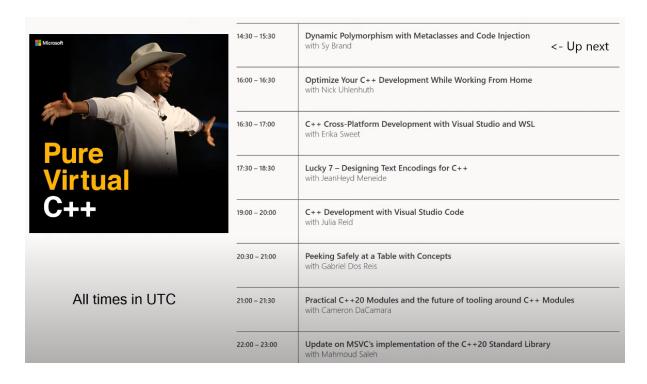
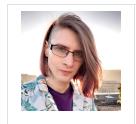
Microsoft Pure Virtual C++ 2020

https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/pure-virtual-cpp-event https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c1ThUFISDF4



richard@shepherd.ws

Dynamic Polymorphism with Metaclasses and Code Injection



Sy Brand youtube.com/watch?v=drt3yXI-fqk

```
struct Animal { virtual void speak();};
struct Cat: Animal { void speak() override;}
struct Dog: Animal { void speak() override;}
```

Problems with inheritance:

• dynamic allocation, nullability, intrusive, lack of value semantics, difficulties with algorithms and containers

```
vector<Animal> animals_by_value;
vector<unique_ptr<Animal>> animals_by_reference;
```

Type erasure

```
struct Animal { void* obj; VTable* vtable; void speak() { vtable->speak(obj);}};
struct Cat { void speak();}
struct Dog { void speak();}

main() {
    Animal a = Cat{};
    a.speak();
    a = Dog{};
    a.speak();
}
```

Wordy boiler plate for wrappers

Reflection - papers, standards proposals

```
template <Enum T>
constexpr std::string to_string(T value) {
   for constexpr (auto e: std::meta::members_of(reflexpr(T)) {
      if (exprid(e) == value) {
          return std::meta::name_of(e);
      }
   }
   return "<unnamed>";
}
```

• not enough

Next step: Code injection - standard proposal?

Use injections to encapsulate the boilerplate:

```
template <class Facade>
struct typeclass_for {
    void* concrerte_;
    vtable<Facade> const* vtable_;
    // constructors, forwarding functions etc.
};
struct Animal_facade {
    void speak();
};
using Animal = typeclass for <Animal_facade>;
```

Could include policies to specialize memory management and function locality.

Metaclass proposal would streamline this further:

```
class(typeclass) Animal {
    void speak();
};
std::vector<Animal> animals;
```

Concerns

- Performance: run time and compile time
- Availability
- Inconsistent with Concepts (structure rather than intent)

