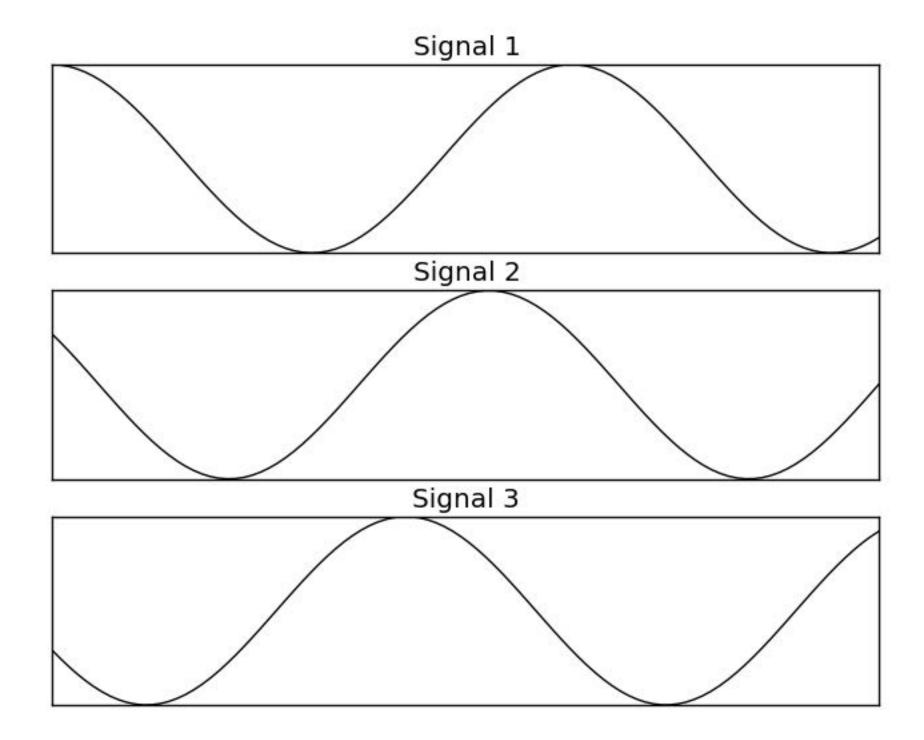
- 1. Subplots with Shared Axis: Create a 2x1 grid of subplots with shared x-axis. In the top subplot, plot  $y = \sin(x)$ , and in the bottom subplot, plot  $y = \cos(x)$ .
- 2. **Twin Axes:** Create a plot with twin axes (two y-axes that share the same x-axis). On the first y-axis, plot y1 = x, and on the second y-axis, plot  $y2 = e^x$ .
- 3. **Inset Plot:** Create a plot of the function  $y = \sin(x) / x$  on the interval [-10, 10]. Add an inset plot that zooms in on the function near x = 0.
- 4. **Streamplot:** Generate a grid of points in the x-y plane and compute a vector (u, v) at each point that is given by (u, v) = (-y, x). Create a streamplot of this vector field.
- 5. Image Display: Load an image file and display it using imshow. Apply a colormap of your choice and display a colorbar.

