

2021-04-14, 1300-1430

# DATAWORKS 2021

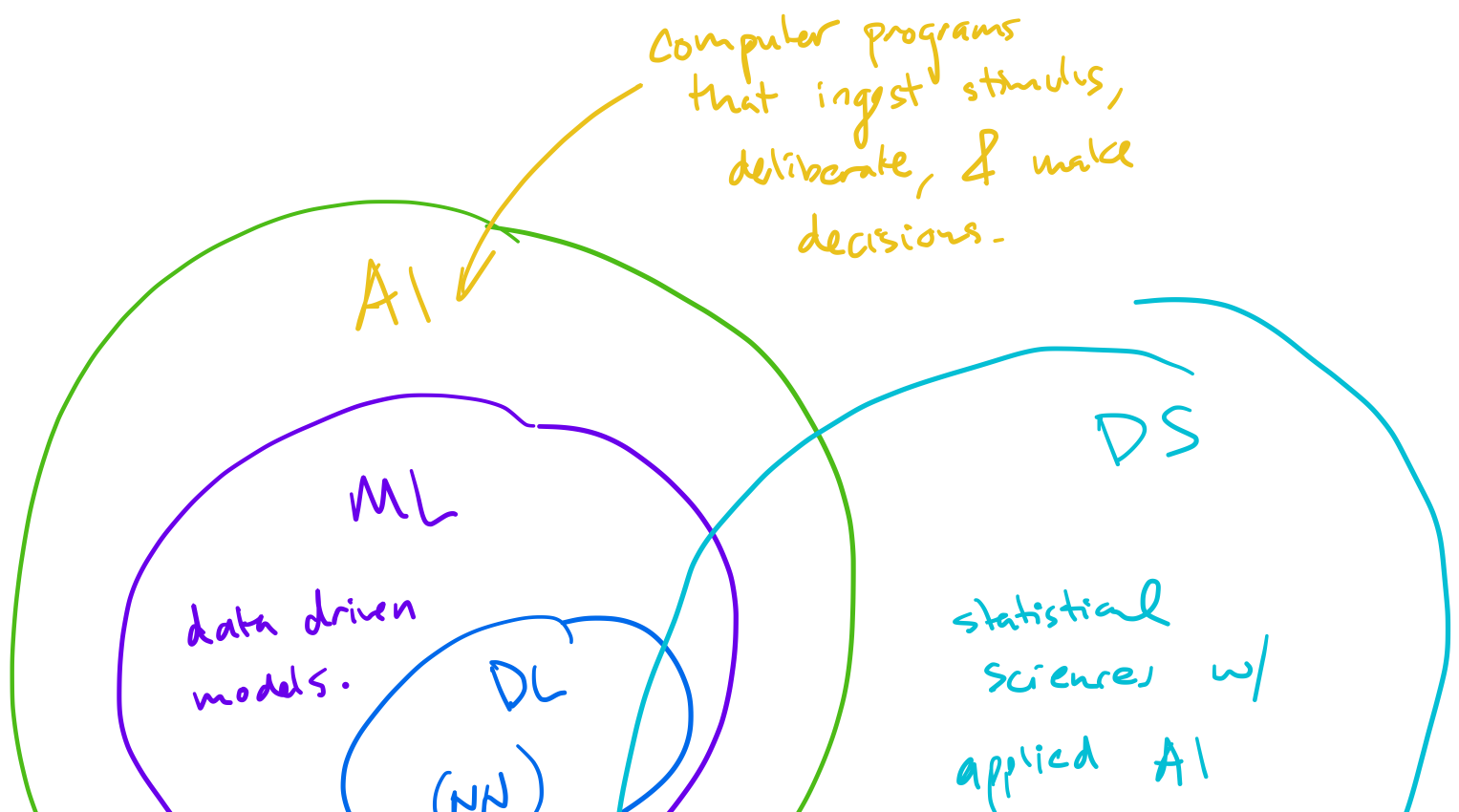
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INTRODUCTION TO NEURAL NETWORKS

FOR DEEP LEARNING WITH TENSORFLOW

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MODULE ①: BACKGROUND & CONTEXT.