Optimize Your C++ Development While Working From Home



Nick Uhlenhuth youtube.com/watch?v=JpInRSDa29w

Challenges: Compute, Collaboration, Communication

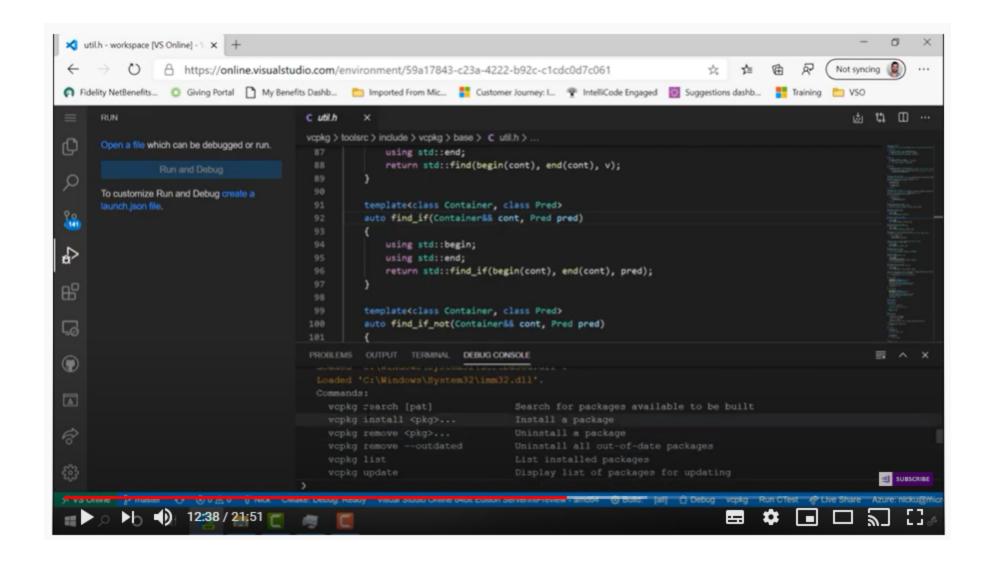
Compute: Limited laptop

Incredibuild extension

Free upto 8 cores, visualization to understand build bottlenecks

Visual Studio Online

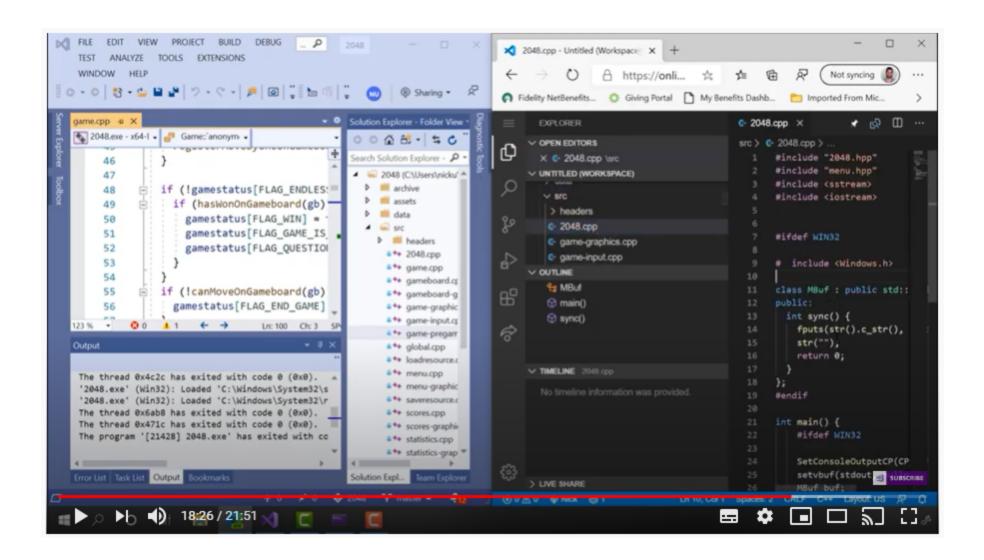
- Connect from local VS2019 to Online environments based on repo
- Costs? Mention of pay-for-what you use. Uses Azure credits (that come with your licence)
- Local VS is just rendering client build, dialog content all online
- Debugging: interactive console window runs online, LiveShared
- Use browser to access online environments
 - Manage environment settings
 - Browser based IDE similar to VSC
 - Shareable environment



Collaboration

Live Share

- Host has source code locally. Guests don't need
- Share via auto-generated link.
- Pair programming, code interviews
- Following, seeing cast app from host
- Guest can share from the browser
- Insiders setting in Visual Studio



Communication

Teams: Office365 and also currently Free!

Online MS Build conference in May 19-21

C++ Cross-Platform Development with Visual Studio and WSL



Erika Sweet

youtube.com/watch?v=ijmZKRIfoOI

WSL - Windows Subsystem for Linux (not discussed in detail)

- vs2017 support for dev c/c++ remote linux systems over ssh
- vs2019 native support for WSL
- lets you run a linux environment on Windows
- one copy of source shared by both rather than copied over ssh
- (can't be shared from linux filesystem yet)

CMake - open source, cross-platform build system

- first class support in VS
- build on local Windows, local WSL-GCC or remotely
- intellisense enabled
- for Windows, ms cl or clang can be used
- CMake not vital can also use MS Build projects

Debugging: VS front-end onto gdb, including condition and trace breakpoints

- AddressSanitzer integrated for Linux (available for Windows x86 builds too)
- via MIEngine (open source) can use gdb directly
- Can build locally, but deploy and debug on remote (e.g. local docker linux installation)
- Platform intellisense informs you of code issues that apply to some configurations
 e.g. #include <windows.h>

btw: vcpkg is a c/c++ package manager for Windows, Linux and MacOS

• can be integrated into VS so that package tips are offered

Lucky 7 – Designing Text Encodings for C++



JeanHeyd Meneide youtube.com/watch?v=w4qYf2pvPg4

- char is bad because you don't know the encoding (e.g. part of utf8 or windows1252 or..?)
- leads to wrong assumptions
- wchar_t is bad: utf16 or utf32 or variants (ECS2) for different platforms or libraries, or completely different in other locales (Chinese, Japan etc)
- char16_t and char32_t bad. Only known if __STD_C_UTF_16__ or 32 defined, else ..?
- C++20 fixes this. char16_t and char32_t now always have the expected expected

Proposed API for standardization for handling text in c++

Standard support for Unicode? - effectively none or a nightmare of individual libraries

Just do it: char -> utf8 ?

