## Appendix: Final-Logistic Regression-Tables (log-odds)

Renato Guevara Ayón

2024-05-16

	Model 1	Model 2
	Crime	Crime
Year (ref = 2017)		
2010	O = 1 + + +	
2018	0.51***	
2010	(0.08) $1.21***$	
2019	(0.08)	
2020	1.38***	
2020	(0.09)	
2021	0.96***	
2021	(0.09)	
2022	1.23***	
2022	(0.10)	
2023	1.54***	
	(0.09)	
$Government \; (ref = Kuczynski)$	()	
Vizcarra		1.05***
		(0.06)
Sagasti		1.01***
		(0.08)
Castillo		$1.07^{***}$
		(0.08)
Boluarte		1.51***
		(0.08)
Newspaper (ref = $Correo$ )		
Ojo	-0.40***	-0.44***
<i>-</i> 50	(0.06)	(0.06)
Peru21	-0.42***	-0.41***
	(0.06)	(0.06)
Trome	$-0.18^{**}$	$-0.16^{**}$
	(0.05)	(0.05)
Intercept	0.29***	0.31***
	(0.07)	(0.06)
*** $p < 0.001;$ ** $p < 0.01;$ * $p < 0.05$		<u> </u>

Table 1: Log-odds for presence of crime thematic frame in Peruvian right-leaning newspapers (2017-2023)

	Model 1	Model 2
	Migration	Migration
Year (ref = 2017)		
2018	0.39***	
	(0.09)	
2019	-0.06	
	(0.09)	
2020	-0.64***	
	(0.11)	
2021	$-0.37^{***}$	
	(0.10)	
2022	-0.55***	
	(0.11)	
2023	$-0.20^*$	
	(0.10)	
Government (ref = $Kuczynski$ )		
Vizcarra		-0.19**
, =======		(0.07)
Sagasti		-0.47***
3		(0.10)
Castillo		-0.63***
		(0.09)
Boluarte		-0.33***
		(0.09)
Newspaper (ref = Correo)		,
Ojo	-0.38***	-0.34***
Ojo	(0.06)	(0.06)
Peru21	0.04	0.03
1 01421	(0.06)	(0.06)
Trome	$-0.62^{***}$	$-0.62^{***}$
1101110	(0.06)	(0.06)
Intercept	-1.07***	$-0.94^{***}$
	(0.09)	(0.07)

Table 2: Log-odds for presence of migration the matic frame in Peruvian right-leaning newspapers (2017-2023)

	Model 1	Model 2	
	Sexual Violence	Sexual Violence	
Year (ref = 2017)			
2018	-0.10		
	(0.11)		
2019	-0.06		
	(0.11)		
2020	-0.01		
	(0.11)		
2021	-0.34**		
	(0.11)		
2022	-0.18		
	(0.12)		
2023	0.07		
	(0.11)		
Government (ref = $Kuczynski$ )			
Vizcarra		0.04	
		(0.08)	
Sagasti		-0.39***	
		(0.12)	
Castillo		-0.08	
		(0.10)	
Boluarte		$0.15^{'}$	
		(0.10)	
Newspaper (ref = $Correo$ )		,	
,			
Ojo	-0.18**	-0.18*	
·	(0.07)	(0.07)	
Peru21	-0.11	-0.11	
	(0.07)	(0.07)	
Trome	$0.15^{*}$	$0.16^{**}$	
	(0.06)	(0.06)	
Intercept	$-1.62^{***}$	$-1.71^{***}$	
r	(0.10)	(0.08)	
***n < 0.001: **n < 0.01: *n < 0.05	\ /	\ /	

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>p < 0.001; \*\*p < 0.01; \*p < 0.05

Table 3: Log-odds for presence of sexual violence the matic frame in Peruvian right-leaning newspapers  $\left(2017\text{-}2023\right)$ 

	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3
	Crime	Migration	Sexual Violence
Female - True	0.19**	0.87***	0.51***
	(0.07)	(0.06)	(0.07)
Government (ref = Kuczynski)			
Vizcarra	1.06***	-0.18*	0.05
	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.08)
Sagasti	1.01***	$-0.45^{***}$	$-0.37^{**}$
	(0.08)	(0.10)	(0.12)
Castillo	1.08***	$-0.62^{***}$	-0.07
	(0.08)	(0.09)	(0.10)
Boluarte	1.51***	-0.35***	0.15
	(0.08)	(0.09)	(0.10)
Newspaper (ref = $Correo$ )			
Ojo	-0.44***	-0.34***	-0.18*
	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.07)
Peru21	$-0.41^{***}$	0.03	-0.11
	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.07)
Trome	$-0.17^{**}$	-0.63***	$0.15^{*}$
	(0.05)	(0.06)	(0.06)
Constant	0.29***	-1.04***	-1.77***
	(0.06)	(0.07)	(0.08)

Table 4: Log-odds for identified the matic frames with women presence as a predictor in Peruvian right-leaning new spapers (2017-2023)