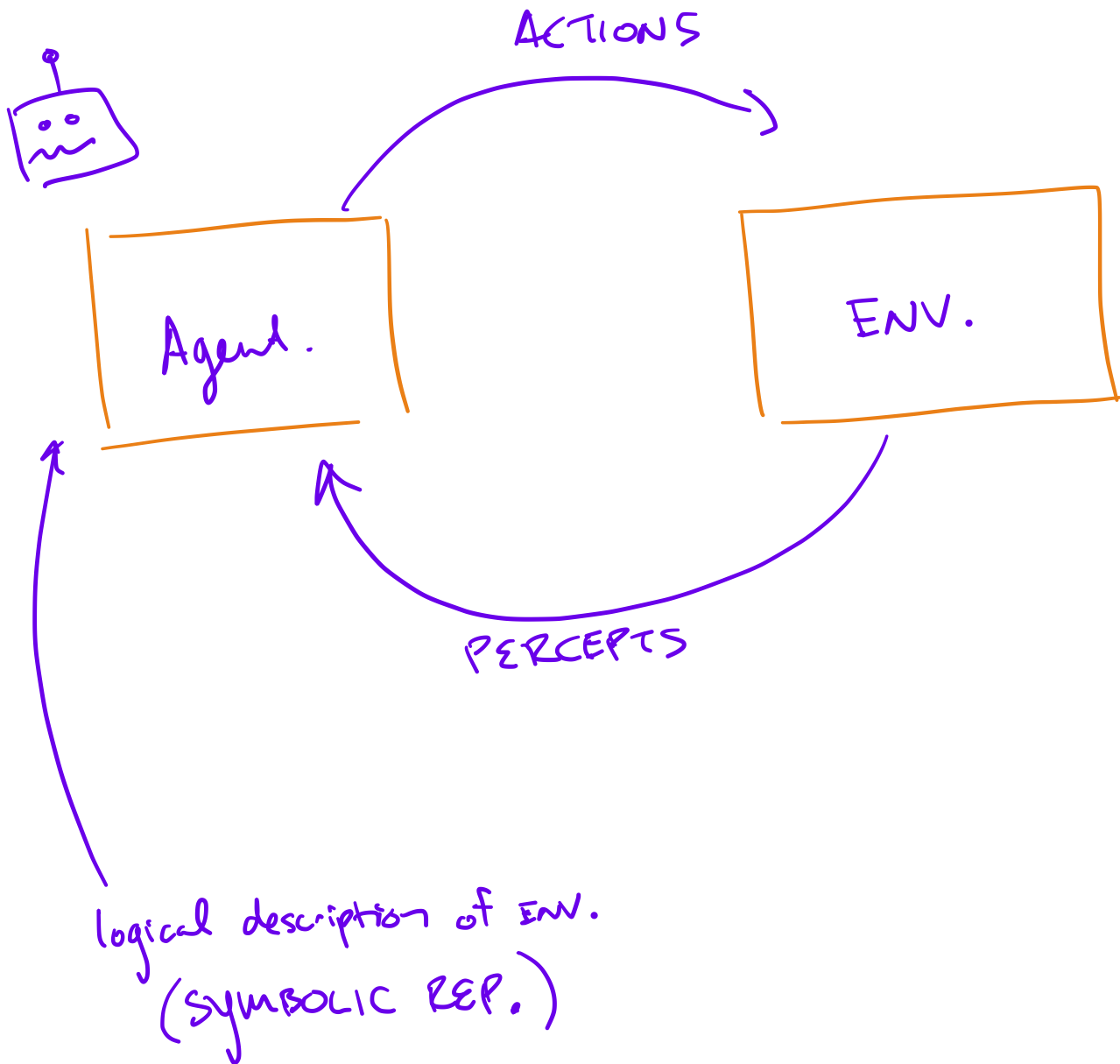


A hand-drawn diagram at the top of the page features several concentric circles in green, blue, and purple. A green arrow points downwards from the left side of the circles to the word 'Software.', and a blue arrow points downwards from the right side to a list of items.

Software.

report  
Recc.  
pptx.

AI  $\sim$  SYMBOLIC AGENT.



Logical agent goal:

ENCODE RULES & DOMAIN KNOWLEDGE.

"Expert systems"

CONSIDER CATS.



"this configuration of pixel values contains a cat."

AI agent ... two eyes (could types) not always 2.  
whiskers  
hat maybe? ..

TOO DIFFICULT TO MODEL  
logically!

