

# Creating an Agent-less Host Intrusion Detection System using PowerShell and WMI

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## About\_Author

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- Hunt Technical Lead for Veris Group's Adaptive Threat Division
- Former
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- 2015 Black Hat Minesweeper Champion
- Moderator of PowerShell.com "Security Forum"
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  - Uproot IDS

## Agenda

- Introduction to Uproot
  - Project Inspiration
- WMI Eventing Refresher
- Signature Development Methodology
  - Event Enumeration Demo
  - Signature Development Demo
- Uproot Demo
- Questions

# what is Uproot?

- Uproot ([www.github.com/Invoke-IR/Uproot](http://www.github.com/Invoke-IR/Uproot))
  - Host based Intrusion Detection System built on permanent WMI event subscriptions
  - Leverages WmiEvent module to easily manage subscriptions
- WmiEvent ([www.github.com/Invoke-IR/WmiEvent](http://www.github.com/Invoke-IR/WmiEvent))
  - PowerShell module that abstracts the complexities of permanent WMI event subscriptions

## why are we here?

- Matt – Some colleagues were investigating a breach involving WMI persistence and I was asked how one would effectively detect the creation of permanent WMI event subscriptions.
- Jared – As a consultant, we are often not allowed to dictate configuration changes or software additions, but are responsible for near real-time monitoring. Permanent WMI event subscriptions offer support across all versions of windows (past and present) for monitoring system changes as they happen.

# Refresher – Event Classes

Two types of event classes:

- Extrinsic:
  - “not linked to changes in the WMI data model”<sup>1</sup> – i.e. provider specific
  - Does not require a polling interval – i.e. no missed firings
  - Limited set
  - E.g. RegistryChangeEvent
- Intrinsic:
  - “occurs in response to a change in the standard WMI data model”<sup>1</sup>
  - Requires polling interval – i.e. can miss firings
  - Limited only by the classes present in the WMI repository

<sup>1</sup> – “Determining the Type of Event to Receive” [https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa390355\(v=vs.85\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/aa390355(v=vs.85).aspx)

# Refresher – Events

- Local WMI events
  - Register-WmiEvent, Register-CimIndicationEvent
- Permanent WMI events
  - Set-WmiInstance, New-CimInstance
  - Requires the following instances:
    1. \_\_EventConsumer – e.g. CommandLineEventConsumer
    2. \_\_EventFilter – WMI event query
    3. \_\_FilterToConsumerBinding

# Refresher – \_\_EventFilter

- Intrinsic event filter example:
  - `SELECT * FROM __InstanceModificationEvent WITHIN 5 WHERE TargetInstance ISA 'Win32_Service' and TargetInstance.State = 'Running'`
  - `SELECT * FROM __InstanceCreationEvent WITHIN 10 WHERE TargetInstance ISA 'Win32_StartupCommand'`
- Extrinsic event filter example:
  - `SELECT * FROM Win32_VolumeChangeEvent WHERE EventType = 2`
  - `SELECT * FROM Win32_ProcessStartTrace WHERE ProcessName LIKE '%chrome%'`



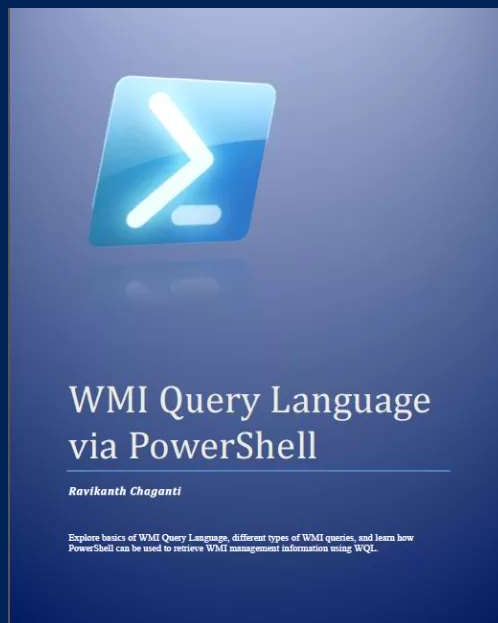
# Refresher – \_\_EventConsumer

## Standard event consumers

- LogFileEventConsumer
- ActiveScriptEventConsumer
- NTEventLogEventConsumer
- SMTPEventConsumer
- CommandLineEventConsumer

# WMI Query Language via PowerShell

<http://www.ravichaganti.com/blog/publications/ebook-wmi-query-language-wql-via-powershell/>