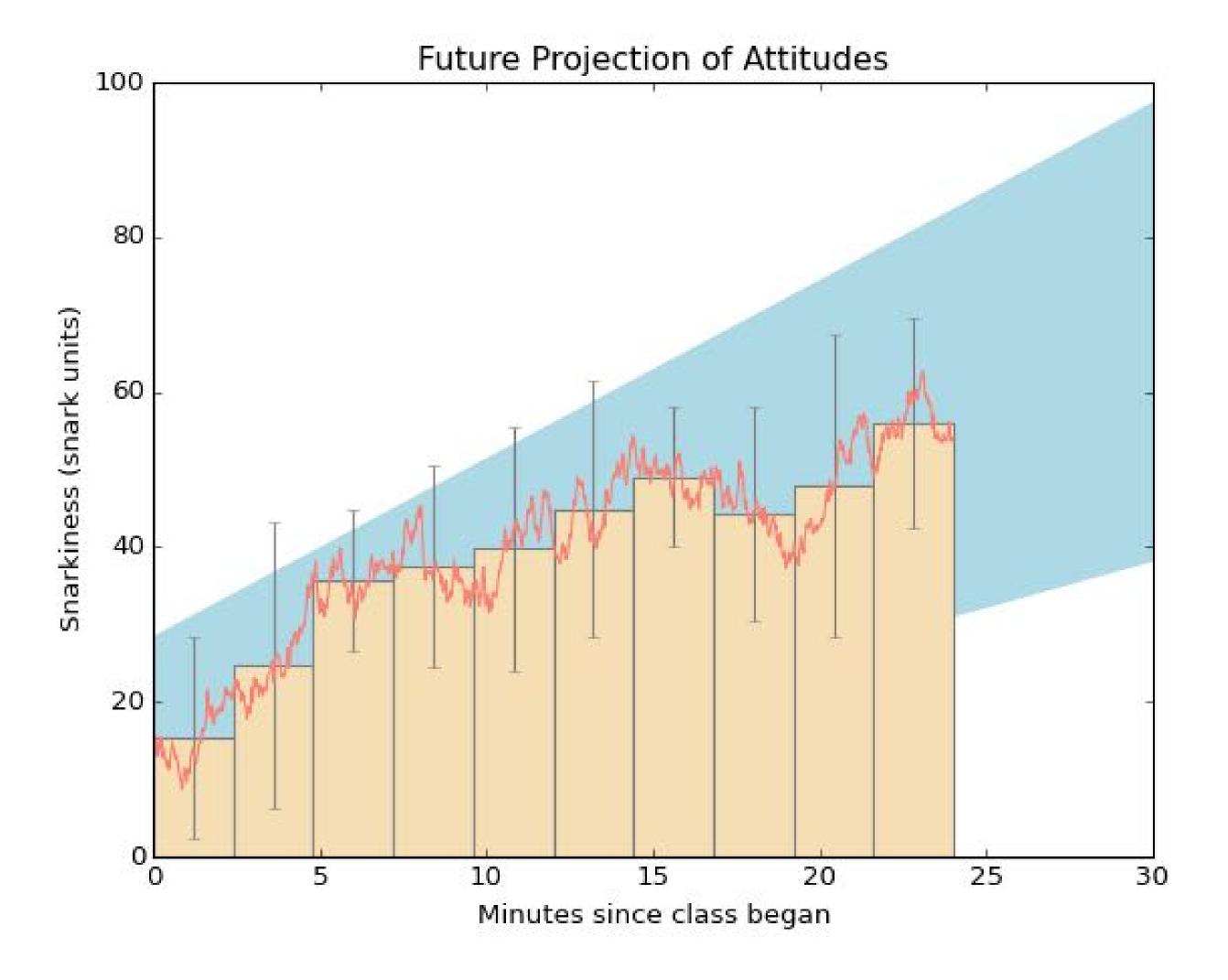
# Exercises (basic)

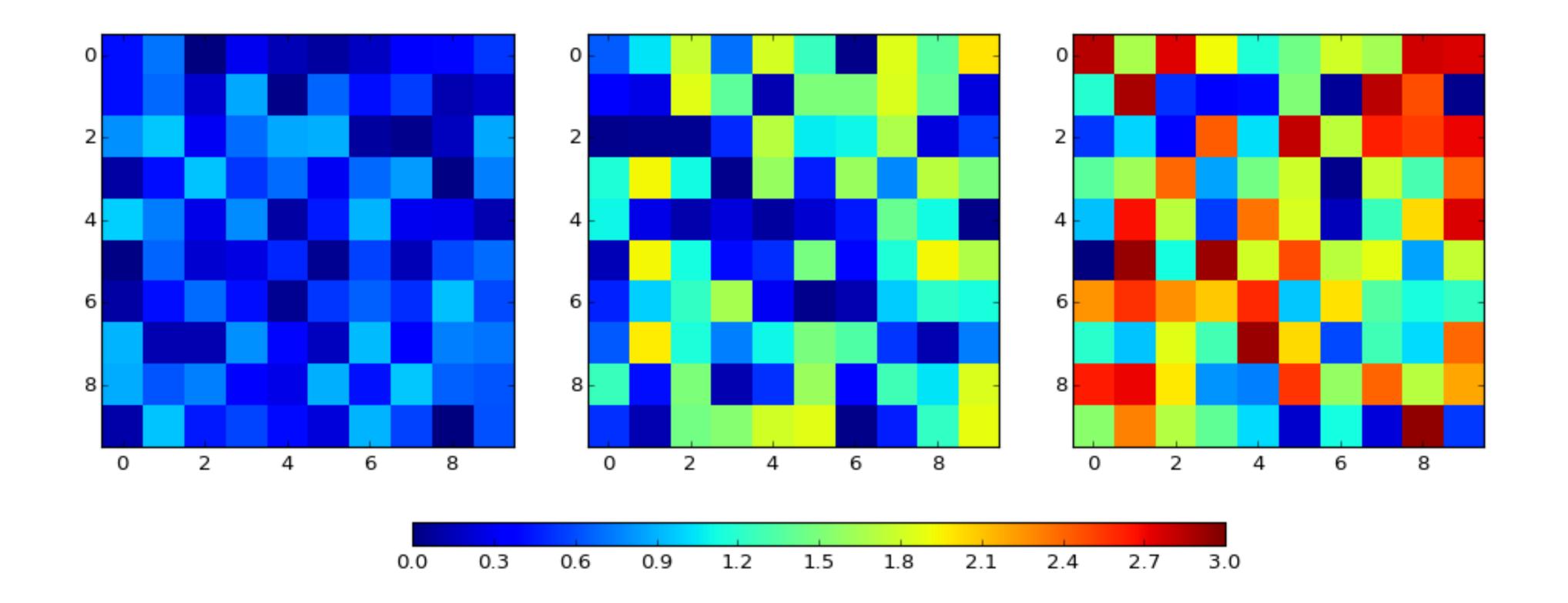
- 6. **Custom Legend:** Create a plot with several lines each representing a different dataset. Create a custom legend that accurately represents each line.
- 7. **Error Bars:** Create a line plot with error bars. Use the numpy.random.randn function to generate random error values.
- 8. **Filled Plots:** Create a plot of the function  $y = \sin(x)$  on the interval [0, 2\*pi]. Fill the area between the line and the x-axis.
- 9. **Histogram with Fit:** Generate 1000 random numbers from a normal distribution using numpy.random.randn and create a histogram. Fit a Gaussian function to the data and plot it on top of the histogram.
- 10. Stacked Area Plot: Create a stacked area plot using the following data: {'Category1': [1, 2, 3], 'Category2': [2, 2, 3], 'Category3': [3, 2, 3]}.