ML

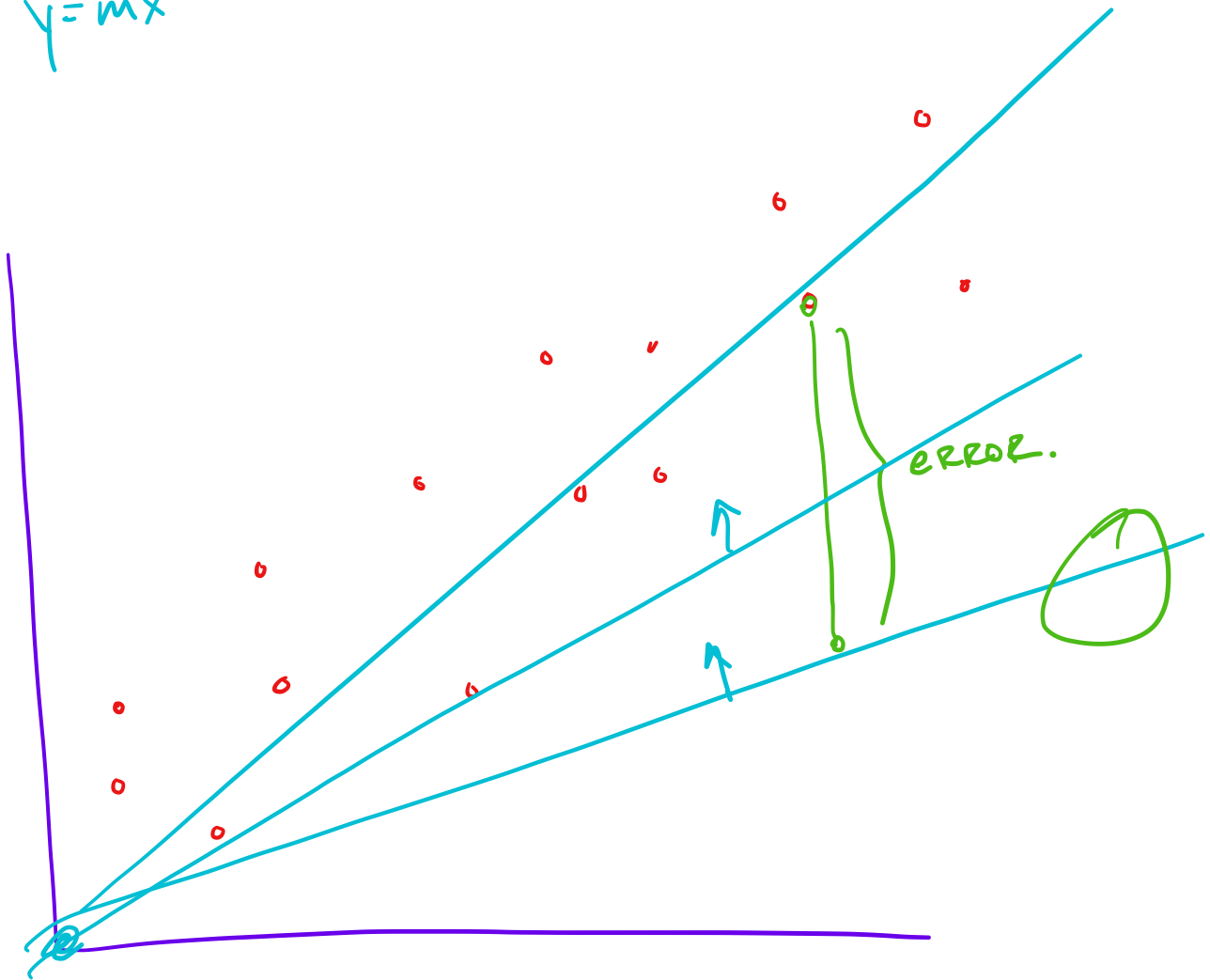
# Comparing AI & ML

AI (logical agents)	ML
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◦ logically defined.</li><li>◦ agent arch.</li><li>◦ search</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◦ Data driven.</li><li>◦ model <u>assumed</u> from data.</li></ul>

# WHAT IS LEARNING?

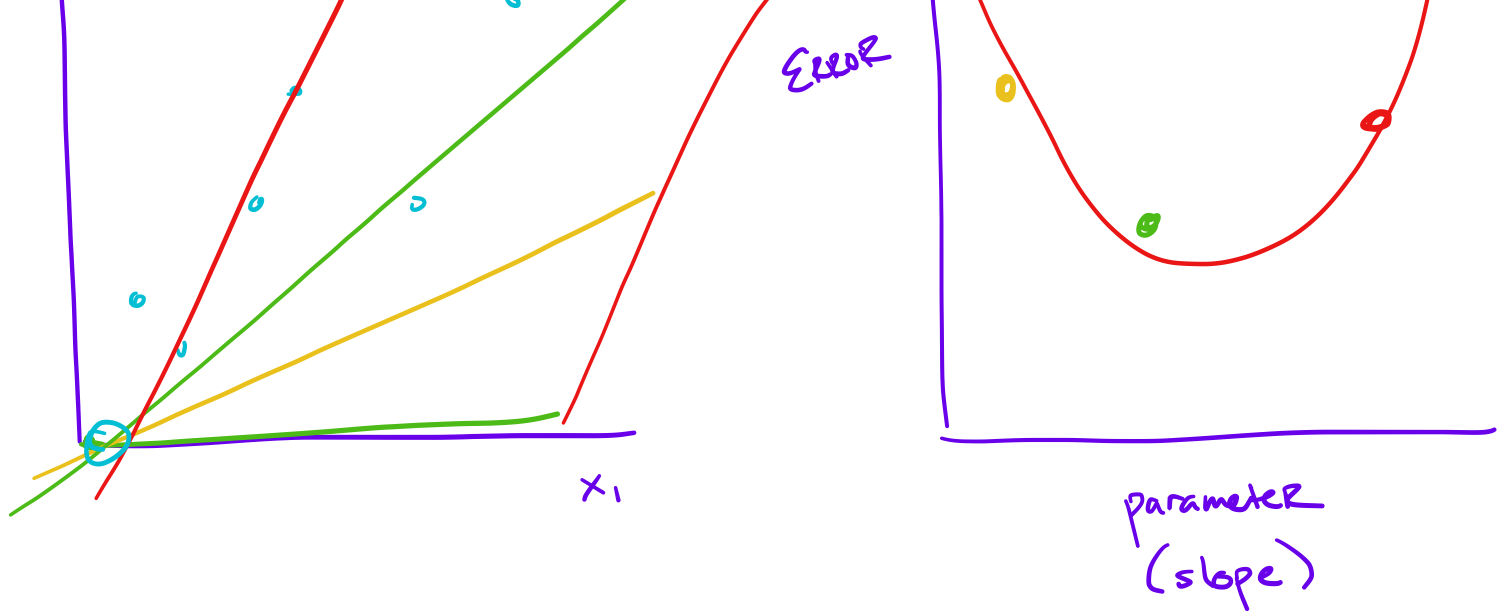
For ML... iterative method for optimizing parameters of a template model to a dataset.