# “Signature” Development – Methodology

- Identify what you'd like to detect.
  - i.e. Identify common attacker actions
    1. Service creation
    2. Registry persistence – think Autoruns
    3. Lateral movement
    4. WMI persistence
    5. Etc.
- Consider if there is already current detection
  - Event log entries
  - Command-line auditing
  - Applocker

# “Signature” Development – Methodology

1. Prioritize utilization of extrinsic event classes

- No chance of missing events – no polling interval required

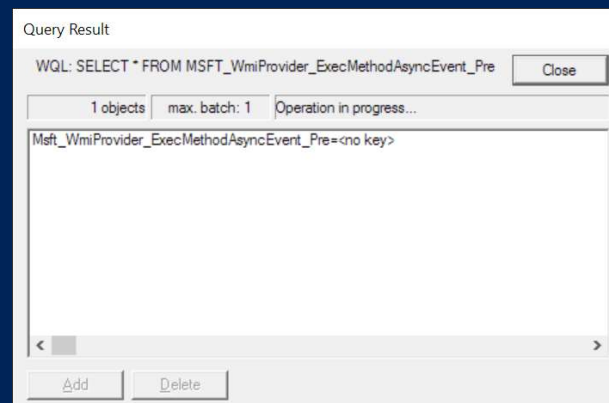
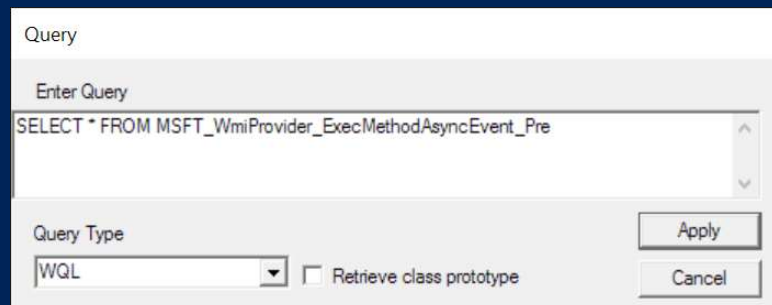
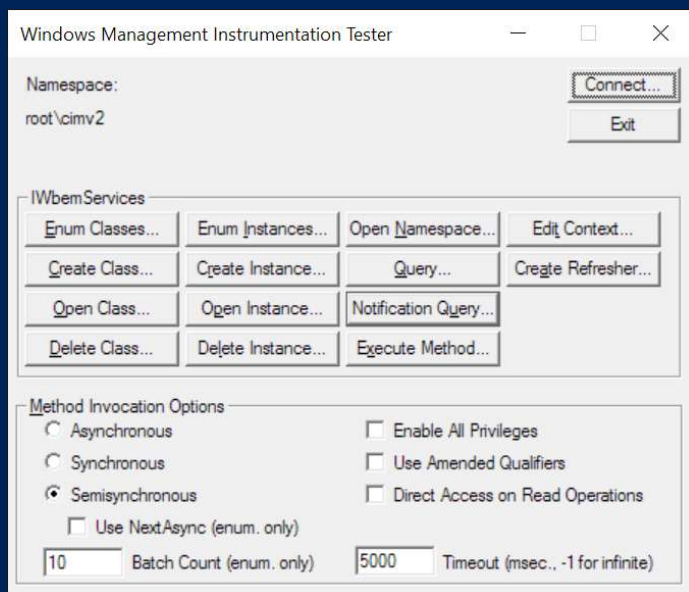
2. Fall back to intrinsic events if necessary

But how do I know what events are available???

- PowerShell, of course!

# Event Enumeration Demo

# “Signature” Development – Methodology



wbemtest.exe

# “Signature” Development – Scenario

- You have a good idea of attacker actions but you don't have a specific WMI class for detection in mind.
  - E.g. lateral movement
  - Is there a win32\_LateralMovement class???  
No. ☹
- Let's explore a bit and see if there are any events that stand out.
- Some creativity required...

Demo time

# Signature Development Demo



# “Signature” Development – Methodology

- As a result of exploring extrinsic events, we came up with some of the following signatures:

1. `SELECT * FROM MSFT_WmiProvider_ExecMethodAsyncEvent_Pre WHERE ObjectPath="Win32_Process" AND MethodName="Create"`
2. `SELECT * FROM MSFT_WmiProvider_ExecMethodAsyncEvent_Pre WHERE ObjectPath="StdRegProv"`
3. `SELECT * FROM Win32_ModuleLoadTrace WHERE FileName LIKE "%System.Management.Automation%.dll%"`
4. `SELECT * FROM __ClassCreationEvent`
5. `SELECT * FROM MSFT_WmiProvider_CreateInstanceEnumAsyncEvent_Pre WHERE ClassName="Win32_Process"`

# Uproot Demo

Questions?