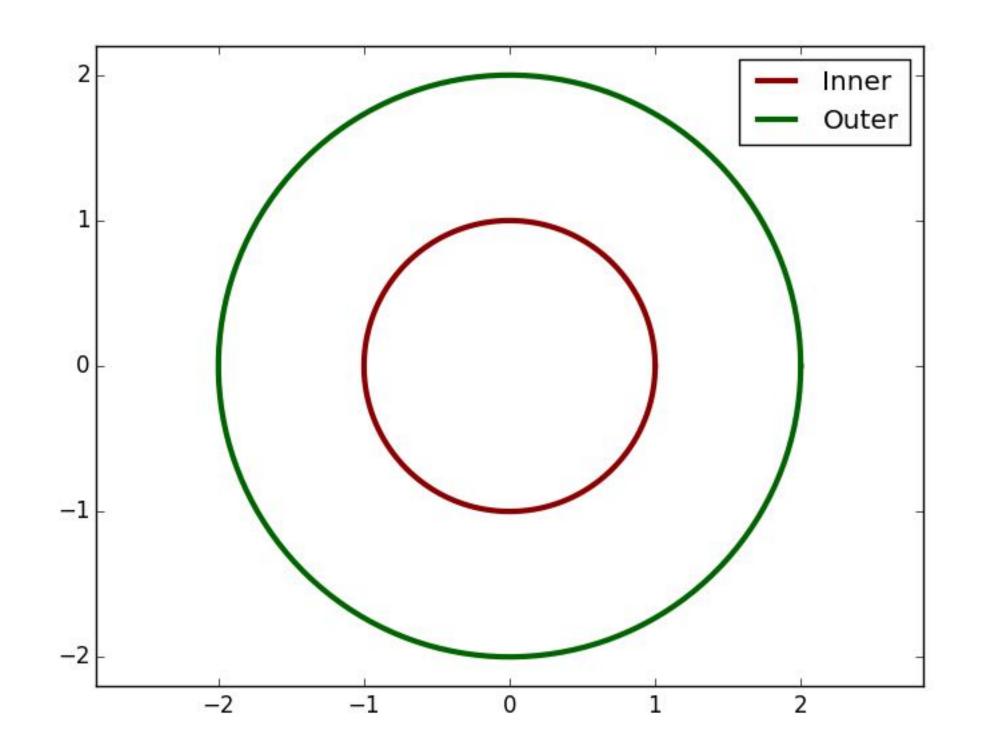
# Exercise (basic)