$$y = mx$$



$$\text{Error} = (y_{\text{act.}} - y_{\text{pred}})^2$$





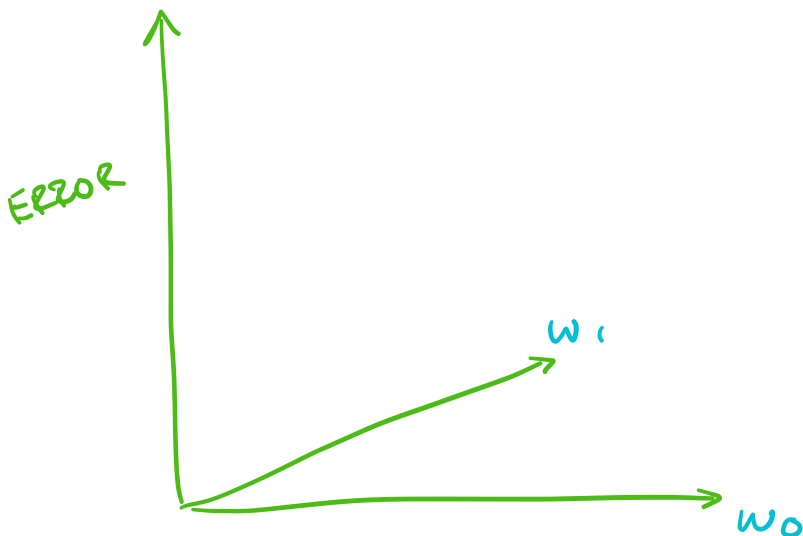
## GRADIENT DESCENT.

Add more parameters... increase dimension.

Same process!

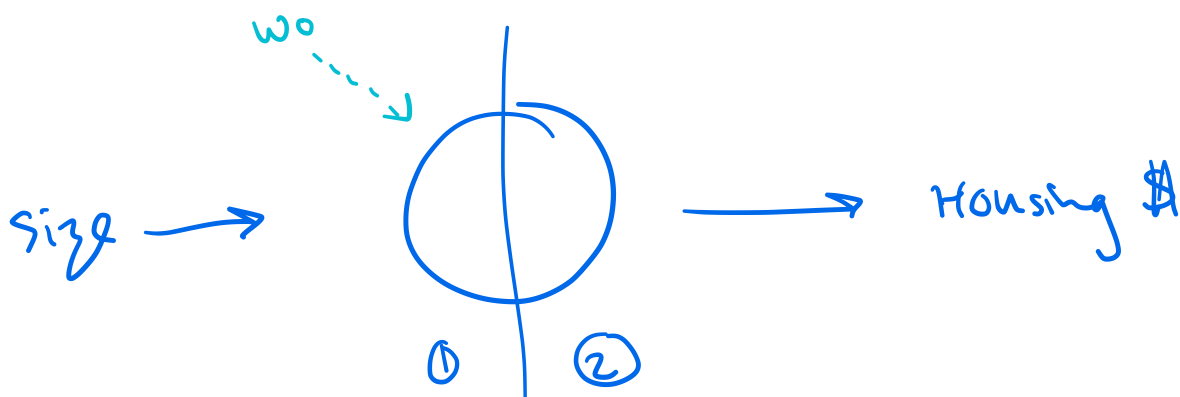
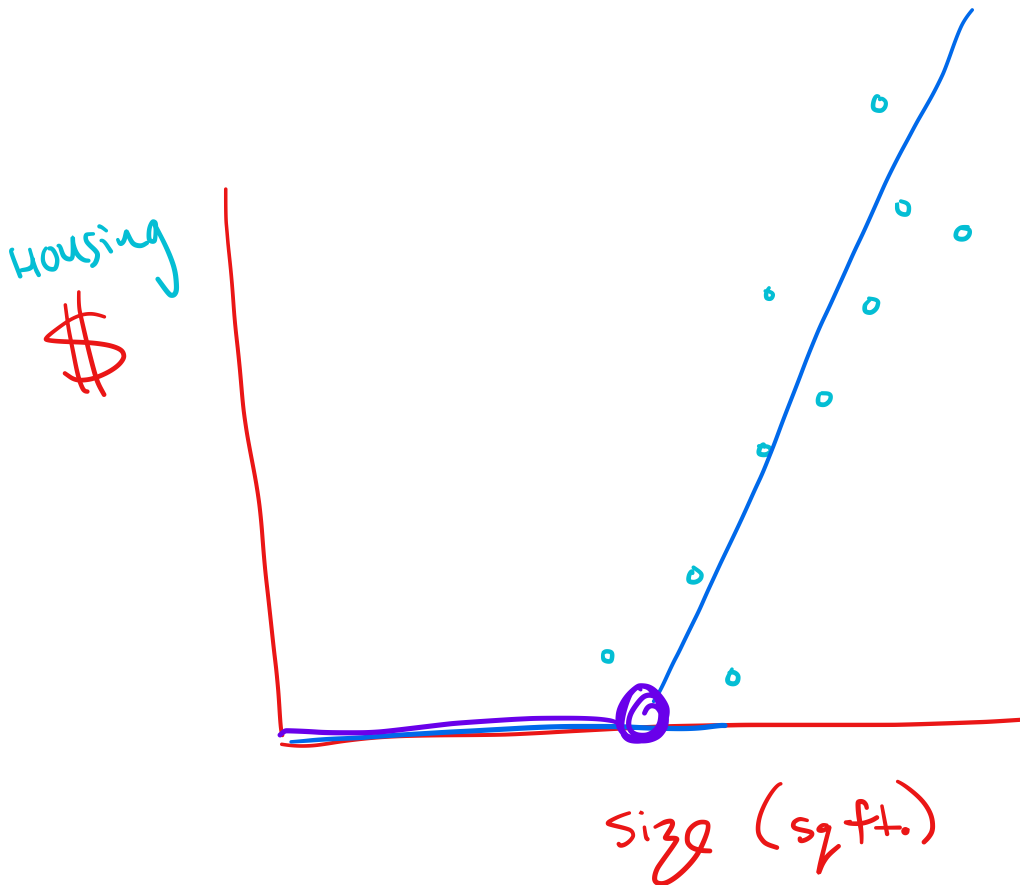
$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = w_1 x + w_0$$