Problems:

- signed
- mixed use: encoding and utf8. Environments make the wrong choice; can't be fully controlled (for most companies)

Encoding_object (Lucky 7):

- 3 type definitions (code_point, code_unit, state)
- 2 static member variables (max_code_points , max_code_units)
- 2 function (encode_one, decode_one)

Sufficient to describe all encoding/decoding scenarios

- except stepping backwards
- minimal abstraction

Standard encodings for c++23: e.g. ascii, narrow/wide_execution/literal, utf8, utf16, .. c++23/26: Entire WHATWG Suite of Encodings

Make your own using this abstraction

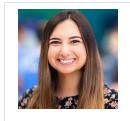
Demonstrate Encoding object use with Transcoding and Validation:

- Transcoding: Encoding A to Encode B, via common code_point (99.99% utf32)
 composable Encoding objects
- Validation: round trip decoding/encoding to check no errors and identical
 could use Transcode (wasteful but consistent)
- Counting:

Standard proposal includes: encode, encode_into, transcode etc

- all constexpr so can be used for static_assert that compiler's implementation can support encoding
- just needs your Encoding object with these 7 features (bonuses for more)

C++ Development with Visual Studio Code

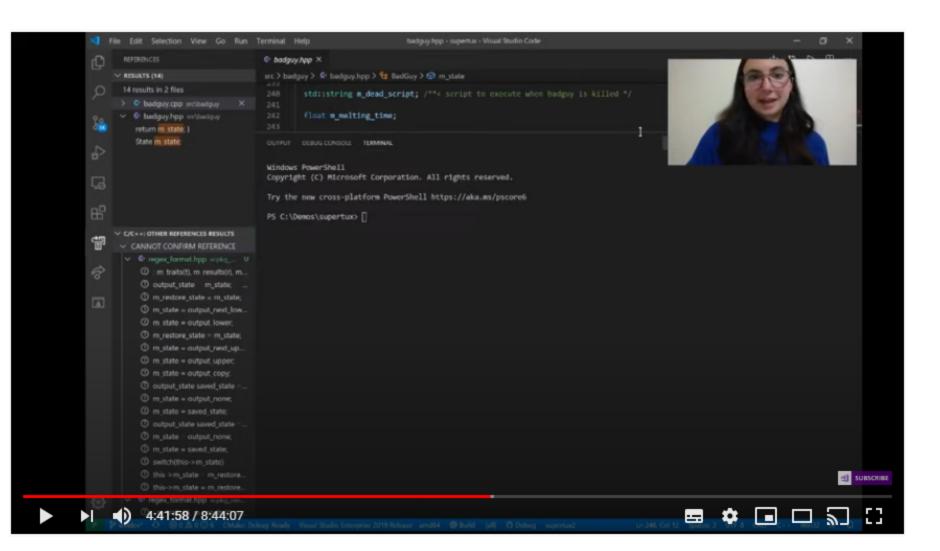


Julia Reid youtube.com/watch?v=bK882S9ESpo

VSCode: Light-weight editor -> Full IDE

C++ extension: Intellisense, Build/Debug, CMake support (help finding compilers and toolkits)

- Find all references, Rename, Peek etc
- Commands presented on the Blue status bar as well as Ctrl-Shift-P command palette
- Debug panes, breakpoints



Remote development extensions: Ssh, Containers, WSL, LiveShare

• via ssh you can use local VSC against remote source and compiler

Cross-platform dev: windows, linux, macos vcpkg: c++ package management: 1300 libraries, routinely tested against each other for compatibility

 coming soon: understanding project dependencies via manifest file, versioning, private libraries

Peeking Safely at a Table with Concepts



Gabriel Dos Reis youtube.com/watch?v=c1ThUFISDF4

Shift verification burden from runtime to compiletime

Concept is a predicate over types and compile-time values, allowing code to express intent (more clearly than SFINAE)

e.g.

```
#include <concepts>

template<std::unsigned_integral T>
constexpr int length(T t) { .. }

int main() {
    auto a = length(47834u); //ok
    auto b = length(935.4); //FAIL
    auto c = length(-47834)1 //FAIL
}
```

How to create Concept?