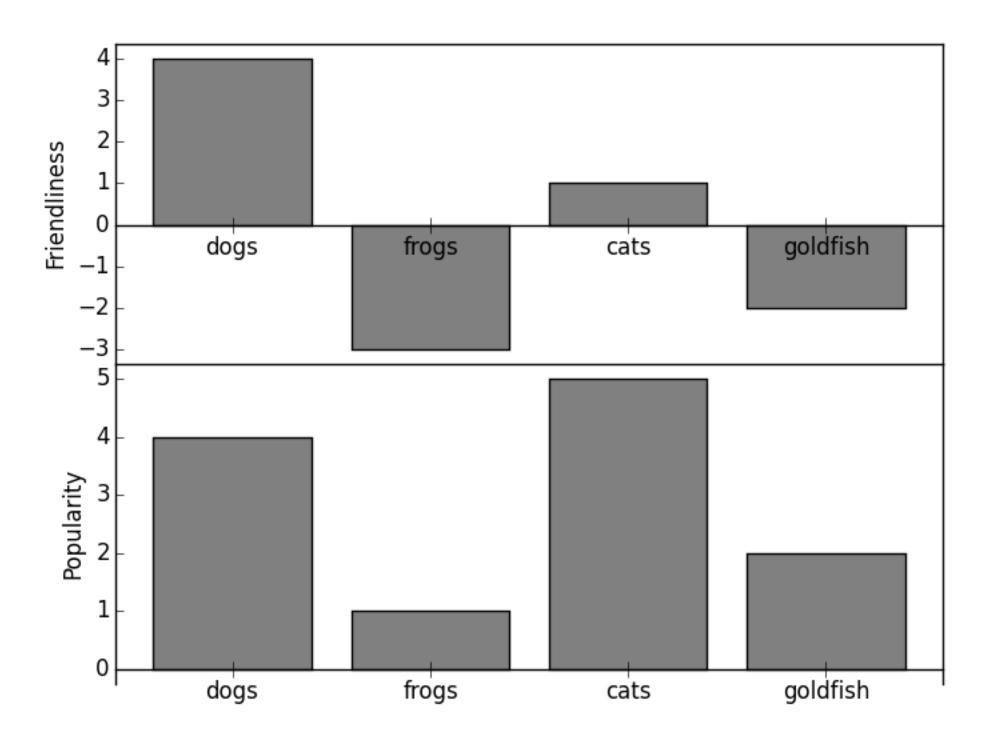
Try to reproduce the following plots





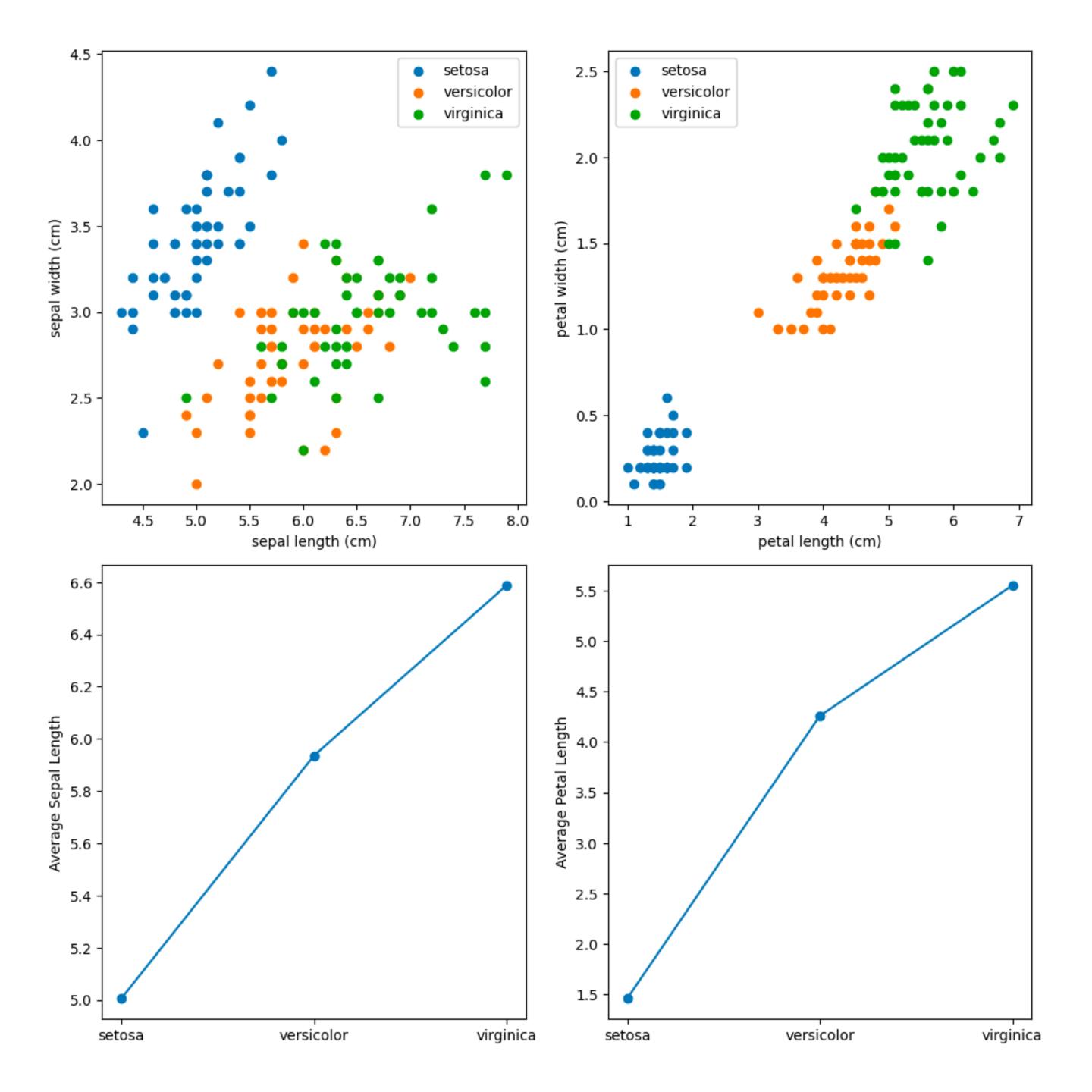






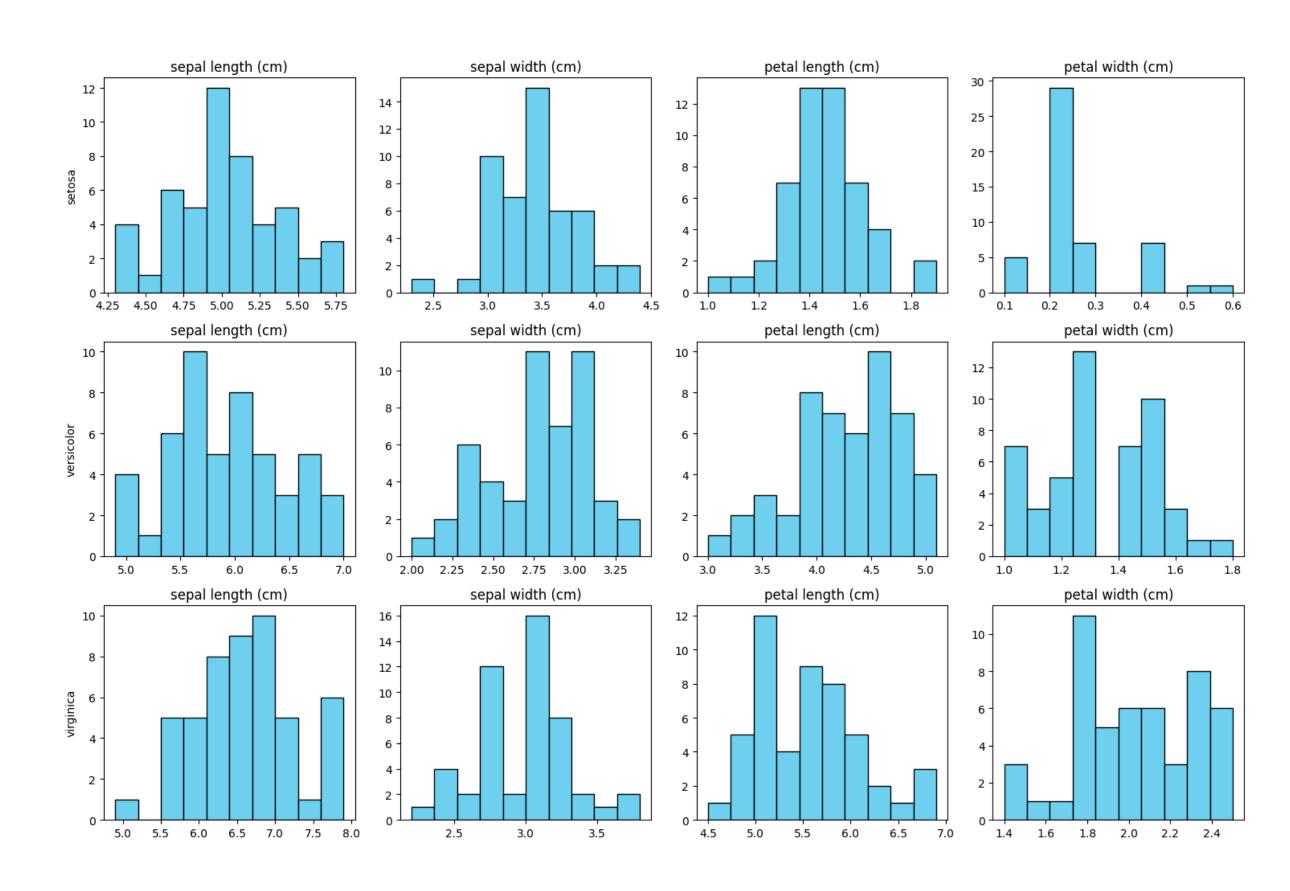
#### Exercise (intermediate)

- Create a 2x2 grid of subplots. In each subplot, plot the Iris dataset in a different way:
  - In the first subplot, create a scatter plot comparing sepal length and sepal width. Use different colors to represent different species.
  - In the second subplot, create a scatter plot comparing petal length and petal width. Again, use different colors for different species.
  - In the third subplot, create a line plot showing the average sepal length for each species.
  - In the fourth subplot, create a line plot showing the average petal length for each species.
- Remember to add appropriate labels and titles to each subplot.



