

This is a manual for developers. There are two aspects to the code: the user-interface and the G-code translator. The UI is basically how Swing is used, plus the plumbing that holds the entire program together, while the translator is the central task the program is intended to accomplish.

## 1 User-interface and Plumbing

The entry point for the program is found in<sup>1</sup>

`vcnc.Main`

There's not a lot to say about this class: it merely kicks off the entire program by creating a

`vcnc.MainWindow`

This is where all the plumbing comes together and is the primary window for user activity. Most of what happens in the class is standard stuff: menus, windows, *etc.*

Alternatively, the `main()` method can invoke a series of units tests. Which of the two is done (ordinary GUI or unit test) depends on which of two methods is called by `main()`.<sup>2</sup> The unit tests are discussed further, below, with the translator.

This window puts each file in a tabbed frame. By default, Java's `JTabbedPane` doesn't have all the functionality desired, so there's a fair amount of UI code in the `vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD` package, which is discussed further, below.

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In addition, each tab shown has a type that corresponds to the contents of that tab. These types are managed by the `vcnc.ui.TabMgmt` package. What it does is simple.

`vncc.ui.TabMgmt.TabbedType`

is an `enum` listing the possible types of tab contents and

`vncc.ui.TabMgmt.TypedDisplayItem`

is an interface that each tab `Component` must implement to associate a type with its contents. Currently, all of these extend `JScrollPane`, but any number of other `awt.Component` objects would probably work as the base class.

Currently, there are only three of these types:

`vncc.ui.TabMgmt.GInputTab`

`vncc.ui.TabMgmt.LexerTab`

`vncc.ui.TabMgmt.ParserTab`

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<sup>1</sup> "vcnc" stands for "Virtual CNC."

<sup>2</sup>It wouldn't be hard to the choice of which to run into a command-line argument, but it seems like an unnecessary complication.

The `LexerTab` and `ParserTab` are essentially identical,<sup>3</sup> and are used to display G-code output, which is not editable. The `GInputTab` is a bit more complicated because this code is editable and due to toggling line numbers.

The final class found in this package is

```
vncc.ui.TabMgmt.StaticWindow
```

which is used to convert a tab to an independant window whose contents can no longer be edited.<sup>4</sup>

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The remaining files in the `vcnc` package are

```
vcnc.TextInputDialog  
vcnc.TableMenu
```

The `TextInputDialog` class is currently used to set the material billet, but it's not being done in the way that it ultimately should be done.

`vcnc.TableMain` is leftover junk – test code for `JTables`. Get rid of it.

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TALK ABOUT HOW THE MAIN WINDOW INVOKES THE UNDERLYING TRANSLATOR.

## 1.1 `vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD` Package

Two features beyond those provided by `JTabbedPane` are added: an “X” to close the tabs, and the ability to drag and drop the tabs within each window or from one window to another. The close-box is managed (mostly) through `ButtonTabComponent`, and the remaining classes manage drag & drop, with `TabbedPaneDnD` being the main class of interest externally. See<sup>5</sup>

```
vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD.ButtonTabComponent  
vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD.GhostGlassPane  
vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD.TabbedPaneDnD  
vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD.TabDragGestureListener  
vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD.TabDragSourceListener  
vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD.TabDropTargetListener  
vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD.TabTransferable  
vcnc.ui.TabbedPaneDnD.TabTransferPacket
```

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<sup>3</sup>Clean that up.

<sup>4</sup>This is also similar to `LexerTab` and `ParserTab`.

<sup>5</sup>I wrote this ages ago, and it seems to work, but it's not pretty. I need to rewrite it, make it more of a stand-alone thing that is useful more generally and provide better documentation for it. It's messy Swing, so I'm putting it off.

## 1.2 Miscellany in the `vcnc.util` Package

```
vcnc.util.ChoiceDialogRadio  
vcnc.util.ClickListener  
vcnc.util.EmptyReadException  
vcnc.util.FileIOUtil  
vcnc.util.LoadOrSaveDialog  
vcnc.util.StringUtil
```

Not much to say about these...`ClickListener` may be trash, and they could all be tidied up with unused stuff taken out. They're mostly older code pulled from other projects.

## 2 G-code Translator

GER is similar to a (very simple) compiler or interpreter. It converts an input file of G-code to a simpler form. This simplification happens as the code passes through a series of layers, where each layer handles a particular aspect of the simplification. The code related to this translation process is all in `vcnc.tpile.*`, either in that package or in a sub-package.

The lowest layer is the lexical analyzer (or “lexer”). Because G-code is so simple, with very little context-dependence, the lexer is equally simple. It converts the incoming text file to a stream of `Token` objects. Each token represents one of the letter codes (G, M, I, J, *etc.*) and any associated value. GER allows the user to extend ordinary G-code with user-defined functions, and these functions are also converted to `Token` objects.

The `Token` objects are passed to the next layer, which is the parser. The parser assembles the tokens into `Statement` objects. These statements correspond to the individual conceptual steps of the program. The remaining layers convert these statements into an increasingly stripped-down subset of the possible G-codes, ultimately producing nothing but G00, G01, G02, G03 codes for moving the cutter, plus a few M-codes and other codes that pass through the process untouched.

The remaining layers are where the meat of the simplification occurs. By layering the simplification process in this way, each layer is made easier to understand, although it does lead to a certain amount of repetitive boilerplate. These layers are given numbers, starting with 00.

## 2.1 Lexer

The code used for lexing is found in `vcnc.tpile.lex`. Classes outside this package – the next layer of the translator – need access to the `Lexer` and `Token` classes. The other classes here have default visibility, so are not accessible outside the package: there’s a token buffer and some internally used exception classes.

## 2.2 Parser

The parser takes a stream of `Token` objects, generated by `Lexer`, and produces a series of `Statement` objects. This code is found in `vcnc.tpile.parse`. Most of the classes in this package extend `StatmentData`. Each type of `Statement` may need different data, one class for ciruclar interpolation, one for linear moves, *etc.* The names for these classes start with “`Data`.”

## 2.3 Layer00

This layer eliminates all calls to subroutines. In particular, `M98` (call subprogram) and `M99` (return from subprogram) are replaced by the code of the corresponding subprogram(s).

IN ADDITION, this also eliminates certain items that serve no purpose in a simulator, like `M07`, `M09` and `M09` for coolant control, together with `M40` and `M41` for spindle high/low and `M48` and `M49` for feed and speed overrides.

For several other commands, it’s not clear what the appropriate action should be, so they are treated as a “halt.” These codes are `M00`, `M01` and `M02` (various forms of “stop”), along with `M47` (repeat program).

BUG: I suspect that some of these should pass all the way through the program, and only be dropped at the very end, when rendering.

## 2.4 Unit Tests

As noted above, the unit tests can be run from the `main()` method. The basic idea is that each layer of the translator, starting with the lexer, is able to produce output as text (a `String`). Each test is specified by an input file, which is run through the translator up to a certain level. The output from this run is compared to a static text file to see if they match.