- constexpr function to provide predicate
- c++14: use static_assert on the data items (not the usage point)
- now, define concept instead e.g.

```
template<int N>
constexpr bool retractible_by_key(const Play (&table)[N]) { .. }

template<auto& table>
concept RetractableByKey = retractible_by_value(table);

template<auto& table> requires RetractibleByKey
inline auto& play_entry(Action act) {
   return table[bits::rep(act)];
}
```

Lots of questions raised:

- can we have overloads that obey different constraints or none?
- could we have version that checks at runtime for runtime structures?

Practical C++20 Modules and the future of tooling around C++ Modules



Cameron DaCamara

youtube.com/watch?v=ow2zV0Udd9M

C++20 Exported Translation Units

- Module Units:
 - Primary Module Interfaces:
 - Module Partitions
- Header Units:

Primary Module Interfaces

```
export module m;
export struct MyType {};
struct InternalType {};
export f(MyType) { InternalType i; ..}
```

```
import m;
int main() {
    MyType type;
    f(type);
}
```

Module Partitions

Separate up the Primary Module INterfaces into different files to simplify builds and clarify parts e.g. types vs functions vs convenient bundle.

m-types.ixx

```
export module m:types;
export struct MyType {};
struct InternalType {};
```

m-functions.ixx

```
export module m:functions;
import :types;
export f(MyType) { InternalType i; ..}
```

m.ixx

```
export module m;
export import :types;
export import :functions;
```

Header Units

Separately compiled header files: formalized pch

```
import <m.h>;
int main() {
    MyType type;
    f(type);
}
```

Increasing difficulty of integration:

- 1. Current headers translate relatively easily to header units
- 2. Primary Module Interfaces
- 3. Module Partitions

Notes from demo:

- build module version of headers separately, reduces build of main (/10 in imgui demo)
- mention that Microsoft uses a by-reference module mechanism so that modules are dynamically loaded at runtime - suggesting that this isn't necessary or mandated.
- suggestion that the build order for modules needs to be manually maintained
- MS's modules on disk conform to IFC specification (derived from IPR) which, for instance matches python modules; and open source, so tooling opportunities

Update on MSVC's implementation of the C++20 Standard Library



Mahmoud Saleh

youtube.com/watch?v=ArW8n0QBdiE

- 2019: completed implementation of all of c++17
- open source the MS STL implementation on Github
 - cleaned code and make files
 - o gives faster integration and accepts contributions (e.g. vs2019 16.5)
 - lower level VS runtime and Universal runtime not open source

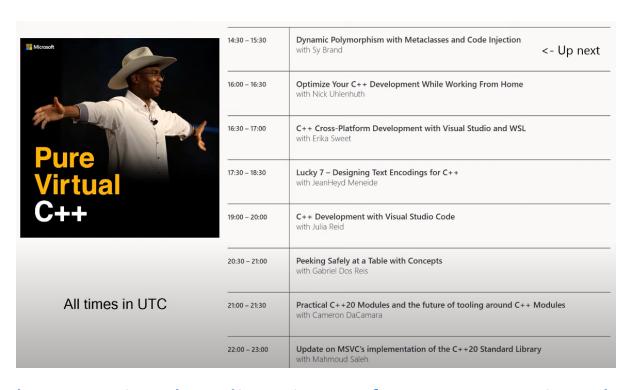
- to come:
 - o migrate bugs to github, complete CMake migration, finish c++20
- licensing: same as LLVM; pretty open, but restricts contributions
 - distributed binaries don't need to attribute, but sourcecode would
- progress: 30% of c++20 features remaining aim for early 2021

Last C++17 addition:

• elementary string conversions: from_chars , to_chars , non-throwing, locale-independent, 10x speed up; supports bases, formatting & precision

Recent C++20 highlights:

- contains for associative containers, including heterogenous keys
- starts_with, ends_with for string and string_view
- char8_t, and u8string, u8stream. Devs still need to write helpers to actually output
 - o can be used with filesystem (u8path deprecated)
- erase and erase_if, less error-prone than remove, remove_if, by taking whole container
- is_constant_evaluated
- add constexpr to <algorithm> and <utility> e.g. find, is_sorted, equal,
 replace
- span
- ranges (required concepts). ranges::algorithms is done, but not everything else



https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/pure-virtual-cpp-event https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c1ThUFISDF4 https://github.com/rshepherd549/docs/tree/master/talk_pure_virtual