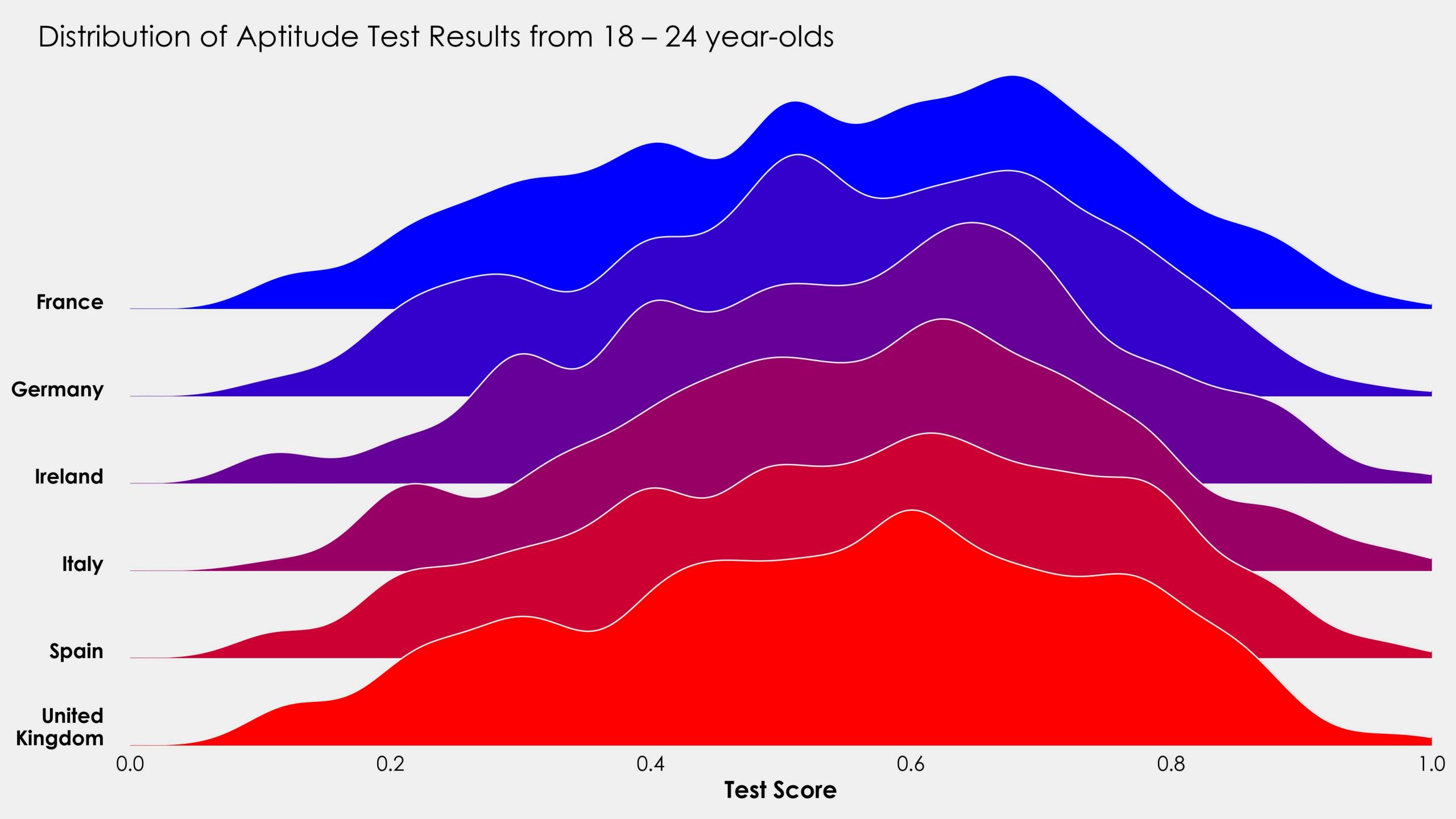
### Exercise (intermediate)