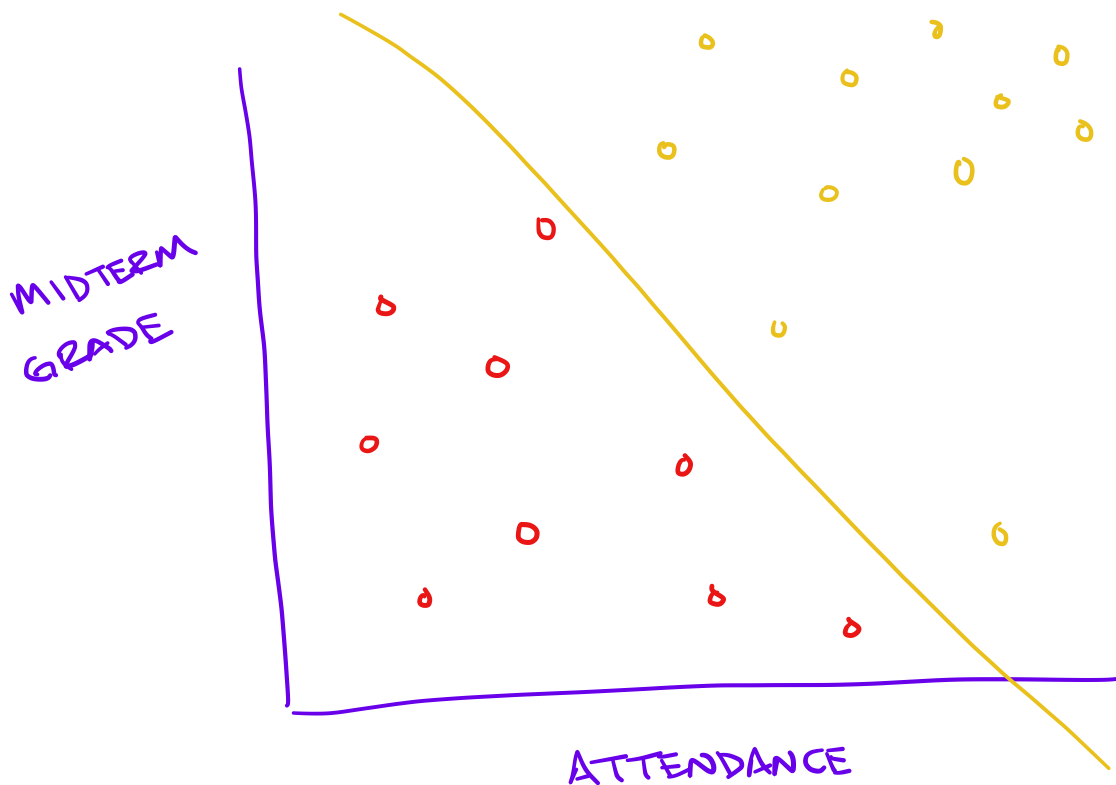
# MODULE 1: DEEP LEARNING THEORY



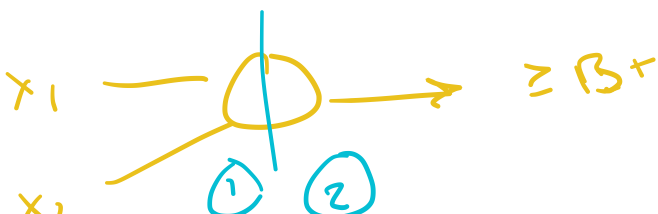
① Linear combination

$$y' = w_0 + w_1 \cdot \text{size}$$

(2) Activation func.  $g(x)$

$$g(y') = \begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$


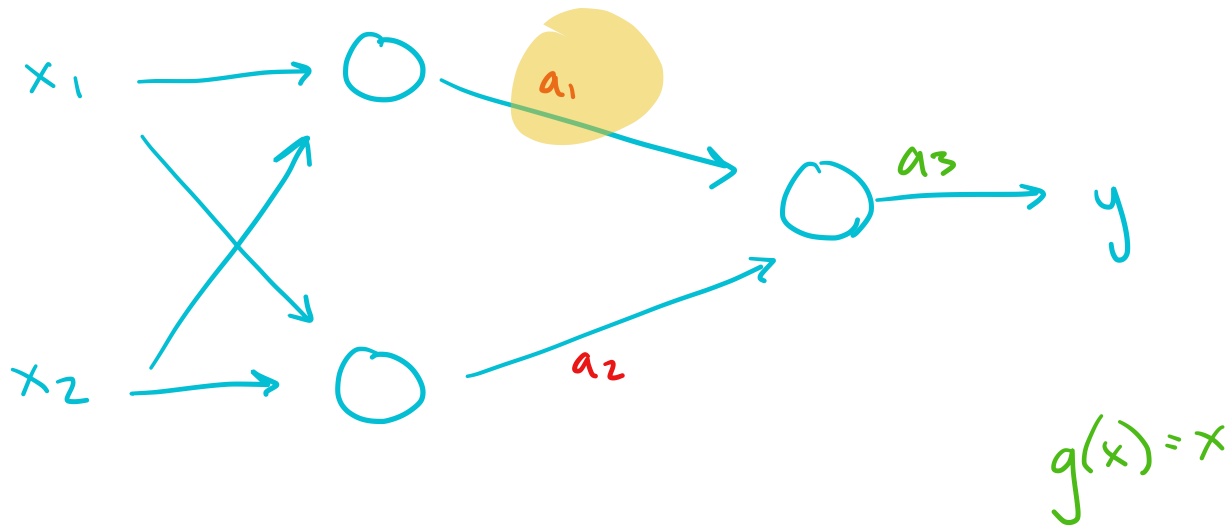
$\geq B+$
$< B+$



$$w_0 + x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 = y'$$

$$\text{out.} = \sigma(y') = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y'}}$$

