#### 1

## ASSIGNMENT 1 - EE5600

### RS Girish - EE20RESCH14005\*

#### **CONTENTS**

#### 1 Problem

#### 2 Solution

Abstract—This paper contains solution to problem no 17 of Lines and Planes section. Links to Python codes are available below.

Download python codes using

https://github.com/rsgirishkumar/Assignment1/codes/

1 Problem

Find m if

$$(2 \quad 3)\mathbf{x} = 11$$

$$(2 \quad -4)\mathbf{x} = -24$$

$$(m \quad -1)\mathbf{x} = -3$$

$$(1.0.1)$$

2 Solution

**Step1**: To Find the solution using

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 11$$
$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = -24$$

To find the solution, check the consistency of equations by using the rank of matrix.

$$N = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 11 \\ 2 & -4 & -24 \end{pmatrix}$$

since rank of matrix N = 2 and M = 2, there exists a unique solution which is intersection point of two

line equations.

To Find the solution, use ratio of determinants methods for x and y and form a 2x2 matrix from above equations to get into Ax=B format.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ -24 \end{pmatrix}$$

As per ratio of determinants,

$$\mathbf{x} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 11 & 3 \\ -24 & -4 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix}} = \frac{-44 + 72}{-8 - 6} = \frac{28}{-14} = -2$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 11 \\ 2 & -24 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix}} = \frac{-48 - 22}{-8 - 6} = \frac{70}{14} = 5$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

On back-substituting the values in 3rd equation i.e.

$$\begin{pmatrix} m & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = -3 \tag{2.0.1}$$

The equation can be re-written as

$$(m -1) {\binom{-2}{5}} = -3$$

$$\Rightarrow m = -1$$

$$(2.0.2)$$

The solution of all the three equations i.e.

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

can be verified from the plot of vectors as below The vectors of equations are plotted on 2D axes by taking intersecting points on x and y axes respectively. Intersecting points are given in code

# https://github.com/rsgirishkumar/Assignment1/codes/assignment1\_solution.py

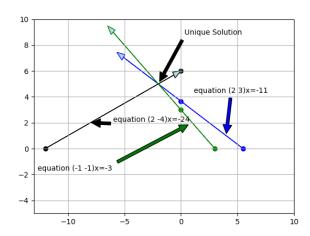


Fig. 0: Three lines intersecting at a point.

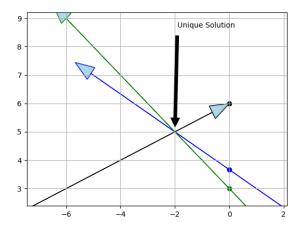


Fig. 0: A Clear view.