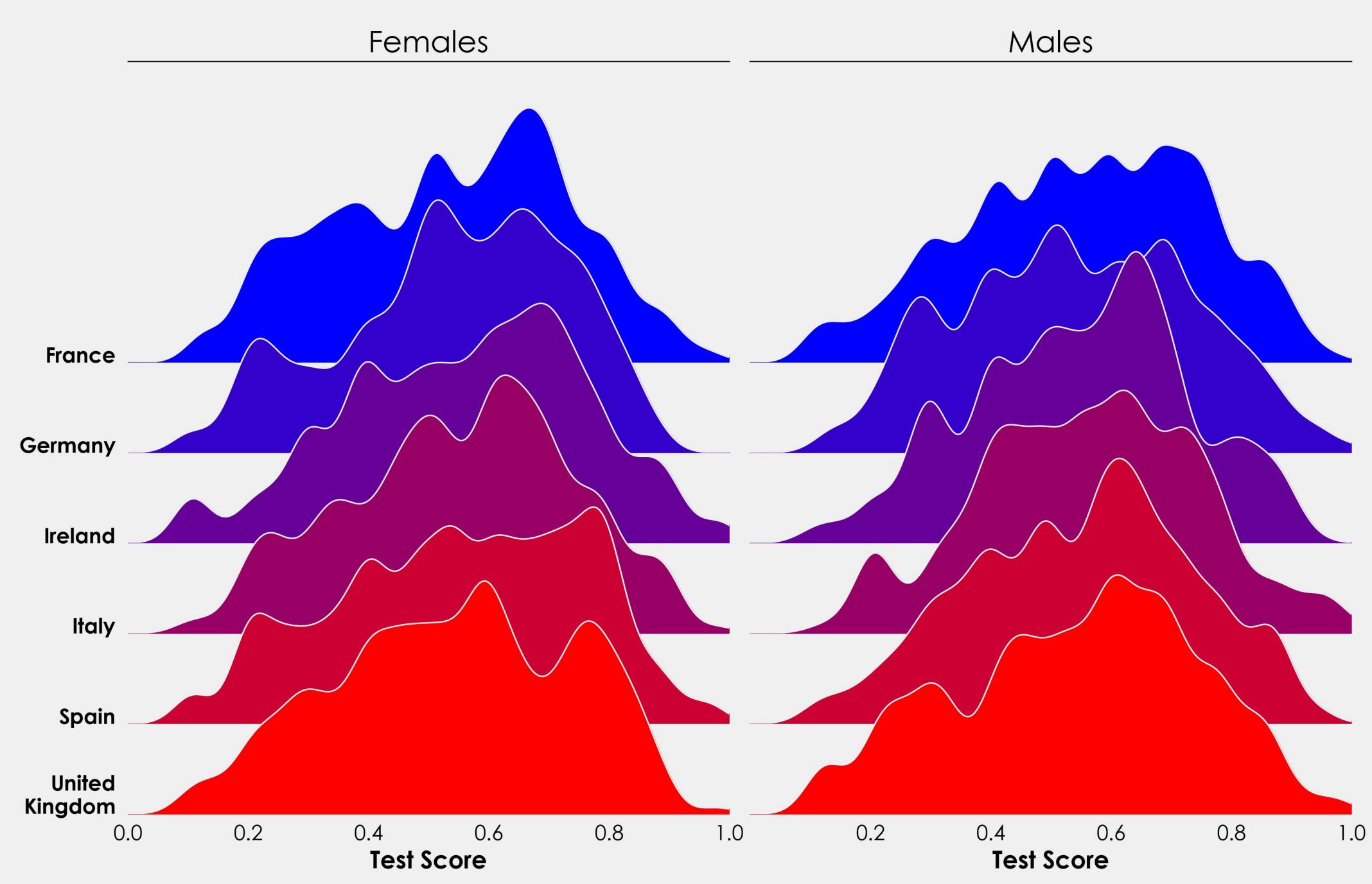
- Create a 3x4 grid of subplots, where each row represents a different species from the Iris dataset, and each column represents a different feature (sepal length, sepal width, petal length, petal width).
- In each subplot, create a histogram of the feature values for the corresponding species.



#### Exercise (advanced)

- This exercise will outline how we can leverage **gridspec** to create **ridgeplots** in Matplotlib.
- data source:
  - <a href="https://github.com/petermckeever/mock-data/blob/master/datasets/mock-european-test-results.csv">https://github.com/petermckeever/mock-data/blob/master/datasets/mock-european-test-results.csv</a>
- To create the kde plots there are several alternatives:
  - plot.kde from pandas
  - KernelDensity module from sklearn.neighbors to compute the distribution and then plot and fill\_between from matplotlib
- Replicate the exercise using seaborn