# STACK MORE NODES?




$$a_1 = g(w_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2)$$

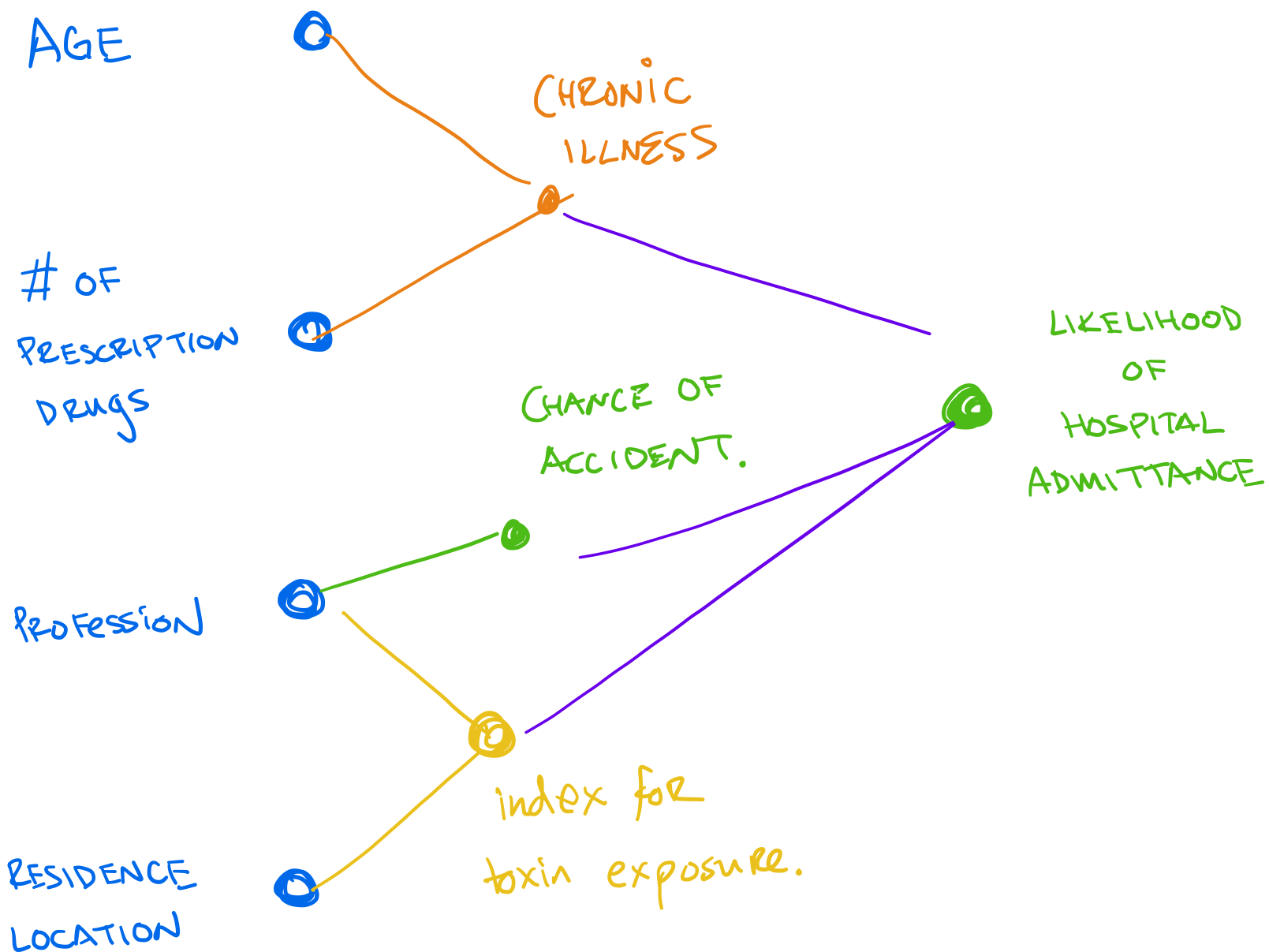
$$a_3 = g(w_0 + w_1 a_1 + w_2 a_2)$$

THE ABILITY FOR NN'S TO MODEL COMPLEX PATTERNS  
COMES FROM:

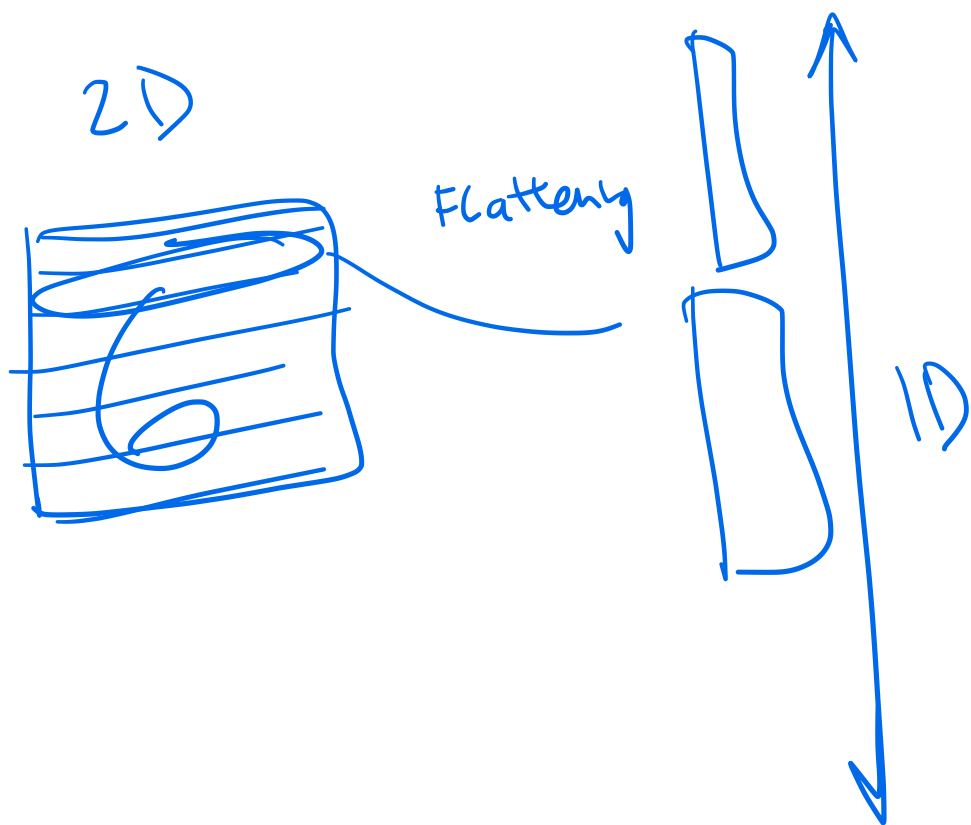
Contd.

- stacking nodes 
- Activation fns!

# NN INTUITION

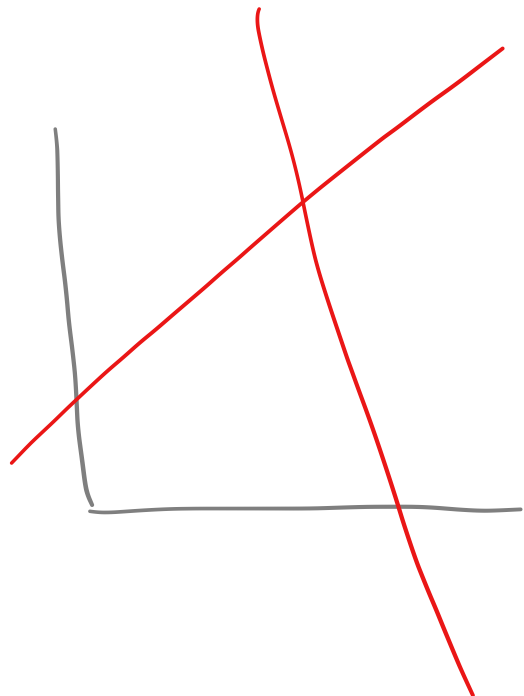
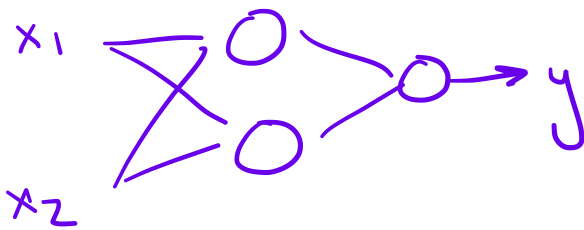
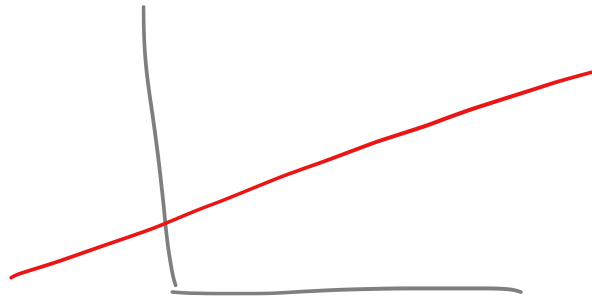
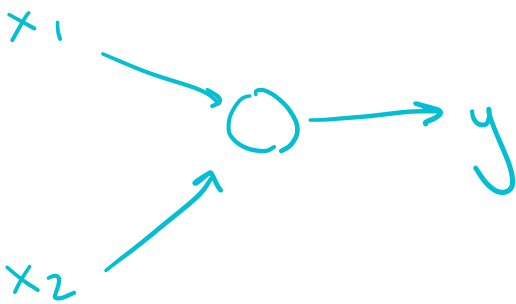