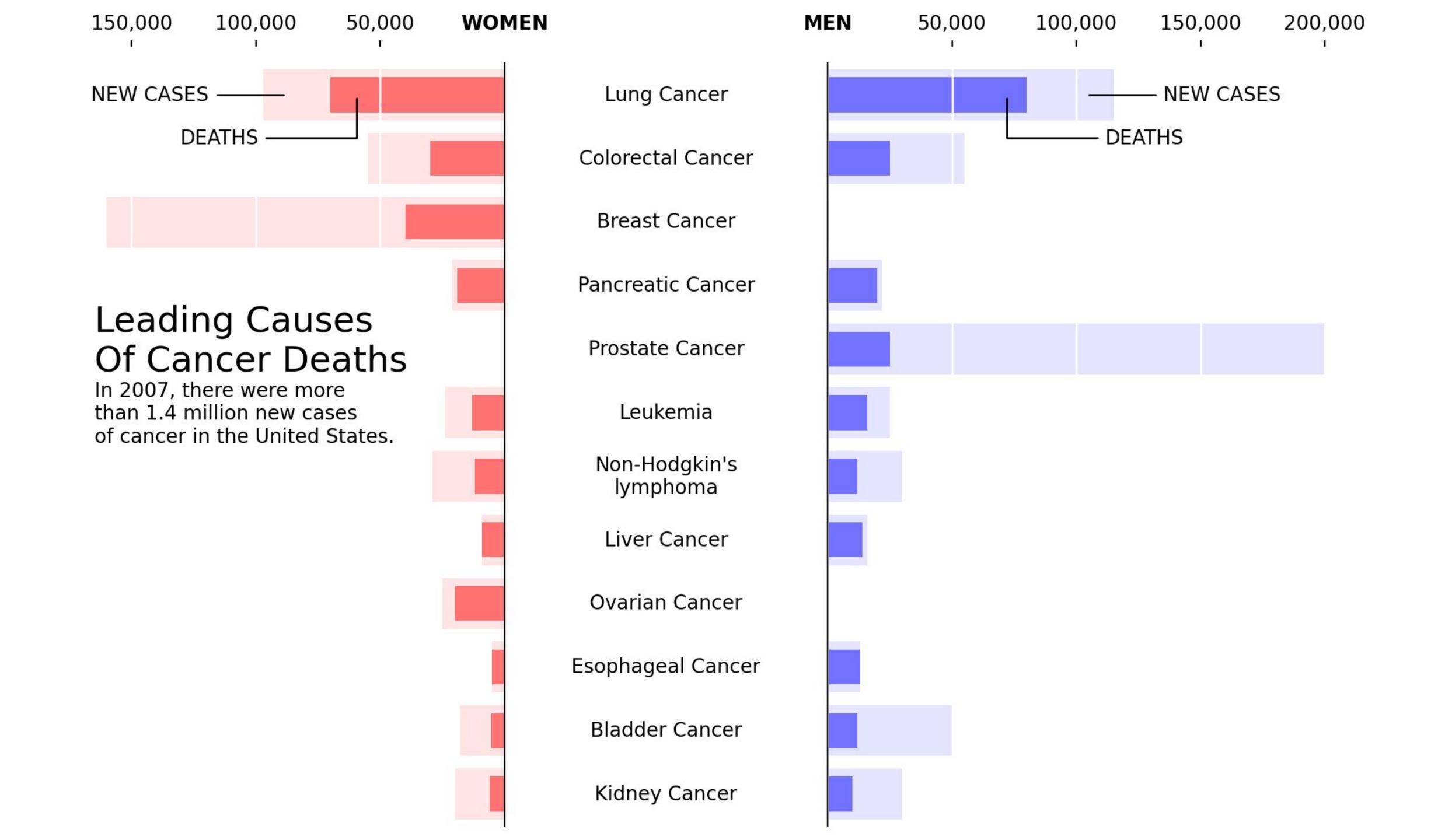


#### Exercise (advanced)

- Earth's temperatures are rising and nothing shows this in a simpler, more approachable graphic than the "Warming Stripes". Introduced by Prof. Ed Hawkins they show the temperatures either for the global average or for your region as colored bars from blue to red for the last 170 years, available at #ShowYourStripes.
- The stripes have since become the logo of the <u>Scientists for Future</u>.
- HadCRUT4 dataset, published by the Met Office
- Replicate this using the PatchCollection and Rectangle objects

#### Exercise (advanced)

- This is a remake of a figure that was originally published in the New York Times (NYT) in 2007.
- The data is made of four series (men deaths/cases, women deaths/cases) of cancer
  - You can randomly assign the values to the classes
- This plot if entertaining for a general audience of a journal, it shows a serious drawback, which one?
  - Can you solve it?



#### Material

#### **Matplotlib**

- Official Matplotlib User guide
- Official Matplotlib Tutorials
- Official Matplotlib Examples
- Matplotlib Cheatsheet (very useful!)

#### Seaborn

- Official Seaborn Tutorial
- Official Seaborn Gallery

#### Questions?

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