FEATURE ENG.

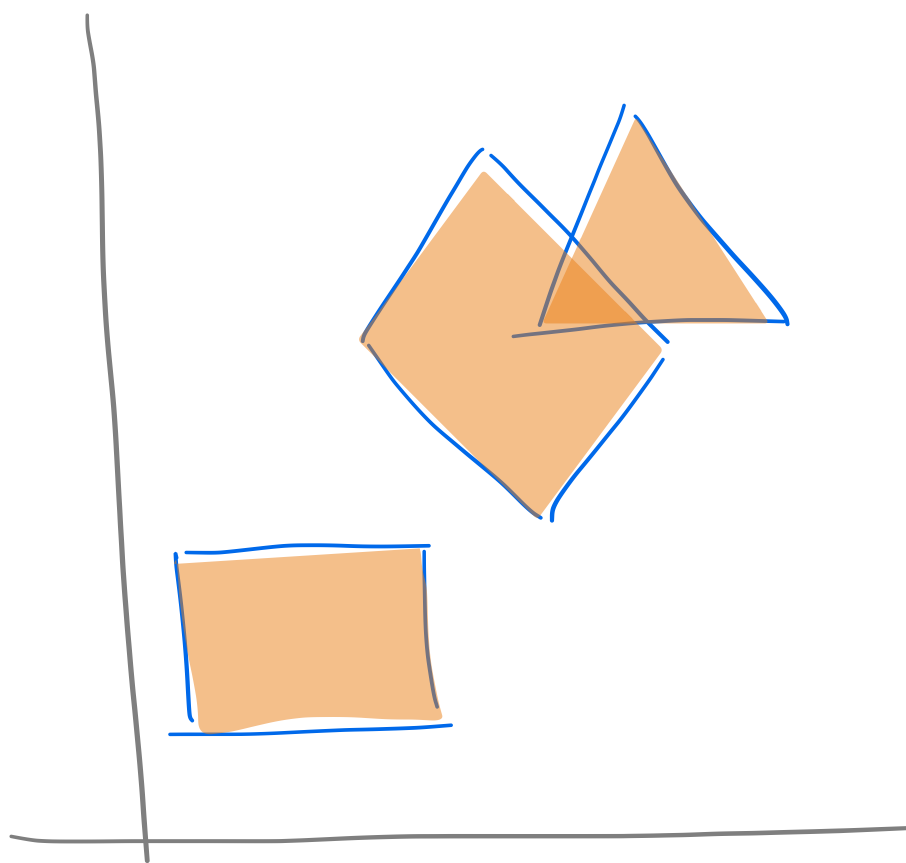
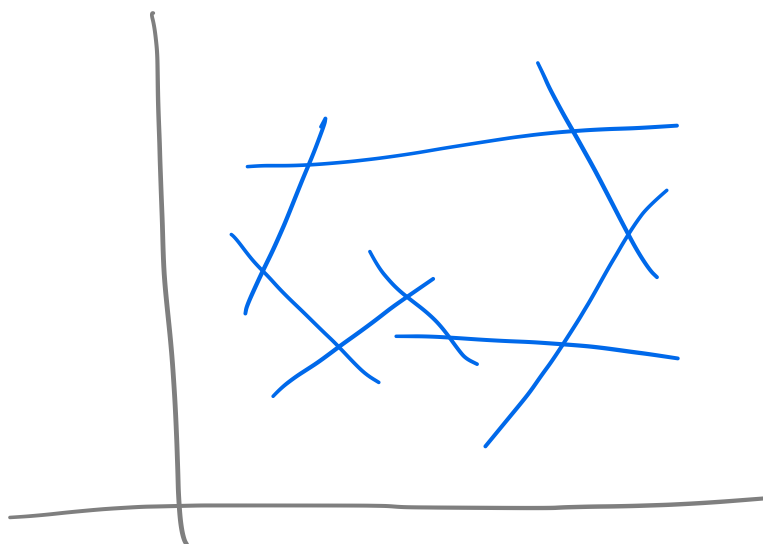


# ANN'S AS UNIVERSAL FUNCTION APPROXIMATORS

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Continuous?

